HOUSE BILL 1203

R5 8lr1374

HB 727/06 – ENV

By: Delegates Conway, Aumann, Bartlett, Bates, Beitzel, Bohanan, Boteler, Bromwell, Cane, Conaway, Costa, Dwyer, Eckardt, Elmore, Frank, Haddaway, Harrison, Haynes, Impallaria, Jameson, Jennings, Kach, Kelly, King, Kipke, Kirk, Kramer, Kullen, Mathias, McComas, McConkey, McDonough, McKee, Minnick, Myers, Norman, O'Donnell, Oaks, Ramirez, Schuh, Schuler, Shank, Smigiel, Sossi, Stifler, Stocksdale, Stull, Valderrama, Vaughn, Weir, and Weldon

Introduced and read first time: February 8, 2008

Assigned to: Environmental Matters

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning Vehicle Laws - Protective Headgear Requirement for Motorcycle Riders - $\mathbf{2}$ 3 **Exceptions** FOR the purpose of providing certain exceptions to the prohibition against operating 4 or riding on a motorcycle without certain protective headgear; and generally 5 relating to the requirement that protective headgear be worn by operators or 6 riders of a motorcycle. 7 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, 8 9 Article – Transportation Section 21–1306 10 Annotated Code of Maryland 11 12 (2006 Replacement Volume and 2007 Supplement) SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 13 14 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows: 15 **Article - Transportation**

- 16 21–1306.
- 17 (a) This section does not apply to any person riding in an enclosed cab.
- 18 (b) **(1) THIS SUBSECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO:**

1			(I)	THE	OPERAT	OR	OR	OCCUPA	NT	OF	ANY
2	THREE-WHEELED MOTORCYCLE EQUIPPED WITH AN ENCLOSED CAB;										
3			(II)	AN INI	DIVIDUAL A	AT LE	AST 21	YEARS OL	D WHO	HAS E	BEEN
4	LICENSED T	O OPI	ERATE	A MOTO	ORCYCLE I	FOR A	T LEAS	T 2 YEARS	;		
5			(III)	AN IN	DIVIDUAL	AT I	LEAST	21 YEARS	S OLD	WHO	HAS
6	COMPLETEI										THE
7	ADMINISTR	ATOR	OR BY	THE M	OTORCYC	LE SA	FETY F	OUNDATIO	ON; OR	£.	
8			(IV)		DIVIDUAL						
9	PASSENGER ON A MOTORCYCLE OPERATED BY AN INDIVIDUAL DESCRIBED IN										
10	ITEM (I), (II), OR (III) OF THIS PARAGRAPH.										
11		(2)	An in	dividua	l may not o	operat	e or rid	e on a mot	torcycle	e unles	s the
12	individual is		ng pro	tective l	neadgear th	hat me	eets the	standards	establ	ished b	y the
13	Administrato	or.									
14	(c)	A pers	son ma	ay not op	erate a mo	otorcyc	le unles	ss:			
15		(1)	He is	wearing	g an eye–p	rotecti	ive devi	ce of a tvp	e appr	oved b	v the
16	Administrato	` '			5 V - F				·		,
1.77		(0)	m			1		1			
17		(2)	The n	notorcyc	le is equipp	ped wit	th a wir	idscreen.			
18	(d)	The Administrator:									
19		(1)	May a	approve	or disappro	ove pro	otective	headgear	and ey	e–prote	ective
20	devices required by this section;								-		
21		(2)	Mov	adopt a	nd enforce	າ ກຸດຕາເ	lations	ostoblishi	na ata	ndorda	and
$\frac{21}{22}$	specifications	` ′	•	-		_			_		
	_				_						
23		(3)		_	lists of a	_	tective	headgear a	and ey	e-prote	ective
24	devices that	ne app	oroves,	, by nam	e and type.	•					
25	(e)	(1)	The fa	ailure o	f an indivi	dual to	o wear	protective	headge	ear req	uired
26	under subsection (b) of this section may not:										
27			(i)	Be cons	sidered evid	dence (of negli	gence;			
28			(ii)	Be cons	sidered evic	dence (of contr	ibutory neg	gligence	e;	
29			(iii)	Limit l	iability of a	a party	or an i	nsurer; or			

1 (iv) Diminish recovery for damages arising out of the ownership, 2 maintenance, or operation of a motorcycle.

- (2) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (3) of this subsection, a party, witness, or counsel may not make reference to protective headgear during a trial of a civil action that involves property damage, personal injury, or death if the damage, injury, or death is not related to the design, manufacture, supplying, or repair of protective headgear.
- (3) (i) Nothing contained in this subsection may be construed to prohibit the right of a person to institute a civil action for damages against a dealer, manufacturer, distributor, factory branch, or other appropriate entity or person arising out of an incident that involves protective headgear alleged to be defectively designed, manufactured, or repaired.
- (ii) In a civil action described under subparagraph (i) of this paragraph in which 2 or more parties are named as joint tort—feasors, interpleaded as defendants, or impleaded as defendants, and at least 1 of the joint tort—feasors or defendants is not involved in the design, manufacture, supplying, or repair of protective headgear, a court shall order on a motion of any party separate trials to accomplish the ends of justice.
- 19 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 20 June 1, 2008.