Department of Legislative Services

Maryland General Assembly 2009 Session

FISCAL AND POLICY NOTE

House Bill 1260 Judiciary

(Delegate Norman, et al.)

Bankruptcy Proceedings - Exemptions - Interests in Real Property and Personal Property

This bill allows an individual debtor domiciled in the State to exempt up to \$5,000 in real property and also \$5,000 in personal property in any bankruptcy proceeding.

Fiscal Summary

State Effect: The bill does not directly affect State finances or operations.

Local Effect: The bill does not directly affect local finances or operations.

Small Business Effect: None.

Analysis

Current Law/Background: A "money judgment" is a judgment that a specified amount of money is immediately payable to the judgment creditor. A money judgment constitutes a lien on the debtor's interest in real or personal property located where the judgment was rendered and may be executed by a writ. Upon the issuance of a writ of execution, a sheriff or constable may seize and sell the debtor's legal or equitable interest in the real or personal property. The sheriff or constable must execute the writ, conduct the sale, and distribute the proceeds pursuant to court-approved rules.

A writ of execution on a money judgment does not become a lien on the personal property of the debtor until an actual levy is made. The lien then extends only to the property included in the levy. In general, the following items are exempt from execution on a money judgment:

- up to \$5,000 worth of apparel, books, tools, instruments, or appliances necessary for the practice of a trade or profession, except those items kept for sale, lease, or barter;
- money paid in the event of the sickness, accident, injury or death of any person, including compensation for loss of future earnings the exemption includes money payable for judgments, arbitrations, compromises, insurance benefits, compensation, and relief; it does not include disability income benefits if the judgment is for necessities after the occurrence of the disability;
- professionally prescribed health aids for the debtor or any dependent;
- up to \$1,000 worth of household furnishings, goods, apparel, appliance, books, pets, and other items kept primarily for personal, household, or family purposes;
- up to \$6,000 of cash or property of any kind, if the debtor elects to exempt such cash or property within 30 days from the date of attachment or the levy by the sheriff; and
- money payable according to an agreement or court order for child support or alimony.

In any federal bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the U.S. Code (the federal Bankruptcy Code), an individual debtor domiciled in the State may further exempt up to \$5,000 worth of real property or personal property.

Additional Information

Prior Introductions: None.

Cross File: None.

Information Source(s): Judiciary (Administrative Office of the Courts); Department of Legislative Services

Fiscal Note History: First Reader - March 17, 2009 mlm/kdm

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