SENATE BILL 830

P3, D3 SB 845/08 – JPR

By: Senator Lenett

Introduced and read first time: February 6, 2009

Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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Maryland False Claims Act

3 FOR the purpose of prohibiting certain actions constituting false claims against the 4 State; providing certain penalties for making false claims against the State; 5 requiring the Attorney General to investigate certain violations; authorizing a 6 person other than the State to file a civil action on behalf of the State against a 7 person who makes a false claim against the State; providing for certain 8 procedures to be followed in a civil action; authorizing the State to proceed with 9 the action with or without the person that initiated the action; authorizing the 10 State to choose not to proceed with the action but allow the person that initiated 11 the action to proceed; authorizing the court to limit the participation of the person that initiated the action under certain circumstances; authorizing the 12 13 State to intervene at a later time in the proceedings or to pursue alternative 14 remedies; authorizing the State to stay certain discovery under certain 15 circumstances; providing for certain damages and payments to the person that 16 initiated the action; providing for certain payments to a person that provides 17 certain documentary materials or information; providing for certain payments to the person charged under certain circumstances if the person charged 18 prevails; prohibiting an employer from taking retaliatory action against an 19 employee under certain circumstances; providing certain remedies for 20 21 retaliatory action; providing certain limitations on civil actions filed under this 22 Act; providing that certain civil actions may be brought retroactively under certain circumstances; providing that certain guilty verdicts shall estop certain 23 defendants from denying certain elements in a certain civil action; making the 24 provisions of this Act severable; providing that a certain subtitle be liberally 25 construed; defining certain terms; and generally relating to false claims against 26 27 the State.

BY adding to

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Article – State Government

1 2 3	Section 12–601 through 12–609 to be under the new subtitle "Subtitle 6. Maryland False Claims Act" Annotated Code of Maryland
4	(2004 Replacement Volume and 2008 Supplement)
5 6	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
7	Article - State Government
8	SUBTITLE 6. MARYLAND FALSE CLAIMS ACT.
9	12–601.
10	(A) IN THIS SUBTITLE THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS
11	INDICATED.
12	(B) "CLAIM" MEANS A REQUEST OR DEMAND FOR MONEY, PROPERTY,
13	OR SERVICES MADE UNDER CONTRACT OR OTHERWISE, BY A CONTRACTOR,
14	GRANTEE, OR OTHER PERSON WITH AN ALLEGED CLAIM TO MONEY OR
15	PROPERTY IF:
16	(1) THE STATE PROVIDES ANY PORTION OF THE MONEY OR
17	PROPERTY THAT IS REQUESTED OR DEMANDED; OR
18	(2) THE STATE REIMBURSES THE CONTRACTOR, GRANTEE, OR
19	OTHER PERSON FOR ANY PORTION OF THE MONEY OR PROPERTY THAT IS
20	REQUESTED OR DEMANDED.
21	(C) "EMPLOYEE" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO PERFORMS SERVICES:
22	(1) FOR AND UNDER THE CONTROL AND DIRECTION OF AN
23	EMPLOYER; AND
24	(2) UNDER AN EMPLOYER'S PROMISE OR IMPLIED PROMISE OF
25	PAYMENT OF WAGES OR REMUNERATION.
26	(D) (1) "EMPLOYER" MEANS A PERSON OR GROUP OF PERSONS THAT,
27	ACTING DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY ON BEHALF OF ANOTHER PERSON OR GROUP
28	OF PERSONS:
29	(I) ALLOWS AN EMPLOYEE TO PERFORM SERVICES UNDER
30	THE EMPLOYER'S CONTROL AND DIRECTION; AND

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1	(II) PROMISES OR IMPLIES THAT THE EMPLOYEE WILL
2	RECEIVE WAGES OR OTHER REMUNERATION IN PAYMENT FOR THE
3	PERFORMANCE OF THOSE SERVICES.
4	(2) "EMPLOYER" INCLUDES ANY UNIT OF THE STATE
5	GOVERNMENT INVOLVED IN A NONGOVERNMENTAL FUNCTION SUCH AS A STATE
6	INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION OR STATE HOSPITAL.
7	(E) (1) "KNOWING" AND "KNOWINGLY" MEAN THAT A PERSON, WITH
8	RESPECT TO INFORMATION:
9	(I) HAS ACTUAL KNOWLEDGE OF INFORMATION;
LO	(II) ACTS IN DELIBERATE IGNORANCE OF THE TRUTH OR
l 1	FALSITY OF THE INFORMATION; OR
12	(III) ACTS IN RECKLESS DISREGARD OF THE TRUTH OR
13	FALSITY OF THE INFORMATION.
L 4	(2) "KNOWING" AND "KNOWINGLY" DO NOT REQUIRE PROOF OF
L 5	SPECIFIC INTENT TO DEFRAUD.
16	12–602.
L 7	(A) A PERSON MAY NOT:
18	(1) KNOWINGLY PRESENT OR CAUSE TO BE PRESENTED TO AN
L 9	OFFICER, EMPLOYEE, OR AGENT OF THE STATE A FALSE OR FRAUDULENT
20	CLAIM FOR PAYMENT OR APPROVAL;
21	(2) KNOWINGLY MAKE, USE, OR CAUSE TO BE MADE OR USED A
22	FALSE RECORD OR STATEMENT TO GET A FALSE OR FRAUDULENT CLAIM
23	APPROVED OR PAID BY THE STATE;
24	(3) CONSPIRE TO DEFRAUD THE STATE BY GETTING A FALSE OR
25	FRAUDULENT CLAIM APPROVED OR PAID BY THE STATE;
26	(4) HAVE POSSESSION, CUSTODY, OR CONTROL OF PROPERTY OR
27	MONEY USED OR TO BE USED BY THE STATE AND KNOWINGLY DELIVER OR

30 (5) BE AUTHORIZED TO MAKE OR DELIVER A DOCUMENT 31 CERTIFYING RECEIPT OF PROPERTY USED OR TO BE USED BY THE STATE AND

WHICH THE PERSON RECEIVES A CERTIFICATE OR RECEIPT;

CAUSE TO BE DELIVERED LESS PROPERTY OR MONEY THAN THE AMOUNT FOR

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- 1 KNOWINGLY MAKE OR DELIVER A RECEIPT WITHOUT KNOWING THAT THE
- 2 INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THE RECEIPT IS TRUE;
- 3 (6) KNOWINGLY BUY OR RECEIVE, AS A PLEDGE OF AN
- 4 OBLIGATION OR DEBT, PUBLICLY OWNED PROPERTY FROM A PERSON WHO
- 5 LAWFULLY MAY NOT SELL OR PLEDGE THE PROPERTY;
- 6 (7) KNOWINGLY MAKE, USE, OR CAUSE TO BE MADE OR USED A
- 7 FALSE RECORD OR STATEMENT TO CONCEAL, AVOID, OR DECREASE AN
- 8 OBLIGATION TO PAY OR TRANSMIT MONEY OR PROPERTY TO THE STATE; OR
- 9 (8) BE A BENEFICIARY OF AN INADVERTENT SUBMISSION OF A
- 10 FALSE CLAIM TO THE STATE, DISCOVER THE FALSITY OF THE CLAIM, AND FAIL
- 11 TO DISCLOSE THE FALSE CLAIM TO THE STATE WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME
- 12 AFTER THE DISCOVERY.
- 13 (B) (1) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS
- 14 SUBSECTION, A PERSON WHO IS FOUND TO HAVE VIOLATED SUBSECTION (A) OF
- 15 THIS SECTION IS LIABLE TO THE STATE FOR:
- 16 (I) THREE TIMES THE AMOUNT OF DAMAGES THAT THE
- 17 STATE SUSTAINS BECAUSE OF THE ACT OF THE PERSON:
- 18 (II) A CIVIL FINE OF NOT LESS THAN \$5,000 OR MORE THAN
- 19 **\$10,000;** AND
- 20 (III) THE COSTS OF A CIVIL ACTION BROUGHT TO RECOVER
- 21 ANY PENALTIES OR DAMAGES UNDER THIS SUBTITLE.
- 22 (2) A COURT MAY ASSESS NOT LESS THAN TWO TIMES THE
- 23 AMOUNT OF DAMAGES THAT THE STATE SUSTAINS AS A RESULT OF A PERSON
- 24 COMMITTING A VIOLATION OF THIS SUBTITLE IF THE COURT FINDS THAT:
- 25 (I) WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER THE DATE ON WHICH THE
- 26 PERSON FIRST OBTAINED THE INFORMATION, THE PERSON FURNISHED STATE
- 27 OFFICIALS RESPONSIBLE FOR INVESTIGATING FALSE CLAIMS VIOLATIONS WITH
- 28 ALL INFORMATION KNOWN TO THE PERSON ABOUT THE VIOLATION;
- 29 (II) THE PERSON FULLY COOPERATED WITH ANY STATE
- 30 INVESTIGATION OF THE VIOLATION; AND
- 31 (III) AT THE TIME THE PERSON FURNISHED THE STATE WITH
- 32 THE INFORMATION ABOUT THE VIOLATION:

- 1 A CIVIL OR ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION RELATING
 2 TO THE VIOLATION HAD NOT BEEN BROUGHT UNDER THIS SUBTITLE; AND
- 3 2. THE PERSON DID NOT HAVE ACTUAL PRIOR 4 KNOWLEDGE OF THE EXISTENCE OF AN INVESTIGATION OF THE VIOLATION.
- 5 (C) LIABILITY UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL BE JOINT AND SEVERAL 6 FOR AN ACT COMMITTED BY TWO OR MORE PERSONS.
- 7 (D) THE PENALTIES PROVIDED FOR IN THIS SECTION ARE IN ADDITION 8 TO ANY OTHER REMEDIES PROVIDED FOR IN ANY OTHER LAW.
- 9 (E) This section does not apply to claims, records, or 10 statements made in accordance with the Tax General Article and 11 the Tax Property Article.
- 12 **12–603.**
- 13 (A) THE ATTORNEY GENERAL SHALL INVESTIGATE A VIOLATION
 14 UNDER THIS SUBTITLE AND THE ATTORNEY GENERAL MAY FILE A CIVIL ACTION
 15 AGAINST A PERSON WHO HAS MADE A FALSE CLAIM AGAINST THE STATE IN
 16 VIOLATION OF THIS SUBTITLE.
- 17 (B) A PERSON MAY FILE A CIVIL ACTION ON BEHALF OF THE PERSON
 18 AND THE STATE IN A COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION AGAINST A PERSON
 19 WHO HAS MADE A FALSE CLAIM AGAINST THE STATE IN VIOLATION OF THIS
 20 SUBTITLE.
- 21 (C) (1) A CIVIL ACTION FILED UNDER THIS SUBTITLE SHALL BE 22 BROUGHT IN THE NAME OF THE STATE.
- 23 (2) A CIVIL ACTION FILED UNDER THIS SUBTITLE MAY BE
 24 DISMISSED ONLY IF THE COURT GIVES WRITTEN CONSENT, TAKING INTO
 25 ACCOUNT THE BEST INTERESTS OF THE PARTIES INVOLVED AND THE PURPOSES
 26 OF THIS SUBTITLE.
- 27 (D) (1) ON THE SAME DAY A PERSON FILES A COMPLAINT UNDER
 28 SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, THE PERSON SHALL SERVE ON THE STATE A
 29 COPY OF THE COMPLAINT AND A WRITTEN DISCLOSURE OF SUBSTANTIALLY ALL
 30 MATERIAL EVIDENCE AND INFORMATION THAT THE PERSON POSSESSES, IN
 31 ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF TITLE 2 OF THE MARYLAND RULES
 32 FOR SERVING PROCESS ON THE STATE.

- 1 (2) THE COMPLAINT SHALL BE FILED IN CAMERA AND SHALL 2 REMAIN UNDER SEAL FOR AT LEAST 60 DAYS OR UNTIL THE COURT ORDERS THE
- 3 COMPLAINT SERVED ON THE DEFENDANT.
- 4 (3) THE PERSON MAY NOT SERVE THE COMPLAINT ON THE
- 5 DEFENDANT UNTIL THE COURT ORDERS THE COMPLAINT SERVED, AND THE
- 6 DEFENDANT MAY NOT BE REQUIRED TO RESPOND TO A COMPLAINT FILED
- 7 UNDER THIS SECTION UNTIL AFTER THE COMPLAINT IS:
- 8 (I) UNSEALED; AND
- 9 (II) SERVED ON THE DEFENDANT IN ACCORDANCE WITH 10 TITLE 2 OF THE MARYLAND RULES.
- 11 (E) (1) WITHIN 60 DAYS AFTER THE STATE RECEIVES A COMPLAINT
- 12 AND MATERIAL EVIDENCE AND INFORMATION SERVED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
- 13 SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION, THE STATE MAY INTERVENE AND PROCEED
- 14 WITH THE CIVIL ACTION.
- 15 (2) (I) FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN, THE STATE MAY REQUEST
- 16 THAT THE COURT ORDER AN EXTENSION OF THE 60-DAY PERIOD FOR UP TO 90
- 17 DAYS.
- 18 (II) THE COMPLAINT SHALL REMAIN UNDER SEAL DURING
- 19 ANY EXTENSION OF THE PERIOD FOR THE STATE TO INTERVENE.
- 20 (3) BEFORE THE LATER OF ANY EXPIRATION OF THE 60-DAY
- 21 PERIOD OR AN EXTENSION OF THE **60-DAY** PERIOD, THE **STATE** SHALL:
- 22 (I) PROCEED WITH THE CIVIL ACTION IN A COURT OF
- 23 COMPETENT JURISDICTION WITHIN THE STATE; OR
- 24 (II) NOTIFY THE COURT THAT IT WILL NOT PROCEED WITH
- 25 THE CIVIL ACTION.
- 26 (4) If the State notifies the court that it will not
- 27 PROCEED WITH AN ACTION, THE PERSON WHO INITIATED THE ACTION MAY
- 28 CONDUCT THE ACTION.
- 29 (F) IF A PERSON BRINGS A VALID CIVIL ACTION UNDER THIS
- 30 SUBSECTION, NO PERSON OTHER THAN THE STATE MAY INTERVENE OR BRING A
- 31 RELATED ACTION BASED ON THE FACTS UNDERLYING THE PENDING CIVIL
- 32 ACTION.

- 1 **12–604.**
- 2 (A) (1) IF THE STATE PROCEEDS WITH A CIVIL ACTION UNDER THIS
- 3 SUBTITLE, IT HAS THE PRIMARY RESPONSIBILITY FOR PROCEEDING WITH THE
- 4 ACTION AND IS NOT BOUND BY ANY ACT OF THE PERSON WHO INITIATED THE
- 5 ACTION.
- 6 (2) SUBJECT TO SUBSECTIONS (C) AND (D) OF THIS SECTION, THE
- 7 PERSON WHO INITIATED THE CIVIL ACTION MAY CONTINUE AS A PARTY TO THE
- 8 ACTION.
- 9 (B) (1) NOTWITHSTANDING THE OBJECTIONS OF THE PERSON
- 10 INITIATING THE CIVIL ACTION, THE STATE MAY PETITION THE COURT TO
- 11 DISMISS AN ACTION IF:
- 12 (I) THE PERSON INITIATING THE ACTION IS NOTIFIED BY
- 13 THE STATE OF THE FILING OF THE MOTION TO DISMISS; AND
- 14 (II) THE COURT PROVIDES THE PERSON INITIATING THE
- 15 ACTION WITH AN OPPORTUNITY FOR A HEARING ON THE MOTION TO DISMISS.
- 16 (2) NOTWITHSTANDING THE OBJECTIONS OF THE PERSON
- 17 INITIATING THE CIVIL ACTION, IF THE COURT DETERMINES AFTER A HEARING
- 18 THAT A PROPOSED SETTLEMENT IS FAIR, ADEQUATE, AND REASONABLE UNDER
- 19 THE CIRCUMSTANCES, THE STATE MAY SETTLE A CIVIL ACTION UNDER THIS
- 20 SECTION.
- 21 (C) (1) THE COURT MAY IMPOSE LIMITATIONS ON THE
- 22 PARTICIPATION OF THE PERSON INITIATING A CIVIL ACTION UNDER THIS
- 23 **SECTION IF:**
- 24 (I) THE STATE SHOWS THAT THE PERSON'S UNRESTRICTED
- 25 PARTICIPATION IN THE ACTION WOULD:
- 1. INTERFERE WITH OR UNDULY DELAY THE STATE
- 27 IN ITS PURSUIT OF THE ACTION; OR
- 28 **2.** BE REPETITIOUS, IRRELEVANT, OR HARASSING TO
- 29 THE PERSON CHARGED WITH VIOLATING THIS SUBTITLE; OR
- 30 (II) THE PERSON CHARGED WITH VIOLATING THIS SUBTITLE
- 31 SHOWS THAT UNRESTRICTED PARTICIPATION BY THE PERSON INITIATING THE
- 32 ACTION WOULD HARASS OR CAUSE THE PERSON CHARGED AN UNDUE BURDEN
- 33 OR UNNECESSARY EXPENSE.

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1	(2) LIMITATIONS IMPOSED BY THE COURT MAY INCLUDE:
2 3	(I) A LIMITATION ON THE NUMBER OF WITNESSES THE PERSON MAY CALL TO TESTIFY;
$\frac{4}{5}$	(II) A LIMITATION ON THE LENGTH OF THE TESTIMONY OF WITNESSES CALLED BY THE PERSON;
6	(III) A LIMITATION ON THE PERSON'S CROSS-EXAMINATION
7	OF WITNESSES; OR
8	(IV) OTHERWISE LIMITING THE PARTICIPATION BY THE
9	PERSON THAT INITIATED THE CIVIL ACTION.
10	(D) (1) IF THE STATE ELECTS NOT TO PROCEED WITH THE CIVIL
11 12	ACTION, THE PERSON INITIATING THE ACTION HAS THE RIGHT TO PROCEED WITH THE ACTION.
13	(2) NOTWITHSTANDING THE STATE'S ELECTION NOT TO
14 15	PROCEED, IF THE STATE REQUESTS, THE COURT SHALL ORDER THAT THE STATE BE SERVED AT ITS OWN EXPENSE WITH COPIES OF:
19	STATE BE SERVED AT ITS OWN EXPENSE WITH COPIES OF:
16	(I) ALL PLEADINGS FILED IN THE CIVIL ACTION; AND
17	(II) ALL DEPOSITION TRANSCRIPTS.
18	(3) WITHOUT LIMITING THE STATUS AND RIGHTS OF THE PERSON
19 20	INITIATING THE CIVIL ACTION, THE COURT MAY ALLOW THE STATE TO INTERVENE AT A LATER DATE ON A SHOWING OF GOOD CAUSE.
20	INTERVENE AT A LATER DATE ON A SHOWING OF GOOD CAUSE.
21	(E) (1) WHETHER OR NOT THE STATE PROCEEDS WITH A CIVIL
22	ACTION, ON A SHOWING BY THE STATE THAT CERTAIN ACTIONS OF DISCOVERY
23	BY THE PERSON INITIATING THE ACTION WOULD INTERFERE WITH THE STATE'S
24	INVESTIGATION OR PROSECUTION OF A CRIMINAL OR CIVIL MATTER ARISING
25	OUT OF THE SAME FACTS, THE COURT MAY STAY THE DISCOVERY FOR A PERIOD
26	OF NOT MORE THAN 60 DAYS.
27	(2) THE COURT MAY EXTEND THE 60-DAY PERIOD ON A FURTHER
28	SHOWING THAT THE STATE HAS PURSUED THE CRIMINAL OR CIVIL
29	INVESTIGATION OR PROCEEDINGS WITH REASONABLE DILIGENCE AND THAT
30	ANY PROPOSED DISCOVERY IN THE CIVIL ACTION WILL INTERFERE WITH THE

ONGOING CRIMINAL OR CIVIL INVESTIGATION OR PROCEEDING.

1	(3) THE SHOWINGS UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE IN
2	CAMERA.
3	(F) (1) INSTEAD OF PROCEEDING WITH A CIVIL ACTION, THE STATE
4	MAY PURSUE AN ALTERNATIVE REMEDY AVAILABLE TO THE STATE, INCLUDING
5	ANY APPROPRIATE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING TO CONSIDER A CIVIL MONEY
6	PENALTY.
7	(2) IF THE STATE SEEKS AN ALTERNATIVE REMEDY IN ANOTHER
8	PROCEEDING, THE PERSON INITIATING THE CIVIL ACTION SHALL HAVE THE
9	SAME RIGHTS IN THE ALTERNATIVE PROCEEDING AS THE PERSON WOULD HAVE
10	HAD IF THE ACTION HAD CONTINUED UNDER THIS SUBTITLE.
11	(3) A FINDING OF FACT OR CONCLUSION OF LAW MADE IN ANY
12	ALTERNATIVE PROCEEDING THAT HAS BECOME FINAL SHALL BE CONCLUSIVE
13	ON ALL PARTIES AS IF AN ACTION HAD BEEN BROUGHT UNDER THIS SUBTITLE.
14	12–605.
15	(A) (1) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION, IF THE
16	STATE PROCEEDS WITH AN ACTION BROUGHT BY A PERSON INITIATING A CIVIL
17	ACTION UNDER THIS SUBTITLE AND THE STATE PREVAILS BY A
18	PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE, THE COURT SHALL AWARD THE PERSON
19	INITIATING THE ACTION AN AMOUNT THAT IS:
20	(I) NOT LESS THAN 15% AND NOT MORE THAN 25% OF:
21	1. ANY DAMAGES RECOVERED IN THE ACTION THAT
22	RESULT FROM THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THE ORIGINAL ACTION
23	BROUGHT BY THE PERSON; OR
0.4	O ANN CHURT DRADNE OF THE CLAIM, AND
24	2. ANY SETTLEMENT OF THE CLAIM; AND
25	(II) PROPORTIONAL TO THE AMOUNT OF TIME AND EFFORT
26	THAT THE PERSON CONTRIBUTED TO THE FINAL RESOLUTION OF THE CIVIL
27	ACTION.
28	(2) If a civil action is one that the court finds is based
29	PRIMARILY ON SPECIFIC DOCUMENTARY MATERIALS OR INFORMATION

(I) THE COURT CONSIDERS APPROPRIATE; AND

ACTION, THE COURT MAY MAKE AN AWARD THAT:

DISCLOSED BY A PERSON OTHER THAN THE PERSON WHO INITIATED THE

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$\frac{1}{2}$	(II) DOES NOT EXCEED 10% OF THE PROCEEDS OF THE ACTION.
$\frac{3}{4}$	(3) AWARDS UNDER PARAGRAPHS (1) AND (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE PAID OUT OF THE PROCEEDS OF THE ACTION.
5 6 7	(4) IN ADDITION TO THE AMOUNT PROVIDED UNDER PARAGRAPHS (1) AND (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, A COURT SHALL AWARD A PERSON INITIATING AN ACTION:
8 9	(I) AN AMOUNT FOR REASONABLE EXPENSES THAT THE COURT FINDS TO HAVE BEEN NECESSARILY INCURRED; AND
10	(II) REASONABLE ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS.
11 12 13	(5) ALL EXPENSES, FEES, AND COSTS AWARDED UNDER PARAGRAPH (4) OF THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE AWARDED AGAINST THE PERSON FOUND TO HAVE VIOLATED THIS SUBTITLE.
14 15 16 17	(B) (1) IF THE STATE DOES NOT PROCEED WITH AN ACTION UNDER THIS SUBTITLE AND THE PERSON INITIATING THE ACTION PREVAILS, THE COURT SHALL AWARD THE PERSON INITIATING THE ACTION AN AMOUNT THAT IS:
18 19	(I) NOT LESS THAN 25% OR MORE THAN 30% OF THE PROCEEDS OF THE ACTION OR SETTLEMENT OF THE CLAIM;
$\begin{array}{c} 20 \\ 21 \end{array}$	(II) REASONABLE FOR COLLECTING THE CIVIL PENALTY AND DAMAGES ON THE STATE'S BEHALF; AND
22	(III) PAID OUT OF THE PROCEEDS.
23 24 25	(2) IN ADDITION TO THE AMOUNT PROVIDED UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION, A COURT SHALL AWARD A PERSON INITIATING AN ACTION:
26 27	(I) AN AMOUNT FOR REASONABLE EXPENSES THAT THE COURT FINDS TO HAVE BEEN NECESSARILY INCURRED; AND
28	(II) REASONABLE ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS.
29	(3) ALL EXPENSES, FEES, AND COSTS AWARDED UNDER

PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE AWARDED AGAINST THE

PERSON FOUND TO HAVE VIOLATED THIS SUBTITLE.

- 1 **(C) (1)** WHETHER OR NOT THE STATE PROCEEDS WITH A CIVIL 2ACTION UNDER THIS SUBTITLE, IF A COURT FINDS THAT A CIVIL ACTION WAS 3 BROUGHT BY A PERSON WHO DELIBERATELY PARTICIPATED IN THE VIOLATION 4 ON WHICH THE ACTION WAS BASED, THE COURT MAY, TO THE EXTENT IT 5 CONSIDERS APPROPRIATE, REDUCE THE SHARE OF THE PROCEEDS OF THE 6 ACTION THAT THE PERSON OTHERWISE WOULD HAVE RECEIVED UNDER THIS 7 SECTION.
- 8 (2) IN REDUCING THE SHARE OF THE PROCEEDS OF THE PERSON 9 INITIATING THE CIVIL ACTION, THE COURT SHALL CONSIDER:
- 10 (I) THE ROLE OF THE PERSON IN ADVANCING THE CASE TO 11 LITIGATION; AND
- 12 (II) ANY RELEVANT CIRCUMSTANCES RELATING TO THE 13 VIOLATION.
- 14 (D) (1) IF A PERSON INITIATING A CIVIL ACTION UNDER THIS
 15 SUBTITLE IS CONVICTED OF CRIMINAL CONDUCT ARISING FROM A VIOLATION
 16 OF THIS SUBTITLE PRIOR TO A FINAL DETERMINATION OF THE ACTION, THE
 17 COURT SHALL DISMISS THE PERSON FROM THE ACTION SO THAT THE PERSON
 18 DOES NOT RECEIVE ANY SHARE OF THE PROCEEDS OF THE ACTION.
- 19 (2) THE DISMISSAL OF THE PERSON INITIATING THE ACTION MAY 20 NOT PREJUDICE THE RIGHT OF THE STATE OR OF ANY OTHER PERSON TO 21 CONTINUE THE ACTION.
- 22 (E) If A PERSON INITIATING A CIVIL ACTION UNDER THIS SUBTITLE IS
 23 CONVICTED OF CRIMINAL CONDUCT ARISING FROM A VIOLATION OF THIS
 24 SUBTITLE AFTER THE PROCEEDS FROM THE ACTION ARE AWARDED TO THAT
 25 PERSON, THE COURT SHALL ORDER THE PERSON TO REPAY THE PROCEEDS
 26 PREVIOUSLY AWARDED.
- 27 (F) A COURT MAY AWARD REASONABLE ATTORNEY'S FEES AND 28 EXPENSES TO A PERSON CHARGED WITH MAKING A FALSE CLAIM AND AGAINST 29 THE PERSON INITIATING THE ACTION IF:
- 30 (1) THE DEFENDANT PREVAILS IN THE ACTION;
- 31 (2) THE COURT FINDS THAT THE CLAIM OF THE PERSON 32 INITIATING THE ACTION WAS CLEARLY FRIVOLOUS, VEXATIOUS, OR BROUGHT 33 PRIMARILY FOR PURPOSES OF HARASSMENT; AND

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1 **(3)** THE STATE DID NOT PROCEED WITH THE ACTION. 2THE STATE IS NOT LIABLE FOR EXPENSES THAT A PERSON INCURS 3 BY BRINGING AN ACTION UNDER THIS SUBTITLE. 4 **12-606.** 5 A COURT MAY NOT HAVE JURISDICTION OVER AN ACTION BROUGHT 6 UNDER THIS SUBTITLE AGAINST A MEMBER OF THE STATE LEGISLATIVE 7 BRANCH, A MEMBER OF THE JUDICIARY, OR A SENIOR EXECUTIVE BRANCH 8 OFFICIAL IF THE ACTION IS BASED ON EVIDENCE OR INFORMATION KNOWN TO 9 THE STATE WHEN THE ACTION WAS BROUGHT. 10 A PERSON MAY NOT BRING AN ACTION UNDER THIS SUBTITLE THAT 11 IS BASED ON AN ALLEGATION OR TRANSACTION THAT IS THE SUBJECT OF A 12 CIVIL SUIT OR AN ADMINISTRATIVE CIVIL MONEY PENALTY PROCEEDING IN 13 WHICH THE STATE IS ALREADY A PARTY. 14 ON THE MOTION OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL, THE COURT MAY 15 DISMISS A CLAIM IF THE ELEMENTS ALLEGED IN THE CLAIM HAVE BEEN 16 PUBLICLY DISCLOSED IN THE NEWS MEDIA OR IN A PUBLICLY DISSEMINATED 17 GOVERNMENTAL REPORT AT THE TIME THE COMPLAINT IS FILED. 18 **12–607.** 19 AN EMPLOYEE WHO IS DISCHARGED, DEMOTED, SUSPENDED, 20 THREATENED, HARASSED, OR OTHERWISE DISCRIMINATED AGAINST IN THE 21 TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT BECAUSE OF LAWFUL ACTS DONE BY 22 THE EMPLOYEE IN FURTHERANCE OF A CIVIL ACTION UNDER THIS SUBTITLE 23SHALL BE ENTITLED TO ALL RELIEF NECESSARY TO MAKE THE EMPLOYEE 24WHOLE. 25(B) RELIEF SHALL INCLUDE: 26 **(1)** REINSTATEMENT WITH THE SAME SENIORITY STATUS THE 27EMPLOYEE WOULD HAVE HAD BUT FOR THE DISCRIMINATION; 28 **(2)** TWO TIMES THE AMOUNT OF BACK PAY; 29 **(3) INTEREST ON BACK PAY; AND** 30 **(4)** COMPENSATION FOR SPECIAL DAMAGES SUSTAINED AS A

RESULT OF THE DISCRIMINATION, INCLUDING LITIGATION COSTS, REASONABLE

ATTORNEY'S FEES, AND WHERE APPROPRIATE, PUNITIVE DAMAGES.

- 1 (C) AN EMPLOYEE MAY BRING AN ACTION IN THE APPROPRIATE COURT OF THE STATE FOR RELIEF PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION.
- 3 **12–608.**
- 4 (A) A CIVIL ACTION UNDER THIS SUBTITLE MAY NOT BE BROUGHT:
- 5 (1) MORE THAN 10 YEARS AFTER THE DATE ON WHICH THE 6 VIOLATION OCCURS; OR
- 7 (2) MORE THAN 3 YEARS AFTER THE DATE WHEN FACTS
- 8 MATERIAL TO THE RIGHT OF ACTION ARE KNOWN OR REASONABLY SHOULD
- 9 HAVE BEEN KNOWN BY THE OFFICIAL OF THE STATE CHARGED WITH THE
- 10 RESPONSIBILITY FOR ACTING UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES.
- 11 (B) IN AN ACTION BROUGHT UNDER THIS SUBTITLE, THE STATE OR THE
- 12 PERSON INITIATING THE ACTION SHALL PROVE ALL ESSENTIAL ELEMENTS OF
- 13 THE CAUSE OF ACTION, INCLUDING DAMAGES, BY A PREPONDERANCE OF THE
- 14 EVIDENCE.
- 15 (C) A CIVIL ACTION UNDER THIS SUBTITLE MAY BE BROUGHT FOR
- 16 ACTIVITY PRIOR TO OCTOBER 1, 2009, IF THE LIMITATION PERIOD SET UNDER
- 17 SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION HAS NOT LAPSED.
- 18 (D) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW, A GUILTY
- 19 VERDICT RENDERED IN A CRIMINAL PROCEEDING CHARGING FALSE
- 20 STATEMENTS OR FRAUD, WHETHER ON A VERDICT AFTER TRIAL OR ON A PLEA
- 21 OF GUILTY OR NOLO CONTENDERE, SHALL ESTOP THE DEFENDANT FROM
- 22 DENYING THE ESSENTIAL ELEMENTS OF THE OFFENSE IN A CIVIL ACTION THAT
- 23 INVOLVES THE SAME TRANSACTION AS IN THE CRIMINAL PROCEEDING AND
- 24 THAT IS BROUGHT UNDER THIS SUBTITLE.
- 25 **12–609.**
- 26 (A) A REMEDY PROVIDED UNDER THIS SUBTITLE IS IN ADDITION TO
- 27 ANY OTHER APPROPRIATE LEGAL OR EQUITABLE RELIEF PROVIDED UNDER ANY
- 28 OTHER STATE OR FEDERAL STATUTE OR REGULATION.
- 29 (B) If A PROVISION OF THIS SUBTITLE OR THE APPLICATION OF THIS
- 30 SUBTITLE TO ANY PERSON OR CIRCUMSTANCE IS HELD TO BE
- 31 UNCONSTITUTIONAL, THE REMAINDER OF THIS SUBTITLE AND THE
- 32 APPLICATION OF THE PROVISION TO OTHER PERSONS OR CIRCUMSTANCES MAY
- 33 NOT BE AFFECTED.

- 1 (C) This subtitle shall be liberally construed and applied to 2 -promote public interest.
- 3 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 4 October 1, 2009.