HB0060/172610/1

BY: House Judiciary Committee

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL 60

(First Reading File Bill)

AMENDMENT NO. 1

On page 1, in the sponsor line, strike "Delegate Smigiel" and substitute "Delegates Smigiel, Ramirez, Vallario, Barnes, Levi, and Walker"; in line 2, after "Violation" insert "by Child Sexual Offender"; in line 3, strike "- Expedited Hearing"; strike beginning with "an" in line 4 down through "circumstances;" in line 11 and substitute "a police officer to arrest a person without a warrant if the police officer has probable cause to believe that the person has violated a condition of pretrial or posttrial release; prohibiting a person charged with committing a certain sexual crime against a victim who is a minor from violating a certain condition of pretrial or posttrial release; establishing a penalty for a violation of certain conditions of pretrial or posttrial release;"; in line 13, strike "without" and substitute "with"; and in line 15, strike "5-201(a) and 5-213" and substitute "2-203".

AMENDMENT NO. 2

On pages 2 and 3, strike in their entirety the lines beginning with line 1 on page 2 through line 2 on page 3, inclusive, and substitute:

"2–203.

- (a) A police officer without a warrant may arrest a person if the police officer has probable cause to believe:
- (1) that the person has committed a crime listed in subsection (b) of this section; and
 - (2) that unless the person is arrested immediately, the person:
 - (i) may not be apprehended;

(Over)

- (ii) may cause physical injury or property damage to another; or
- (iii) may tamper with, dispose of, or destroy evidence.
- (b) The crimes referred to in subsection (a)(1) of this section are:
- (1) manslaughter by vehicle or vessel under § 2–209 of the Criminal Law Article;
- (2) malicious burning under § 6–104 or § 6–105 of the Criminal Law Article or an attempt to commit the crime;
- (3) malicious mischief under § 6–301 of the Criminal Law Article or an attempt to commit the crime;
- (4) a theft crime where the value of the property or services stolen is less than \$500 under § 7–104 or § 7–105 of the Criminal Law Article or an attempt to commit the crime;
- (5) the crime of giving or causing to be given a false alarm of fire under § 9–604 of the Criminal Law Article;
 - (6) indecent exposure under § 11–107 of the Criminal Law Article;
- (7) <u>a crime that relates to controlled dangerous substances under Title</u> 5 of the Criminal Law Article or an attempt to commit the crime;
- (8) the wearing, carrying, or transporting of a handgun under § 4–203 or § 4–204 of the Criminal Law Article;

- (9) carrying or wearing a concealed weapon under § 4–101 of the Criminal Law Article; [and]
- (10) prostitution and related crimes under Title 11, Subtitle 3 of the Criminal Law Article; AND
- (11) VIOLATION OF A CONDITION OF PRETRIAL OR POSTTRIAL RELEASE UNDER § 5-213.1 OF THIS ARTICLE.

<u>5-213.1.</u>

- (A) A PERSON CHARGED WITH COMMITTING A VIOLATION OF TITLE 3, SUBTITLE 3 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE AGAINST A VICTIM WHO IS A MINOR MAY NOT VIOLATE A CONDITION OF PRETRIAL OR POSTTRIAL RELEASE PROHIBITING THE PERSON FROM CONTACTING, HARASSING, OR ABUSING THE ALLEGED VICTIM OR GOING IN OR NEAR THE ALLEGED VICTIM'S RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT.
- (B) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION IS GUILTY OF A MISDEMEANOR AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT NOT EXCEEDING 90 DAYS."