SENATE BILL 595

C5 (7lr1908)

ENROLLED BILL

— Finance / Economic Matters —

Introduced by Senator Garagiola
Read and Examined by Proofreaders:
Proofreader.
Proofreader.
Sealed with the Great Seal and presented to the Governor, for his approval this
day of at o'clock,M.
President.
CHAPTER
AN ACT concerning
<u>Public Utility Companies</u> <u>Electricity</u> – Net Energy Metering – Renewable <u>Energy</u> Portfolio Energy Standard – Photovoltaic Power <u>Solar Energy</u>
FOR the purpose of increasing a certain limit used to determine the availability of net energy metering to eligible customer–generators; previding that a certain portion of a certain limit shall be for eligible customer–generators that operate
solar electric generating facilities: increasing the amount of generating capacity of an electric generating system that may be used by an eligible customer–generator for net metering; requiring the Public Service Commission to make a certain determination concerning dual metering for certain eligible customer–generators; providing that an eligible customer–generator has a title

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

1

2 3

> Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.
>
> Italics indicate opposite chamber/conference committee amendments.



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to certain attributes or credits associated with certain electricity produced; requiring the Public Service Commission on or before a certain date each year to report to the General Assembly on the status of the net metering program in the State: establishing a Tier 3 renewable portfolio energy standard for electricity derived from solar energy; providing that a Tier 3 renewable portfolio energy standard applies only to electric companies under certain circumstances to electricity suppliers altering a certain renewable portfolio standard by requiring that certain portions of electricity in the standard be derived from solar energy; extending the deadlines within the renewable energy portfolio standard for certain requirements; limiting the eligibility of certain energy for meeting the renewable energy portfolio standard in certain manners during certain periods: requiring certain credits to be offered for certain purposes in a certain manner; requiring an electric company to meet the Tier 3 renewable energy portfolio standard in a certain manner; repealing a certain provision that required provided for an electricity supplier to receive a double credit toward meeting a certain renewable energy portfolio standard for energy derived from solar energy sources under certain circumstances; allowing a certain renewable on-site generator generators to retain or transfer certain credits; requiring certain electric companies electricity suppliers to submit a certain report; altering certain compliance fees to include fees for a shortfall from the requirement for solar energy within a certain time frame; authorizing an electricity supplier to request a delay in implementing certain requirements under certain circumstances; providing for the effect of a certain delay in certain requirements; providing for compliance fees for certain shortfalls in required Tier 3 renewable sources; allowing an electric company electricity supplier to request a certain delay for a certain scheduled increase under certain circumstances; providing that compliance fees paid for Tier 3 renewable sources be used for a certain support of new Tier 3 renewable sources; requiring that the duration of a certain contract be not less than 15 years; altering the use of a certain fund; requiring certain fees to be accounted for and used in a certain manner: requiring the Maryland Energy Administration to report each year on certain matters; requiring certain electricity suppliers to enter into certain contracts for not less than a certain term of years; requiring the purchase of certain credits from certain systems to be made in a certain manner in accordance with rates and methods determined by the Commission; requiring the Public Service Commission to appoint designate a certain individual with to have certain duties responsibilities; requiring the Commission to convene a certain workgroup to revise certain the State's interconnection standards and procedures to be consistent with certain standards and procedures by a certain date: requiring the Commission to investigate certain rate-making mechanisms; providing for the application and construction of certain provisions of this Act; requiring the Commission to include certain information in a *certain* report due on a certain date; defining a certain term and altering certain

1 2	definitions; making stylistic changes; and generally relating to net energy metering, <u>the</u> renewable portfolio energy standards <u>portfolio</u> standard, and
3	photovoltaic power generation increasing the use of solar energy in the State.
4	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
5	Article – Public Utility Companies
6	Section 7–306, 7–701(h)(2) and (m), 7–703 through (b) and (d), 7–704, 7–705,
7	$\frac{7-707}{7-706(c)(1)}$, $\frac{7-707(f)}{7-709}$, and $\frac{7-709}{7-709}$, and $\frac{7-712}{7-711}$
8	Annotated Code of Maryland
9	(1998 Volume and 2006 Supplement)
10	BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
11	Article - Public Utility Companies
12	Section 7–702, 7–706, and 7–708
13	Annotated Code of Maryland
14	(1998 Volume and 2006 Supplement)
15	BY adding to
16	Article – Public Utility Companies
17	Section $\frac{7-714}{7-707(h)}$
18	Annotated Code of Maryland
19	(1998 Volume and 2006 Supplement)
20	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
21	MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
22	Article - Public Utility Companies
23	7–306.
24	(a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.
25	(2) "Biomass" means "qualified biomass" as defined in § 7–701 of this
26	title.
27	(3) "Eligible customer–generator" means a customer that owns and
28	operates or leases and operates a biomass, solar, or wind electric generating facility
29	that:
30	(i) is located on the customer's premises;
31	(ii) is interconnected and operated in parallel with an electric
32	company's transmission and distribution facilities; and

- 1 (iii) is intended primarily to offset all or part of the customer's own electricity requirements.
 - (4) "Net energy metering" means measurement of the difference between the electricity that is supplied by an electric company and the electricity that is generated by an eligible customer—generator and fed back to the electric company over the eligible customer—generator's billing period.
 - (b) The General Assembly finds and declares that a program to provide net energy metering for eligible customer—generators is a means to encourage private investment in renewable energy resources, stimulate in—State economic growth, enhance continued diversification of the State's energy resource mix, and reduce costs of interconnection and administration.
 - (c) An electric company serving an eligible customer–generator shall ensure that the meter installed for net energy metering is capable of measuring the flow of electricity in two directions.
 - (d) The Commission shall require electric utilities to develop a standard contract or tariff for net energy metering and make it available to eligible customer–generators on a first–come, first–served basis until the rated generating capacity owned and operated by eligible customer–generators in the State reaches [34.722] 1,500 megawatts—OF WHICH 1,465.28 MEGAWATTS SHALL BE FOR ELIGIBLE CUSTOMER—GENERATORS THAT OWN AND OPERATE OR LEASE AND OPERATE A SOLAR ELECTRIC GENERATING FACILITY [, 0.2% of the State's adjusted peak—load forecast for 1998].
 - (e) (1) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, a net energy metering contract or tariff shall be identical, in energy rates, rate structure, and monthly charges, to the contract or tariff that the customer would be assigned if the customer were not an eligible customer—generator.
 - (2) (i) A net energy metering contract or tariff may not include charges that would raise the eligible customer–generator's minimum monthly charge above that of customers of the rate class to which the eligible customer–generator would otherwise be assigned.
- 31 (ii) Charges prohibited by this paragraph include new or 32 additional demand charges, standby charges, customer charges, and minimum 33 monthly charges.

1 2	(f) (1) The electric company shall calculate net energy metering in accordance with this subsection.
3 4	(2) Net energy produced or consumed on a monthly basis shall be measured in accordance with standard metering practices.
5 6 7	(3) If electricity supplied by the grid exceeds electricity generated by the eligible customer–generator during a month, the eligible customer–generator shall be billed for the net energy supplied in accordance with subsection (e) of this section.
8 9 10 11	(4) If electricity generated by the eligible customer–generator exceeds the electricity supplied by the grid, the eligible customer–generator shall be required to pay only customer charges for that month in accordance with subsection (e) of this section.
12 13	(5) (i) An eligible customer–generator under paragraph (4) of this subsection may accrue generation credit for a period not to exceed 12 months.
14 15	(ii) The electric company shall carry forward a negative kilowatt–hour reading until:
16 17	1. the eligible customer–generator's consumption of electricity from the grid eliminates the credit; or
18 19	2. the 12-month accrual period under subparagraph (i) of this paragraph expires.
20 21 22	(6) ANY REMAINING ACCRUED GENERATION CREDIT AT THE EXPIRATION OF THE 12-MONTH ACCRUAL PERIOD UNDER PARAGRAPH (5)(II)2 OF THIS SUBSECTION:
23	(I) SHALL REVERT TO THE ELECTRIC COMPANY; AND
24 25	(II) MAY NOT BE RECOVERED BY THE ELIGIBLE CUSTOMER-GENERATOR.
26 27 28	(g) (1) For an eligible customer–generator whose facility is sized to produce energy in excess of the eligible customer–generator's annual energy consumption, the Commission:
29 30	(1) may require the eligible customer–generator to install a dual meter that is capable of measuring the flow of electricity in two directions; and

1		(2)	<u>(II)</u>	shall	develop a credit formula that:
2 3	costs; and		(i)	<u>1.</u>	excludes recovery of transmission and distribution
4 5 6 7		of elec	ctricity	suppl	provides that the credit may be calculated using a nour basis, including a method that allows a dollar–for– ied by the grid compared to electricity generated by the
8 9 10 11	OF THIS S	UBSEC	ERATO TION,	R TO THE	MINING WHETHER TO REQUIRE AN ELIGIBLE INSTALL A DUAL METER UNDER PARAGRAPH (1)(I) COMMISSION SHALL CONSIDER THE GENERATING R-GENERATOR.
12 13 14 15	customer–g	enerato	or for n	pacity net met 1.	ept as provided in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, of an electric generating system used by an eligible tering may not exceed [200 kilowatts] 2 MEGAWATTS . An eligible customer–generator may petition the
16 17 18 19 20 21	kilowatts. electric ger metering if	neratin the Co	g syst	2. em w	generating system with a capacity not exceeding 500. The Commission may approve a petition for use of an ith a capacity not exceeding 500 kilowatts for net add that the project meets public safety and reliability lic interest.]
22 23 24 25	standards e	stablis	hed by	net me v the N	ic generating system used by an eligible tering shall meet all applicable safety and performance Vational Electrical Code, the Institute of Electrical and derwriters Laboratories.
26 27 28		-	ents	for e	ssion may adopt by regulation additional control and ligible customer–generators that the Commission otect public safety and system reliability.
29 30 31	_				ic company may not require an eligible lectric generating system meets the standards of absection to:

1	(i) install additional controls;
2	(ii) perform or pay for additional tests; or
3	(iii) purchase additional liability insurance.
4	(5) AN ELIGIBLE CUSTOMER-GENERATOR SHALL OWN AND HAVE
5	TITLE TO ALL RENEWABLE ENERGY ATTRIBUTES OR RENEWABLE ENERGY
6 7	CREDITS ASSOCIATED WITH ANY ELECTRICITY PRODUCED BY ITS ELECTRIC GENERATING SYSTEM.
8	(I) ON OR BEFORE FEBRUARY 1 OF EACH YEAR, THE COMMISSION
9	SHALL REPORT TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY, IN ACCORDANCE WITH § 2–1246
10	OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT ARTICLE, ON THE STATUS OF THE NET METERING
11	PROGRAM UNDER THIS SECTION, INCLUDING:
12	(1) THE AMOUNT OF CAPACITY OF ELECTRIC GENERATING
13	FACILITIES OWNED AND OPERATED BY ELIGIBLE CUSTOMER-GENERATORS IN
14	THE STATE BY TYPE OF ENERGY RESOURCE;
1.	IIII SIMIL BI III B OI LINDROI RESCORCE,
15	(2) BASED ON THE NEED TO ENCOURAGE A DIVERSIFICATION OF
16	THE STATE'S ENERGY RESOURCE MIX TO ENSURE RELIABILITY, WHETHER THE
17	RATED GENERATING CAPACITY LIMIT IN SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION
18	SHOULD BE ALTERED FOR ELIGIBLE CUSTOMER-GENERATORS THAT OWN AND
19	OPERATE OR LEASE AND OPERATE A GENERATING FACILITY OTHER THAN A
20	SOLAR ELECTRIC GENERATING FACILITY; AND
21	(3) OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION.
22	7–701.
23	(a) In this subtitle the following words have the meanings indicated.
24	(b) "Administration" means the Maryland Energy Administration.
25	(c) "Fund" means the Maryland Renewable Energy Fund established under §
26	7–707 of this subtitle.
27	(d) "Industrial process load" means the consumption of electricity by a
28	manufacturing process at an establishment classified in the manufacturing sector
29	under the North American Industry Classification System, codes 31 through 33.

1	(e) "Old {	;rowth timber	<u>" means timber from a forest:</u>
2 3 4	the oldest exceed and		res in size with a preponderance of old trees, of which he projected maximum attainable age for the species;
5	(2)	that exhibits	several of the following characteristics:
6 7	classes;	(i) shade	-tolerant species are present in all age and size
8		(ii) randoi	mly distributed canopy gaps are present;
9 10	multiple growth la		h degree of structural diversity characterized by g a broad spectrum of ages is present;
11 12	decomposition acco		rumulation of dead wood of varying sizes and stages of lecadence in live dominant trees is present; and
13		(v) pit and	d mound topography can be observed.
14 15			cans the control area administered by the PJM a may change from time to time.
16 17 18		avings, sawd ı	eans the fecal and urinary excretions of poultry, ust, straw, rice hulls, and other bedding material for
19 20	(h) (1) is available on a re		piomass" means a nonhazardous, organic material that seurring basis, and is:
21 22	material and is de		material that is segregated from inorganic waste crees including:
23 24	forest-related reso		except for old growth timber, any of the following
25		A.	mill residue, except sawdust and wood shavings;
26		₽.	precommercial soft wood thinning;
27		C.	slash;

1	D. brush; or
2	E. yard waste;
3	2. a pallet, crate, or dunnage;
4 5 6	3. agricultural and silvicultural sources, including tree crops, vineyard materials, grain, legumes, sugar, and other crop by-products or residues; or
7 8	4. gas produced from the anaerobic decomposition of animal waste or poultry waste; or
9 10	(ii) a plant that is cultivated exclusively for purposes of being used at a Tier 1 renewable source or a Tier 2 renewable source to produce electricity.
11 12	(2) "Qualifying biomass" includes biomass listed in paragraph (1) of this section that is used for co–firing, subject to § [7–704(e)] 7–704(D) of this subtitle.
13	(3) "Qualifying biomass" does not include:
14	(i) unsegregated solid waste or postconsumer wastepaper; or
15	(ii) an invasive exotic plant species.
16 17	(i) "Renewable energy credit" or "credit" means a credit equal to the generation attributes of 1 megawatt-hour of electricity that is derived from:
18 19	(1) a Tier 1 renewable source or [a] Tier 2 renewable source that is located:
20 21	[(1)] (I) in the PJM region or in a state that is adjacent to the PJM region; or
22 23 24	$ \frac{\text{[(2)] (II)}}{\text{[subsection] ITEM but in a control area that is adjacent to the PJM region, if the electricity is delivered into the PJM region; OR } $
25 26	(2) A TIER 3 RENEWABLE SOURCE THAT IS CONNECTED WITH THE

1	(j)	"Renewable energy portfolio standard" or "standard" means the
2	percentage	of electricity sales at retail in the State that is to be derived from Tier 1
3	[renewable	sources and], Tier 2, AND TIER 3 renewable sources in accordance with §
4	7–703(b) of	this subtitle.
5	(k)	"Renewable on-site generator" means a person who generates electricity
6	on site from	a Tier 1-{renewable source or a}, Tier 2, OR TIER 3 renewable source for
7	the person's) own use.
8	(1)	"Tier 1 renewable source" means one or more of the following types of
9	energy sour	ves:
10		(1) [solar;
11		(2)] wind;
12		(3) (2) qualifying biomass;
13		[(4)] (3) methane from the anaerobic decomposition of organic
14	materials ir	a landfill or wastewater treatment plant;
15		[(5)] (4) geothermal;
16		[(6)] (5) ocean, including energy from waves, tides, currents, and
17	thermal diff	ferences;
18		[(7)] (6) a fuel cell that produces electricity from a Tier 1 renewable
19	source unde	or item [(3) or (4)] (2) OR (3) of this subsection; and
20		[(8)] (7) a small hydroelectric power plant of less than 30 megawatts
21		that is licensed or exempt from licensing by the Federal Energy Regulatory
22	Commission].
23	(m)	"Tier 2 renewable source" means one or more of the following types of
24	energy sour	9 11
25		(1) hydroelectric power other than pump storage generation;
26		(2) incineration of poultry litter, if the Maryland Energy
27	Administra	tion and the Maryland Department of Agriculture determine that there is a
28		uantity of poultry litter available for the economic viability of any existing
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1	and operating entity that is sited on the Delmarva Peninsula and that, as of July 1,
2	2004, processes and pasteurizes chicken litter as fertilizer; and
3	(3) waste-to-energy.
4	(N) "TIER 3 RENEWABLE SOURCE" MEANS PHOTOVOLTAIC POWER.
5	7–702.
6	(a) It is the intent of the General Assembly to:
7 8	(1) recognize the economic, environmental, fuel diversity, and security benefits of renewable energy resources;
9 10	(2) establish a market for electricity from these resources in Maryland; and
11 12	(3) lower the cost to consumers of electricity produced from these resources.
13	(b) The General Assembly finds that:
14 15 16 17	(1) the benefits of electricity from renewable energy resources, including long-term decreased emissions, a healthier environment, increased energy security, and decreased reliance on and vulnerability from imported energy sources, accrue to the public at large; and
18 19	(2) electricity suppliers and consumers share an obligation to develop a minimum level of these resources in the electricity supply portfolio of the State.
20	7–703.
21 22	(a) (1) (i) The Commission shall implement a renewable energy portfolio standard:
23 24 25	A. FROM TIER 1 AND TIER 2 RENEWABLE SOURCES that, except as provided under paragraph (2) of this subsection, applies to all retail electricity sales in the State by electricity suppliers; AND
26 27	B. FROM TIER 3 RENEWABLE SOURCES THAT APPLIES TO ONLY ELECTRIC COMPANIES WHOSE RATES ARE REGULATED BY
28	THE COMMISSION.

1	(ii) If the standard becomes applicable to electricity sold to a
2	customer after the start of a calendar year, the standard does not apply to electricity
3	sold to the customer during that portion of the year before the standard became
4	applicable.
5	(2) A renewable energy portfolio standard may not apply to electricity
6	sales at retail by any electricity supplier:
7	(i) in excess of 300,000,000 kilowatt-hours of industrial process
8	load to a single customer in a year;
9	(ii) to residential customers in a region of the State in which
10	electricity prices for residential customers are subject to a freeze or cap contained in a
11	settlement agreement entered into under § 7-505 of this title until the freeze or cap
12	has expired; or
13	(iii) to a customer served by an electric cooperative under an
14	electricity supplier purchase agreement that existed on October 1, 2004, until the
15	expiration of the agreement.
16	(b) The renewable energy portfolio standard shall be as follows:
1.7	(1) [' 0000 10 C M' 1 1] 10 Kg C M' 0
17	(1) [in 2006, 1% from Tier 1 renewable sources and 2.5% from Tier 2
18	renewable sources;
10	(9)] '. 9007 10/ f M'. 1 [] 9 70/ f M' 9
19	(2)] in 2007, 1% from Tier 1 renewable sources [and], 2.5% from Tier 2
20	renewable sources, AND 0% FROM TIER 3 RENEWABLE SOURCES;
0.1	
21	[(3)] (2) in 2008, 2% from Tier 1 renewable sources [and], 2.5% from
22	Tier 2 renewable sources, AND 0.005% FROM TIER 3 RENEWABLE SOURCES;
•	[(1)] (0)
23	[(4)] (3) in 2009, 2% from Tier 1 renewable sources [and], 2.5% from
24	Tier 2 renewable sources, AND 0.01% FROM TIER 3 RENEWABLE SOURCES;
25	[(5)] (4) in 2010, 3% from Tier 1 renewable sources [and], 2.5% from
26	Tier 2 renewable sources, AND 0.025% FROM TIER 3 RENEWABLE SOURCES;
27	(6) (5) in 2011, 3% from Tier 1 renewable sources [and], 2.5% from
28	Tier 2 renewable sources, AND 0.04% FROM TIER 3 RENEWABLE SOURCES;

1	[(7)] (6) in 2012, 4% from Tier 1 renewable sources [and], 2.5% from
2	Tier 2 renewable sources, 0.06% FROM TIER 3 RENEWABLE SOURCES;
3	$\frac{(8)}{(7)}$ in 2013, 4% from Tier 1 renewable sources $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$. $\frac{1}{2}$ from
4	Tier 2 renewable sources, AND 0.1% FROM TIER 3 RENEWABLE SOURCES;
5	[(9)] (8) in 2014, 5% from Tier 1 renewable sources [and], 2.5% from
6	Tier 2 renewable sources, AND 0.15% FROM TIER 3 RENEWABLE SOURCES;
U	Tiel 2 renewable sources, AND 0.10 / FITONI TIEN O RENEWADEE SOURCES,
7	[(10)] (9) in 2015, 5% from Tier 1 renewable sources [and], 2.5% from
8	Tier 2 renewable sources, AND 0.25% FROM TIER 3 RENEWABLE SOURCES;
0	[(11)](10) :- 001C CO f T: 1
9	[(11)](10) in 2016, 6% from Tier 1 renewable sources [and], 2.5% from
10	Tier 2 renewable sources, AND 0.35% FROM TIER 3 RENEWABLE SOURCES;
11	[(12)] (11) in 2017, 6% from Tier 1 renewable sources [and], 2.5% from
12	Tier 2 renewable sources, AND 0.55% FROM TIER 3 RENEWABLE SOURCES;
13	[(13)] (12) in 2018, 7% from Tier 1 renewable sources, [and] 2.5% from
14	Tier 2 renewable sources, AND 0.9% FROM TIER 3 RENEWABLE SOURCES;[and]
15	[(14)] (13) in 2019 [and later], 7.5% from Tier 1 renewable sources
16	[and], 0% from Tier 2 renewable sources, AND 1.2% FROM TIER 3 RENEWABLE
17	SOURCES;
18	(14) IN 2020, 7.5% FROM TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCES, 0% FROM
19	TIER 2 RENEWABLE SOURCES, AND 1.5% FROM TIER 3 RENEWABLE SOURCES;
19	TIER 2 RENEWADER SOURCES, AND I.O /O PROMITTER O RENEWADER SOURCES,
20	(15) IN 2021, 7.5% FROM TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCES, 0% FROM
21	TIER 2 RENEWABLE SOURCES, AND 1.85% FROM TIER 3 RENEWABLE SOURCES;
22	AND
22	(16) THE GOOD AND LAMBE FIRST TROOP TWO I DESCRIPTIONS
23	(16) IN 2022 AND LATER, 7.5% FROM TIER 1 RENEWABLE
24	SOURCES, 0% FROM TIER 2 RENEWABLE SOURCES, AND 2% FROM TIER 3
25	RENEWABLE SOURCES.
26	(e) Before calculating the number of credits required to meet the percentages
27	established under subsection (b) of this section, an electricity supplier shall exclude
28	from its total retail electricity sales all retail electricity sales described in subsection
29	$\frac{1}{(a)(2)}$ of this section.

1 2	(1) in 2006, 1% from Tier 1 renewable sources and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
3 4	(2) in 2007, 1% from Tier 1 renewable sources and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
5	(3) in 2008, [2%] 2.005% from Tier 1 renewable sources, INCLUDING
6 7	AT LEAST 0.005% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
8	(4) in 2009, [2%] 2.01% from Tier 1 renewable sources, INCLUDING
9 10	AT LEAST 0.01% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
11	(5) in 2010, [3%] 3.025% from Tier 1 renewable sources, INCLUDING
12 13	AT LEAST 0.025% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
14	(6) in 2011, [3%] 3.04% from Tier 1 renewable sources, INCLUDING
15 16	AT LEAST 0.04% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
17	(7) in 2012, [4%] 4.06% from Tier 1 renewable sources, INCLUDING
18 19	AT LEAST 0.06% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
20	(8) in 2013, [4%] 4.1% from Tier 1 renewable sources, INCLUDING AT
21 22	LEAST 0.1% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
23	(9) in 2014, [5%] 5.15% from Tier 1 renewable sources, INCLUDING
24 25	AT LEAST 0.15% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
26	(10) in 2015, [5%] 5.25% from Tier 1 renewable sources, INCLUDING
27 28	AT LEAST 0.25% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;

11 (11) in 2016. [6%] 6.35% from Tier 1 renewable sources, INCLUDING 2 AT LEAST 0.35% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable 3 sources; 4 (12) in 2017. [6%] 6.55% from Tier 1 renewable sources, INCLUDING 5 AT LEAST 0.55% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable 6 sources; 7 (13) in 2018. [7%] 7.9% from Tier 1 renewable sources, INCLUDING AT 8 LEAST 0.9% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable 9 sources; [and] 10 (14) in 2019 [and later, 7.5%], 8.7% from Tier 1 renewable sources, 11 INCLUDING AT LEAST 1.2% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY, and 0% from Tier 2 12 renewable sources; 13 (15) IN 2020, 9% FROM TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCES, INCLUDING 14 AT LEAST 1.5% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY, AND 0% FROM TIER 2 15 RENEWABLE SOURCES; 16 (16) IN 2021, 9.35% FROM TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCES, 17 INCLUDING AT LEAST 1.85% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY, AND 0% FROM 18 TIER 2 RENEWABLE SOURCES; AND 19 (17) IN 2022 AND LATER, 9.5% FROM TIER 1 RENEWABLE 20 SOURCES, INCLUDING AT LEAST 2% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY, AND 0% FROM 21 FROM TIER 2 RENEWABLE SOURCES. 22 (d) (t) Subject to subsections (a) and (c) of this section, an electricity supplier shall meet the renewable energy portfolio standard by accumulating the equivalent amount of renewable energy credits that equal the percentage PERCENTAGES required under this section.		
3 sources; 4 (12) in 2017, [6%] 6.55% from Tier 1 renewable sources, INCLUDING AT LEAST 0.55% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources; 7 (13) in 2018, [7%] 7.9% from Tier 1 renewable sources, INCLUDING AT LEAST 0.9% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources; [and] 10 (14) in 2019 [and later, 7.5%], 8.7% from Tier 1 renewable sources, INCLUDING AT LEAST 1.2% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY, and 0% from Tier 2 renewable sources; 11 (15) IN 2020, 9% FROM TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCES, INCLUDING AT LEAST 1.5% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY, AND 0% FROM TIER 2 RENEWABLE SOURCES; 11 (16) IN 2021, 9.35% FROM TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCES, INCLUDING AT LEAST 1.85% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY, AND 0% FROM TIER 2 RENEWABLE SOURCES, AND 12 (17) IN 2022 AND LATER, 9.5% FROM TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCES, INCLUDING AT LEAST 2% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY, AND 0% FROM TIER 2 RENEWABLE SOURCES. 13 (17) IN 2022 AND LATER, 9.5% FROM TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCES, INCLUDING AT LEAST 2% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY, AND 0% FROM TIER 2 RENEWABLE SOURCES. 14 (18) Subject to subsections (a) and (c) of this section, an electricity supplier shall meet the renewable energy credits that equal the percentage PERCENTAGES required under this section.	1	(11) in 2016, [6%] 6.35% from Tier 1 renewable sources, INCLUDING
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	25	PERCENTAGES required under this section.
	26	(II) SUBJECT TO SUBSECTIONS (A) AND (C) OF THIS SECTION AN

STANDARD BY ACCUMULATING THE EQUIVALENT AMOUNT OF RENEWABLE

ENERGY CREDITS FROM TIER 3 RENEWABLE SOURCES THAT EQUAL THE TIER 3

PERCENTAGES REQUIRED UNDER THIS SECTION.

31 7–704.

28

1	(a) (1) Energy from a Tier 1 renewable source:
2 3 4	(i) is eligible for inclusion in meeting the renewable energy portfolio standard regardless of when the generating system or facility was placed in service; and
5 6	(ii) may be applied to the percentage requirements of the standard for either Tier 1 renewable sources or Tier 2 renewable sources.
7	(2) (I) 1. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSUBPARAGRAPH 2
8	OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH, ENERGY FROM A TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCE UNDER §
9	7-701(L)(1) OF THIS SUBTITLE IS ELIGIBLE FOR INCLUSION IN MEETING THE
10	RENEWABLE ENERGY PORTFOLIO STANDARD ONLY IF THE SOURCE IS
11	CONNECTED WITH THE ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION GRID SERVING MARYLAND.
12	2. ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER 31, 2011, ENERGY
13	FROM A TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCE UNDER § 7–701(L)(1) OF THIS SUBTITLE
14	THAT IS NOT CONNECTED WITH THE ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION GRID SERVING
15	MARYLAND IS ELIGIBLE FOR INCLUSION IN MEETING THE RENEWABLE ENERGY
16	PORTFOLIO STANDARD ONLY IF OFFERS FOR SOLAR CREDITS FROM MARYLAND
17	GRID SOURCES ARE NOT MADE TO THE ELECTRICITY SUPPLIER THAT WOULD
18	SATISFY REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE STANDARD AND ONLY TO THE EXTENT
19	THAT SUCH OFFERS ARE NOT MADE.
•	
20	(II) IF THE OWNER OF A SOLAR GENERATING SYSTEM IN
21	THIS STATE CHOOSES TO SELL SOLAR RENEWABLE ENERGY CREDITS FROM THAT
22	SYSTEM, THE OWNER MUST FIRST OFFER THE CREDITS FOR SALE TO AN
23	ELECTRICITY SUPPLIER OR ELECTRIC COMPANY THAT SHALL APPLY THEM
24	TOWARD COMPLIANCE WITH THE RENEWABLE ENERGY PORTFOLIO STANDARD
25	<u>UNDER § 7–703 OF THIS SUBTITLE.</u>
26	(9) (9) From Company (1) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
26	Energy from a Tier 1 renewable source under $\{ \{7-701(1)(8) \} \}$
27	7-701(L)(7) of this subtitle is eligible for inclusion in meeting the renewable energy
28	portfolio <u>STANDARD</u> if it is generated at a dam that existed as of January 1, 2004
29	even if a system or facility that is capable of generating electricity did not exist on that
30	date.
31	(3) (4) (i) Energy from a Tier 2 renewable source under §
32	7–701(m)(1) or (3) of this subtitle is eligible for inclusion in meeting the renewable
33	energy portfolio standard through 2018 if it is generated at a system or facility that
	OV 1

- existed and was operational as of January 1, 2004, even if the facility or system was not capable of generating electricity on that date.
- Energy from a Tier 2 renewable source under § 7–701(m)(2) 3 (ii) 4 of this subtitle is eligible for inclusion in meeting the renewable energy portfolio standard, regardless of when the generating system was placed in service, IF THE 5 MARYLAND ENERGY ADMINISTRATION AND THE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF 6 7 AGRICULTURE DETERMINE THAT THERE IS A SUFFICIENT QUANTITY OF 8 POULTRY LITTER AVAILABLE FOR THE ECONOMIC VIABILITY OF ANY EXISTING 9 AND OPERATING ENTITY THAT IS SITED ON THE DELMARVA PENINSULA AND THAT, AS OF JULY 1, 2004, PROCESSED AND PASTEURIZED CHICKEN LITTER AS 10 11 FERTILIZER.
- 12 (b) On or after January 1, 2004, an electricity supplier may:
- 13 (1) receive renewable energy credits; and
- 14 (2) accumulate renewable energy credits under this subtitle.
- 15 (c) [An electricity supplier shall receive double credit toward meeting the 16 renewable energy portfolio standard for energy derived from solar energy.
- 17 (d)] (1) This subsection applies only to a generating facility that is placed in service on or after January 1, 2004.
- 19 (2) (i) On or before December 31, 2005, an electricity supplier shall 20 receive 120% credit toward meeting the renewable energy portfolio standard for 21 energy derived from wind.
- 22 (ii) After December 31, 2005, and on or before December 31, 2008, an electricity supplier shall receive 110% credit toward meeting the renewable energy portfolio standard for energy derived from wind.
- 25 (3) On or before December 31, 2008, an electricity supplier shall receive 110% credit toward meeting the renewable energy portfolio standard for energy derived from methane under § {7-701(l)(4)} 7-701(L)(3) of this subtitle.
- [(e)] (D) An electricity supplier shall receive credit toward meeting the renewable energy portfolio standard for electricity derived from the biomass fraction of biomass co-fired with other fuels.
- 31 [(f)] (E) (1) In this subsection, "customer" means:

1 2	(i) an industrial electric customer that is not on standard offer service; or					
3	(ii) a renewable on–site generator.					
4 5 6	(2) (i) A customer may independently acquire renewable energy credits to satisfy the standards applicable to the customer's load, including credits created by a renewable on–site generator.					
7 8 9 10	(ii) [Except as provided in subparagraph (iii)1 of this paragraph, the customer shall surrender the credits necessary to meet the standard to its electricity supplier for inclusion in the electricity supplier's compliance report under § 7–705 of this subtitle.					
11 12 13 14	(iii) 1.] Credits that a customer [surrenders] TRANSFERS to its electricity supplier to meet the standard and that the electricity supplier relies on in submitting its compliance report may not be resold or retransferred by the customer or by the electricity supplier.					
15 16	[2. The customer may retain or transfer any credits in excess of the amount needed to satisfy the standard for the customer's load.					
17 18 19	(iv) A customer who surrenders credits under this subsection retains all rights and title to any environmental or other attributes associated with the credits, including emission reductions or related allowances.]					
20 21 22 23 24	(3) A renewable on-site generator [shall receive credit] MAY RETAIN OR TRANSFER AT ITS SOLE OPTION ANY CREDITS CREATED BY THE RENEWABLE ON-SITE GENERATOR, INCLUDING CREDITS for the portion of its on-site generation from a Tier 1 Frenewable source or a. Tier 2, OR TIER 3 renewable source that displaces the purchase of electricity by the renewable on-site generator from the grid.					
25 26 27	(4) A customer that satisfies the standard applicable to the customer's load under this subsection may not be required to contribute to a compliance fee recovered under \S 7–706 of this subtitle.					
28 29	(5) The Commission shall adopt regulations governing the application and transfer of credits under this subsection consistent with federal law.					
30 31	[(g)] (F) (1) In order to create a renewable energy credit, a Tier 1 frenewable source or 1, Tier 2, OR TIER 3 renewable source must substantially comply					

- with all applicable environmental and administrative requirements, including air quality, water quality, solid waste, and right—to—know provisions, permit conditions, and administrative orders.
- 4 (2) (i) This paragraph applies to Tier 2 renewable sources that 5 incinerate solid waste.
- 6 (ii) At least 80% of the solid waste incinerated at a Tier 2 renewable source facility shall be collected from:
- 8 1. for areas in Maryland, jurisdictions that achieve the 9 recycling rates required under § 9–505 of the Environment Article; and
- 2. for other states, jurisdictions for which the electricity supplier demonstrates recycling substantially comparable to that required under § 9–505 of the Environment Article, in accordance with regulations of the Commission.
- 13 (iii) An electricity supplier may report credits received under 14 this paragraph based on compliance by the facility with the percentage requirement of 15 subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph during the year immediately preceding the year in 16 which the electricity supplier receives the credit to apply to the standard.
- 17 7–705.

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- 18 (a) Each electricity supplier AND EACH ELECTRIC COMPANY WHOSE
 19 RATES ARE REGULATED BY THE COMMISSION shall submit a report to the
 20 Commission each year in a form and by a date specified by the Commission that:
 - (1) demonstrates that the electricity supplier that the applicable renewable energy portfolio standard under § 7–703 of this subtitle and includes the submission of the required amount of renewable energy credits; or
- 24 (2) demonstrates the amount of electricity sales by which the 25 electricity supplier failed to meet the applicable renewable energy portfolio standard.
 - (b) If an electricity supplier fails to comply with the renewable energy portfolio standard FOR TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCES OR TIER 2 RENEWABLE SOURCES for the applicable year, the electricity supplier shall pay into the Maryland Renewable Energy Fund established under § 7–707 of this subtitle:

1 2	(1) except as provided in $\frac{\text{paragraph}}{\text{paragraph}}$ ITEM (2) of this subsection, a compliance fee of:
3 4 5	(i) 2 cents for each kilowatt–hour of shortfall from required Tier 1 renewable sources <u>OTHER THAN THE SHORTFALL FROM THE REQUIRED</u> <u>TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCES THAT IS TO BE DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY</u> ; and
6 7 8	(II) THE FOLLOWING AMOUNTS FOR EACH KILOWATT-HOUR OF SHORTFALL FROM REQUIRED TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCES THAT IS TO BE DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY:
9	<u>1.</u> 45 CENTS IN 2008;
10	2. 40 CENTS IN 2009 AND 2010;
11	3. 35 CENTS IN 2011 AND 2012;
12	4. 30 CENTS IN 2013 AND 2014;
13	5. 25 CENTS IN 2015 AND 2016;
14	6. 20 CENTS IN 2017 AND 2018;
15	7. 15 CENTS IN 2019 AND 2020;
16	8. 10 CENTS IN 2021 AND 2022; AND
17	9. 5 CENTS IN 2023 AND LATER; AND
18 19	(ii) (III) 1.5 cents for each kilowatt–hour of shortfall from required Tier 2 renewable sources; or
20	(2) for industrial process load:
21 22	(i) for each kilowatt–hour of shortfall from required Tier 1 AND THER 3 renewable sources, a compliance fee of:
23	1. 0.8 cents in 2006, 2007, and 2008;
24	2. 0.5 cents in 2009 and 2010;

1				3.	0.4 cents in 2011 and 2012;
2				4.	0.3 cents in 2013 and 2014;
3				5.	0.25 cents in 2015 and 2016; and
4				6.	0.2 cents in 2017 and later; and
5 6	COULCOS		(ii)	nothin	g for any shortfall from required Tier 2 renewable
O	sources.				
7	(C)				COMPANY IF AN ELECTRICITY SUPPLIER FAILS TO
8 9					SLE ENERGY PORTFOLIO STANDARD FOR TIER 3
10					'HE APPLICABLE YEAR, THE ELECTRIC COMPANY L PAY INTO THE MARYLAND RENEWABLE ENERGY
11					7-707 OF THIS SUBTITLE:
				0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
12		(1)	EXCE	PT AS	PROVIDED IN ITEM (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, FOR
13	EACH KILO)WATT	-Hou l	R OF S	HORTFALL FROM REQUIRED TIER 3 RENEWABLE
14	SOURCES A	COM	PLIAN(E FEE	OF:
15		(1)	<u>(1)</u>	45 CE	NTS IN 2007 AND 2008;
16		(2)	<u>(II)</u>	40 CE	NTS IN 2009 AND 2010;
17		(3)	(III)	35 CE	NTS IN 2011 AND 2012;
18		(4)	<u>(IV)</u>	30 CE	NTS IN 2013 AND 2014;
19		(5)	(V)	25 CE	NTS IN 2015 AND 2106; AND
20		(6)	<u>(VI)</u>	20 CE	NTS IN 2017 AND LATER AND 2018;
21			(VII)	15 CE	NTS IN 2019 AND 2020;
22			(VIII)	10 CE	NTS IN 2021 AND 2022; AND
23			<u>(IX)</u>	5 CEN	TS IN 2023 AND LATER; AND
24		(2)	FOR	INDUS	TRIAL PROCESS LOAD, A COMPLIANCE FEE AS
25	PROVIDED				(2)(1) OF THIS SECTION.

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- The Commission may allow an electricity supplier OR AN **ELECTRIC COMPANY** to submit the report required under § 7–505(b)(4) of this title to demonstrate compliance with the renewable energy portfolio standard.
- An aggregator or broker who assists an electricity customer in purchasing electricity but who does not supply the electricity or take title to or ownership of the electricity may require the electricity supplier who supplies the electricity to demonstrate compliance with this subtitle.
- (1) NOTWITHSTANDING THE THER 3 RENEWABLE ENERGY (\mathbf{F}) (E)PORTFOLIO STANDARD REQUIREMENTS UNDER OF § 7-703(B) OF THIS TITLE 10 SUBTITLE, IF THE ACTUAL OR PROJECTED DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR COSTS COST **INCURRED** INCURRED OR TO BE INCURRED BY AN ELECTRICITY SUPPLIER SOLELY FOR THE PURCHASE OF TIER 3 1 RENEWABLE ENERGY CREDITS DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY IN ANY ONE 1 YEAR IS GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO, OR IS ANTICIPATED TO BE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO, 1% OF THE ANNUAL ELECTRICITY SALES REVENUE FOR AN ELECTRIC COMPANY, THE 16 ELECTRIC COMPANY ELECTRIC SUPPLIER'S TOTAL ANNUAL ELECTRICITY SALES REVENUES IN MARYLAND, THE ELECTRICITY SUPPLIER MAY REQUEST THAT THE COMMISSION DELAY A SCHEDULED INCREASE THAT APPLIES TO THE **ELECTRIC COMPANY IN TIER 3 REQUIREMENTS FOR 1 YEAR:** 19
- 20 DELAY BY 1 YEAR EACH OF THE SCHEDULED (I)PERCENTAGES FOR SOLAR ENERGY UNDER § 7-703(B) OF THIS SUBTITLE THAT 21 22 WOULD APPLY TO THE ELECTRICITY SUPPLIER IN TIER 3; AND
- 23 (II)ALLOW THE RENEWABLE ENERGY PORTFOLIO 24 STANDARD FOR THER 3 SOLAR ENERGY FOR THAT YEAR TO CONTINUE TO APPLY 25 TO THE ELECTRICITY SUPPLIER FOR THE FOLLOWING YEAR.
- 26 **(2)** IN MAKING ITS DETERMINATION UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF 27 THIS SUBSECTION, THE COMMISSION SHALL CONSIDER THE ACTUAL OR PROJECTED DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR COMPLIANCE COSTS OF OTHER ELECTRIC 28 29 **COMPANIES** ELECTRICITY SUPPLIERS.
- 30 **(3)** IF AN ELECTRICITY SUPPLIER MAKES A REQUEST UNDER 31 PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION BASED ON PROJECTED COSTS, THE 32 ELECTRICITY SUPPLIER SHALL PROVIDE VERIFIABLE EVIDENCE OF THE PROJECTIONS TO THE COMMISSION AT THE TIME OF THE REQUEST. 33

1 (4) IF THE COMMISSION ALLOWS A DELAY UNDER PARAGRAPH
2 (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION:

- (I) THE RENEWABLE ENERGY PORTFOLIO STANDARD FOR THER 3 SOLAR ENERGY APPLICABLE TO THE ELECTRICITY SUPPLIER UNDER THE DELAY CONTINUES FOR EACH SUBSEQUENT CONSECUTIVE YEAR THAT THE ACTUAL OR PROJECTED DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR COSTS INCURRED, OR TO BE INCURRED, BY THE ELECTRICITY SUPPLIER SOLELY FOR THE PURCHASE OF THER 3 SOLAR RENEWABLE ENERGY CREDITS IS GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO, OR IS ANTICIPATED TO BE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO, 1% OF THE ELECTRICITY SUPPLIER'S TOTAL ANNUAL RETAIL ELECTRICITY SALES REVENUES IN MARYLAND; AND
- (II)THE RENEWABLE ENERGY PORTFOLIO STANDARD FOR THER 3 SOLAR ENERGY APPLICABLE TO THE ELECTRICITY SUPPLIER UNDER THE DELAY IS INCREASED TO THE NEXT SCHEDULED PERCENTAGE INCREASE UNDER § 7-703(B) OF THIS SUBTITLE FOR EACH YEAR IN WHICH THE ACTUAL OR PROJECTED DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR COSTS INCURRED, OR TO BE INCURRED, BY THE ELECTRICITY SUPPLIER SOLELY FOR THE PURCHASE OF THER 3 SOLAR RENEWABLE ENERGY CREDITS IS LESS THAN, OR IS ANTICIPATED TO BE LESS THAN, 1% OF THE ELECTRICITY SUPPLIER'S TOTAL ANNUAL RETAIL ELECTRICITY SALES REVENUES IN MARYLAND.
- 21 7–706.

- 23 (a) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, in accordance with the obligation to provide standard offer service through the bid process created under § 7–510 of this title, the Commission shall allow an electricity supplier to recover actual dollar-for-dollar costs incurred, including a compliance fee under § 7–705 of this subtitle, in complying with a State-mandated renewable energy portfolio standard.
 - by the Commission in Order No. 78710 in Case No. 8908 on September 30, 2003, for any full-service agreement executed before the renewable energy standard under this subtitle applies to an electric company, the electric company and its wholesale electricity suppliers may pass through their commercially reasonable additional costs, if any, associated with complying with the standard, through the end of the year of standard offer service in which the requirement took effect.

1	(b) An electricity supplier may recover a compliance fee if:
2	(1) the payment of a compliance fee is the least-cost measure to
3	customers as compared to the purchase of Tier 1 renewable sources to comply with a
4	renewable energy portfolio standard;
5 6	(2) there are insufficient Tier 1 renewable sources available for the electricity supplier to comply with a renewable energy portfolio standard; or
7	(3) a wholesale electricity supplier defaults or otherwise fails to
8	deliver renewable energy credits under a supply contract approved by the
9	Commission.
10	(c) Any cost recovery under this section:
11 12	(1) for all electricity suppliers, may be in the form of a generation surcharge payable by all current electricity supply customers, except as otherwise
13	provided in § [7–704(f)] 7–704 (E) of this subtitle;
14	(2) shall be disclosed to customers in a manner to be determined by
15	the Commission; and
16	(3) may not include the costs for a power purchase contract under the
17	federal Public Utility Regulatory Policy Act contemplated in rates or restructuring
18	proceedings.
19	(d) (1) In accordance with regulations adopted by the Commission in
20	consultation with the Department of Business and Economic Development, the
21	Commission may waive the recovery of all or part of the compliance fee assessed on
22	the load of a particular industrial or nonretail commercial customer for a particular
23	year, based on a demonstration by the applicant of an extreme economic hardship that
24	significantly impairs the continued operation of the applicant.
25	(2) Any compliance fee recovery that is waived under this subsection
26	may not be assessed against other customers.
27	(3) An electricity supplier is not liable for any compliance fee that is
28	waived under this subsection.
29	7–707.
30	(a) There is a Maryland Renewable Energy Fund.

1	(b)	The	purpose of the Fund is to encourage the development of resources to
2	generate re	newab	ole energy in the State.
3	(e)	Subi	ect to oversight by the Commission, the Administration shall
4	administer	v	· ·
5	(d)	(1)	The Fund is a special, nonlapsing fund that is not subject to §
6	7-302 of the	` '	Finance and Procurement Article.
7		(2)	The Treasurer shall hold the Fund separately and the Comptroller
8	shall accour	nt for t	he Fund.
9	(e)	The	Fund consists of:
10		(1)	compliance fees paid under § 7-705 of this subtitle;
11		(2)	payments received in repayment of a loan;
12		(3)	investment earnings of the Fund; and
13	41 15 1	(4)	any other money from any other source accepted for the benefit of
14	the Fund.		
15	(f)	(1)	(I) [The] IN ACCORDANCE WITH PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS
16	SUBSECTION)N <u>Su</u>	BJECT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE Fund
17	may be use	d only	to make loans and grants to support the creation of new Tier 1 AND
18	TIER 3 ren	ewable	e [energy] sources in the State.
19		(2)	COMPLIANCE FEES PAID UNDER § 7–705 OF THIS SUBTITLE:
20			(I) FOR A SHORTFALL IN THE REQUIREMENTS FOR TIER 1
21	RENEWABI	E RE	SOURCES OR TIER 2 RENEWABLE SOURCES, MAY BE USED ONLY
22			S AND GRANTS TO SUPPORT THE CREATION OF NEW TIER 1
23			URCES IN THE STATE; AND
24			(II) FOR A SHORTFALL IN THE REQUIREMENTS FOR TIER 3
25	DENEWADI	E SO	URCES, MAY BE USED ONLY TO MAKE LOANS AND GRANTS TO
26			REATION OF NEW TIER 3 RENEWABLE SOURCES IN THE STATE.
27		(II)	COMPLIANCE FEES DAID LINDED & 7 705(b)(1)(II) OF WILLS
			COMPLIANCE FEES PAID UNDER § 7–705(B)(1)(II) OF THIS
28	SUBTITLE	<u>SHALI</u>	L BE ACCOUNTED FOR SEPARATELY WITHIN THE FUND AND MAY

1	BE USED ONLY TO MAKE LOANS AND GRANTS TO SUPPORT THE CREATION OF
2	NEW SOLAR ENERGY SOURCES IN THE STATE.
3 4	$\{(2)\}$ By regulation the Commission shall adopt eligibility criteria for projects supported by the Fund.
5 6	[(3)] (4) (i) The Administration shall receive and review applications for loans and grants for eligible projects.
7 8	(ii) The Administration shall approve or disapprove applications for loans and grants from the Fund.
9 10 11	[(4)] (5) (i) Subject to subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, the Commission may allow the use of money of the Fund for administrative expenses related to the Fund and project review and oversight.
12 13	(ii) The Administration and the Commission may not spend more than $10%$ of the funds placed in the Fund for administrative expenses.
14 15	(g) (1) The Treasurer shall invest the money of the Fund in the same manner as other State money may be invested.
16	(2) Any investment earnings of the Fund shall be credited to the Fund.
17 18 19 20	(H) (1) ON OR BEFORE FEBRUARY 1 OF EACH YEAR, THE ADMINISTRATION, IN CONSULTATION WITH THE COMMISSION, SHALL REPORT TO THE GOVERNOR AND, IN ACCORDANCE WITH § 2–1246 OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT ARTICLE, THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY, ON THE STATUS OF THE
21	FUND.
22	(2) THE REPORT SHALL INCLUDE:
23 24	(I) ALL AMOUNTS RECEIVED BY AND DISBURSED FROM THE FUND;
25 26	(II) ALL AMOUNTS USED BY THE ADMINISTRATION AND THE COMMISSION FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES;
27	(III) THE EVALUATION CRITERIA USED BY THE
28	ADMINISTRATION IN MAKING LOANS AND GRANTS FROM THE FUND AND IN
29	SELECTING RECIPIENTS OF THOSE LOANS AND GRANTS;

1	(IV) THE NUMBER AND AMOUNTS OF LOANS AND GRANTS
2	MADE IN THE PRECEDING CALENDAR YEAR;
3	(V) THE STATUS OF LOANS PENDING AS OF THE END OF THE
4	PRECEDING CALENDAR YEAR;
5	(VI) THE ALLOCATION OF DISBURSEMENTS FOR
6	DEVELOPMENT OF NEW SOLAR AND OTHER TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCES;
U	DEVELOT MENT OF NEW SOLAR AND OTHER TIER TREMEWABLE SOURCES,
7	(VII) THE PROJECTED RECEIPTS OF THE FUND IN THE
8	CURRENT CALENDAR YEAR; AND
	<u> </u>
9	(VIII) PLANS FOR THE USE OF RESOURCES OF THE FUND IN
10	THE CURRENT CALENDAR YEAR.
11	7–708.
12	(a) (1) The Commission shall establish and maintain a market-based
13	renewable electricity trading system to facilitate the creation and transfer of
14	renewable energy credits.
15	(2) To the extent practicable, the trading system shall be consistent
16	with and operate in conjunction with the trading system developed by PJM
17	Interconnection, Inc., if available.
18	(3) The Commission may contract with a for-profit or a nonprofit
19	entity to assist in the administration of the electricity trading system required under
20	paragraph (1) of this subsection.
21	(b) (1) The system shall include a registry of pertinent information
22	regarding all:
23	(i) available renewable energy credits; and
24	(ii) manarable anomas and it to a satisfication and the initial
24	(ii) renewable energy credit transactions among electricity
25	suppliers in the State, including:
26	1. the creation and application of renewable energy
27	credits;

1	2. the number of renewable energy credits sold or
2	transferred; and
3	3. the price paid for the sale or transfer of renewable
4	energy credits.
5	(2) (i) The registry shall provide current information to electricity
6	suppliers and the public on the status of renewable energy credits created, sold, or
7	transferred in the State.
8	(ii) Registry information shall be available by computer network
9	access through the Internet.
10	7–709.
11	(a) An electricity supplier may use accumulated renewable energy credits to
12	meet the renewable energy portfolio standard, including credits created by a
13	renewable on-site generator.
14	(b) A renewable energy credit may be sold or otherwise transferred.
15	(C) (1) (I) IF AN ELECTRIC COMPANY ELECTRICITY SUPPLIER
16	PURCHASES TIER 3 SOLAR RENEWABLE ENERGY CREDITS DIRECTLY FROM A
17	RENEWABLE ON-SITE GENERATOR TO MEET THE SOLAR COMPONENT OF THE
18	TIER § 1 RENEWABLE ENERGY PORTFOLIO STANDARD, THE DURATION OF THE
19	CONTRACT TERM FOR THE THER 3 SOLAR RENEWABLE SOURCE ENERGY
20	CREDITS MAY NOT BE LESS THAN 15 YEARS.
21	(II) THE MINIMUM PROPERTY WERE AND THE CHARLES AND A PAGE AND
21	(II) THE MINIMUM REQUIRED TERM UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH
22	(I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH DOES NOT AFFECT THE ABILITY OF THE PARTIES TO
23	NEGOTIATE A PRICE FOR A SOLAR RENEWABLE ENERGY CREDIT THAT VARIES
24	OVER TIME IN ANY MANNER.
25	(2) (I) AN ELECTRICITY SUPPLIER THAT PURCHASES THER 3
26	SOLAR RENEWABLE ENERGY CREDITS FROM A RENEWABLE ON-SITE
27	GENERATOR WITH A CAPACITY NOT EXCEEDING 10 KILOWATTS SHALL
28	PURCHASE THE CREDITS WITH A SINGLE INITIAL PAYMENT REPRESENTING THE
29	FULL ESTIMATED PRODUCTION OF THE SYSTEM FOR THE LIFE OF THE
30	CONTRACT.

(II) THE COMMISSION SHALL:

1	1. DETERMINE THE RATE FOR A PAYMENT MADE TO
2	THE RENEWABLE ON-SITE GENERATOR UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS
3	PARAGRAPH; AND
4	2.1. DEVELOP A METHOD FOR ESTIMATING ANNUAL
5	PRODUCTION FROM THE TYPE OF SYSTEM DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF
6	THIS PARAGRAPH AND ALLOCATING THE THER 3 RENEWABLE ENERGY CREDITS
7	TO THE ELECTRICITY SUPPLIER IN A MANNER THAT IS CONSISTENT WITH #
8	MINIMUM 15-YEAR PRODUCTION PERIOD THE DURATION OF THE CONTRACT;
9	<u>AND</u>
10	2. DETERMINE THE RATE FOR A PAYMENT MADE TO A
11	RENEWABLE ON-SITE GENERATOR UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS
12	PARAGRAPH.
13	[(c)] (D) (1) Except as authorized under paragraph (2) of this subsection,
14	a renewable energy credit shall exist for 3 years from the date created.
17	a renewable energy create shall exist for b years from the date created.
15	(2) A renewable energy credit may be diminished or extinguished
16	before the expiration of 3 years by:
17	(i) the electricity supplier that received the credit;
18	(ii) a nonaffiliated entity of the electricity supplier:
19	1. that purchased the credit from the electricity supplier
20	receiving the credit; or
21	2. to whom the electricity supplier otherwise transferred
22	the credit; or
	220 020 020 020, 02
23	(iii) demonstrated noncompliance by the generating facility with
24	the requirements of $\S[7-704(g)]$ 7-704(F) of this subtitle.
25	[(d)] (E) Notwithstanding subsection [(c)(2)(iii)] (D)(2)(III) of this section,
26	and only if the demonstrated noncompliance does not result in environmental
27	degradation, an electricity supplier that reasonably includes in its annual report
28 29	under § 7–705 of this subtitle a renewable energy credit that is extinguished for noncompliance with § $[7-704(g)(1)]$ 7–704(F)(1) or (2) of this subtitle:
<i>49</i>	noncompliance with $g[i-i04(g/(1)]]$ $i-i04(f)(1)$ of (2) of this subtifie.

1	(1) may continue to rely on that credit for that year; but
2	(2) for later years must:
3 4	(i) demonstrate a return to compliance of the generating facility under § [7–704(g)] 7–704(F) of this subtitle; or
5 6	(ii) replace the credit with a renewable energy credit from another source.
7 8 9 10	[(e)] (F) The Commission by regulation shall establish requirements for documentation and verification of renewable energy credits by licensed electricity suppliers and other generators that create and receive credits for compliance with the standards for Tier 1 Frenewable sources and Frenewable sources.
11	7–712.
12 13 14 15	Subject to § 2-1246 of the State Government Article, on or before February 1 of each year the Commission shall report to the General Assembly on the status of implementation of this subtitle, including the availability of Tier 1 AND TIER 3 renewable sources, projects supported by the Fund, and other pertinent information.
16	7-714.
17	<u>7–711.</u>
18 19 20 21 22	(A) The Commission has the same power and authority with respect to an electricity supplier under this subtitle that the Commission has with respect to any public service company under this article for the purposes of investigating and examining the electricity supplier to determine compliance with this subtitle and with other applicable law.
23	(B) (1) THE BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 2008, THE COMMISSION SHALL
2425	APPOINT DESIGNATE AN INDIVIDUAL WHO SHALL TO BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR:
26 27	(1) THE OVERSIGHT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE RENEWABLE ENERGY PORTFOLIO REQUIREMENTS FOR OF TIER 3 1 RENEWABLE SOURCES
28	THAT ARE TO BE DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY. AND

1	(2) THE DEVELOPMENT OF PROGRAMMATIC CHANGES,
2	OUTREACH, AND POLICY RECOMMENDATIONS TO ENSURE THE SUCCESS OF THE
3	RENEWABLE ENERGY PORTFOLIO REQUIREMENTS FOR TIER 3 RENEWABLE
4	SOURCES; AND
5	(3) THE DEVELOPMENT OF CLEAR, SIMPLE, AND
6	STRAIGHTFORWARD FORMS, REQUIREMENTS, AND PROCEDURES TO FACILITATE
7	PARTICIPATION OF HOMEOWNERS AND SMALL BUSINESSES IN THE
8	DEPLOYMENT OF TIER 3 RENEWABLE ENERGY GENERATION IN THE STATE.
9	(2) THE INDIVIDUAL DESIGNATED UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF
10	THIS SUBSECTION SHALL:
11	(I) DEVELOP THE PROGRAM FOR THE REQUIREMENTS FOR
12	TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCES DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY;
_	11110 1 1011 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
13	(II) PROVIDE EDUCATION AND OUTREACH TO PROMOTE THE
14	USE OF SOLAR ENERGY; AND
15	(III) MAKE POLICY RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE COMMISSION
16	REGARDING IMPROVING THE STATE'S USE OF SOLAR ENERGY, INCLUDING THE
17	DEVELOPMENT OF CLEAR, SIMPLE, AND STRAIGHTFORWARD FORMS,
18	REQUIREMENTS, AND PROCEDURES TO FACILITATE PARTICIPATION BY
19	HOMEOWNERS AND SMALL BUSINESSES IN DEPLOYMENT OF SOLAR GENERATION
20	IN THE STATE.
21	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That, on or before November
22	1, 2007, the Public Service Commission shall revise Maryland's interconnection
23	standards and procedures to be consistent with the interconnection standards of any
24	state in the PJM region with more than 1,000 interconnected renewable on-site
25	generators That, in recognition of the value of small distributed generation to the
26	reliable and cost-effective operation of the grid, the Public Service Commission shall:
27	(1) form a small generator interconnections working group to develop
28	interconnection standards and procedures for on-site generator facilities operating in
29	Maryland that are consistent with nationally adopted interconnection standards and
30	procedures; and
3.1	(O) 1 C N 1 1 0007 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
31	(2) on or before November 1, 2007, by regulation or order, revise
32	Maryland's interconnection standards and procedures:

1 2	(i) to be consistent with nationally adopted interconnection standards and procedures; and
3 4 5	(ii) to facilitate and encourage a simplified connection of small distributed generators to the grid in a manner that ensures the safe and reliable operation of the grid.
6 7 8 9 10 11	SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the Public Service Commission shall investigate the benefits to residential customers of using a regulatory rate—making mechanism that separates electric company distribution sales from electric company distribution profits, including a mechanism that allows electric companies to recover fixed distribution costs on a flat rate basis instead of on a consumption rate basis.
12 13 14 15 16	SECTION 4. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the requirement under § 7–306(h)(5) of the Public Utility Companies Article, as enacted by Section 1 of this Act, for an eligible customer–generator to own and have title to all renewable energy attributes or renewable energy credits associated with any electricity produced by its electric generating system shall apply prospectively and may not be construed to:
17 18	
19 20 21 22	(2) prohibit contracts between an eligible customer–generator and another entity entered into after the effective date of this Act that explicitly transfers ownership of the renewable energy attributes or renewable energy credits from the eligible customer–generator to another entity.
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	SECTION 5. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That, as part of its annual report due February 1, 2014 under § 7–712 of the Public Utility Companies Article, the Public Service Commission shall report its findings and recommendations for modification, if any, to the renewable energy portfolio standard provisions under Title 7, Subtitle 7 of the Public Utility Companies Article based on a thorough study of the implementation of the renewable energy portfolio standard requirements since 2006. The study conducted by the Commission shall:
30 31	(1) be based on the results of the renewable energy portfolio standard requirements effective through 2013;
32 33 34	(2) determine whether the intended goals of the renewable energy portfolio standard previsions are being met and are anticipated to be met in the future;

1 2	(3) consider the impact of the renewable energy portfolio standard requirements in developing renewable energy in the State; and
3 4	(4) consider the cost implications to residential consumers of continuing the renewable energy portfolio standard requirements beyond 2014;
5 6	(5) <u>determine the realized and projected availability of solar renewable energy credits in Maryland;</u>
7 8	(6) consider the ability of a regional market to lower the cost impact of the solar requirements of the renewable <i>energy</i> portfolio standard on customers;
9 10	(7) consider the ability of a regional market, in complying with the solar requirements, to develop solar energy in Maryland; and
11 12 13 14	(8) determine the appropriate use of the funds that are paid into the Maryland Renewable Energy Fund from compliance fees, including specific criteria for making loans and grants, to achieve the intended goals of the renewable energy portfolio provisions standard.
15 16	SECTION $\frac{3}{4}$ 6. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That <u>Sections 1 and 4 of</u> this Act shall take effect October 1, 2007.
17 18	<u>SECTION 7. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That, except as provided in Section 6 of this Act, this Act shall take effect July 1, 2007.</u>
	Approved:
	Governor.
	President of the Senate.
	Speaker of the House of Delegates.