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By: **Senator Lenett** Introduced and read first time: February 11, 2008 Assigned to: Rules

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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Maryland False Claims Act

3 FOR the purpose of prohibiting certain actions constituting false claims against the 4 State; providing certain penalties for making false claims against the State; 5 requiring the Attorney General to investigate certain violations; authorizing a 6 person other than the State to file a civil action on behalf of the State against a 7 person who makes a false claim against the State; providing for the procedures 8 to be followed in a civil action; authorizing the State to proceed with the action 9 with or without the person that initiated the action; authorizing the State to 10 choose not to proceed with the action but allow the person that initiated the action to proceed; authorizing the court to limit the participation of the person 11 12 that initiated the action under certain circumstances; authorizing the State to 13 intervene at a later time in the proceedings or to pursue alternative remedies; 14 authorizing the State to stay certain discovery under certain circumstances; 15providing for certain damages and payments to the person that initiated the 16 action; providing for certain payments to a person that provides certain documentary materials or information; providing for certain payments to the 1718 person charged under certain circumstances if the person charged prevails; 19 prohibiting an employer from taking retaliatory action against an employee 20under certain circumstances; providing certain remedies for retaliatory action; 21providing certain limitations on civil actions filed under this Act; providing that 22certain civil actions may be brought retroactively under certain circumstances; 23providing that certain guilty verdicts shall estop certain defendants from 24denying certain elements in a certain civil action; making the provisions of this Act severable; providing that a certain subtitle be liberally construed; defining 2526 certain terms; and generally relating to false claims against the State.

- 27 BY adding to
- 28 Article State Government
- 29Section 12–601 through 12–609 to be under the new subtitle "Subtitle 6.30Maryland False Claims Act"

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.





	2 SENATE BILL 845
$\frac{1}{2}$	Annotated Code of Maryland (2004 Replacement Volume and 2007 Supplement)
$3 \\ 4$	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
5	Article – State Government
6	SUBTITLE 6. MARYLAND FALSE CLAIMS ACT.
7	12–601.
8 9	(A) IN THIS SUBTITLE THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS INDICATED.
$\begin{array}{c} 10\\11 \end{array}$	(B) "CLAIM" MEANS A REQUEST OR DEMAND FOR MONEY, PROPERTY,
11 12	OR SERVICES MADE UNDER CONTRACT OR OTHERWISE, BY A CONTRACTOR, GRANTEE, OR OTHER PERSON WITH AN ALLEGED CLAIM TO MONEY OR
13	PROPERTY IF:
14 15	(1) THE STATE PROVIDES ANY PORTION OF THE MONEY OR PROPERTY THAT IS REQUESTED OR DEMANDED; OR
16 17 18	(2) THE STATE REIMBURSES THE CONTRACTOR, GRANTEE, OR OTHER PERSON FOR ANY PORTION OF THE MONEY OR PROPERTY THAT IS REQUESTED OR DEMANDED.
19	(C) "EMPLOYEE" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO PERFORMS SERVICES:
20	(1) FOR AND UNDER THE CONTROL AND DIRECTION OF AN
21	EMPLOYER; AND
22	(2) UNDER AN EMPLOYER'S PROMISE OR IMPLIED PROMISE OF
$\frac{22}{23}$	PAYMENT OF WAGES OR REMUNERATION.
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$\begin{array}{c} 24 \\ 25 \end{array}$	(D) (1) "EMPLOYER" MEANS A PERSON OR GROUP OF PERSONS THAT, ACTING DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY ON BEHALF OF ANOTHER PERSON OR GROUP
$\frac{26}{26}$	OF PERSONS:
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$\begin{array}{c} 27\\ 28\end{array}$	(I) ALLOWS AN EMPLOYEE TO PERFORM SERVICES UNDER THE EMPLOYER'S CONTROL AND DIRECTION; AND
29	(II) PROMISES OR IMPLIES THAT THE EMPLOYEE WILL
30	RECEIVE WAGES OR OTHER REMUNERATION IN PAYMENT FOR THE
31	PERFORMANCE OF THOSE SERVICES.

1 **(2) "EMPLOYER"** INCLUDES ANY UNIT OF THE STATE $\mathbf{2}$ **GOVERNMENT INVOLVED IN A NONGOVERNMENTAL FUNCTION SUCH AS A STATE** 3 INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION OR STATE HOSPITAL. "KNOWING" AND "KNOWINGLY" MEAN THAT A PERSON, WITH 4 (1) **(E)** 5 **RESPECT TO INFORMATION:** 6 **(I)** HAS ACTUAL KNOWLEDGE OF INFORMATION: 7 **(II)** ACTS IN DELIBERATE IGNORANCE OF THE TRUTH OR 8 FALSITY OF THE INFORMATION; OR 9 (III) ACTS IN RECKLESS DISREGARD OF THE TRUTH OR 10 FALSITY OF THE INFORMATION. 11 (2) "KNOWING" AND "KNOWINGLY" DO NOT REQUIRE PROOF OF 12SPECIFIC INTENT TO DEFRAUD. 13 12-602. 14 (A) **A PERSON MAY NOT:** 15(1) KNOWINGLY PRESENT OR CAUSE TO BE PRESENTED TO AN 16 OFFICER, EMPLOYEE, OR AGENT OF THE STATE A FALSE OR FRAUDULENT 17 **CLAIM FOR PAYMENT OR APPROVAL;** 18 (2) KNOWINGLY MAKE, USE, OR CAUSE TO BE MADE OR USED A 19 FALSE RECORD OR STATEMENT TO GET A FALSE OR FRAUDULENT CLAIM 20**APPROVED OR PAID BY THE STATE;** 21(3) CONSPIRE TO DEFRAUD THE STATE BY GETTING A FALSE OR 22FRAUDULENT CLAIM APPROVED OR PAID BY THE STATE; 23HAVE POSSESSION, CUSTODY, OR CONTROL OF PROPERTY OR (4) 24MONEY USED OR TO BE USED BY THE STATE AND KNOWINGLY DELIVER OR 25CAUSE TO BE DELIVERED LESS PROPERTY OR MONEY THAN THE AMOUNT FOR 26 WHICH THE PERSON RECEIVES A CERTIFICATE OR RECEIPT; 27(5) BE AUTHORIZED TO MAKE OR DELIVER A DOCUMENT 28CERTIFYING RECEIPT OF PROPERTY USED OR TO BE USED BY THE STATE AND 29 KNOWINGLY MAKE OR DELIVER A RECEIPT WITHOUT KNOWING THAT THE

30 INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THE RECEIPT IS TRUE;

1(6) KNOWINGLY BUY OR RECEIVE, AS A PLEDGE OF AN2OBLIGATION OR DEBT, PUBLICLY OWNED PROPERTY FROM A PERSON WHO3LAWFULLY MAY NOT SELL OR PLEDGE THE PROPERTY;

4 (7) KNOWINGLY MAKE, USE, OR CAUSE TO BE MADE OR USED A
5 FALSE RECORD OR STATEMENT TO CONCEAL, AVOID, OR DECREASE AN
6 OBLIGATION TO PAY OR TRANSMIT MONEY OR PROPERTY TO THE STATE; OR

7 (8) BE A BENEFICIARY OF AN INADVERTENT SUBMISSION OF A 8 FALSE CLAIM TO THE STATE, DISCOVER THE FALSITY OF THE CLAIM, AND FAIL 9 TO DISCLOSE THE FALSE CLAIM TO THE STATE WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME 10 AFTER THE DISCOVERY.

11(B)(1)EXCEPTASPROVIDEDINPARAGRAPH(2)OFTHIS12SUBSECTION, A PERSON WHO IS FOUND TO HAVE VIOLATED SUBSECTION (A) OF13THIS SECTION IS LIABLE TO THE STATE FOR:

14(I) THREE TIMES THE AMOUNT OF DAMAGES THAT THE15STATE SUSTAINS BECAUSE OF THE ACT OF THE PERSON;

16(II) A CIVIL FINE OF NOT LESS THAN \$5,000 OR MORE THAN17\$10,000; AND

18 (III) THE COSTS OF A CIVIL ACTION BROUGHT TO RECOVER
 19 ANY PENALTIES OR DAMAGES UNDER THIS SUBTITLE.

(2) A COURT MAY ASSESS NOT LESS THAN TWO TIMES THE
 AMOUNT OF DAMAGES THAT THE STATE SUSTAINS AS A RESULT OF A PERSON
 COMMITTING A VIOLATION OF THIS SUBTITLE IF THE COURT FINDS THAT:

(I) WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER THE DATE ON WHICH THE
 PERSON FIRST OBTAINED THE INFORMATION, THE PERSON FURNISHED STATE
 OFFICIALS RESPONSIBLE FOR INVESTIGATING FALSE CLAIMS VIOLATIONS WITH
 ALL INFORMATION KNOWN TO THE PERSON ABOUT THE VIOLATION;

27(II) THE PERSON FULLY COOPERATED WITH ANY STATE28INVESTIGATION OF THE VIOLATION; AND

(III) AT THE TIME THE PERSON FURNISHED THE STATE WITH
 THE INFORMATION ABOUT THE VIOLATION:

311. A CIVIL OR ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION RELATING32TO THE VIOLATION HAD NOT BEEN BROUGHT UNDER THIS SUBTITLE; AND

12. THE PERSON DID NOT HAVE ACTUAL PRIOR2KNOWLEDGE OF THE EXISTENCE OF AN INVESTIGATION OF THE VIOLATION.

3 (C) LIABILITY UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL BE JOINT AND SEVERAL
 4 FOR AN ACT COMMITTED BY TWO OR MORE PERSONS.

5 (D) THE PENALTIES PROVIDED FOR IN THIS SECTION ARE IN ADDITION
6 TO ANY OTHER REMEDIES PROVIDED FOR IN ANY OTHER LAW.

(E) THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO CLAIMS, RECORDS, OR
8 STATEMENTS MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TAX – GENERAL ARTICLE AND
9 THE TAX – PROPERTY ARTICLE.

10 **12–603.**

(A) THE ATTORNEY GENERAL SHALL INVESTIGATE A VIOLATION
 UNDER THIS SUBTITLE AND THE ATTORNEY GENERAL MAY FILE A CIVIL ACTION
 AGAINST A PERSON WHO HAS MADE A FALSE CLAIM AGAINST THE STATE IN
 VIOLATION OF THIS SUBTITLE.

(B) A PERSON MAY FILE A CIVIL ACTION ON BEHALF OF THE PERSON
 AND THE STATE IN A COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION AGAINST A PERSON
 WHO HAS MADE A FALSE CLAIM AGAINST THE STATE IN VIOLATION OF THIS
 SUBTITLE.

19(C)(1)A CIVIL ACTION FILED UNDER THIS SUBTITLE SHALL BE20BROUGHT IN THE NAME OF THE STATE.

(2) A CIVIL ACTION FILED UNDER THIS SUBTITLE MAY BE
 DISMISSED ONLY IF THE COURT GIVES WRITTEN CONSENT, TAKING INTO
 ACCOUNT THE BEST INTEREST OF THE PARTIES INVOLVED AND THE PURPOSES
 OF THIS SUBTITLE.

(D) (1) ON THE SAME DAY A PERSON FILES A COMPLAINT UNDER
SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, THE PERSON SHALL SERVE ON THE STATE A
COPY OF THE COMPLAINT AND A WRITTEN DISCLOSURE OF SUBSTANTIALLY ALL
MATERIAL EVIDENCE AND INFORMATION THAT THE PERSON POSSESSES, IN
ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF TITLE 2 OF THE MARYLAND RULES
FOR SERVING PROCESS ON THE STATE.

(2) THE COMPLAINT SHALL BE FILED IN CAMERA AND SHALL
 REMAIN UNDER SEAL FOR AT LEAST 60 DAYS OR UNTIL THE COURT ORDERS THE
 COMPLAINT SERVED ON THE DEFENDANT.

DEFENDANT UNTIL THE COURT ORDERS THE COMPLAINT SERVED, AND THE

DEFENDANT MAY NOT BE REQUIRED TO RESPOND TO A COMPLAINT FILED

THE PERSON MAY NOT SERVE THE COMPLAINT ON THE

4 UNDER THIS SECTION UNTIL AFTER THE COMPLAINT IS: $\mathbf{5}$ **(I)** UNSEALED; AND 6 **(II)** SERVED ON THE DEFENDANT IN ACCORDANCE WITH $\overline{7}$ TITLE 2 OF THE MARYLAND RULES. 8 WITHIN 60 DAYS AFTER THE STATE RECEIVES A COMPLAINT **(E)** (1) 9 AND MATERIAL EVIDENCE AND INFORMATION SERVED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 10 SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION, THE STATE MAY INTERVENE AND PROCEED 11 WITH THE CIVIL ACTION. 12(2) **(I)** FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN, THE STATE MAY REQUEST 13 THAT THE COURT ORDER AN EXTENSION OF THE 60-DAY PERIOD FOR UP TO 90 14 DAYS. 15**(II)** THE COMPLAINT SHALL REMAIN UNDER SEAL DURING 16 ANY EXTENSION OF THE PERIOD FOR THE STATE TO INTERVENE. 17 (3) **BEFORE THE LATER OF ANY EXPIRATION OF THE 60–DAY** 18 PERIOD OR AN EXTENSION OF THE 60-DAY PERIOD, THE STATE SHALL: 19 **(I)** PROCEED WITH THE CIVIL ACTION IN A COURT OF 20 COMPETENT JURISDICTION WITHIN THE STATE; OR 21NOTIFY THE COURT THAT IT WILL NOT PROCEED WITH **(II)** 22THE CIVIL ACTION. 23(4) IF THE STATE NOTIFIES THE COURT THAT IT WILL NOT 24PROCEED WITH AN ACTION, THE PERSON WHO INITIATED THE ACTION MAY 25CONDUCT THE ACTION. 26 **(F)** IF A PERSON BRINGS A VALID CIVIL ACTION UNDER THIS 27SUBSECTION, NO PERSON OTHER THAT THE STATE MAY INTERVENE OR BRING A 28RELATED ACTION BASED ON THE FACTS UNDERLYING THE PENDING CIVIL 29 ACTION. 30 12-604. 31IF THE STATE PROCEEDS WITH A CIVIL ACTION UNDER THIS (A) (1) 32SUBTITLE, IT HAS THE PRIMARY RESPONSIBILITY FOR PROCEEDING WITH THE

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1 ACTION AND IS NOT BOUND BY ANY ACT OF THE PERSON WHO INITIATED THE 2 ACTION.

3 (2) SUBJECT TO THE LIMITATIONS SET FORTH IN SUBSECTIONS
4 (C) AND (D) OF THIS SECTION, THE PERSON WHO INITIATED THE CIVIL ACTION
5 MAY CONTINUE AS A PARTY TO THE ACTION.

6 (B) (1) NOTWITHSTANDING THE OBJECTIONS OF THE PERSON 7 INITIATING THE CIVIL ACTION, THE STATE MAY PETITION THE COURT TO 8 DISMISS AN ACTION IF:

9 (I) THE PERSON INITIATING THE ACTION IS NOTIFIED BY 10 THE STATE OF THE FILING OF THE MOTION TO DISMISS; AND

11(II) THE COURT PROVIDES THE PERSON INITIATING THE12ACTION WITH AN OPPORTUNITY FOR A HEARING ON THE MOTION TO DISMISS.

(2) NOTWITHSTANDING THE OBJECTIONS OF THE PERSON
INITIATING THE CIVIL ACTION, IF THE COURT DETERMINES AFTER A HEARING
THAT A PROPOSED SETTLEMENT IS FAIR, ADEQUATE, AND REASONABLE UNDER
THE CIRCUMSTANCES, THE STATE MAY SETTLE A CIVIL ACTION UNDER THIS
SECTION.

18(C)(1)THECOURTMAYIMPOSELIMITATIONSONTHE19PARTICIPATION OF THE PERSON INITIATING A CIVIL ACTION UNDER THIS20SECTION IF:

21(I)THE STATE SHOWS THAT THE PERSON'S UNRESTRICTED22PARTICIPATION IN THE ACTION WOULD:

231.INTERFERE WITH OR UNDULY DELAY THE STATE24IN ITS PURSUIT OF THE ACTION; OR

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(II) THE PERSON CHARGED WITH VIOLATING THIS SUBTITLE
 SHOWS THAT UNRESTRICTED PARTICIPATION BY THE PERSON INITIATING THE
 ACTION WOULD HARASS OR CAUSE THE PERSON CHARGED AN UNDUE BURDEN
 OR UNNECESSARY EXPENSE.

31 (2) LIMITATIONS IMPOSED BY THE COURT MAY INCLUDE:

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1 (I) A LIMITATION ON THE NUMBER OF WITNESSES THE 2 PERSON MAY CALL TO TESTIFY;

3 (II) A LIMITATION ON THE LENGTH OF THE TESTIMONY OF
 4 WITNESSES CALLED BY THE PERSON;

5 (III) A LIMITATION ON THE PERSON'S CROSS-EXAMINATION
6 OF WITNESSES; OR

7 (IV) OTHERWISE LIMITING THE PARTICIPATION BY THE 8 PERSON THAT INITIATED THE CIVIL ACTION.

9 (D) (1) IF THE STATE ELECTS NOT TO PROCEED WITH THE CIVIL 10 ACTION, THE PERSON INITIATING THE ACTION HAS THE RIGHT TO PROCEED 11 WITH THE ACTION.

12(2) NOTWITHSTANDING THE STATE'S ELECTION NOT TO13PROCEED, IF THE STATE REQUESTS, THE COURT SHALL ORDER THAT THE14STATE BE SERVED AT ITS OWN EXPENSE WITH COPIES OF:

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(I) ALL PLEADINGS FILED IN THE CIVIL ACTION; AND

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(II) ALL DEPOSITION TRANSCRIPTS.

17 (3) WITHOUT LIMITING THE STATUS AND RIGHTS OF THE PERSON
 18 INITIATING THE CIVIL ACTION, THE COURT MAY ALLOW THE STATE TO
 19 INTERVENE AT A LATER DATE ON A SHOWING OF GOOD CAUSE.

(E) (1) WHETHER OR NOT THE STATE PROCEEDS WITH A CIVIL
ACTION, ON A SHOWING BY THE STATE THAT CERTAIN ACTIONS OF DISCOVERY
BY THE PERSON INITIATING THE ACTION WOULD INTERFERE WITH THE STATE'S
INVESTIGATION OR PROSECUTION OF A CRIMINAL OR CIVIL MATTER ARISING
OUT OF THE SAME FACTS, THE COURT MAY STAY THE DISCOVERY FOR A PERIOD
OF NOT MORE THAN 60 DAYS.

(2) THE COURT MAY EXTEND THE 60-DAY PERIOD ON A FURTHER
SHOWING THAT THE STATE HAS PURSUED THE CRIMINAL OR CIVIL
INVESTIGATION OR PROCEEDINGS WITH REASONABLE DILIGENCE AND ANY
PROPOSED DISCOVERY IN THE CIVIL ACTION WILL INTERFERE WITH THE
ONGOING CRIMINAL OR CIVIL INVESTIGATION OR PROCEEDING.

31(3) THE SHOWINGS UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE IN32CAMERA.

1 (F) (1) INSTEAD OF PROCEEDING WITH A CIVIL ACTION, THE STATE 2 MAY PURSUE AN ALTERNATIVE REMEDY AVAILABLE TO THE STATE, INCLUDING 3 ANY APPROPRIATE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING TO CONSIDER A CIVIL MONEY 4 PENALTY.

5 (2) IF THE STATE SEEKS AN ALTERNATIVE REMEDY IN ANOTHER
PROCEEDING, THE PERSON INITIATING THE CIVIL ACTION SHALL HAVE THE
SAME RIGHTS IN THE ALTERNATIVE PROCEEDING AS THE PERSON WOULD HAVE
HAD IF THE ACTION HAD CONTINUED UNDER THIS SUBTITLE.

9 (3) A FINDING OF FACT OR CONCLUSION OF LAW MADE IN ANY
 10 ALTERNATIVE PROCEEDING THAT HAS BECOME FINAL SHALL BE CONCLUSIVE
 11 ON ALL PARTIES AS IF AN ACTION HAD BEEN BROUGHT UNDER THIS SUBTITLE.

12 **12–605.**

(A) (1) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION, IF THE
STATE PROCEEDS WITH AN ACTION BROUGHT BY A PERSON INITIATING A CIVIL
ACTION UNDER THIS SUBTITLE AND THE STATE PREVAILS BY A
PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE, THE COURT SHALL AWARD THE PERSON
INITIATING THE ACTION AN AMOUNT THAT IS:

18 (I) NOT LESS THAN 15% AND NOT MORE THAN 25% OF:

191. ANY DAMAGES RECOVERED IN THE ACTION THAT20RESULT FROM THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THE ORIGINAL ACTION21BROUGHT BY THE PERSON; OR

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2. ANY SETTLEMENT OF THE CLAIM; AND

(II) PROPORTIONAL TO THE AMOUNT OF TIME AND EFFORT
 THAT THE PERSON CONTRIBUTED TO THE FINAL RESOLUTION OF THE CIVIL
 ACTION.

(2) IF A CIVIL ACTION IS ONE THAT THE COURT FINDS IS BASED
PRIMARILY ON SPECIFIC DOCUMENTARY MATERIALS OR INFORMATION
DISCLOSED BY A PERSON OTHER THAN THE PERSON WHO INITIATED THE
ACTION, THE COURT MAY MAKE AN AWARD THAT:

30 (I) THE COURT CONSIDERS APPROPRIATE; AND

31(II) DOES NOT EXCEED 10% OF THE PROCEEDS OF THE32ACTION.

UNDER

(3) AWARDS UNDER PARAGRAPHS (1) AND (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE PAID OUT OF THE PROCEEDS OF THE ACTION. IN ADDITION TO THE AMOUNT PROVIDED (4) PARAGRAPHS (1) AND (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, A COURT SHALL AWARD A **PERSON INITIATING AN ACTION: (I)** AN AMOUNT FOR REASONABLE EXPENSES THAT THE COURT FINDS TO HAVE BEEN NECESSARILY INCURRED; AND (II) REASONABLE ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS. (5) ALL EXPENSES, FEES, AND COSTS AWARDED UNDER PARAGRAPH (4) OF THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE AWARDED AGAINST THE PERSON FOUND TO HAVE VIOLATED THIS SUBTITLE. **(B)** (1) IF THE STATE DOES NOT PROCEED WITH AN ACTION UNDER THIS SUBTITLE AND THE PERSON INITIATING THE ACTION PREVAILS, THE COURT SHALL AWARD THE PERSON INITIATING THE ACTION AN AMOUNT THAT IS: NOT LESS THAN 25% or more than 30% of the **(I) PROCEEDS OF THE ACTION OR SETTLEMENT OF THE CLAIM: (II) REASONABLE FOR COLLECTING THE CIVIL PENALTY** AND DAMAGES ON THE STATE'S BEHALF; AND (III) PAID OUT OF THE PROCEEDS. (2) IN ADDITION TO THE AMOUNT PROVIDED UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION, A COURT SHALL AWARD A PERSON INITIATING AN **ACTION: (I)** AN AMOUNT FOR REASONABLE EXPENSES THAT THE COURT FINDS TO HAVE BEEN NECESSARILY INCURRED; AND **(II) REASONABLE ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS.** (3) ALL EXPENSES, FEES, AND COSTS AWARDED UNDER PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE AWARDED AGAINST THE PERSON FOUND TO HAVE VIOLATED THIS SUBTITLE. (1) WHETHER OR NOT THE STATE PROCEEDS WITH A CIVIL **(C)**

ACTION UNDER THIS SUBTITLE, IF A COURT FINDS THAT A CIVIL ACTION WAS

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BROUGHT BY A PERSON WHO DELIBERATELY PARTICIPATED IN THE VIOLATION
 ON WHICH THE ACTION WAS BASED, THE COURT MAY, TO THE EXTENT IT
 CONSIDERS APPROPRIATE, REDUCE THE SHARE OF THE PROCEEDS OF THE
 ACTION THAT THE INDIVIDUAL WOULD OTHERWISE HAVE RECEIVED UNDER
 THIS SECTION.

6 (2) IN REDUCING THE SHARE OF THE PROCEEDS OF THE PERSON 7 INITIATING THE CIVIL ACTION, THE COURT SHALL CONSIDER:

8 (I) THE ROLE OF THE PERSON IN ADVANCING THE CASE TO
 9 LITIGATION; AND

10(II) ANY RELEVANT CIRCUMSTANCES RELATING TO THE11VIOLATION.

12 (D) (1) IF A PERSON INITIATING A CIVIL ACTION UNDER THIS 13 SUBTITLE IS CONVICTED OF CRIMINAL CONDUCT ARISING FROM A VIOLATION 14 OF THIS SUBTITLE PRIOR TO A FINAL DETERMINATION OF THE ACTION, THE 15 COURT SHALL DISMISS THE PERSON FROM THE ACTION SO THAT THE PERSON 16 DOES NOT RECEIVE ANY SHARE OF THE PROCEEDS OF THE ACTION.

17 (2) THE DISMISSAL OF THE PERSON INITIATING THE ACTION MAY
 18 NOT PREJUDICE THE RIGHT OF THE STATE OR OF ANY OTHER PERSON TO
 19 CONTINUE THE ACTION.

20 (E) IF A PERSON INITIATING A CIVIL ACTION UNDER THIS SUBTITLE IS 21 CONVICTED OF CRIMINAL CONDUCT ARISING FROM A VIOLATION OF THIS 22 SUBTITLE AFTER THE PROCEEDS FROM THE ACTION ARE AWARDED TO THAT 23 PERSON, THE COURT SHALL ORDER THE PERSON TO REPAY THE PROCEEDS 24 PREVIOUSLY AWARDED.

(F) A COURT MAY AWARD REASONABLE ATTORNEY'S FEES AND
 EXPENSES TO A PERSON CHARGED WITH MAKING A FALSE CLAIM AND AGAINST
 THE PERSON INITIATING THE ACTION IF:

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- (1) THE DEFENDANT PREVAILS IN THE ACTION;

(2) THE COURT FINDS THAT THE CLAIM OF THE PERSON
 INITIATING THE ACTION WAS CLEARLY FRIVOLOUS, VEXATIOUS, OR BROUGHT
 PRIMARILY FOR PURPOSES OF HARASSMENT; AND

32 (3) THE STATE DID NOT PROCEED WITH THE ACTION.

1(G) THE STATE IS NOT LIABLE FOR EXPENSES THAT A PERSON INCURS2BY BRINGING AN ACTION UNDER THIS SUBTITLE.

3 **12–606.**

4 (A) A COURT MAY NOT HAVE JURISDICTION OVER AN ACTION BROUGHT 5 UNDER THIS SUBTITLE AGAINST A MEMBER OF THE STATE LEGISLATIVE 6 BRANCH, A MEMBER OF THE JUDICIARY, OR A SENIOR EXECUTIVE BRANCH 7 OFFICIAL IF THE ACTION IS BASED ON EVIDENCE OR INFORMATION KNOWN TO 8 THE STATE WHEN THE ACTION WAS BROUGHT.

9 (B) A PERSON MAY NOT BRING AN ACTION UNDER THIS SUBTITLE THAT 10 IS BASED ON AN ALLEGATION OR TRANSACTION THAT IS THE SUBJECT OF A 11 CIVIL SUIT OR AN ADMINISTRATIVE CIVIL MONEY PENALTY PROCEEDING IN 12 WHICH THE STATE IS ALREADY A PARTY.

(C) ON THE MOTION OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL, THE COURT MAY
 DISMISS A CLAIM IF THE ELEMENTS ALLEGED IN THE CLAIM HAVE BEEN
 PUBLICLY DISCLOSED IN THE NEWS MEDIA OR IN A PUBLICLY DISSEMINATED
 GOVERNMENTAL REPORT AT THE TIME THE COMPLAINT IS FILED.

17 **12–607.**

(A) AN EMPLOYEE WHO IS DISCHARGED, DEMOTED, SUSPENDED,
 THREATENED, HARASSED, OR OTHERWISE DISCRIMINATED AGAINST IN THE
 TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT BECAUSE OF LAWFUL ACTS DONE BY
 THE EMPLOYEE IN FURTHERANCE OF A CIVIL ACTION UNDER THIS SUBTITLE
 SHALL BE ENTITLED TO ALL RELIEF NECESSARY TO MAKE THE EMPLOYEE
 WHOLE.

24 (B) **Relief shall include:**

25(1) REINSTATEMENT WITH THE SAME SENIORITY STATUS SUCH26EMPLOYEE WOULD HAVE HAD BUT FOR THE DISCRIMINATION;

- 27 (2) TWO TIMES THE AMOUNT OF BACK PAY;
- 28 (3) INTEREST ON BACK PAY; AND

(4) COMPENSATION FOR SPECIAL DAMAGES SUSTAINED AS A
 RESULT OF THE DISCRIMINATION, INCLUDING LITIGATION COSTS, REASONABLE
 ATTORNEY'S FEES, AND WHERE APPROPRIATE, PUNITIVE DAMAGES.

1(C)AN EMPLOYEE MAY BRING AN ACTION IN THE APPROPRIATE COURT2OF THE STATE FOR RELIEF PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION.

3 **12–608.**

4 (A) A CIVIL ACTION UNDER THIS SUBTITLE MAY NOT BE BROUGHT:

5 (1) MORE THAN 10 YEARS AFTER THE DATE ON WHICH THE 6 VIOLATION OCCURS; OR

7 (2) MORE THAN 3 YEARS AFTER THE DATE WHEN FACTS 8 MATERIAL TO THE RIGHT OF ACTION ARE KNOWN OR REASONABLY SHOULD 9 HAVE BEEN KNOWN BY THE OFFICIAL OF THE STATE CHARGED WITH THE 10 RESPONSIBILITY FOR ACTING UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES.

(B) IN AN ACTION BROUGHT UNDER THIS SUBTITLE, THE STATE OR THE
 PERSON INITIATING THE ACTION SHALL PROVE ALL ESSENTIAL ELEMENTS OF
 THE CAUSE OF ACTION, INCLUDING DAMAGES, BY A PREPONDERANCE OF THE
 EVIDENCE.

15 (C) A CIVIL ACTION UNDER THIS SUBTITLE MAY BE BROUGHT FOR
 16 ACTIVITY PRIOR TO OCTOBER 1, 2008, IF THE LIMITATION PERIOD SET UNDER
 17 SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION HAS NOT LAPSED.

18 (D) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW, A GUILTY 19 VERDICT RENDERED IN A CRIMINAL PROCEEDING CHARGING FALSE 20 STATEMENTS OR FRAUD, WHETHER ON A VERDICT AFTER TRIAL OR ON A PLEA 21 OF GUILTY OR NOLO CONTENDERE, SHALL ESTOP THE DEFENDANT FROM 22 DENYING THE ESSENTIAL ELEMENTS OF THE OFFENSE IN A CIVIL ACTION THAT 23 INVOLVES THE SAME TRANSACTION AS IN THE CRIMINAL PROCEEDING AND 24 THAT IS BROUGHT UNDER THIS SUBTITLE.

25 **12–609.**

26 (A) A REMEDY PROVIDED UNDER THIS SUBTITLE IS IN ADDITION TO
 27 ANY OTHER APPROPRIATE LEGAL OR EQUITABLE RELIEF PROVIDED UNDER ANY
 28 OTHER STATE OR FEDERAL STATUTE OR REGULATION.

29 **(B)** IF A PROVISION OF THIS SUBTITLE OR THE APPLICATION OF THIS 30 SUBTITLE ТО PERSON OR CIRCUMSTANCE ANY IS HELD TO BE 31UNCONSTITUTIONAL, THE **REMAINDER OF THIS** SUBTITLE AND THE 32APPLICATION OF THE PROVISION TO OTHER PERSONS OR CIRCUMSTANCES MAY 33 NOT BE AFFECTED.

1 (C) THIS SUBTITLE SHALL BE LIBERALLY CONSTRUED AND APPLIED TO 2 PROMOTE PUBLIC INTEREST.

3 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
 4 October 1, 2008.