Department of Legislative Services Maryland General Assembly 2007 Session

FISCAL AND POLICY NOTE

House Bill 632 Environmental Matters (Harford County Delegation)

Education, Health, and Environmental Affairs

Harford County - Deer Hunting on Private Lands - Sundays

This bill authorizes deer hunting on private land in Harford County on the first Sunday of bow hunting season in November and the first Sunday of deer firearms season by removing Harford County from the list of counties in which Sunday deer hunting is prohibited.

Fiscal Summary

State Effect: The bill's changes would not materially affect State finances.

Local Effect: None.

Small Business Effect: Potential meaningful.

Analysis

Current Law: The Department of Natural Resources (DNR) establishes the open season to hunt forest and upland game birds and mammals by regulation each year. DNR may adopt regulations to enlarge, extend, restrict, or prohibit hunting wildlife. Except for specified persons and under specified conditions, hunting game birds or mammals on Sundays is prohibited. Chapter 170 of 2003 authorized DNR to allow for deer hunting on private property on two Sundays (the first Sunday of the bow hunting season in November and the first Sunday of the deer firearms season). The Sunday hunting provisions do not apply in Baltimore, Carroll, Frederick, Harford, Howard, Prince George's, Somerset, Wicomico, and Worcester counties or in Baltimore City. There are

three seasons to hunt deer in Maryland: (1) deer bow hunting season; (2) deer firearms season; and (3) deer muzzle loader season.

Background: Because white-tailed deer thrive in habitat that is composed of woods and openings, and because hunter access in those areas is limited, suburban development has provided excellent deer habitat in the State, resulting in a significant increase in the deer population. The high population of deer has resulted in a marked increase in the number of human-deer conflicts, including deer-vehicle collisions, damage to crops and vegetation, and incidents of lyme disease. In addition, numerous research studies have documented negative ecological impacts on native vegetation and other species.

According to DNR, regulated hunting remains the most cost-effective deer population control mechanism available throughout most of the State. The first four years of Sunday hunting have contributed positively to managing the State's white-tailed deer population in the 14 counties where it is now legal.

Between 99 and 235 deer have been killed each year on the one Sunday when bow hunting is permitted, and between 1,996 and 2,899 deer have been killed each year on the one Sunday when firearms hunting is permitted. In the counties in which Sunday hunting is permitted, the Sunday firearms harvest typically represents about 10% to 15% of the total two-week firearms harvest. DNR estimates the bill's change could result in an additional harvest of 175 to 225 deer in Harford County.

Small Business Effect: By providing for Sunday deer hunting in Harford County, the bill could result in an increase in revenues for small businesses. A 2001 report by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service found that Maryland deer hunting resulted in about \$80 million in retail sales in the State, or \$979 per deer harvested. The projected impact on the State's economy totaled \$156 million, or \$1,862 per deer harvested. In addition to businesses affected by hunting, the bill could also affect several other types of businesses. Most farms are small businesses. A 2001 survey by the Maryland Department of Agriculture found that farmers suffered crop losses of \$13.6 million due to deer (or about \$57 for each deer in the population). To the extent that the bill reduces crop damage, farmers would benefit. The bill could also affect vehicle owners and businesses involved in the repair of vehicles. In 2001, approximately 4,200 deer were reportedly killed by vehicles (or about one deer killed for every 57 deer in the population). Each deer-vehicle collision results in an average of \$2,000 in collision damage. Property owners and businesses could also be affected to the extent that the bill reduces damage to ornamental shrubs and gardens.

Additional Information

Prior Introductions: None.

Cross File: SB 188 (Senator Jacobs) – Education, Health, and Environmental Affairs.

Information Source(s): Harford County, Department of Natural Resources, Department of Legislative Services

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