

# SENATE BILL 613

D4

(9lr0914)

## **ENROLLED BILL**

—*Judicial Proceedings / Judiciary*—

Introduced by **Senators Gladden, Brochin, Conway, Dyson, Kramer, Madaleno, Munson, Muse, Peters, Pipkin, Raskin, Robey, Rosapepe, Stone, and ~~Zirkin~~ Zirkin, and Simonaire**

Read and Examined by Proofreaders:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Proofreader.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Proofreader.

Sealed with the Great Seal and presented to the Governor, for his approval this  
\_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock, \_\_\_\_\_ M.

\_\_\_\_\_  
President.

CHAPTER \_\_\_\_\_

1 AN ACT concerning

2 **CINA, Guardianship, Adoption, Custody, and Visitation – Disability of**  
3 **Parent, Guardian, Custodian, or Party**

4 FOR the purpose of ~~prohibiting a court, in making a disposition on a child in need of~~  
5 ~~assistance (CINA) petition, from considering a disability of a parent, guardian,~~  
6 ~~or custodian of a child except under certain circumstances~~ *establishing that, in*  
7 *making a disposition on a child in need of assistance (CINA) petition, a*  
8 *disability of the child's parent, guardian, or custodian is relevant only to a*  
9 *certain extent; establishing that, in determining whether to grant custody and*  
10 *guardianship of a CINA to a relative or nonrelative, a disability of the relative or*  
11 *nonrelative is relevant only to a certain extent;* prohibiting a local department of  
12 social services, a guardian, or a child placement agency, in certain adoption  
13 proceedings, from withholding consent to an adoption solely because a

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### EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

Underlining indicates amendments to bill.

~~Strike out~~ indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.

*Italics* indicate opposite chamber / conference committee amendments.



prospective adoptive parent has a disability; prohibiting a court, in ruling on a certain adoption petition, from denying the petition solely because the petitioner has a disability; prohibiting a child from being committed to the custody or guardianship of a local department and placed in an out-of-home placement solely because the child's parent or guardian has a disability; requiring the Social Services Administration to adopt certain regulations prohibiting a local department from taking certain actions solely because a child's parent or guardian has a disability; ~~prohibiting a court, in any custody or visitation proceeding, from considering a disability of a party, except under certain circumstances~~ establishing that, in any custody or visitation proceeding, a disability of a party is relevant only to a certain extent; defining a certain term; altering a certain definition; and generally relating to the disability of certain individuals in certain CINA, guardianship, adoption, custody, or visitation proceedings.

BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,  
 Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings  
 Section 3–801(a), (f), and (g) ~~and 3–819.2(a)~~  
 Annotated Code of Maryland  
 (2006 Replacement Volume and 2008 Supplement)

BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,  
 Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings  
 Section 3–819(b) and ~~3–819.2(g)~~ 3–819.2(a) and (g)  
 Annotated Code of Maryland  
 (2006 Replacement Volume and 2008 Supplement)

BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,  
 Article – Family Law  
 Section 5–338(b), 5–350(b), 5–3A–35(b), 5–3B–19(b), and 5–525  
 Annotated Code of Maryland  
 (2006 Replacement Volume and 2008 Supplement)

BY adding to  
 Article – Family Law  
 Section 9–107  
 Annotated Code of Maryland  
 (2006 Replacement Volume and 2008 Supplement)

SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

### **Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings**

3–801.

(a) In this subtitle the following words have the meanings indicated.

(f) “Child in need of assistance” means a child who requires court intervention because:

(1) The child has been abused, has been neglected, has a developmental disability, or has a mental disorder; and

(2) The child’s parents, guardian, or custodian are unable or unwilling to give proper care and attention to the child and the child’s needs.

(g) “CINA” means a child in need of assistance.

3–819.

(b) (1) In making a disposition on a CINA petition under this subtitle, the court shall:

(i) Find that the child is not in need of assistance and, except as provided in subsection (e) of this section, dismiss the case;

(ii) Hold in abeyance a finding on whether a child with a developmental disability or a mental illness is a child in need of assistance and:

1. Order the local department to assess or reassess the family and child’s eligibility for placement of the child in accordance with a voluntary placement agreement under § 5–525(a)(1)(i) of the Family Law Article;

2. Order the local department to report back to the court in writing within 30 days unless the court extends the time period for good cause shown;

3. If the local department does not find the child eligible for placement in accordance with a voluntary placement agreement, hold a hearing to determine whether the family and child are eligible for placement of the child in accordance with a voluntary placement agreement; and

4. After the hearing:

A. Find that the child is not in need of assistance and order the local department to offer to place the child in accordance with a voluntary placement agreement under § 5–525(a)(1)(i) of the Family Law Article;

B. Find that the child is in need of assistance; or

C. Dismiss the case; or

(iii) Subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection, find that the child is in need of assistance and:

1. Not change the child's custody status; or
2. Commit the child on terms the court considers appropriate to the custody of:
  - A. A parent;
  - B. Subject to § 3-819.2 of this subtitle, a relative, or other individual; or
  - C. A local department, the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene, or both, including designation of the type of facility where the child is to be placed.

(2) (I) 1. IN THIS PARAGRAPH, "DISABILITY" MEANS ~~A PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT THAT SUBSTANTIALLY LIMITS ONE OR MORE OF THE MAJOR LIFE ACTIVITIES OF AN INDIVIDUAL.~~

~~2. "DISABILITY" DOES NOT INCLUDE ILLEGAL USE OF OR ADDICTION TO:~~

~~A. A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE AS DEFINED IN § 5-101 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; OR~~

~~B. A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE AS DEFINED IN § 102 OF THE FEDERAL CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT;~~

A. A PHYSICAL DISABILITY, INFIRMITY, MALFORMATION, OR DISFIGUREMENT THAT IS CAUSED BY BODILY INJURY, BIRTH DEFECT, OR ILLNESS, INCLUDING EPILEPSY;

B. A MENTAL IMPAIRMENT OR DEFICIENCY;

C. A RECORD OF HAVING A PHYSICAL OR MENTAL IMPAIRMENT AS DEFINED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH; OR

D. BEING REGARDED AS HAVING A PHYSICAL OR MENTAL IMPAIRMENT AS DEFINED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH.

2. "DISABILITY" INCLUDES:

A. ANY DEGREE OF PARALYSIS OR AMPUTATION;

1 B. BLINDNESS OR VISUAL IMPAIRMENT;

2 C. DEAFNESS OR HEARING IMPAIRMENT;

3 D. Muteness or speech impediment;

4 E. PHYSICAL RELIANCE ON A SERVICE ANIMAL OR A  
5 WHEELCHAIR OR OTHER REMEDIAL APPLIANCE OR DEVICE; AND

6 F. INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY, AS DEFINED IN §  
7 7-101 OF THE HEALTH - GENERAL ARTICLE, AND ANY OTHER MENTAL  
8 IMPAIRMENT OR DEFICIENCY THAT MAY HAVE NECESSITATED REMEDIAL OR  
9 SPECIAL EDUCATION AND RELATED SERVICES.

10 (II) IN MAKING A DISPOSITION ON A CINA PETITION UNDER  
11 ~~THIS SUBTITLE, THE COURT MAY NOT CONSIDER A DISABILITY OF A CHILD'S~~  
12 ~~PARENT, GUARDIAN, OR CUSTODIAN, UNLESS THE COURT SPECIFICALLY FINDS~~  
13 ~~THAT THE DISABILITY CAUSES THE PARENT, GUARDIAN, OR CUSTODIAN TO BE~~  
14 ~~UNABLE TO GIVE PROPER CARE AND ATTENTION TO THE CHILD AND THE~~  
15 ~~CHILD'S NEEDS A DISABILITY OF THE CHILD'S PARENT, GUARDIAN, OR~~  
16 ~~CUSTODIAN IS RELEVANT ONLY TO THE EXTENT THAT THE COURT FINDS, BASED~~  
17 ~~ON EVIDENCE IN THE RECORD, THAT THE DISABILITY AFFECTS THE ABILITY OF~~  
18 ~~THE PARENT, GUARDIAN, OR CUSTODIAN TO GIVE PROPER CARE AND ATTENTION~~  
19 ~~TO THE CHILD AND THE CHILD'S NEEDS.~~

20 [(2)] (3) Unless good cause is shown, a court shall give priority to the  
21 child's relatives over nonrelatives when committing the child to the custody of an  
22 individual other than a parent.

23 3-819.2.

24 (a) (1) In this section, "disability" means ~~a physical impairment that~~  
25 ~~substantially limits one or more of the major life activities of an individual.~~

26 ~~(2) "Disability" does not include illegal use of or addiction to:~~

27 ~~(i) A controlled dangerous substance as defined in § 5-101 of~~  
28 ~~the Criminal Law Article; or~~

29 ~~(ii) A controlled substance as defined in § 102 of the federal~~  
30 ~~Controlled Substances Act;~~

1                   (I) A PHYSICAL DISABILITY, INFIRMITY, MALFORMATION,  
2 OR DISFIGUREMENT THAT IS CAUSED BY BODILY INJURY, BIRTH DEFECT, OR  
3 ILLNESS, INCLUDING EPILEPSY;

4                   (II) A MENTAL IMPAIRMENT OR DEFICIENCY;

5                   (III) A RECORD OF HAVING A PHYSICAL OR MENTAL  
6 IMPAIRMENT AS DEFINED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION; OR

7                   (IV) BEING REGARDED AS HAVING A PHYSICAL OR MENTAL  
8 IMPAIRMENT AS DEFINED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION.

9                   (2) “DISABILITY” INCLUDES:

10                   (I) ANY DEGREE OF PARALYSIS OR AMPUTATION;

11                   (II) BLINDNESS OR VISUAL IMPAIRMENT;

12                   (III) DEAFNESS OR HEARING IMPAIRMENT;

13                   (IV) MUTENESS OR SPEECH IMPEDIMENT;

14                   (V) PHYSICAL RELIANCE ON A SERVICE ANIMAL OR A  
15 WHEELCHAIR OR OTHER REMEDIAL APPLIANCE OR DEVICE; AND

16                   (VI) INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY, AS DEFINED IN § 7-101 OF  
17 THE HEALTH – GENERAL ARTICLE, AND ANY OTHER MENTAL IMPAIRMENT OR  
18 DEFICIENCY THAT MAY HAVE NECESSITATED REMEDIAL OR SPECIAL EDUCATION  
19 AND RELATED SERVICES.

20           (g) In determining whether to grant custody and guardianship to a relative  
21 or a nonrelative under this section, ~~the court may not consider a disability of the~~  
22 ~~relative or nonrelative, unless the court SPECIFICALLY finds that the disability~~  
23 ~~causes a condition that is detrimental to the best interests of the child~~ A DISABILITY  
24 OF THE RELATIVE OR NONRELATIVE IS RELEVANT ONLY TO THE EXTENT THAT  
25 THE COURT FINDS, BASED ON EVIDENCE IN THE RECORD, THAT THE DISABILITY  
26 AFFECTS THE BEST INTEREST OF THE CHILD.

27                   Article – Family Law

28           5-338.

29           (b) (1) (I) IN THIS SUBSECTION, “DISABILITY” MEANS ~~A PHYSICAL~~  
30 ~~IMPAIRMENT THAT SUBSTANTIALLY LIMITS ONE OR MORE OF THE MAJOR LIFE~~  
31 ~~ACTIVITIES OF AN INDIVIDUAL.~~

~~(H) "DISABILITY" DOES NOT INCLUDE ILLEGAL USE OF OR ADDICTION TO:~~

~~1. A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE AS DEFINED IN § 5-101 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; OR~~

~~2. A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE AS DEFINED IN § 102 OF THE FEDERAL CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT;~~

1. A PHYSICAL DISABILITY, INFIRMITY, MALFORMATION, OR DISFIGUREMENT THAT IS CAUSED BY BODILY INJURY, BIRTH DEFECT, OR ILLNESS, INCLUDING EPILEPSY;

2. A MENTAL IMPAIRMENT OR DEFICIENCY;

3. A RECORD OF HAVING A PHYSICAL OR MENTAL IMPAIRMENT AS DEFINED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH; OR

4. BEING REGARDED AS HAVING A PHYSICAL OR MENTAL IMPAIRMENT AS DEFINED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH.

(II) "DISABILITY" INCLUDES:

1. ANY DEGREE OF PARALYSIS OR AMPUTATION;

2. BLINDNESS OR VISUAL IMPAIRMENT;

3. DEAFNESS OR HEARING IMPAIRMENT;

4. MUTENESS OR SPEECH IMPEDIMENT;

5. PHYSICAL RELIANCE ON A SERVICE ANIMAL OR A WHEELCHAIR OR OTHER REMEDIAL APPLIANCE OR DEVICE; AND

6. INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY, AS DEFINED IN § 7-101 OF THE HEALTH - GENERAL ARTICLE, AND ANY OTHER MENTAL IMPAIRMENT OR DEFICIENCY THAT MAY HAVE NECESSITATED REMEDIAL OR SPECIAL EDUCATION AND RELATED SERVICES.

(2) A local department may not withhold consent for the sole reason that:

(I) the race, religion, color, or national origin of a prospective adoptive parent differs from that of the child or parent; OR

(II) A PROSPECTIVE ADOPTIVE PARENT HAS A DISABILITY.

5-350.

(b) (1) (I) IN THIS SUBSECTION, "DISABILITY" MEANS ~~A PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT THAT SUBSTANTIALLY LIMITS ONE OR MORE OF THE MAJOR LIFE ACTIVITIES OF AN INDIVIDUAL.~~

~~(II) "DISABILITY" DOES NOT INCLUDE ILLEGAL USE OF OR ADDICTION TO:~~

~~1. A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE AS DEFINED IN § 5-101 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; OR~~

~~2. A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE AS DEFINED IN § 102 OF THE FEDERAL CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT;~~

1. A PHYSICAL DISABILITY, INFIRMITY, MALFORMATION, OR DISFIGUREMENT THAT IS CAUSED BY BODILY INJURY, BIRTH DEFECT, OR ILLNESS, INCLUDING EPILEPSY;

2. A MENTAL IMPAIRMENT OR DEFICIENCY;

3. A RECORD OF HAVING A PHYSICAL OR MENTAL IMPAIRMENT AS DEFINED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH; OR

4. BEING REGARDED AS HAVING A PHYSICAL OR MENTAL IMPAIRMENT AS DEFINED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH.

(II) "DISABILITY" INCLUDES:

1. ANY DEGREE OF PARALYSIS OR AMPUTATION;

2. BLINDNESS OR VISUAL IMPAIRMENT;

3. DEAFNESS OR HEARING IMPAIRMENT;

4. MUTENESS OR SPEECH IMPEDIMENT;

5. PHYSICAL RELIANCE ON A SERVICE ANIMAL OR A WHEELCHAIR OR OTHER REMEDIAL APPLIANCE OR DEVICE; AND



1                               **6. INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY, AS DEFINED IN §**  
2 **7-101 OF THE HEALTH – GENERAL ARTICLE, AND ANY OTHER MENTAL**  
3 **IMPAIRMENT OR DEFICIENCY THAT MAY HAVE NECESSITATED REMEDIAL OR**  
4 **SPECIAL EDUCATION AND RELATED SERVICES.**

5                   (2)     A guardian may not withhold consent for the sole reason that:

6                               (I)     the race, religion, color, or national origin of a prospective  
7 adoptive parent differs from that of the child or parent; **OR**

8                               (II)    **A PROSPECTIVE ADOPTIVE PARENT HAS A DISABILITY.**

9     5-3A-35.

10               (b)     (1)     (I)     IN THIS SUBSECTION, “DISABILITY” MEANS ~~A PHYSICAL~~  
11 ~~IMPAIRMENT THAT SUBSTANTIALLY LIMITS ONE OR MORE OF THE MAJOR LIFE~~  
12 ~~ACTIVITIES OF AN INDIVIDUAL.~~

13                               (II)   ~~“DISABILITY” DOES NOT INCLUDE ILLEGAL USE OF OR~~  
14 ~~ADDICTION TO:~~

15                                       ~~1. A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE AS~~  
16 ~~DEFINED IN § 5-101 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; OR~~

17                                       ~~2. A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE AS DEFINED IN § 102~~  
18 ~~OF THE FEDERAL CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT;~~

19                                       1. A PHYSICAL DISABILITY, INFIRMITY,  
20 MALFORMATION, OR DISFIGUREMENT THAT IS CAUSED BY BODILY INJURY,  
21 BIRTH DEFECT, OR ILLNESS, INCLUDING EPILEPSY;

22                                       2. A MENTAL IMPAIRMENT OR DEFICIENCY;

23                                       3. A RECORD OF HAVING A PHYSICAL OR MENTAL  
24 IMPAIRMENT AS DEFINED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH; OR

25                                       4. BEING REGARDED AS HAVING A PHYSICAL OR  
26 MENTAL IMPAIRMENT AS DEFINED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH.

27                               (II)    **“DISABILITY” INCLUDES:**

28                                       1. ANY DEGREE OF PARALYSIS OR AMPUTATION;

29                                       2. BLINDNESS OR VISUAL IMPAIRMENT;

1                               **3.    DEAFNESS OR HEARING IMPAIRMENT;**

2                               **4.    MUTENESS OR SPEECH IMPEDIMENT;**

3                               **5.    PHYSICAL RELIANCE ON A SERVICE ANIMAL OR A**  
4 **WHEELCHAIR OR OTHER REMEDIAL APPLIANCE OR DEVICE; AND**

5                               **6.    INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY, AS DEFINED IN §**  
6 **7-101 OF THE HEALTH - GENERAL ARTICLE, AND ANY OTHER MENTAL**  
7 **IMPAIRMENT OR DEFICIENCY THAT MAY HAVE NECESSITATED REMEDIAL OR**  
8 **SPECIAL EDUCATION AND RELATED SERVICES.**

9                               (2)    A child placement agency may not withhold consent for the sole  
10 reason that:

11                              (I)    the race, religion, color, or national origin of a prospective  
12 adoptive parent differs from that of the child or parent; **OR**

13                              (II)   A PROSPECTIVE ADOPTIVE PARENT HAS A DISABILITY.

14 5-3B-19.

15                              (b)   (1)   (I)   IN THIS SUBSECTION, "DISABILITY" MEANS ~~A PHYSICAL~~  
16 ~~IMPAIRMENT THAT SUBSTANTIALLY LIMITS ONE OR MORE OF THE MAJOR LIFE~~  
17 ~~ACTIVITIES OF AN INDIVIDUAL.~~

18                              ~~(H)   "DISABILITY" DOES NOT INCLUDE ILLEGAL USE OF OR~~  
19 ~~ADDICTION TO;~~

20                                       ~~1.    A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE AS~~  
21 ~~DEFINED IN § 5-101 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; OR~~

22                                       ~~2.    A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE AS DEFINED IN § 102~~  
23 ~~OF THE FEDERAL CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT;~~

24                                       **1.    A    PHYSICAL    DISABILITY,    INFIRMITY,**  
25 **MALFORMATION, OR DISFIGUREMENT THAT IS CAUSED BY BODILY INJURY,**  
26 **BIRTH DEFECT, OR ILLNESS, INCLUDING EPILEPSY;**

27                                       **2.    A MENTAL IMPAIRMENT OR DEFICIENCY;**

28                                       **3.    A RECORD OF HAVING A PHYSICAL OR MENTAL**  
29 **IMPAIRMENT AS DEFINED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH; OR**

1 4. BEING REGARDED AS HAVING A PHYSICAL OR  
2 MENTAL IMPAIRMENT AS DEFINED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH.

3 (II) “DISABILITY” INCLUDES:

4 1. ANY DEGREE OF PARALYSIS OR AMPUTATION;

5 2. BLINDNESS OR VISUAL IMPAIRMENT;

6 3. DEAFNESS OR HEARING IMPAIRMENT;

7 4. Muteness or speech impediment;

8 5. PHYSICAL RELIANCE ON A SERVICE ANIMAL OR A  
9 WHEELCHAIR OR OTHER REMEDIAL APPLIANCE OR DEVICE; AND

10 6. INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY, AS DEFINED IN §  
11 7-101 OF THE HEALTH – GENERAL ARTICLE, AND ANY OTHER MENTAL  
12 IMPAIRMENT OR DEFICIENCY THAT MAY HAVE NECESSITATED REMEDIAL OR  
13 SPECIAL EDUCATION AND RELATED SERVICES.

14 (2) In ruling on an adoption petition under this subtitle, a court may  
15 not deny the petition solely because the petitioner:

16 (I) is single or unmarried; OR

17 (II) HAS A DISABILITY.

18 5-525.

19 (A) (1) IN THIS SECTION, “DISABILITY” MEANS ~~A PHYSICAL~~  
20 ~~IMPAIRMENT THAT SUBSTANTIALLY LIMITS ONE OR MORE OF THE MAJOR LIFE~~  
21 ~~ACTIVITIES OF AN INDIVIDUAL.~~

22 ~~(2) “DISABILITY” DOES NOT INCLUDE ILLEGAL USE OF OR~~  
23 ~~ADDICTION TO:~~

24 ~~(I) A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE AS DEFINED IN~~  
25 ~~§ 5-101 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; OR~~

26 ~~(II) A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE AS DEFINED IN § 102 OF~~  
27 ~~THE FEDERAL CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT;~~

1                   (I) A PHYSICAL DISABILITY, INFIRMITY, MALFORMATION,  
2 OR DISFIGUREMENT THAT IS CAUSED BY BODILY INJURY, BIRTH DEFECT, OR  
3 ILLNESS, INCLUDING EPILEPSY;

4                   (II) A MENTAL IMPAIRMENT OR DEFICIENCY;

5                   (III) A RECORD OF HAVING A PHYSICAL OR MENTAL  
6 IMPAIRMENT AS DEFINED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION; OR

7                   (IV) BEING REGARDED AS HAVING A PHYSICAL OR MENTAL  
8 IMPAIRMENT AS DEFINED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION.

9                   (2) “DISABILITY” INCLUDES:

10                  (I) ANY DEGREE OF PARALYSIS OR AMPUTATION;

11                  (II) BLINDNESS OR VISUAL IMPAIRMENT;

12                  (III) DEAFNESS OR HEARING IMPAIRMENT;

13                  (IV) MUTENESS OR SPEECH IMPEDIMENT;

14                  (V) PHYSICAL RELIANCE ON A SERVICE ANIMAL OR A  
15 WHEELCHAIR OR OTHER REMEDIAL APPLIANCE OR DEVICE; AND

16                  (VI) INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY, AS DEFINED IN § 7-101 OF  
17 THE HEALTH – GENERAL ARTICLE, AND ANY OTHER MENTAL IMPAIRMENT OR  
18 DEFICIENCY THAT MAY HAVE NECESSITATED REMEDIAL OR SPECIAL EDUCATION  
19 AND RELATED SERVICES.

20                  [(a)] (B) (1) The Administration shall establish a program of  
21 out-of-home placement for minor children:

22                               (i) who are placed in the custody of a local department, for a  
23 period of not more than 180 days, by a parent or legal guardian under a voluntary  
24 placement agreement;

25                               (ii) who are abused, abandoned, neglected, or dependent, if a  
26 juvenile court:

27                                       1. has determined that continued residence in the child’s  
28 home is contrary to the child’s welfare; and

29                                       2. has committed the child to the custody or  
30 guardianship of a local department; or

1 (iii) who, with the approval of the Administration, are placed in  
2 an out-of-home placement by a local department under a voluntary placement  
3 agreement subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection.

4 (2) (i) A local department may not seek legal custody of a child  
5 under a voluntary placement agreement if the child has a developmental disability or  
6 a mental illness and the purpose of the voluntary placement agreement is to obtain  
7 treatment or care related to the child's disability that the parent is unable to provide.

8 (ii) A child described in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph may  
9 remain in an out-of-home placement under a voluntary placement agreement for  
10 more than 180 days if the child's disability necessitates care or treatment in the  
11 out-of-home placement and a juvenile court makes a finding that continuation of the  
12 placement is in the best interests of the child.

13 (iii) Each local department shall designate, from existing staff, a  
14 staff person to administer requests for voluntary placement agreements for children  
15 with developmental disabilities or mental illnesses.

16 (iv) Each local department shall report annually to the  
17 Administration on the number of requests for voluntary placement agreements for  
18 children with developmental disabilities or mental illnesses that have been received,  
19 the outcome of each request, and the reason for each denial.

20 (v) On receipt of a request for a voluntary placement agreement  
21 for a child with a developmental disability or a mental illness, a local department shall  
22 discuss the child's case at the next meeting of the local coordinating council for the  
23 purpose of determining whether any alternative or interim services for the child and  
24 family may be provided by any agency.

25 [(b)] (C) In establishing the out-of-home placement program the  
26 Administration shall:

27 (1) provide time-limited family reunification services to a child placed  
28 in an out-of-home placement and to the parents or guardian of the child, in order to  
29 facilitate the child's safe and appropriate reunification within a timely manner;

30 (2) concurrently develop and implement a permanency plan that is in  
31 the best interests of the child; and

32 (3) provide training on an annual basis for the staff at each local  
33 department who administer requests for voluntary placement agreements for children  
34 with developmental disabilities or mental illnesses under subsection [(a)] (B) of this  
35 section.

1        [(c)] (D)        (1)        The local department shall provide 24-hour a day care and  
2        supportive services for a child who is committed to its custody or guardianship in an  
3        out-of-home placement on a short-term basis or placed in accordance with a  
4        voluntary placement agreement.

5                        (2)        (i)        A child may not be committed to the custody or  
6        guardianship of a local department and placed in an out-of-home placement solely  
7        because the child's parent or guardian lacks shelter **OR HAS A DISABILITY** or solely  
8        because the child's parents are financially unable to provide treatment or care for a  
9        child with a developmental disability or mental illness.

10                      (ii)        The local department shall make appropriate referrals to  
11        emergency shelter services and other services for the homeless family with a child  
12        which lacks shelter.

13        [(d)] (E)        (1)        Unless a court orders that reasonable efforts are not  
14        required under § 3-812 of the Courts Article or § 5-323 of this title, reasonable efforts  
15        shall be made to preserve and reunify families:

16                      (i)        prior to the placement of a child in an out-of-home  
17        placement, to prevent or eliminate the need for removing the child from the child's  
18        home; and

19                      (ii)        to make it possible for a child to safely return to the child's  
20        home.

21                      (2)        In determining the reasonable efforts to be made and in making  
22        the reasonable efforts described under paragraph (1) of this subsection, the child's  
23        safety and health shall be the primary concern.

24                      (3)        Reasonable efforts to place a child for adoption or with a legal  
25        guardian may be made concurrently with the reasonable efforts described under  
26        paragraph (1) of this subsection.

27                      (4)        If continuation of reasonable efforts to reunify the child with the  
28        child's parents or guardian is determined to be inconsistent with the permanency plan  
29        for the child, reasonable efforts shall be made to place the child in a timely manner in  
30        accordance with the permanency plan, including consideration of both in-State and  
31        out-of-state placements, and to complete the steps to finalize the permanent  
32        placement of the child.

33        [(e)] (F)        (1)        In developing a permanency plan for a child in an  
34        out-of-home placement, the local department shall give primary consideration to the  
35        best interests of the child, including consideration of both in-State and out-of-state  
36        placements. The local department shall consider the following factors in determining  
37        the permanency plan that is in the best interests of the child:

1 (i) the child's ability to be safe and healthy in the home of the  
2 child's parent;

3 (ii) the child's attachment and emotional ties to the child's  
4 natural parents and siblings;

5 (iii) the child's emotional attachment to the child's current  
6 caregiver and the caregiver's family;

7 (iv) the length of time the child has resided with the current  
8 caregiver;

9 (v) the potential emotional, developmental, and educational  
10 harm to the child if moved from the child's current placement; and

11 (vi) the potential harm to the child by remaining in State  
12 custody for an excessive period of time.

13 (2) To the extent consistent with the best interests of the child in an  
14 out-of-home placement, the local department shall consider the following permanency  
15 plans, in descending order of priority:

16 (i) returning the child to the child's parent or guardian, unless  
17 the local department is the guardian;

18 (ii) placing the child with relatives to whom adoption, custody  
19 and guardianship, or care and custody, in descending order of priority, are planned to  
20 be granted;

21 (iii) adoption in the following descending order of priority:

22 1. by a current foster parent with whom the child has  
23 resided continually for at least the 12 months prior to developing the permanency plan  
24 or for a sufficient length of time to have established positive relationships and family  
25 ties; or

26 2. by another approved adoptive family; or

27 (iv) another planned permanent living arrangement that:

28 1. addresses the individualized needs of the child,  
29 including the child's educational plan, emotional stability, physical placement, and  
30 socialization needs; and

31 2. includes goals that promote the continuity of relations  
32 with individuals who will fill a lasting and significant role in the child's life.

(3) Subject to paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection and to the extent consistent with the best interests of a child in an out-of-home placement, in determining a permanency plan, the local department shall consider the following in descending order of priority:

(i) placement of the child in the local jurisdiction where the child's parent or guardian resides; or

(ii) if the local department finds, based on a compelling reason, that placement of the child as described in item (i) of this paragraph is not in the best interest of the child, placement of the child in another jurisdiction in the State after considering:

1. the availability of resources to provide necessary services to the child;

2. the accessibility to family treatment, if appropriate; and

3. the effect on the local school system.

**[(f)] (G)** (1) The local department shall:

(i) prepare the permanency plan in writing within 60 days of the date the child comes into care;

(ii) if the child is under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court, furnish the plan to the child's parents, the child or the child's counsel, and to the juvenile court; and

(iii) maintain the plan in the agency's case record.

(2) The local department shall amend the plan promptly as necessary in light of the child's situation and any court orders which affect the child.

**[(g)] (H)** Unless a child has received a review from the local board of review of foster care under § 5-544 of this subtitle, the local department shall perform an administrative review every 6 months to determine the success of the efforts to meet the goals set out in the permanency plan or the agreement with the parents or guardians in voluntary placements.

**[(h)] (I)** (1) Foster parents who wish to adopt a foster child in their care and who wish to contest the agency's decision to place the child with another adoptive family may, within 30 days from the removal of the child, file with the agency a request for a hearing.



(2) Within 10 days after receipt of a request for a hearing under paragraph (1) of this subsection, the agency shall notify the Office of Administrative Hearings, which shall hold the hearing and issue a decision within 45 days of the receipt of the request.

[(i)] (J) The Administration shall adopt regulations that:

(1) establish goals and specify permanency planning procedures that:

(i) maximize the prospect for reducing length of stay in out-of-home placement in the best interests of children; and

(ii) implement the intent of this section;

(2) prohibit a local department from seeking the custody or guardianship of a child for placement in foster care solely because the child's parent or guardian lacks shelter **OR HAS A DISABILITY** or solely because the child's parents are financially unable to provide treatment or care for a child with a developmental disability or mental illness;

(3) specify the compelling reasons for placing a child in a local jurisdiction other than the local jurisdiction where the child's parent or guardian resides, under subsection [(e)(3)(ii)] **(F)(3)(II)** of this section;

(4) require the local department to make appropriate referrals to emergency shelter and other services for families with children who lack shelter;

(5) establish criteria for investigating and approving foster homes; and

(6) for cases in which the permanency plan recommended by the local department or under consideration by the court includes appointment of a guardian and rescission of the local department's custody or guardianship of a child:

(i) establish criteria for investigating and determining the suitability of prospective relative or nonrelative guardians; and

(ii) require the filing of a report with the court as provided in § 3-819.2 of the Courts Article.

## **9-107.**

(A) (1) IN THIS SECTION, "DISABILITY" MEANS ~~A PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT THAT SUBSTANTIALLY LIMITS ONE OR MORE OF THE MAJOR LIFE ACTIVITIES OF AN INDIVIDUAL.~~

~~(2) "DISABILITY" DOES NOT INCLUDE ILLEGAL USE OF OR ADDICTION TO:~~

~~(I) A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE AS DEFINED IN § 5-101 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; OR~~

~~(II) A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE AS DEFINED IN § 102 OF THE FEDERAL CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT;~~

(I) A PHYSICAL DISABILITY, INFIRMITY, MALFORMATION, OR DISFIGUREMENT THAT IS CAUSED BY BODILY INJURY, BIRTH DEFECT, OR ILLNESS, INCLUDING EPILEPSY;

(II) A MENTAL IMPAIRMENT OR DEFICIENCY;

(III) A RECORD OF HAVING A PHYSICAL OR MENTAL IMPAIRMENT AS DEFINED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION; OR

(IV) BEING REGARDED AS HAVING A PHYSICAL OR MENTAL IMPAIRMENT AS DEFINED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION.

(2) "DISABILITY" INCLUDES:

(I) ANY DEGREE OF PARALYSIS OR AMPUTATION;

(II) BLINDNESS OR VISUAL IMPAIRMENT;

(III) DEAFNESS OR HEARING IMPAIRMENT;

(IV) MUTENESS OR SPEECH IMPEDIMENT;

(V) PHYSICAL RELIANCE ON A SERVICE ANIMAL OR A WHEELCHAIR OR OTHER REMEDIAL APPLIANCE OR DEVICE; AND

(VI) INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY, AS DEFINED IN § 7-101 OF THE HEALTH - GENERAL ARTICLE, AND ANY OTHER MENTAL IMPAIRMENT OR DEFICIENCY THAT MAY HAVE NECESSITATED REMEDIAL OR SPECIAL EDUCATION AND RELATED SERVICES.

~~(B) IN ANY CUSTODY OR VISITATION PROCEEDING, THE COURT MAY NOT CONSIDER A DISABILITY OF A PARTY, UNLESS THE COURT SPECIFICALLY FINDS THAT THE DISABILITY CAUSES A CONDITION THAT IS DETRIMENTAL TO THE BEST INTERESTS OF THE CHILD~~ A DISABILITY OF A PARTY IS RELEVANT

1 **ONLY TO THE EXTENT THAT THE COURT FINDS, BASED ON EVIDENCE IN THE**  
2 **RECORD, THAT THE DISABILITY AFFECTS THE BEST INTEREST OF THE CHILD.**

3 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect  
4 October 1, 2009.

Approved:

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Governor.

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President of the Senate.

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Speaker of the House of Delegates.