## **SENATE BILL 829**

M4, M3 7lr2776

By: Senator Colburn

Introduced and read first time: February 19, 2007

Assigned to: Rules

## A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2

## Renewable Fuels - Production Credits - British Thermal Units

- 3 FOR the purpose of expanding certain production credits to include British Thermal 4 Units that are produced from certain renewable resources; establishing certain 5 application procedures for certification of the production credits; requiring a certain application to contain certain information; prohibiting the Renewable 6 7 Fuels Incentive Board from paying for production credits after a certain date; 8 establishing certain limits on the amount of production credits the Board may 9 certify; requiring a claim for a certain production credit payment to include 10 certain information; defining certain terms; and generally relating to production credits for renewable fuels. 11
- 12 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 13 Article Agriculture
- 14 Section 10–1501 and 10–1504 through 10–1506
- 15 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 16 (1999 Replacement Volume and 2006 Supplement)
- 17 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
  - Article Agriculture
- 20 10–1501.

19

21 (a) In this subtitle the following words have the meanings indicated.

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



1	(b) "Biodiesel" means an alternative motor fuel produced from a renewable
2	resource such as vegetable oil or animal fat.
3	(c) "Board" means the Renewable Fuels Incentive Board.
4	(D) "BTU" MEANS A BRITISH THERMAL UNIT THAT IS THE QUANTITY
5	OF HEAT REQUIRED TO RAISE THE TEMPERATURE OF 1 POUND OF WATER 1
6	DEGREE FAHRENHEIT.
7	[(d)] (E) "Ethanol" means fermented ethyl alcohol derived from agricultural
8	or forest products.
9	(F) "OLD GROWTH TIMBER" HAS THE MEANING STATED IN § 7-701 OF
10	THE PUBLIC UTILITY COMPANIES ARTICLE.
11	(G) "POULTRY LITTER" HAS THE MEANING STATED IN § 7-701 OF THE
12	PUBLIC UTILITY COMPANIES ARTICLE.
13	(H) (1) "QUALIFYING BIOMASS" MEANS A NONHAZARDOUS ORGANIC
14	MATERIAL THAT IS AVAILABLE ON A RENEWABLE OR RECURRING BASIS, AND IS:
15	(I) WASTE MATERIAL THAT IS SEGREGATED FROM
16	INORGANIC WASTE MATERIAL AND IS DERIVED FROM SOURCES, INCLUDING:
17	1. EXCEPT FOR OLD-GROWTH TIMBER, ANY OF THE
18	FOLLOWING FOREST-RELATED RESOURCES:
19	A. MILL RESIDUE, EXCEPT SAWDUST AND WOOD
20	SHAVINGS;
21	B. FOREST IMPROVEMENT THINNING;
22	C. SLASH;
22	C. SLASH;
23	D. Brush;
24	E. YARD WASTE; OR
25	F. PELLETS;

INCLUDING TREE CROPS, VINEYARD MATERIALS, GRAIN, LEGUMES, SUGAR, AND OTHER CROP BY-PRODUCTS OR RESIDUES;  4. GAS PRODUCED FROM THE ANAEROBIC DECOMPOSITION OF ANIMAL WASTE OR POULTRY WASTE;  5. POULTRY LITTER;  6. PELLETS DERIVED FROM QUALIFYING BIOMASS OR  (II) A PLANT THAT IS CULTIVATED EXCLUSIVELY FOR PURPOSES OF BEING USED IN THE PRODUCTION OF BTUS.  (2) QUALIFYING BIOMASS DOES NOT INCLUDE:  (I) UNSEGREGATED SOLID WASTE OR POSTCONSUMER WASTEPAPER; OR  (II) AN INVASIVE EXOTIC PLANT SPECIES.  (I) "RENEWABLE ON-SITE GENERATOR" MEANS A PERSON THAT GENERATES BTUS ON SITE FROM ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING RENEWABLE SOURCES FOR THE PERSON'S OWN USE, BUT NOT FOR THE PRODUCTION OF ELECTRICITY:  (1) SOLAR ENERGY;  (2) WIND POWER;  (3) QUALIFYING BIOMASS;	1	2. A PALLET, CRATE, DUNNAGE, OR SIMILAR SOLID
INCLUDING TREE CROPS, VINEYARD MATERIALS, GRAIN, LEGUMES, SUGAR, AND OTHER CROP BY-PRODUCTS OR RESIDUES;  4. GAS PRODUCED FROM THE ANAEROBIC DECOMPOSITION OF ANIMAL WASTE OR POULTRY WASTE;  5. POULTRY LITTER;  6. PELLETS DERIVED FROM QUALIFYING BIOMASS OR  (II) A PLANT THAT IS CULTIVATED EXCLUSIVELY FOR PURPOSES OF BEING USED IN THE PRODUCTION OF BTUS.  (2) QUALIFYING BIOMASS DOES NOT INCLUDE:  (I) UNSEGREGATED SOLID WASTE OR POSTCONSUMER WASTEPAPER; OR  (II) AN INVASIVE EXOTIC PLANT SPECIES.  (I) "RENEWABLE ON-SITE GENERATOR" MEANS A PERSON THAT GENERATES BTUS ON SITE FROM ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING RENEWABLE SOURCES FOR THE PERSON'S OWN USE, BUT NOT FOR THE PRODUCTION OF ELECTRICITY:  (1) SOLAR ENERGY;  (2) WIND POWER;  (3) QUALIFYING BIOMASS;  (4) METHANE FROM THE ANAEROBIC DECOMPOSITION OF	2	WOOD PACKING MATERIALS;
4. GAS PRODUCED FROM THE ANAEROBIC DECOMPOSITION OF ANIMAL WASTE OR POULTRY WASTE;  5. POULTRY LITTER;  6. PELLETS DERIVED FROM QUALIFYING BIOMASS OR  (II) A PLANT THAT IS CULTIVATED EXCLUSIVELY FOR PURPOSES OF BEING USED IN THE PRODUCTION OF BTUS.  (I) UNSEGREGATED SOLID WASTE OR POSTCONSUMER WASTEPAPER; OR  (II) AN INVASIVE EXOTIC PLANT SPECIES.  (I) "RENEWABLE ON-SITE GENERATOR" MEANS A PERSON THAT GENERATES BTUS ON SITE FROM ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING RENEWABLE SOURCES FOR THE PERSON'S OWN USE, BUT NOT FOR THE PRODUCTION OF ELECTRICITY:  (1) SOLAR ENERGY;  (2) WIND POWER;  (3) QUALIFYING BIOMASS;  (4) METHANE FROM THE ANAEROBIC DECOMPOSITION OF	3	3. AGRICULTURAL AND SILVICULTURAL SOURCES,
4. GAS PRODUCED FROM THE ANAEROBIC DECOMPOSITION OF ANIMAL WASTE OR POULTRY WASTE;  5. POULTRY LITTER;  6. PELLETS DERIVED FROM QUALIFYING BIOMASS OR  (II) A PLANT THAT IS CULTIVATED EXCLUSIVELY FOR PURPOSES OF BEING USED IN THE PRODUCTION OF BTUS.  (I) UNSEGREGATED SOLID WASTE OR POSTCONSUMER WASTEPAPER; OR  (II) AN INVASIVE EXOTIC PLANT SPECIES.  (I) "RENEWABLE ON-SITE GENERATOR" MEANS A PERSON THAT GENERATES BTUS ON SITE FROM ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING RENEWABLE SOURCES FOR THE PERSON'S OWN USE, BUT NOT FOR THE PRODUCTION OF ELECTRICITY:  (1) SOLAR ENERGY;  (2) WIND POWER;  (3) QUALIFYING BIOMASS;  (4) METHANE FROM THE ANAEROBIC DECOMPOSITION OF	4	·
5. POULTRY LITTER; 6. PELLETS DERIVED FROM QUALIFYING BIOMASS OR 11 (II) A PLANT THAT IS CULTIVATED EXCLUSIVELY FOR PURPOSES OF BEING USED IN THE PRODUCTION OF BTUS. 13 (2) QUALIFYING BIOMASS DOES NOT INCLUDE: 14 (I) UNSEGREGATED SOLID WASTE OR POSTCONSUMER WASTEPAPER; OR 16 (II) AN INVASIVE EXOTIC PLANT SPECIES. 17 (I) "RENEWABLE ON-SITE GENERATOR" MEANS A PERSON THAT GENERATES BTUS ON SITE FROM ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING RENEWABLE SOURCES FOR THE PERSON'S OWN USE, BUT NOT FOR THE PRODUCTION OF ELECTRICITY: 18 (1) SOLAR ENERGY; 19 (2) WIND POWER; 20 (3) QUALIFYING BIOMASS; 21 (4) METHANE FROM THE ANAEROBIC DECOMPOSITION OF	5	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
6. PELLETS DERIVED FROM QUALIFYING BIOMASS OR  (II) A PLANT THAT IS CULTIVATED EXCLUSIVELY FOR PURPOSES OF BEING USED IN THE PRODUCTION OF BTUS.  (2) QUALIFYING BIOMASS DOES NOT INCLUDE:  (1) UNSEGREGATED SOLID WASTE OR POSTCONSUMER WASTEPAPER; OR  (II) AN INVASIVE EXOTIC PLANT SPECIES.  (I) "RENEWABLE ON-SITE GENERATOR" MEANS A PERSON THAT GENERATES BTUS ON SITE FROM ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING RENEWABLE SOURCES FOR THE PERSON'S OWN USE, BUT NOT FOR THE PRODUCTION OF ELECTRICITY:  (1) SOLAR ENERGY; (2) WIND POWER; (3) QUALIFYING BIOMASS; (4) METHANE FROM THE ANAEROBIC DECOMPOSITION OF	6	4. GAS PRODUCED FROM THE ANAEROBIC
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(II) A PLANT THAT IS CULTIVATED EXCLUSIVELY FOR PURPOSES OF BEING USED IN THE PRODUCTION OF BTUS.  (2) QUALIFYING BIOMASS DOES NOT INCLUDE:  (1) UNSEGREGATED SOLID WASTE OR POSTCONSUMER WASTEPAPER; OR  (II) AN INVASIVE EXOTIC PLANT SPECIES.  (I) "RENEWABLE ON-SITE GENERATOR" MEANS A PERSON THAT GENERATES BTUS ON SITE FROM ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING RENEWABLE SOURCES FOR THE PERSON'S OWN USE, BUT NOT FOR THE PRODUCTION OF ELECTRICITY:  (1) SOLAR ENERGY;  (2) WIND POWER;  (3) QUALIFYING BIOMASS;  (4) METHANE FROM THE ANAEROBIC DECOMPOSITION OF	9	6. Pellets derived from qualifying biomass;
PURPOSES OF BEING USED IN THE PRODUCTION OF BTUS.  (2) QUALIFYING BIOMASS DOES NOT INCLUDE:  (I) UNSEGREGATED SOLID WASTE OR POSTCONSUMER WASTEPAPER; OR  (II) AN INVASIVE EXOTIC PLANT SPECIES.  (I) "RENEWABLE ON-SITE GENERATOR" MEANS A PERSON THAT GENERATES BTUS ON SITE FROM ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING RENEWABLE SOURCES FOR THE PERSON'S OWN USE, BUT NOT FOR THE PRODUCTION OF ELECTRICITY:  (1) SOLAR ENERGY;  (2) (2) WIND POWER;  (3) QUALIFYING BIOMASS;	10	OR
(2) QUALIFYING BIOMASS DOES NOT INCLUDE:  (I) UNSEGREGATED SOLID WASTE OR POSTCONSUMER  (II) AN INVASIVE EXOTIC PLANT SPECIES.  (I) "RENEWABLE ON-SITE GENERATOR" MEANS A PERSON THAT  GENERATES BTUS ON SITE FROM ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING  RENEWABLE SOURCES FOR THE PERSON'S OWN USE, BUT NOT FOR THE  PRODUCTION OF ELECTRICITY:  (1) SOLAR ENERGY;  (2) WIND POWER;  (3) QUALIFYING BIOMASS;  (4) METHANE FROM THE ANAEROBIC DECOMPOSITION OF	11	(II) A PLANT THAT IS CULTIVATED EXCLUSIVELY FOR
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(II) AN INVASIVE EXOTIC PLANT SPECIES.  (I) "RENEWABLE ON-SITE GENERATOR" MEANS A PERSON THAT GENERATES BTUS ON SITE FROM ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING RENEWABLE SOURCES FOR THE PERSON'S OWN USE, BUT NOT FOR THE PRODUCTION OF ELECTRICITY:  (1) SOLAR ENERGY;  (2) WIND POWER;  (3) QUALIFYING BIOMASS;  (4) METHANE FROM THE ANAEROBIC DECOMPOSITION OF	13	(2) QUALIFYING BIOMASS DOES NOT INCLUDE:
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(I) "RENEWABLE ON-SITE GENERATOR" MEANS A PERSON THAT GENERATES BTUS ON SITE FROM ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING RENEWABLE SOURCES FOR THE PERSON'S OWN USE, BUT NOT FOR THE PRODUCTION OF ELECTRICITY:  (1) SOLAR ENERGY;  (2) WIND POWER;  (3) QUALIFYING BIOMASS;  (4) METHANE FROM THE ANAEROBIC DECOMPOSITION OF	15	WASTEPAPER; OR
GENERATES BTUS ON SITE FROM ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING RENEWABLE SOURCES FOR THE PERSON'S OWN USE, BUT NOT FOR THE PRODUCTION OF ELECTRICITY:  (1) SOLAR ENERGY;  (2) WIND POWER;  (3) QUALIFYING BIOMASS;  (4) METHANE FROM THE ANAEROBIC DECOMPOSITION OF ELECTRICITY:	16	(II) AN INVASIVE EXOTIC PLANT SPECIES.
RENEWABLE SOURCES FOR THE PERSON'S OWN USE, BUT NOT FOR THE PRODUCTION OF ELECTRICITY:  (1) SOLAR ENERGY;  (2) WIND POWER;  (3) QUALIFYING BIOMASS;  (4) METHANE FROM THE ANAEROBIC DECOMPOSITION OF	17	(I) "RENEWABLE ON-SITE GENERATOR" MEANS A PERSON THAT
PRODUCTION OF ELECTRICITY:  (1) SOLAR ENERGY;  (2) WIND POWER;  (3) QUALIFYING BIOMASS;  (4) METHANE FROM THE ANAEROBIC DECOMPOSITION OF	18	GENERATES BTUS ON SITE FROM ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING
(1) SOLAR ENERGY; (2) WIND POWER; (3) QUALIFYING BIOMASS; (4) METHANE FROM THE ANAEROBIC DECOMPOSITION OF	19	RENEWABLE SOURCES FOR THE PERSON'S OWN USE, BUT NOT FOR THE
(2) WIND POWER; (3) QUALIFYING BIOMASS; (4) METHANE FROM THE ANAEROBIC DECOMPOSITION OF	20	PRODUCTION OF ELECTRICITY:
(3) QUALIFYING BIOMASS;  (4) METHANE FROM THE ANAEROBIC DECOMPOSITION OF	21	(1) SOLAR ENERGY;
24 (4) METHANE FROM THE ANAEROBIC DECOMPOSITION OF	22	(2) WIND POWER;
	23	(3) QUALIFYING BIOMASS;
	24	(4) METHANE FROM THE ANAEROBIC DECOMPOSITION OF
,		

1	(5)	GEOTHERMAL;
2	(6)	BIODIESEL;
3	(7)	ETHANOL; OR
4 5	(8) WAVES, TIDES, C	ENERGY FROM THE OCEAN, INCLUDING ENERGY FROM URRENTS, AND THERMAL DIFFERENCES.
6	[(e)] <b>(J)</b>	(1) "Small grains" means a winter grain crop.
7 8	(2) hull–less barley.	"Small grains" includes wheat, rye, triticale, oats, and hulled or
9	10–1504.	
10 11 12	BIODIESEL, OR F	e eligible for credits under this subtitle, an ethanol [or biodiesel], <b>RENEWABLE BTU</b> producer shall apply to the Board for certification provided by the Board.
13 14	(b) An a Board:	applicant shall show in the application to the satisfaction of the
15 16	(1) producing ethanol	That the applicant will construct or operate a facility capable of [or biodiesel], <b>BIODIESEL</b> , <b>OR RENEWABLE BTUS</b> ;
17 18	(2) in the State in cor	That the applicant will invest or has invested substantial resources nection with the facility;
19	(3)	That the facility will constitute a permanent fixture in the State;
20	(4)	For an ethanol production facility, information demonstrating:
21		(i) The production capacity of the facility; and
22 23 24	suitable agricultu used by the facilit	(ii) The quantity and availability of small grains and other ral products in the vicinity of the production facility that may be y;
25	(5)	For a biodiesel production facility, information demonstrating:

1	(i) The production capacity of the facility; and
2 3 4	(ii) The quantity and availability of soybean oil and other suitable bio-based oils in the vicinity of the production facility that may be used by the facility;
5	(6) FOR A PRODUCTION FACILITY THAT RELIES ON RENEWABLE
6 7	FUELS OTHER THAN FROM SOLAR, WIND, OCEANIC, OR GEOTHERMAL SOURCES, INFORMATION DEMONSTRATING:
8	(I) THE PRODUCTION CAPACITY OF THE FACILITY; AND
9 10	(II) THE QUANTITY AND AVAILABILITY OF FUELS IN THE VICINITY OF THE PRODUCTION FACILITY THAT MAY BE USED BY THE FACILITY;
11	[(6)] (7) Information demonstrating:
12 13	(i) The availability and cost of energy sufficient to operate the facility;
14 15	(ii) The availability of sufficient water and waste disposal systems for the facility;
16 17	(iii) The availability of sufficient labor and a qualified site manager for the facility; and
18 19	(iv) That the facility will meet all State and federal environmental standards;
20 21	[(7)] <b>(8)</b> Any proposed marketing agreements for the ethanol or biodiesel products;
22 23	[(8)] <b>(9)</b> A plan to give farmers in the State the opportunity to invest in the facility; and
24 25	[(9)] (10) That the applicant will meet any other requirement established by the Board.
26	(c) The Board shall:
27	(1) Review each application submitted under this subtitle;

1 2	(2) application; and	Approve or deny the application within 60 days of receipt of the
3 4	(3) credit in an amour	For an approved application, certify the producer as eligible for a nt that is:
5 6	determined by the	(i) Based on the production capacity of the facility, as Board; and
7		(ii) Consistent with subsection (d) of this section.
8 9 10	(d) (1) a total of 15,000,0 shall be produced	The Board may not certify ethanol production credits for more than 000 gallons per calendar year, of which at least 10,000,000 gallons from small grains.
11 12 13	(2) than a total of 5,0 shall be from soyb	The Board may not certify biodiesel production credits for more 00,000 gallons per calendar year, of which at least 2,000,000 gallons ean oil produced:
14 15	or	(i) In a facility that began operating after December 31, 2004;
16 17	which occurred aft	(ii) Under the expanded capacity of a facility, the expansion of ter December 31, 2004.
18 19	(3) PRODUCTION CR	THE BOARD MAY NOT CERTIFY RENEWABLE BTU EDITS FOR MORE THAN:
20 21	YEAR; OR	(I) 6,249,750 THERMS PER PRODUCER PER CALENDAR
22		(II) A TOTAL OF 37,498,500 THERMS PER CALENDAR YEAR.
23 24	(e) (1) additional credits	If eligible, a producer may apply to the Board for certification for if the producer increases the production capacity of the facility.
25 26 27		If a facility does not achieve its certified production capacity for 2, the Board may revise the stated production capacity of the facility ding credit certification of the producer to reflect actual production.

1 2	(f) An application submitted to the Board under this section is not subject to disclosure under the Maryland Public Information Act.
3	10–1505.
4 5 6 7	(a) (1) The Board may pay credits as calculated under this section to certified producers of ethanol [or biodiesel], <b>BIODIESEL</b> , <b>OR RENEWABLE BTUS</b> in the State for ethanol [or biodiesel], <b>BIODIESEL</b> , <b>OR RENEWABLE BTUS</b> produced on or after December 31, 2007.
8 9 10	(2) (i) For the purposes of this subtitle, a person that holds a controlling interest in more than one ethanol production facility is considered to be a single ethanol producer.
11 12 13	(ii) For the purposes of this subtitle, a person that holds a controlling interest in more than one biodiesel production facility is considered to be a single biodiesel producer.
14	(III) FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SUBTITLE, A PERSON THAT HOLDS A CONTROLLING INTEREST IN MORE THAN ONE FACILITY PRODUCING
15 16 17	RENEWABLE BTUS IS CONSIDERED TO BE A SINGLE RENEWABLE BTU PRODUCER.
16	RENEWABLE BTUS IS CONSIDERED TO BE A SINGLE RENEWABLE BTU
16 17 18	RENEWABLE BTUS IS CONSIDERED TO BE A SINGLE RENEWABLE BTU PRODUCER.  (b) (1) For an ethanol producer, a credit may not exceed the maximum
16 17 18 19 20	RENEWABLE BTUS IS CONSIDERED TO BE A SINGLE RENEWABLE BTU PRODUCER.  (b) (1) For an ethanol producer, a credit may not exceed the maximum amount certified by the Board and shall be:  (i) 20 cents per gallon of ethanol produced from small grains;
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	RENEWABLE BTUS IS CONSIDERED TO BE A SINGLE RENEWABLE BTU PRODUCER.  (b) (1) For an ethanol producer, a credit may not exceed the maximum amount certified by the Board and shall be:  (i) 20 cents per gallon of ethanol produced from small grains; and  (ii) 5 cents per gallon of ethanol produced from other
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	RENEWABLE BTUS IS CONSIDERED TO BE A SINGLE RENEWABLE BTU PRODUCER.  (b) (1) For an ethanol producer, a credit may not exceed the maximum amount certified by the Board and shall be:  (i) 20 cents per gallon of ethanol produced from small grains; and  (ii) 5 cents per gallon of ethanol produced from other agricultural products.

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FROM:

1 2	2. Under the expanded capacity of a facility, the expansion of which occurred after December 31, 2004; and
3 4 5	(ii) 5 cents per gallon of biodiesel produced from other feedstock, including soybean oil produced in a facility that began operating on or before December 31, 2004.
6 7 8	(3) FOR A RENEWABLE BTU PRODUCER, A CREDIT MAY NOT EXCEED THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT CERTIFIED BY THE BOARD AND MAY NOT EXCEED 0.167 CENTS PER THERM.
9 10	(c) (1) The Board may not pay a credit for ethanol or biodiesel produced after December 31, 2017.
11 12	(2) THE BOARD MAY NOT PAY A CREDIT FOR RENEWABLE BTUS PRODUCED AFTER DECEMBER 31, 2019.
13	10–1506.
14 15 16	(a) After February 1, 2008, to receive a credit payment a certified ethanol or biodiesel producer shall file a claim with the Board by the end of January, April, July, and October of each year.
17	(b) A claim filed under this section shall state:
18 19 20	(1) (i) The producer's total ethanol production in the State during the previous quarter, categorized by ethanol produced from small grains and ethanol produced from other agricultural products; [or]
21 22	(ii) The producer's total biodiesel production in Maryland during the previous quarter, categorized by biodiesel produced from:
23 24 25	1. Soybean oil produced in a facility that began operating after December 31, 2004, or under the expanded capacity of a facility, the expansion of which occurred after December 31, 2004; and
26 27	2. Other feedstock, including soybean oil produced in a facility that began operating on or before December 31, 2004; <b>OR</b>
28 29	(III) THE PRODUCER'S TOTAL BTU PRODUCTION IN THE STATE DURING THE PREVIOUS QUARTER, CATEGORIZED BY BTUS PRODUCED

1	1. QUALIFIED AND NONQUALIFIED FEEDSTOCKS;
2	2. FEEDSTOCKS USED; AND
3 4	3. THE LOCATION FROM WHICH THE FEEDSTOCKS WERE DERIVED;
5	(2) The location of the producer;
6 7	(3) The average number of Maryland citizens employed by the producer in the previous quarter;
8 9 10	(4) (i) For an ethanol producer, the number of bushels of Maryland–grown small grains and other agricultural commodities used by the producer in the previous quarter; or
11 12 13	(ii) For a biodiesel producer, the number of gallons of Maryland-produced soybean oil and other bio-based oils used by the producer in the previous quarter; and
14	(5) Any other information that the Board requires.
15 16	(c) A claim filed under this section shall be reviewed by an independent certified public accountant with respect to, as appropriate:
17	(1) The total ethanol production;
18 19	(2) The breakdown between ethanol produced from small grains and ethanol produced from other agricultural products;
20	(3) The total biodiesel production; [and]
21	(4) The breakdown between biodiesel produced from:
22 23 24	(i) Soybean oil produced in a facility that began operating after December 31, 2004, or under the expanded capacity of a facility, the expansion of which occurred after December 31, 2004; and
25 26	(ii) Other feedstock, including soybean oil produced in a facility that began operating on or before December 31, 2004; AND

1	(5) THE TOTAL BTU PRODUCTION;
2	(6) THE BREAKDOWN BETWEEN VARIOUS FEEDSTOCKS IN BTU
3	PRODUCTION; AND
1	(7) THE LOCATION OF ORIGIN FOR THE FEEDSTOCKS IN BTU
5	PRODUCTION.
5	(d) A claim submitted to the Board under this section is not subject to
7	disclosure under the Maryland Public Information Act.
3	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
)	October 1, 2007.