HOUSE BILL 124

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HB 912/09 – JUD

By: Delegate Barnes

Introduced and read first time: January 18, 2010 Assigned to: Judiciary

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Criminal Procedure – Warrantless Arrest – Violation of Protective Order

- FOR the purpose of clarifying that a police officer is authorized to make a warrantless
 arrest of a person in violation of a certain interim, temporary, or final protective
 order under certain circumstances; and generally relating to warrantless
 arrests and violation of protective orders.
- 7 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 8 Article Criminal Procedure
- 9 Section 2–203
- 10 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 11 (2008 Replacement Volume and 2009 Supplement)
- 12 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
- 13 Article Family Law
- 14 Section 4–508.1(c) and 4–509(b)
- 15 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 16 (2006 Replacement Volume and 2009 Supplement)
- 17 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 18 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 19

Article – Criminal Procedure

20 2-203.

21 (a) A police officer without a warrant may arrest a person if the police officer 22 has probable cause to believe:

(1) that the person has committed a crime listed in subsection (b) ofthis section; and

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



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1 (2)that unless the person is arrested immediately, the person: 2 may not be apprehended; (i) 3 (ii) may cause physical injury or property damage to another; or 4 (iii) may tamper with, dispose of, or destroy evidence. $\mathbf{5}$ (b) The crimes referred to in subsection (a)(1) of this section are: 6 (1)manslaughter by vehicle or vessel under § 2-209 of the Criminal $\overline{7}$ Law Article; 8 malicious burning under § 6-104 or § 6-105 of the Criminal Law (2)Article or an attempt to commit the crime; 9 malicious mischief under § 6-301 of the Criminal Law Article or an 10 (3)11 attempt to commit the crime; 12a theft crime where the value of the property or services stolen is (4) 13less than \$500 under § 7–104 or § 7–105 of the Criminal Law Article or an attempt to commit the crime; 1415the crime of giving or causing to be given a false alarm of fire (5)under § 9–604 of the Criminal Law Article: 16 17indecent exposure under § 11–107 of the Criminal Law Article; (6)18 a crime that relates to controlled dangerous substances under Title (7)195 of the Criminal Law Article or an attempt to commit the crime; 20the wearing, carrying, or transporting of a handgun under § 4-203 (8)or § 4–204 of the Criminal Law Article: 2122carrying or wearing a concealed weapon under § 4-101 of the (9)Criminal Law Article; [and] 2324(10) prostitution and related crimes under Title 11, Subtitle 3 of the 25Criminal Law Article; AND 26(11) A VIOLATION OF AN INTERIM, TEMPORARY, OR FINAL PROTECTIVE ORDER UNDER TITLE 4, SUBTITLE 5 OF THE FAMILY LAW 2728ARTICLE. 29**Article – Family Law**

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1 4-508.1.

2 (c) A law enforcement officer shall arrest with or without a warrant and take 3 into custody a person whom the officer has probable cause to believe is in violation of 4 an order for protection that was issued by a court of another state or a Native 5 American tribe and is in effect at the time of the violation if the person seeking the 6 assistance of the law enforcement officer:

(1) has filed with the District Court or circuit court for the jurisdiction
in which the person seeks assistance a copy of the order; or

9 (2) displays or presents to the law enforcement officer a copy of the 10 order that appears valid on its face.

11 4–509.

12 (b) An officer shall arrest with or without a warrant and take into custody a 13 person who the officer has probable cause to believe is in violation of an interim, 14 temporary, or final protective order in effect at the time of the violation.

15 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect16 October 1, 2010.