HOUSE BILL 426

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8lr1629 CF 8lr1889

By: **Delegates Shank, Dumais, McKee, Myers, and Weldon** Introduced and read first time: January 28, 2008 Assigned to: Judiciary

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

Justice's Law

- FOR the purpose of increasing the maximum penalty for first degree child abuse
 resulting in death of the victim; increasing the maximum penalty for a
 subsequent conviction of child abuse resulting in death of the victim; and
 generally relating to child abuse.
- 7 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 8 Article Criminal Law
- 9 Section 3–601
- 10 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 11 (2002 Volume and 2007 Supplement)

12 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 13 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

- 14Article Criminal Law
- 15 3–601.
- 16

(a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.

17 (2) "Abuse" means physical injury sustained by a minor as a result of 18 cruel or inhumane treatment or as a result of a malicious act under circumstances 19 that indicate that the minor's health or welfare is harmed or threatened by the 20 treatment or act.

(3) "Family member" means a relative of a minor by blood, adoption,
or marriage.

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



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$egin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$	(4) presence in a hom		sehold member" means a person who lives with or is a regular ninor at the time of the alleged abuse.
3	(5)	"Seve	re physical injury" means:
4		(i)	brain injury or bleeding within the skull;
5		(ii)	starvation; or
6		(iii)	physical injury that:
7			1. creates a substantial risk of death; or
8			2. causes permanent or protracted serious:
9			A. disfigurement;
10			B. loss of the function of any bodily member or organ; or
$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 12 \end{array}$	organ.		C. impairment of the function of any bodily member or
$13 \\ 14 \\ 15$	(b) (1) A parent or other person who has permanent or temporary care or custody or responsibility for the supervision of a minor may not cause abuse to the minor that:		
16		(i)	results in the death of the minor; or
17		(ii)	causes severe physical injury to the minor.
18 19 20	(2) violates paragraph first degree and or	h (1) of	ot as provided in subsection (c) of this section, a person who f this subsection is guilty of the felony of child abuse in the ction is subject to:
21		(i)	imprisonment not exceeding 25 years; or
$\begin{array}{c} 22\\ 23 \end{array}$	imprisonment [no	(ii) t excee	if the violation results in the death of the victim, ding 30 years] FOR LIFE .
$\begin{array}{c} 24 \\ 25 \end{array}$	(c) A person who violates this section after being convicted of a previous violation of this section is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to:		
26	(1)	impri	sonment not exceeding 25 years; or
$\begin{array}{c} 27\\ 28 \end{array}$	(2) [not exceeding 30		e violation results in the death of the victim, imprisonment FOR LIFE .

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1 (d) (1) (i) A parent or other person who has permanent or temporary 2 care or custody or responsibility for the supervision of a minor may not cause abuse to 3 the minor.

4 (ii) A household member or family member may not cause abuse 5 to a minor.

6 (2) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, a person who 7 violates paragraph (1) of this subsection is guilty of the felony of child abuse in the 8 second degree and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 15 years.

9 (e) A sentence imposed under this section may be separate from and 10 consecutive to or concurrent with a sentence for any crime based on the act 11 establishing the violation of this section.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effectOctober 1, 2008.