8lr2139 CF HB 182

By: Senators Forehand, Conway, Garagiola, Jones, Kelley, King, Madaleno, Pinsky, Pugh, and Raskin

Introduced and read first time: January 30, 2008 Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments Senate action: Adopted Read second time: March 21, 2008

CHAPTER _____

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Domestic Violence - Permanent Protective Order After Conviction and 3 Imprisonment

FOR the purpose of providing that a protective order is permanent if a respondent is
convicted and sentenced to imprisonment for a certain act of abuse requiring
the court to issue a new final protective order against an individual under
certain circumstances; limiting the relief that a court is authorized to grant in a
final protective order issued under this Act; establishing that a final protective
order issued under this Act is permanent unless terminated at the request of

- 10 <u>the victim;</u> and generally relating to protective orders.
- 11 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 12 Article Family Law
- 13 Section 4–506
- 14 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 15 (2006 Replacement Volume and 2007 Supplement)

16 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 17 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

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Article – Family Law

19 4–506.

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law. <u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill. <u>Strike out</u> indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.



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A respondent under § 4-505 of this subtitle shall have an opportunity to 1 (a) 2 be heard on the question of whether the judge should issue a final protective order. 3 The temporary protective order shall state the date and time (b) (1)(i) 4 of the final protective order hearing. 5 (ii) Unless continued for good cause, the final protective order 6 hearing shall be held no later than 7 days after the temporary protective order is served on the respondent. 7 8 (2)The temporary protective order shall include notice to the 9 respondent: 10 (i) in at least 10-point bold type, that if the respondent fails to appear at the final protective order hearing, the respondent may be served by 11 first-class mail at the respondent's last known address with the final protective order 12and all other notices concerning the final protective order; 1314 specifying all the possible forms of relief under subsection (ii) (d) of this section that the final protective order may contain; 1516 (iii) that the final protective order shall be effective for the 17 period stated in the order, not to exceed 12 months, unless the judge extends the term 18 of the order, under § 4-507(a)(2) of this subtitle OR THE RESPONDENT IS 19 **CONVICTED AND SENTENCED TO IMPRISONMENT AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION** 20 (G)(3) COURT ISSUES A PERMANENT ORDER UNDER SUBSECTION (H) OF THIS 21**SECTION**; and 22(iv) in at least 10-point bold type, that the respondent must 23notify the court in writing of any change of address. 24If the respondent appears before the court at a protective order (c) (1)hearing or has been served with an interim or temporary protective order, or the court 2526otherwise has personal jurisdiction over the respondent, the judge: $\mathbf{27}$ (i) may proceed with the final protective order hearing; and 28if the judge finds by clear and convincing evidence that the (ii) 29 alleged abuse has occurred, or if the respondent consents to the entry of a protective order, the judge may grant a final protective order to protect any person eligible for 30 relief from abuse. 3132(2)A final protective order may be issued only to a person who has filed a petition under § 4–504 of this subtitle. 33 34Subject to the provisions of subparagraph (ii) of this (3)(i) 35paragraph, in cases where both parties file a petition under § 4–504 of this subtitle.

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$\frac{1}{2}$	the judge may issue mutual protective orders if the judge finds by clear and convincing evidence that mutual abuse has occurred.
$\frac{3}{4}$	(ii) The judge may issue mutual final protective orders only if the judge makes a detailed finding of fact that:
5	1. both parties acted primarily as aggressors; and
6	2. neither party acted primarily in self–defense.
7	(d) The final protective order may include any or all of the following relief:
8 9	(1) order the respondent to refrain from abusing or threatening to abuse any person eligible for relief;
10 11	(2) order the respondent to refrain from contacting, attempting to contact, or harassing any person eligible for relief;
12 13	(3) order the respondent to refrain from entering the residence of any person eligible for relief;
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	(4) where the person eligible for relief and the respondent are residing together at the time of the abuse, order the respondent to vacate the home immediately and award temporary use and possession of the home to the person eligible for relief or, in the case of alleged abuse of a child or alleged abuse of a vulnerable adult, award temporary use and possession of the home to an adult living in the home, provided that the court may not grant an order to vacate and award temporary use and possession of the home to a nonspouse person eligible for relief unless the name of the person eligible for relief appears on the lease or deed to the home or the person eligible for relief has shared the home with the respondent for a period of at least 90 days within 1 year before the filing of the petition;
24 25 26	(5) order the respondent to remain away from the place of employment, school, or temporary residence of a person eligible for relief or home of other family members;
27 28 29	(6) order the respondent to remain away from a child care provider of a person eligible for relief while a child of the person is in the care of the child care provider;
$\begin{array}{c} 30\\ 31 \end{array}$	(7) award temporary custody of a minor child of the respondent and a person eligible for relief;
32 33 34 35 36	(8) establish temporary visitation with a minor child of the respondent and a person eligible for relief on a basis which gives primary consideration to the welfare of the minor child and the safety of any other person eligible for relief. If the court finds that the safety of a person eligible for relief will be jeopardized by unsupervised or unrestricted visitation, the court shall condition or restrict visitation

1 as to time, place, duration, or supervision, or deny visitation entirely, as needed to 2 guard the safety of any person eligible for relief;

3 (9) award emergency family maintenance as necessary to support any 4 person eligible for relief to whom the respondent has a duty of support under this 5 article, including an immediate and continuing withholding order on all earnings of 6 the respondent in the amount of the ordered emergency family maintenance in 7 accordance with the procedures specified in Title 10, Subtitle 1, Part III of this article;

8 (10) award temporary use and possession of a vehicle jointly owned by 9 the respondent and a person eligible for relief to the person eligible for relief if 10 necessary for the employment of the person eligible for relief or for the care of a minor 11 child of the respondent or a person eligible for relief;

(11) direct the respondent or any or all of the persons eligible for relief
 to participate in professionally supervised counseling or a domestic violence program;

14 (12) order the respondent to surrender to law enforcement authorities
 15 any firearm in the respondent's possession for the duration of the protective order; or

16 (13) order the respondent to pay filing fees and costs of a proceeding17 under this subtitle.

18 (e) In determining whether to order the respondent to vacate the home 19 under § 4–505(a)(2)(iv) of this subtitle or subsection (d)(4) of this section, the judge 20 shall consider the following factors:

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(1) the housing needs of any minor child living in the home;

(2) the duration of the relationship between the respondent and any
 person eligible for relief;

- 24 (3) title to the home;
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(4) pendency and type of criminal charges against the respondent;

(5) the history and severity of abuse in the relationship between the
 respondent and any person eligible for relief;

(6) the existence of alternative housing for the respondent and any
 person eligible for relief; and

30(7)the financial resources of the respondent and the person eligible for31relief.

32 (f) (1) A copy of the final protective order shall be served on the 33 petitioner, the respondent, any affected person eligible for relief, the appropriate law 34 enforcement agency, and any other person the judge determines is appropriate, in

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1 open court or, if the person is not present at the final protective order hearing, by 2 first-class mail to the person's last known address.

3 (2) A copy of the final protective order served on the respondent in 4 accordance with paragraph (1) of this subsection constitutes actual notice to the 5 respondent of the contents of the final protective order. Service is complete upon 6 mailing.

7 (g) (1) Except as provided in [paragraph (2)] PARAGRAPHS (2) AND (3)
8 of this subsection, all relief granted in a final protective order shall be effective for the
9 period stated in the order, not to exceed 12 months.

10 (2) A subsequent circuit court order pertaining to any of the provisions 11 included in the final protective order shall supersede those provisions in the final 12 protective order.

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 (3)
 If A RESPONDENT IS CONVICTED AND SENTENCED TO

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 IMPRISONMENT UNDER § 2-205, § 2-206, § 3-202, OR § 3-203 OF THE CRIMINAL

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 LAW ARTICLE FOR THE UNDERLYING ACT OF ABUSE, ALL RELIEF GRANTED IN

 16
 THE FINAL PROTECTIVE ORDER SHALL BE PERMANENT.

17 (H) (1) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF THIS SECTION, 18 <u>THE COURT SHALL ISSUE A NEW FINAL PROTECTIVE ORDER AGAINST AN</u> 19 INDIVIDUAL IF:

20(I)THE INDIVIDUAL WAS PREVIOUSLY A RESPONDENT21UNDER THIS SUBTITLE AGAINST WHOM A FINAL PROTECTIVE ORDER WAS22ISSUED;

(II) THE INDIVIDUAL WAS CONVICTED AND SERVED A TERM
 OF IMPRISONMENT OF AT LEAST 5 YEARS UNDER § 2–205, § 2–206, § 3–202,
 § 3–303, § 3–304, § 3–305, § 3–306, § 3–309, § 3–310, § 3–311, OR § 3–312 OF THE
 CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE FOR THE ACT OF ABUSE THAT LED TO THE ISSUANCE
 OF THE FINAL PROTECTIVE ORDER; AND

28(III)THE VICTIM OF THE ABUSE WHO WAS THE PERSON29ELIGIBLE FOR RELIEF IN THE ORIGINAL FINAL PROTECTIVE ORDER REQUESTS30THE ISSUANCE OF A NEW FINAL PROTECTIVE ORDER.

31(2)IN A FINAL PROTECTIVE ORDER ISSUED UNDER THIS32SUBSECTION, THE COURT MAY GRANT ONLY THE RELIEF THAT WAS GRANTED IN33THE ORIGINAL PROTECTIVE ORDER UNDER SUBSECTION (D)(1) OR (2) OF THIS34SECTION.

1(3)UNLESS TERMINATED AT THE REQUEST OF THE VICTIM, A2FINAL PROTECTIVE ORDER ISSUED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE3PERMANENT.

4 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 5 October 1, 2008.

Approved:

Governor.

President of the Senate.

Speaker of the House of Delegates.