SENATE BILL 638

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SB 800/07 – JPR

By: Senator Jacobs

Introduced and read first time: February 1, 2008 Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

Drunk and Drugged Driving – Refusal to Take a Blood or Breath Test – Prohibition

FOR the purpose of prohibiting a person who is detained for certain alcohol- or
drug-related driving offenses from knowingly refusing to take a certain blood or
breath test if the person was detained previously for certain alcohol- or
drug-related driving offenses and refused to take a certain blood or breath test;
providing for certain criminal penalties; and generally relating to establishing a
criminal offense of refusal to take a certain blood or breath test under certain
circumstances.

- 11 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
- 12 Article Transportation
- 13 Section 21–902 and 27–101(x)
- 14 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 15 (2006 Replacement Volume and 2007 Supplement)
- 16 BY adding to
- 17 Article Transportation
- 18 Section 21–902.2 and 27–101(bb)
- 19 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 20 (2006 Replacement Volume and 2007 Supplement)
- 21 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 22 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

Article – Transportation

24 21–902.

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EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.





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1 (a) (1) A person may not drive or attempt to drive any vehicle while under 2 the influence of alcohol.

3 (2) A person may not drive or attempt to drive any vehicle while the 4 person is under the influence of alcohol per se.

5 (3) A person may not violate paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection 6 while transporting a minor.

7 (b) (1) A person may not drive or attempt to drive any vehicle while 8 impaired by alcohol.

9 (2) A person may not violate paragraph (1) of this subsection while 10 transporting a minor.

11 (c) (1) A person may not drive or attempt to drive any vehicle while he is 12 so far impaired by any drug, any combination of drugs, or a combination of one or more 13 drugs and alcohol that he cannot drive a vehicle safely.

14 (2) It is not a defense to any charge of violating this subsection that 15 the person charged is or was entitled under the laws of this State to use the drug, 16 combination of drugs, or combination of one or more drugs and alcohol, unless the 17 person was unaware that the drug or combination would make the person incapable of 18 safely driving a vehicle.

19 (3) A person may not violate paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection 20 while transporting a minor.

(d) (1) A person may not drive or attempt to drive any vehicle while the
person is impaired by any controlled dangerous substance, as that term is defined in
§ 5–101 of the Criminal Law Article, if the person is not entitled to use the controlled
dangerous substance under the laws of this State.

(2) A person may not violate paragraph (1) of this subsection while
 transporting a minor.

(e) For purposes of the application of subsequent offender penalties under
§ 27–101 of this article, a conviction for a crime committed in another state or federal
jurisdiction that, if committed in this State, would constitute a violation of subsection
(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section shall be considered a violation of subsection (a), (b), (c),
or (d) of this section.

32 **21–902.2.**

A PERSON DETAINED FOR A SUSPECTED VIOLATION OF § 21–902 OF THIS SUBTITLE MAY NOT KNOWINGLY REFUSE TO TAKE A TEST UNDER § 16–205.1 OF THIS ARTICLE IF THE PERSON HAS BEEN DETAINED PREVIOUSLY FOR A

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SUSPECTED VIOLATION OF § 21–902 OF THIS SUBTITLE AND REFUSED TO TAKE A TEST UNDER § 16–205.1 OF THIS ARTICLE.

3 27-101.

4 (x) (1) In this section, "test" has the meaning stated in § 16–205.1 of this 5 article.

6 (2) The penalties in this subsection are in addition to any other 7 penalty under this title imposed for a violation of § 21–902 of this article.

8 (3) Subject to paragraph (4) of this subsection, if a person is convicted 9 of a violation of § 21–902 of this article and the trier of fact finds beyond a reasonable 10 doubt that the person knowingly refused to take a test arising out of the same 11 circumstances as the violation, the person is subject to a fine of not more than \$500 or 12 imprisonment for not more than 2 months or both.

13 (4) A court may not impose an additional penalty under this 14 subsection unless the State's Attorney serves notice of the alleged test refusal on the 15 defendant or the defendant's counsel before the acceptance of a plea of guilty or nolo 16 contendere or at least 15 days before trial in a circuit court or 5 days before trial in the 17 District Court, whichever is earlier.

18 (BB) IN ADDITION TO ANY PENALTY THAT MAY BE IMPOSED FOR A 19 CONVICTION FOR A VIOLATION OF § 21–902 OF THIS ARTICLE OR ANY 20 ADDITIONAL PENALTY THAT MAY BE IMPOSED UNDER SUBSECTION (X) OF THIS 21 SECTION, A PERSON WHO IS CONVICTED OF A VIOLATION OF § 21–902.2 OF THIS 22 ARTICLE IS SUBJECT TO A FINE OF NOT MORE THAN \$1,000 OR IMPRISONMENT 23 FOR NOT MORE THAN 1 YEAR OR BOTH.

24 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 25 October 1, 2008.