Department of Legislative Services

Maryland General Assembly 2009 Session

FISCAL AND POLICY NOTE

Revised

House Bill 1184 Ways and Means (Washington County Delegation)

Budget and Taxation

Washington County - Property Tax Relief

This bill authorizes Washington County to provide, by law, a payment deferral of the county property tax for residential real property occupied as the principal residence of the owner, provided that at least one of the owners has lived in the dwelling for the previous five years, is at least 65 years old, and meets specified income requirements. The bill also authorizes Washington County or a municipality in the county to grant, by law, a three-year property tax credit for specified residential rental property. The county or a municipality must consult with the State Department of Assessments and Taxation in developing the property tax credit.

The bill takes effect June 1, 2009. The property tax deferral is applicable to all taxable years beginning after June 30, 2009. The property tax credit is applicable for all taxable years beginning after June 30, 2009, but before July 1, 2012. The tax credit terminates June 30, 2012.

Fiscal Summary

State Effect: None.

Local Effect: County and municipal property tax revenues in Washington County may decrease beginning in FY 2010. The amount of any revenue decrease depends on the nature of the tax credit and deferral programs that are established and the number of participants in a given year. The revenue decrease associated with the tax deferral program is expected to be minimal. Revenues will increase upon repayment. County and municipal expenditures are not affected.

Small Business Effect: None.

Analysis

Bill Summary: The bill requires Washington County to specify the following criteria if a deferral program is authorized: (1) the amount of tax that may be deferred and the duration of the deferral; (2) restrictions on the amount of real property eligible for a payment deferral; (3) the interest rate, not exceeding 3%; (4) a requirement that any mortgagee or beneficiary under a deed of trust receive specified notification; and (5) income eligibility. The bill specifies that deferred county property taxes are due when the deferral ends, the eligible owner dies, or immediately on transfer of ownership of the property.

The bill also provides for other requirements and criteria related to the administration of property tax deferral payments in Washington County, including: (1) a requirement that the cumulative amount of the tax deferral and interest be included in the taxpayer's annual property tax bill; (2) a lien must be attached to the property in the amount of all deferred taxes and interest and must remain until all deferred taxes and interest are paid; and (3) the deferral must be authorized by a written agreement reflecting the terms and conditions of the deferral. Finally, the bill provides that penalties may not be charged during the deferral period on deferred taxes.

Washington County or a municipality in the county may grant a property tax credit for residential real property that is rental property and for which the current year's taxable assessment exceeds the prior year's taxable assessment by more than a percentage established by the county or municipality. The county and municipalities are authorized to provide for the amount of the tax credit, additional eligibility criteria, regulations and procedures for the application and uniform processing of requests for the tax credit, and any other provision necessary.

Current Law: Counties and municipal corporations are authorized to defer the payment of the increase in county and municipal property taxes for owner-occupied residential real property of an elderly or disabled homeowner, for property that is the principal residence of the individual. (*See* Tax-Property Article § 10-204.)

Statute provides specified age and eligibility requirements (at least 65 years of age, living in the home for at least five years, and/or permanently or totally disabled). The law also provides for the procedures that local governments must follow when implementing a property tax deferral program, including payment dates, amounts of deferral and interest to be reported on annual tax bills, lien provisions, and penalties.

Background: Property tax deferral programs typically give low-income elderly homeowners the opportunity to defer payment of property taxes. Under most deferral programs, deferred property taxes become a lien against the value of the taxpayer's

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home. When the home is sold, any back taxes and interest are then due. If the homeowner dies, deferred taxes must be paid upon settlement of the estate.

Several Maryland counties offer a property tax deferral program for senior citizens and other special categories of homeowners. **Exhibit 1** provides a brief summary of each local program. The State Department of Assessments and Taxation (SDAT) and the counties have indicated that only a small number of taxpayers have used the property tax deferral programs noted above. The most used deferral program is in Howard County, where 112 individuals are using program. One individual in Anne Arundel and Montgomery counties is using each county's program. Currently no one is using the deferral programs in either Baltimore or Prince George's counties.

Other States

Property tax deferral programs exist in 26 states and the District of Columbia. However, in several of these states, programs are provided at the option of local governments. In some states, the deferral of all property taxes due is allowed, while in others, only a portion may be deferred so that property tax bills do not increase by more than a specified percentage.

Exhibit 2 provides a summary of tax deferral programs in surrounding states as noted in a National Conference of State Legislatures report, and updated by Legislative Services.

Exhibit 1 Summary of Local Property Tax Deferral Programs

Jurisdiction	Program Summary
Anne Arundel County	Deferred tax payment program for owner-occupied homes of elderly (65 and over) or disabled individuals. Gross income limit of \$30,000. The program allows for a 50-year payment deferral; the amount deferred may not exceed the increase in county property taxes on the date of deferral. Interest accrues at 6% annually.
Annapolis	Deferred tax payment program for owner-occupied homes of elderly (65 and over) or disabled individuals. Gross income limit of \$50,000. The program allows for a 50-year payment deferral; the amount deferred may not exceed the increase in county property taxes on the date of deferral. Interest accrues at 4% annually.
Baltimore County	Deferred tax payment program for owner-occupied homes of elderly (65 and over) or disabled individuals who have owned and occupied the property for the preceding five years. Gross income limit of \$30,000. The amount the taxpayer may defer for any one year is the amount that county taxes due exceed the amount of county property taxes paid the preceding taxable year. Accumulated deferred taxes and accrued interest may not exceed 20% of the assessed value of the property. Interest accrues at 9% annually.
Cecil County	Deferred tax payment program for owner-occupied homes of elderly (65 and over) or disabled individuals. Gross income limit of \$60,000. The homeowner may defer the amount by which the county property taxes due exceed the amount paid by the homeowner the preceding taxable year. Accumulated deferred taxes and accrued interest may not exceed 50% of the assessed value of the property. Interest accuse at 0% annually.
Frederick County	Deferred tax payment program for owner-occupied homes of elderly (65 or older) or disabled individuals. Gross income limit of \$55,000. The amount deferred is the amount of increase in the county property tax from the date the homeowner elects to defer the payment of this tax. Only county property taxes are deferred and taxes of a special taxing district including the tax for fire and rescue services may not be deferred. Interest accrues at 3% annually.
Harford County	Deferred tax installment program for taxpayers experiencing financial hardship with property deferred from annual tax sale. All prior taxes must be paid before a person is eligible for tax deferral. The taxpayer must pay the deferred taxes in monthly payments and have the deferred taxes paid by December 1 of the year in which the tax sale would have occurred. The interest must continue to accrue on the taxpayer's tax bill.

Jurisdiction Program Summary

- Howard County Deferred tax payment program for property owners ages 65 and over or disabled individuals who have lived in their current dwelling for the previous five years. Income cannot exceed \$75,000. The homeowner may defer the amount by which the county property taxes due exceed the amount paid by the homeowner the preceding taxable year. Accumulated deferred taxes and accrued interest may not exceed 50% of the assessed value of the property. Interest accuse at 0% annually.
- Montgomery Deferred tax payment program based on household income, rather than age. Specified residents may defer any tax increase in taxes over the tax liability at the time of the deferral. The homeowner must have resided at the property for five years and have a gross income of less than \$120,000. The deferral may not exceed 50% of the value of the property. The interest rate is set annually and based on the prime rate.
- Prince George's Deferred tax payment program for owner-occupied homes of elderly (65 and over) or disabled individuals. Gross income may not exceed \$45,000 in the prior year. Deferred taxes may not exceed the increase in the county property tax rate from the date of deferral. The full amount of deferred taxes and interest may not exceed 50% of the full cash value of the property. Interest accrues at 9% annually.
- Queen Anne's Deferred tax payment program for owner-occupied homes of elderly or disabled individuals. Gross income is limited to \$100,000. The program allows for a 50-year payment deferral equal to but not exceeding the increase in county property taxes on eligible real property taxes on the date of deferral. Interest accrues at 2% annually.
- St. Mary's County Deferred tax payment program for owner-occupied homes of elderly (65 and over) or disabled individuals who have owned and occupied the property for the preceding five years. Gross income limit of \$27,340 as adjusted annually by applying the National Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers and combined net worth of \$200,000. The amount of taxes that may be deferred for any one year is the amount that eligible taxes due exceeds the amount of eligible taxes in the base year. Interest rate charged on county taxes, currently 12%.

Source: Maryland Association of Counties, State Department of Assessments and Taxation, Department of Legislative Services

Exhibit 2 Property Tax Deferral Programs in Nearby States

<u>State</u>	<u>Age Limit</u>	Income Cap	Description		
Delaware	n/a	n/a	None.		
District of Columbia	None	None	Qualified owners of residential realty may apply for deferral each year if residential realty tax owed is in excess of 110% of the preceding year's tax.		
Maryland	65 and over	Local limits	Local option for counties and cities to defer property taxes.		
New Jersey	n/a	n/a	None.		
North Carolina	65 and over	Not to exceed \$62,500; specified annual COLA adjustments	Qualified homeowners who are eligible for the property tax circuit breaker may defer property taxes, under specified conditions.		
Pennsylvania	None	\$15,000	Local option to defer property tax increases. A deferral may not be granted if the amount of the deferred taxes, the liens on the residence, and the principal remaining on the taxpayer's mortgage for the residence is greater than 85% of the residence's market value. A deferral also will be denied if the outstanding principal on all mortgages is more than 70% of the residence's market value.		
Virginia	65 and over	\$50,000	Local option to provide a deferral of realty taxes if combined net worth, excluding the value of the dwelling and lot, is not over \$75,000. Specific counties, cities, and towns may raise the maximum total combined income.		
West Virginia	65 and over	None	Qualified owner of a homestead, who is not living at the homestead due to illness, accident, or infirmary, provided the homestead was recently used and occupied exclusively for residential purposes by the owner's spouse.		
Source: National Conference of State Legislatures Department of Legislative Services					

Source: National Conference of State Legislatures, Department of Legislative Services

Local Fiscal Effect: Washington County and municipal property tax revenues may decrease beginning in fiscal 2010 as a result of the tax deferral program and property tax credit authorized by the bill. The amount of any decrease cannot be reliably estimated and depends on the nature of any deferral program and tax credit that are established by the county and municipalities and the number of participants in a given year.

With regards to the tax deferral program, since very few property owners have used existing deferral programs, any associated revenue decrease is likely to be minimal. Revenues will increase in the years that any deferred payments are paid back. For fiscal 2009, there are 33,613 owner-occupied properties in Washington County; the average assessment is \$219,902. There are 19,903 individuals age 65 and over residing in the county.

The revenue decrease associated with the property tax credit authorized by the bill depends on the number of residential rental properties that are eligible for the tax credit, annual taxable assessments for affected properties, the allowable percentage increase established by the county or municipality, and the amount of the tax credit granted. The revenue decrease associated with the tax credit will occur in fiscal years 2010 through fiscal 2012, to the extent the tax credit is granted.

As a point of reference, there are 2,264 residential properties (single family homes, townhouses, and condominiums) in Washington County that are not receiving the homestead property tax credit. The total assessment for these properties is approximately \$605.1 million, which equates to an average assessment of \$267,300. The average homestead property tax credit for residential property in the county for fiscal 2009 is \$60,996. In addition, there are 528 apartment accounts in the county. The average assessment of these accounts is \$649,900.

Additional Information

Prior Introductions: None.

Cross File: None.

Information Source(s): State Department of Assessments and Taxation, Maryland Department of Planning, Comptroller's Office, Maryland Department of Aging, Department of Legislative Services

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