SENATE BILL 182

Q7 SB 99/05 - B&T

By: Senators Greenip, Brinkley, Brochin, Colburn, Edwards, Garagiola, Haines, Harris, Hooper, Jacobs, Kittleman, Mooney, Peters, Pipkin, and Simonaire

Introduced and read first time: January 26, 2007

Assigned to: Budget and Taxation

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning 2 Maryland Estate Tax - Unified Credit Effective Exemption Amount and **Deduction for State Death Taxes** 3 4 FOR the purpose of repealing a certain limit on the unified credit used for determining 5 the Maryland estate tax; repealing a requirement that the Maryland estate tax 6 be determined without regard to a certain deduction allowed under the federal 7 estate tax; clarifying a certain limitation on the amount of the Maryland estate 8 tax; providing for the application of this Act; providing that certain estates may 9 claim a refund of the Maryland estate tax in certain circumstances; and 10 generally relating to the Maryland estate tax. 11 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, Article - Tax - General 12 13 Section 7–309 14 Annotated Code of Maryland (2004 Replacement Volume and 2006 Supplement) 15 16 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows: 17 18 Article - Tax - General

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

19

7 - 309.



26

27

28

2930

(a) Notwithstanding an Act of Congress that repeals or reduces the federal
credit under § 2011 of the Internal Revenue Code, the provisions of this subtitle in
effect before the passage of the Act of Congress shall apply with respect to a decedent
who dies after the effective date of the Act of Congress so as to continue the Maryland
estate tax in force without reduction in the same manner as if the federal credit had
not been repealed or reduced.

- 7 (b) (1) Except as provided in paragraphs (2) through (7) of this subsection, 8 after the effective date of an Act of Congress described in subsection (a) of this section, 9 the Maryland estate tax shall be determined using:
- 10 (i) the federal credit allowable by § 2011 of the Internal 11 Revenue Code as in effect before the reduction or repeal of the federal credit pursuant 12 to the Act of Congress; and
- 13 (ii) other provisions of federal estate tax law, INCLUDING THE
 14 APPLICABLE UNIFIED CREDIT ALLOWED AGAINST THE FEDERAL ESTATE TAX, as
 15 in effect on the date of the decedent's death.
- 16 (2) Except as provided in paragraphs (3) through (7) of this subsection, 17 if the federal estate tax is not in effect on the date of the decedent's death, the 18 Maryland estate tax shall be determined using:
- 19 (i) the federal credit allowable by § 2011 of the Internal 20 Revenue Code as in effect before the reduction or repeal of the federal credit pursuant 21 to the Act of Congress; and
- 22 (ii) other provisions of federal estate tax law, INCLUDING THE
 23 APPLICABLE UNIFIED CREDIT ALLOWED AGAINST THE FEDERAL ESTATE TAX, as
 24 in effect on the date immediately preceding the effective date of the repeal of the
 25 federal estate tax.
 - (3) [(i) Notwithstanding any increase in the unified credit allowed against the federal estate tax for decedents dying after 2003, the unified credit used for determining the Maryland estate tax may not exceed the applicable credit amount corresponding to an applicable exclusion amount of \$1,000,000 within the meaning of \$2010(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 31 (ii) The Maryland estate tax shall be determined without regard 32 to any deduction for State death taxes allowed under § 2058 of the Internal Revenue 33 Code.

1 2 3 4 5 6	(iii)] Unless the federal credit allowable by § 2011 of the Internal Revenue Code is in effect on the date of the decedent's death, the federal credit used to determine the Maryland estate tax may not exceed 16% of the amount by which the decedent's taxable estate, as defined in § 2051 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceeds [\$1,000,000] THE APPLICABLE EXCLUSION AMOUNT AS DEFINED IN § 2010(C) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE.
7 8 9	(4) (i) With regard to an election to value property as provided in § 2032 of the Internal Revenue Code, if a federal estate tax return is not required to be filed:
10 11 12	1. an irrevocable election made on a timely filed Maryland estate tax return shall be deemed to be an election as required by $\S~2032(d)$ of the Internal Revenue Code;
13 14	2. the provisions of § 2032(c) of the Internal Revenue Code do not apply; and
15 16	3. an election may not be made under item 1 of this subparagraph unless that election will decrease:
17	A. the value of the gross estate; and
18 19	B. the Maryland estate tax due with regard to the transfer of a decedent's Maryland estate.
20 21 22	(ii) An election to value property as provided in § 2032 of the Internal Revenue Code for Maryland estate tax purposes must be the same as the election made for federal estate tax purposes.
23 24 25 26 27	(5) (i) With regard to an election to treat property as marital deduction qualified terminable interest property in calculating the Maryland estate tax, an irrevocable election made on a timely filed Maryland estate tax return shall be deemed to be an election as required by $\S~2056(b)(7)(B)(i)$, (iii), and (v) of the Internal Revenue Code.
28 29 30 31	(ii) An election under this paragraph made on a timely filed Maryland estate tax return shall be recognized for purposes of calculating the Maryland estate tax even if an inconsistent election is made for the same decedent for federal estate tax purposes.

1	(6) (i) For purposes of calculating Maryland estate tax, a decedent
2	shall be deemed to have had a qualifying income interest for life under § 2044(a) of the
3	Internal Revenue Code with regard to any property for which a marital deduction
4	qualified terminable interest property election was made for the decedent's
5	predeceased spouse on a timely filed Maryland estate tax return under paragraph (5)
6	of this subsection.

- (ii) For the purpose of apportioning Maryland estate tax under § 7–308 of this subtitle, any property as to which a decedent is deemed to have had a qualifying income interest for life under subparagraph (i) of this paragraph shall be deemed to be included in both the estate and the taxable estate of the decedent.
- (7) For purposes of calculating Maryland estate tax, amounts allowable under § 2053 or § 2054 of the Internal Revenue Code as a deduction in computing the taxable estate of a decedent may not be allowed as a deduction or as an offset against the sales price of property in determining gain or loss if the amount has been allowed as a deduction in computing the federal taxable income of the estate or of any other person.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That notwithstanding any other provisions of law, an estate of a decedent who died after December 31, 2003 that has paid the estate tax prior to the enactment of this Act may claim a refund for all or a portion of the estate tax paid based on the calculation of the estate tax under this Act.
- SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect July 1, 2007, and shall be applicable to decedents dying after December 31, 2003.