J3 8lr3097

By: **Delegate Morhaim**

Introduced and read first time: February 8, 2008 Assigned to: Health and Government Operations

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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Mental Health - Psychiatric Medication - Administration Without Consent

- FOR the purpose of altering the reasons for which an individual who is involuntarily hospitalized may be administered psychiatric medication when the individual
- refuses medication; altering a certain definition; and generally relating to the administration of psychiatric medication without consent.
- 7 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 8 Article Health General
- 9 Section 10–708(a) and (g)
- 10 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 11 (2005 Replacement Volume and 2007 Supplement)
- 12 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
- 13 Article Health General
- 14 Section 10–708(b)
- 15 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 16 (2005 Replacement Volume and 2007 Supplement)
- 17 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 18 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

19 Article - Health - General

- 20 10–708.
- 21 (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.
- 22 (2) "Panel" means a clinical review panel that determines, under the
- 23 provisions of this section, whether to approve that medication be administered to an
- 24 individual who objects to the medication.



1 2 3 4	(3) "Medication" means psychiatric medication prescribed for the treatment of a mental disorder AND THE MEDICATION PRESCRIBED FOR THE TREATMENT OF SIDE EFFECTS CAUSED BY THE PRESCRIBED PSYCHIATRIC MEDICATION.
5 6 7	(4) "Lay advisor" means an individual at a facility, who is knowledgeable about mental health practice and who assists individuals with rights complaints.
8 9	(b) Medication may not be administered to an individual who refuses the medication, except:
10 11	(1) In an emergency, on the order of a physician where the individual presents a danger to the life or safety of the individual or others; or
12 13 14	(2) In a nonemergency, when the individual is hospitalized involuntarily or committed for treatment by order of a court and the medication is approved by a panel under the provisions of this section.
15 16 17	(g) The panel may approve the administration of medication or medications and may recommend and approve alternative medications if the panel determines that:
18 19	(1) The medication is prescribed by a psychiatrist for the purpose of treating the individual's mental disorder;
$\begin{array}{c} 20 \\ 21 \end{array}$	(2) The administration of medication represents a reasonable exercise of professional judgment; and
22 23	(3) Without the medication, the individual is at substantial risk of continued hospitalization because of:
$\frac{24}{25}$	(I) REMAINING A DANGER TO SELF OR OTHERS IN THE FACILITY;
26 27 28	[(i)] (II) Remaining seriously mentally ill with no significant relief of the mental illness symptoms that cause the individual to be a danger to the individual or to others IF RELEASED FROM THE FACILITY;
29 30 31	[(ii)] (III) Remaining seriously mentally ill for a significantly longer period of time with mental illness symptoms that cause the individual to be a danger to the individual or to others IF RELEASED FROM THE FACILITY; or

[(iii)] (IV) Relapsing into a condition in which the individual is in danger of serious physical harm resulting from the individual's inability to provide

- 1 for the individual's essential human needs of health or safety IF RELEASED FROM
- 2 THE FACILITY.
- 3 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
- 4 October 1, 2008.