HOUSE BILL 739

E1 0lr2530

By: Delegate Olszewski

Introduced and read first time: February 5, 2010

Assigned to: Judiciary

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Criminal Law - Malicious Destruction of Property - Affirmative Defense

- 3 FOR the purpose of establishing that it is an affirmative defense to a charge of
- 4 malicious destruction of property that the defendant was attempting to repair,
- 5 clean, remove, or cover a previous act of graffiti.
- 6 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 7 Article Criminal Law
- 8 Section 6–301
- 9 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 10 (2002 Volume and 2009 Supplement)
- 11 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 12 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

13 Article - Criminal Law

- 14 6–301.
- 15 (a) A person may not willfully and maliciously destroy, injure, or deface the 16 real or personal property of another.
- 17 (b) A person who, in violation of this section, causes damage of at least \$500
- 18 to the property is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to
- 19 imprisonment not exceeding 3 years or a fine not exceeding \$2,500 or both.
- 20 (c) A person who, in violation of this section, causes damage of less than
- \$500 to the property is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to
- 22 imprisonment not exceeding 60 days or a fine not exceeding \$500 or both.



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- 1 (d) (1) For purposes of this subsection, an act of "graffiti" means a permanent drawing, permanent painting, or a permanent mark or inscription on the property of another without the permission of the owner of the property.
- 4 (2) In addition to the penalties set forth in subsections (b) and (c) of 5 this section, the court shall order a person convicted of causing malicious destruction 6 by an act of graffiti to pay restitution or perform community service or both.
- 7 (3) Title 11, Subtitle 6 of the Criminal Procedure Article applies to an 8 order of restitution under this subsection.
 - (4) IT SHALL BE AN AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO A CHARGE OF A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION THAT THE DEFENDANT WAS ATTEMPTING TO REPAIR, CLEAN, REMOVE, OR COVER A PREVIOUS ACT OF GRAFFITI.
- 12 (e) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, to determine a penalty, the court may consider as one crime the aggregate value of damage to each property resulting from one scheme or continuing course of conduct.
- 15 (2) If separate acts resulting in damage to the properties of one or 16 more owners are set forth by separate counts in one or more charging documents, the 17 separate counts may not be merged for sentencing.
- 18 (f) (1) The value of damage is not a substantive element of a crime under 19 this section and need not be stated in the charging document.
- 20 (2) The value of damage shall be based on the evidence and that value shall be applied for the purpose of imposing the penalties established in this section.
- 22 (3) If it cannot be determined from the evidence whether the value of the damage to the property is more or less than \$500, the value is deemed to be less than \$500.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2010.