HOUSE BILL 605

N1

0 lr 0 4 2 8**CF SB 443** HB 1361/09 - JUD By: Delegate Dumais Introduced and read first time: February 3, 2010 Assigned to: Environmental Matters Committee Report: Favorable with amendments House action: Adopted Read second time: March 21, 2010 CHAPTER _____ 1 AN ACT concerning 2 Real Property - Wrongful Detainer 3 FOR the purpose of transferring and clarifying the application of certain provisions of 4 law regarding wrongful detainer of real property; elarifying the application of 5 certain other provisions of law relating to an action for possession; providing 6 that certain provisions of law relating to an action for possession do not apply to 7 an action for wrongful detainer; making certain technical and conforming 8 changes; and generally relating to the applicability of certain provisions of law 9 relating to wrongful possession of property. 10 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, 11 Article - Real Property Section 8-402.4 and 14-108.1 12 Annotated Code of Maryland 13 (2003 Replacement Volume and 2009 Supplement) 14 15 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 16 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows: 17 Article - Real Property 18 14-108.1. 19 (a) (1) THIS SECTION APPLIES TO PROPERTY:

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

Underlining indicates amendments to bill.

Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.

32

1			(I)	LEASED FOR BUSINESS, COMMERCIAL,		
2			•	RCANTILE, OR INDUSTRIAL PURPOSES, OR ANY OTHER		
3	PURPOSE T	HAT IS	S NOT	PRIMARILY RESIDENTIAL;		
4			(II)	IMPROVED OR TO BE IMPROVED BY ANY APARTMENT,		
5	CONDOMIN	IUM. (` /	ERATIVE, OR OTHER BUILDING FOR MULTIFAMILY USE OF		
6		,		OWELLING UNITS; OR		
7			(111)	I EASED FOR DWELLING LINES OF MODILE HOMES THAT		
8	ADE EDECE	ED OF	` ,	LEASED FOR DWELLING UNITS OR MOBILE HOMES THAT		
9	PARK.	ED VI	FEA	CED IN A MOBILE HOME DEVELOPMENT OR MOBILE HOME		
J	1 Alvin.					
10		(2)	This:	section does not apply to:		
11		[(1)]	(I)	A grantee action under § 14–109 of this subtitle;		
12		<u>[/9</u> \]	(11)	A landlord-tenant action that is within the exclusive		
13	original iurie			e District Court; or		
	- 8 - 3					
14		- ' / -	` ,	An action for nonpayment of ground rent under a ground		
15				erty that is or was used, intended to be used, or authorized to		
16	be used for t	our or	tewer	dwelling units.		
17	<u>(a)</u>	This s	section	does not apply to:		
18		(1)	A	intee action under § 14–109 of this subtitle;		
10		<u>(1)</u>	A gra	intee action under § 14–109 of this subtitle,		
19		<u>(2)</u>	A laı	ndlord-tenant action that is within the exclusive original		
20	jurisdiction of	of the	Distric	et Court; [or]		
21		(3)	An o	ction for nonpayment of ground rent under a ground lease on		
$\frac{21}{22}$	residential r			is or was used, intended to be used, or authorized to be used		
23	for four or fe	_				
	<u> </u>	,, 01 01	,, 011111,	, 		
24		<u>(4)</u>	AN A	ACTION FOR WRONGFUL DETAINER UNDER § 14–130 OF		
25	THIS ARTIC	<u>LE.</u>				
26	(b)	(1)	A nor	rson who is not in possession of property and claims title and		
$\frac{20}{27}$	` /	` /	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
28	right to possession UNDER A GROUND LEASE may bring an action for possession against the person in possession of the property.					
-			Poc	F		
29		(2)		mbrance of property by a mortgage or deed of trust to secure a		
30	debt does no	t preve	ent an	action under this section by the owner of the property.		
31	(c)	When	pers	onal jurisdiction is not obtained over the defendant, the		
	\ /		_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

plaintiff may obtain a default judgment under the Maryland Rules only on proof of

- 1 title and right to possession. The judgment shall be in rem for possession of the
- 2 property. Entry and enforcement of the judgment does not bar further pursuit, in the
- 3 same or another action, of the plaintiff's claim for mesne profits and damages.
- 4 **[**8–402.4.**] 14–130.**

7

- 5 (a) In this [subtitle] **SECTION**, "wrongful detainer" means to hold possession 6 of [a] **REAL** property without the right of possession.
 - (B) THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY IF:
- 8 (1) THE PERSON IN ACTUAL POSSESSION OF THE PROPERTY HAS 9 BEEN GRANTED POSSESSION UNDER A COURT ORDER;
- 10 (2) A REMEDY IS AVAILABLE UNDER TITLE 8 OF THIS ARTICLE; 11 OR
- 12 **(3)** Any other exclusive means to recover possession is 13 provided by statute or rule.
- 14 **[(b)] (C)** A person may not hold possession of property unless the person is entitled to possession of the property under the law.
- [(c)] (D) (1) If a person [other than a tenant holding over] violates subsection [(b)] (C) of this section, a person claiming possession may make complaint in writing to the District Court of the county in which the property is located.
- 19 (2) On receipt of a complaint under paragraph (1) of this subsection, 20 the court shall summons immediately the person in possession to appear before the 21 court on the day specified in the summons to show cause, if any, why restitution of the 22 possession of the property to the person filing the complaint should not be made.
- 23 (3) If, for any reason, the person in actual possession cannot be found, 24 the person authorized to serve process by the Maryland Rules shall affix an attested 25 copy of the summons conspicuously on the property.
- 26 (4) If notice of the summons is sent to the person in possession by 27 first-class mail, the affixing of the summons in accordance with paragraph (3) of this 28 subsection shall constitute sufficient service to support restitution of possession.
- 29 **[(d)] (E)** A counterclaim or cross-claim may not be filed in an action 30 brought under this section.
- 31 **[(e)] (F)** (1) If the court determines that the complainant is legally 32 entitled to possession, the court shall:

$\frac{1}{2}$	(i) Give judgment for restitution of the possession of the property to the complainant; and					
3 4	(ii) Issue its warrant to the sheriff or constable commanding the sheriff or constable to deliver possession to the complainant.					
5 6	(2) The court may also give judgment in favor of the complainant for damages due to the wrongful detainer and for court costs and attorney fees if:					
7	(i) The complainant claimed damages in the complaint; and					
8	(ii) The court finds that:					
9 10	1. The person in actual possession was personally served with the summons; or					
11 12	2. There was service of process or submission to the jurisdiction of the court as would support a judgment in contract or tort.					
13 14 15 16 17	(3) A person in actual possession who is not personally served with a summons is not subject to the personal jurisdiction of the District Court if the person appears in response to the summons and prior to the time that evidence is taken by the court and asserts that the appearance is only for the purpose of defending an in rem action.					
18 19 20	[(f)] (G) (1) Not later than 10 days from the entry of the judgment of the District Court, either party may appeal to the circuit court for the county in which the property is located.					
21 22	(2) The person in actual possession of the property may retain possession until the determination of the appeal if the person:					
23 24	(i) Files with the court an affidavit that the appeal is not taken for delay; and					
25 26	(ii) 1. Files sufficient bond with one or more securities conditioned on diligent prosecution of the appeal; or					
27	2. Pays to the complainant or into the appellate court:					
28 29	A. The fair rental value of the property for the entire period of possession up to the date of judgment;					
30	B. All court costs in the case;					

1 2 3	C. All losses or damages other than the fair rental value of the property up to the day of judgment that the court determined to be due because of the detention of possession; and					
4 5	D. The fair rental value of the property during the pendency of the appeal.					
6 7 8	(3) On application of either party, the court shall set a hearing date for the appeal that is not less than 5 days or more than 15 days after the application for appeal.					
9 10	(4) Notice of the order for a hearing shall be served on the parties or the parties' counsels not less than 5 days before the hearing.					
11 12 13	[(g)] (H) If the judgment of the circuit court shall be in favor of the [landlord] PERSON CLAIMING POSSESSION, a warrant shall be issued by the court to the sheriff, who shall proceed immediately to execute the warrant.					
14 15	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2010.					
	Approved:					
	Governor.					
	Speaker of the House of Delegates.					
	President of the Senate.					