HOUSE BILL 1147

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By: Delegates Dumais, McComas, Doory, Eckardt, Elmore, Feldman, Haddaway, Jones, Kelly, Lee, Myers, Smigiel, Valderrama, Vallario, and Waldstreicher

Introduced and read first time: February 7, 2008 Assigned to: Judiciary

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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Family Law - Child Custody Determinations

3 FOR the purpose of specifying the procedures for court determinations of legal and 4 physical custody of minor children; requiring the court, in any proceeding $\mathbf{5}$ between parents in which the custody of a child is raised as an issue, to make a 6 determination as to legal and physical custody of the child; authorizing the 7 court to award certain types of legal or physical custody; requiring the court, in 8 making a certain custody determination, to give primary consideration to the 9 best interest of the child; requiring the court, in determining the best interest of the child, to consider certain factors; prohibiting the court from considering 10 certain factors; requiring the court to articulate certain factors and findings on 11 12the record under certain circumstances; authorizing the court to modify a 13 custody order or agreement under certain circumstances; establishing that the relocation of a parent constitutes a material change of circumstance for certain 14 purposes; specifying that this Act may not be considered to be a material change 15of circumstance for purposes of modifying a certain child custody order; making 16 17certain conforming changes to certain provisions relating to custody and visitation; defining certain terms; and generally relating to child custody. 18

- 19 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 20 Article Family Law
- 21 Section 9–101, 9–101.1, and 9–101.2
- 22 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 23 (2006 Replacement Volume and 2007 Supplement)
- 24 BY adding to
- 25 Article Family Law
- 26Section 9–501 through 9–505 to be under the new subtitle "Subtitle 5. Child27Custody Determinations"

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



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$egin{array}{c} 1 \ 2 \end{array}$	Annotated Code of Maryland (2006 Replacement Volume and 2007 Supplement)
$3 \\ 4$	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
5	Article – Family Law
6	9–101.
7 8 9 10	(a) In any LEGAL OR PHYSICAL custody or visitation proceeding, if the court has reasonable grounds to believe that a child has been abused or neglected by a party to the proceeding, the court shall determine whether abuse or neglect is likely to occur if LEGAL OR PHYSICAL custody or visitation rights are granted to the party.
$11 \\ 12 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 15$	(b) Unless the court specifically finds that there is no likelihood of further child abuse or neglect by the party, the court shall deny LEGAL OR PHYSICAL custody or visitation rights to that party, except that the court may approve a supervised PHYSICAL CUSTODY OR visitation arrangement that assures the safety and the physiological, psychological, and emotional well-being of the child.
16	9–101.1.
17	(a) In this section, "abuse" has the meaning stated in § 4–501 of this article.
18 19 20	(b) In a LEGAL OR PHYSICAL custody or visitation proceeding, the court shall consider, when deciding LEGAL OR PHYSICAL custody or visitation issues, evidence of abuse by a party against:
21	(1) the other parent of the party's child;
22	(2) the party's spouse; or
$23 \\ 24 \\ 25$	(3) any child residing within the party's household, including a child other than the child who is the subject of the LEGAL OR PHYSICAL custody or visitation proceeding.
26 27 28 29	(c) If the court finds that a party has committed abuse against the other parent of the party's child, the party's spouse, or any child residing within the party's household, the court shall make arrangements for LEGAL OR PHYSICAL custody or visitation that best protect:
30	(1) the child who is the subject of the proceeding; and
31	(2) the victim of the abuse.

32 9–101.2.

1 (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, unless good cause for 2 the award of **LEGAL OR PHYSICAL** custody or visitation is shown by clear and 3 convincing evidence, a court may not award **LEGAL OR PHYSICAL** custody of a child 4 or visitation with a child:

5 (1) to a parent who has been found by a court of this State to be guilty 6 of first degree or second degree murder of the other parent of the child, another child 7 of the parent, or any family member residing in the household of either parent of the 8 child; or

9 (2) to a parent who has been found by a court of any state or of the 10 United States to be guilty of a crime that, if committed in this State, would be first 11 degree murder or second degree murder of the other parent of the child, another child 12 of the parent, or any family member residing in the household of either parent of the 13 child.

(b) If it is in the best interest of the child, the court may approve a
supervised PHYSICAL CUSTODY OR visitation arrangement that assures the safety
and the physiological, psychological, and emotional well-being of the child.

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SUBTITLE 5. CHILD CUSTODY DETERMINATIONS.

18 **9–501.**

19 (A) IN THIS SUBTITLE THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS 20 INDICATED.

(B) "LEGAL CUSTODY" MEANS THE RIGHT AND OBLIGATION TO MAKE
 LONG-RANGE DECISIONS INVOLVING EDUCATION, RELIGIOUS TRAINING,
 DISCIPLINE, MEDICAL CARE, AND OTHER MATTERS OF MAJOR SIGNIFICANCE
 CONCERNING THE CHILD'S LIFE AND WELFARE.

25 (C) "PHYSICAL CUSTODY" MEANS:

26(1)THE TIME THE CHILD IS IN A PARENT'S CARE ACCORDING TO27AN AGREED ON OR COURT-ORDERED SCHEDULE; AND

(2) THE RIGHT AND OBLIGATION OF A PARENT TO PROVIDE A
 HOME FOR THE CHILD AND TO MAKE THE DAY-TO-DAY DECISIONS REQUIRED
 DURING THE TIME THE CHILD IS WITH THAT PARENT.

31 **9–502.**

1(A) THIS SUBTITLE GOVERNS COURT DETERMINATIONS OF LEGAL AND2PHYSICAL CUSTODY OF MINOR CHILDREN.

(B) THIS SUBTITLE SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO FOSTER THE RIGHT OF
EACH CHILD IN THE STATE TO THE BENEFITS OF THE NATURAL GUARDIANSHIP
OF BOTH OF THE CHILD'S PARENTS CONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF
§ 5–203 OF THIS ARTICLE AND THE BEST INTEREST OF EACH CHILD.

7 (C) IN THIS SUBTITLE, AN UNDEFINED WORD OR PHRASE THAT
8 DESCRIBES A FACTOR TO BE CONSIDERED IN THE DETERMINATION OF THE BEST
9 INTEREST OF THE CHILD RETAINS ITS JUDICIALLY DETERMINED MEANING,
10 EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT THAT IT IS EXPRESSLY OR IMPLIEDLY CHANGED IN
11 THIS SUBTITLE.

12 **9–503.**

13THE PURPOSES OF THIS SUBTITLE ARE TO MEET THE BEST INTERESTS OF14CHILDREN AND TO:

- 15
- (1) **PROMOTE STABILITY FOR CHILDREN;**

16 (2) PROVIDE CONTINUITY OF POSITIVE PARENT-CHILD 17 RELATIONSHIPS;

18(3) PROVIDE CHILDREN SECURITY AND PROTECTION FROM19EXPOSURE TO CONFLICT AND VIOLENCE;

20(4) PROVIDE FOR EXPEDITIOUS AND PREDICTABLE DECISION21MAKING BY COURTS; AND

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(5) PREVENT THE UNNECESSARY SEPARATION OF SIBLINGS.

23 **9–504.**

(A) IN ANY PROCEEDING BETWEEN PARENTS IN WHICH THE CUSTODY
 OF A CHILD IS RAISED AS AN ISSUE, THE COURT SHALL MAKE A DETERMINATION
 AS TO LEGAL AND PHYSICAL CUSTODY OF THE CHILD IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
 PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBTITLE.

28 (B) SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF § 9–505 OF THIS SUBTITLE, THE 29 COURT MAY AWARD:

30 (1) LEGAL CUSTODY AS FOLLOWS:

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1	(I) SOLE LEGAL CUSTODY TO ONE OF THE PARENTS;
2	(II) JOINT LEGAL CUSTODY TO BOTH OF THE PARENTS; OR
3 4 5 6	(III) JOINT LEGAL CUSTODY TO BOTH OF THE PARENTS WITH ONE OF THE PARENTS RESPONSIBLE FOR MAKING THE FINAL DECISION IF, AFTER THOROUGH DISCUSSION BETWEEN THE PARENTS, THEY CANNOT REACH A SHARED DECISION; AND
7 8	(2) PHYSICAL CUSTODY TO ONE OR BOTH OF THE PARENTS IN ANY MANNER THAT THE COURT DETERMINES IS APPROPRIATE.
9	9–505.
10 11	(A) THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION ARE SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF §§ 9–101, 9–101.1, AND 9–101.2 OF THIS TITLE.
$12 \\ 13 \\ 14$	(B) IN MAKING A DETERMINATION OF LEGAL AND PHYSICAL CUSTODY UNDER THIS SUBTITLE, THE COURT SHALL GIVE PRIMARY CONSIDERATION TO THE BEST INTEREST OF THE CHILD.
15 16	(C) IN DETERMINING THE BEST INTEREST OF THE CHILD, THE COURT SHALL CONSIDER ALL RELEVANT FACTORS, INCLUDING:
17 18 19 20 21	(1) THE FITNESS OF THE PARENTS, INCLUDING THE PSYCHOLOGICAL AND PHYSICAL CAPABILITIES OF EACH PARENT AND ANY CONDUCT AND CHARACTERISTICS OF A PARENT THAT AFFECT THAT PARENT'S ABILITY TO CARE FOR THE CHILD OR THAT MAY HAVE AN ADVERSE EFFECT ON THE CHILD;
22 23	(2) THE REQUESTS OF EACH PARENT AND THE SINCERITY OF THE REQUESTS;
24	(3) THE WILLINGNESS OF THE PARENTS TO SHARE CUSTODY;
25	(4) ANY AGREEMENTS BETWEEN THE PARENTS;
26 27 28 29	(5) EACH PARENT'S ABILITY TO MAINTAIN THE CHILD'S RELATIONSHIPS WITH THE OTHER PARENT, SIBLINGS, RELATIVES, AND ANY OTHER PERSON WHO MAY PSYCHOLOGICALLY AFFECT THE CHILD'S BEST INTEREST;
30	(6) THE CHILD'S PREFERENCE, IF THE CHILD IS OF AN AGE AND

31 INTELLIGENCE TO FORM A RATIONAL JUDGMENT;

1 (7) THE CAPACITY OF THE PARENTS TO COMMUNICATE AND TO $\mathbf{2}$ **REACH SHARED DECISIONS AFFECTING THE CHILD'S WELFARE;** 3 (8) THE GEOGRAPHIC PROXIMITY OF THE PARENTS' RESIDENCES 4 AND OPPORTUNITIES FOR TIME WITH EACH PARENT; $\mathbf{5}$ (9) THE LENGTH OF AND THE REASONS FOR SEPARATION FROM A 6 NATURAL PARENT: $\mathbf{7}$ (10) ANY PRIOR VOLUNTARY ABANDONMENT OR SURRENDER OF 8 THE CHILD BY A PARENT; 9 (11) THE RELATIONSHIP ESTABLISHED BETWEEN THE CHILD AND 10 EACH PARENT; 11 (12) THE ABILITY OF EACH PARENT TO MAINTAIN A STABLE AND 12**APPROPRIATE HOME FOR THE CHILD;** 13 (13) THE DEMANDS OF PARENTAL EMPLOYMENT AND 14 **OPPORTUNITIES FOR TIME WITH THE CHILD:** 15(14) THE POTENTIAL DISRUPTION OF THE CHILD'S SOCIAL AND 16 SCHOOL LIFE; 17 (15) ANY IMPACT ON STATE OR FEDERAL ASSISTANCE; 18 (16) THE BENEFIT TO THE PARENTS IF THE BENEFIT WILL LIKELY 19 **RESULT IN A BENEFIT TO THE CHILD;** 20(17) THE AGE, SEX, AND HEALTH OF THE CHILD; 21(18) THE AGE AND NUMBER OF CHILDREN EACH PARENT HAS IN 22THE HOUSEHOLD: AND 23(19) ANY OTHER CONSIDERATION THE COURT DETERMINES IS 24**RELEVANT TO THE BEST INTEREST OF THE CHILD.** 25**(D)** IN MAKING A DETERMINATION OF LEGAL AND PHYSICAL CUSTODY 26UNDER THIS SECTION, THE COURT MAY NOT CONSIDER: 27(1) THE RACE OR ETHNICITY OF THE CHILD, A PARENT, OR ANY 28**OTHER MEMBER OF THE HOUSEHOLD;**

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(2) THE SEX OF A PARENT;

2 (3) THE RELIGIOUS PRACTICES OF A PARENT OR THE CHILD,
 3 EXCEPT ON A SHOWING OF ACTUAL OR PROBABLE HARM TO THE PHYSICAL OR
 4 EMOTIONAL WELFARE OF THE CHILD;

5 (4) THE EXTRAMARITAL SEXUAL CONDUCT OF A PARENT, EXCEPT
6 ON A SHOWING OF ACTUAL OR PROBABLE HARM TO THE PHYSICAL OR
7 EMOTIONAL WELFARE OF THE CHILD;

8 (5) THE SEXUAL ORIENTATION OF A PARENT, EXCEPT ON A
9 SHOWING OF ACTUAL OR PROBABLE HARM TO THE PHYSICAL OR EMOTIONAL
10 WELFARE OF THE CHILD;

11(6) THE PARENTS' RELATIVE EARNING CAPACITIES OR FINANCIAL12CIRCUMSTANCES, EXCEPT THAT THE COURT MAY CONSIDER:

13(I)THE DEGREE TO WHICH THE COMBINED FINANCIAL14RESOURCES OF THE PARENTS SET PRACTICAL LIMITS ON THE CUSTODIAL15ARRANGEMENTS; AND

16 (II) A PARENT'S VOLUNTARY IMPOVERISHMENT ON A
17 SHOWING OF ACTUAL OR PROBABLE HARM TO THE PHYSICAL OR EMOTIONAL
18 WELFARE OF THE CHILD; AND

19(7) THE COMPLIANCE OF A PARENT WITH COURT ORDERS20REGARDING ECONOMIC SUPPORT, EXCEPT ON EVIDENCE THAT THE21NONPAYMENT AFFECTS THE WELFARE OF THE CHILD.

(E) (1) IN MAKING A DETERMINATION OF LEGAL AND PHYSICAL
 CUSTODY UNDER THIS SECTION, THE COURT SHALL ARTICULATE ON THE
 RECORD THE FACTORS IN SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION CONSIDERED IN
 THE DETERMINATION.

(2) IF THE COURT FINDS THAT JOINT LEGAL CUSTODY IS
 APPROPRIATE WHERE THERE IS NO EVIDENCE OF WILLINGNESS AND ABILITY OF
 THE PARENTS TO COMMUNICATE AND TO REACH SHARED DECISIONS
 AFFECTING THE CHILD'S WELFARE, THE COURT SHALL ARTICULATE ON THE
 RECORD THE FINDINGS THAT SUPPORT THAT CONCLUSION.

31(F)(1)THE COURT MAY MODIFY A CUSTODY ORDER OR AGREEMENT32IF:

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1(I)THE PARTY SEEKING A CHANGE IN THE CUSTODY ORDER2OR AGREEMENT PROVES THAT THEREHAS BEEN A MATERIAL CHANGE OF3CIRCUMSTANCE THAT AFFECTS THE WELFARE OF THE CHILD; AND

4 (II) THE COURT FINDS THAT MODIFICATION OF THE 5 CUSTODY ORDER OR AGREEMENT IS IN THE BEST INTEREST OF THE CHILD.

6 (2) THE RELOCATION OF A PARENT CONSTITUTES A MATERIAL 7 CHANGE OF CIRCUMSTANCE FOR PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH (1)(I) OF THIS 8 SUBSECTION.

9 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act may not be 10 considered to be a material change of circumstance for purposes of modifying a child 11 custody order issued before the effective date of this Act.

SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effectOctober 1, 2008.