HOUSE BILL 907

9lr2314 CF SB 501

By: Delegates Carter, Ali, Barkley, Benson, Bobo, Braveboy, Carr, Gutierrez, Hixson, Hucker, Lee, Manno, Montgomery, Oaks, Rice, Taylor, and Waldstreicher

Introduced and read first time: February 12, 2009 Assigned to: Health and Government Operations

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Public Safety – National Guard Deployment – Governor's Powers

FOR the purpose of requiring the Governor to withhold approval of the transfer of the
National Guard to federal control in the absence of an explicit authorization for
use of military force adopted by the U.S. Congress and in force on the date of the
federal request for transfer or a declaration of war by the U.S. Congress;
authorizing the Governor to request the return of certain units of the National
Guard to the control of the State in certain circumstances; and generally
relating to the deployment of the National Guard.

- 10 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 11 Article Public Safety
- 12 Section 13–401(c)
- 13 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 14 (2003 Volume and 2008 Supplement)
- 15 Preamble

16 WHEREAS, Under the U.S. Constitution, each state's National Guard unit is 17 controlled by the governor, but can be called up for federal duty by the President, 18 provided that the President is acting pursuant to the Constitution and laws of the 19 United States; and

WHEREAS, The War Powers Act of 1973 (Public Law 93–148) specifically limits the power of the President of the United States to wage war without the approval of Congress; and

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



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1 WHEREAS, In October 2002, the U.S. Congress adopted the Authorization for 2 Use of Military Force Against Iraq (Public Law No. 107–243) (AUMF), a law enacted 3 in response to a presidential request consistent with the War Powers Act; and

WHEREAS, The Iraq AUMF stated in relevant part that the President was authorized to use the armed forces of the United States in order to (1) defend the national security of the United States against the continuing threat posed by Iraq and (2) enforce all relevant United Nations Security Council Resolutions regarding Iraq; and

9 WHEREAS, U.S. forces, including members of the Maryland National Guard 10 and guard members from other states, have long since addressed the purposes recited 11 under the AUMF, to wit, Iraq does not pose a continuing threat to the national 12 security of the United States, and there are no relevant United Nations Security 13 Council Resolutions regarding Iraq yet to be enforced; and

WHEREAS, The Iraq AUMF has therefore expired by its own terms, and other
than the AUMF, there is no authority under the Constitution or the laws of the United
States for the continued presence of Maryland National Guard members in Iraq; and

WHEREAS, The maintenance of Maryland National Guard members in Iraq
beyond the time and scope set for in the AUMF has resulted in significant harm to
Guard members and their families, including death and injury, loss of time together,
and financial hardships; now, therefore,

21 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 22 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

23

Article – Public Safety

(c) (1) If the National Guard or any of its units are ordered into active military service of the United States by the President of the United States, the Governor may increase the military force and organize those units as the emergency requires.

(2) THE GOVERNOR SHALL WITHHOLD APPROVAL OF THE
 30 TRANSFER OF THE NATIONAL GUARD TO FEDERAL CONTROL IN THE ABSENCE
 31 OF:

(I) AN EXPLICIT AUTHORIZATION FOR USE OF MILITARY
 FORCE ADOPTED BY THE U.S. CONGRESS AND IN FORCE ON THE DATE OF THE
 FEDERAL REQUEST FOR TRANSFER; OR

35 (II) A DECLARATION OF WAR BY THE U.S. CONGRESS.

 $\mathbf{2}$

^{24 13-401.}

1 (3) IF AN AUTHORIZATION FOR USE OF MILITARY FORCE HAS BY 2 ITS TERMS EXPIRED OR IS NO LONGER VALID AUTHORITY FOR FEDERAL 3 CONTROL OVER UNITS OF THE NATIONAL GUARD, AND THERE IS OTHERWISE 4 NO ACTION UNDERWAY FOR THE PROMPT RETURN OF THE UNITS TO STATE 5 CONTROL, THE GOVERNOR SHALL REQUEST THE RETURN OF THE UNITS TO THE 6 CONTROL OF THE STATE.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
 October 1, 2009.