SENATE BILL 766

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0lr2544 CF HB 826

By: Senators Gladden, Exum, Forehand, Kelley, and Madaleno Introduced and read first time: February 10, 2010

Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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Wiretapping and Electronic Surveillance – Location of a Mobile Communications Device

- 4 FOR the purpose of modifying a certain definition to include the location of a mobile $\mathbf{5}$ communications device; authorizing a provider of wireless telecommunications 6 service to disclose to certain persons location information transmitted by a $\mathbf{7}$ mobile communications device for a certain period of time under certain 8 emergency circumstances; requiring a public safety official or emergency service 9 provider to provide a certain notice to a certain person within a certain period of 10 time under certain circumstances; and generally relating to wiretapping and electronic surveillance and stored wire and electronic communications and 11 12transactional records access.
- 13 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
- 14 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 15 Section 10–401(1), (2), and (11) and 10–402(a) and (b)
- 16 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 17 (2006 Replacement Volume and 2009 Supplement)
- 18 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 19 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 20 Section 10–401(7) and 10–4A–03
- 21 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 22 (2006 Replacement Volume and 2009 Supplement)

23 BY adding to

- 24 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 25 Section 10–402(c)(11)
- 26 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 27 (2006 Replacement Volume and 2009 Supplement)

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



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$\frac{1}{2}$	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
3	Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings
4	10–401.
5	As used in this subtitle the following terms have the meanings indicated:
	(1) "Wire communication" means any aural transfer made in whole or in part through the use of facilities for the transmission of communications by the aid of wire, cable, or other like connection between the point of origin and the point of reception (including the use of a connection in a switching station) furnished or operated by any person licensed to engage in providing or operating such facilities for the transmission of communications.
$\begin{array}{c} 12 \\ 13 \end{array}$	(2) (i) "Oral communication" means any conversation or words spoken to or by any person in private conversation.
$\begin{array}{c} 14 \\ 15 \end{array}$	(ii) "Oral communication" does not include any electronic communication.
16 17	(7) "Contents", when used with respect to any wire, oral, or electronic communication, includes any information concerning:
18	(I) [the] THE identity of the parties to the communication;
19 20	(II) THE LOCATION OF A MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS DEVICE; or
$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 22 \end{array}$	(III) [the] THE existence, substance, purport, or meaning of [that] THE communication.
23 24 25 26	(11) (i) "Electronic communication" means any transfer of signs, signals, writing, images, sounds, data, or intelligence of any nature transmitted in whole or in part by a wire, radio, electromagnetic, photoelectronic, or photooptical system.
27	(ii) "Electronic communication" does not include:
28	1. Any wire or oral communication;
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30 \end{array}$	2. Any communication made through a tone–only paging device; or
31	3. Any communication from a tracking device.

1 10-402.

2 (a) Except as otherwise specifically provided in this subtitle it is unlawful for 3 any person to:

4 (1) Willfully intercept, endeavor to intercept, or procure any other 5 person to intercept or endeavor to intercept, any wire, oral, or electronic 6 communication;

7 (2) Willfully disclose, or endeavor to disclose, to any other person the 8 contents of any wire, oral, or electronic communication, knowing or having reason to 9 know that the information was obtained through the interception of a wire, oral, or 10 electronic communication in violation of this subtitle; or

11 (3) Willfully use, or endeavor to use, the contents of any wire, oral, or 12 electronic communication, knowing or having reason to know that the information was 13 obtained through the interception of a wire, oral, or electronic communication in 14 violation of this subtitle.

15 (b) Any person who violates subsection (a) of this section is guilty of a felony 16 and is subject to imprisonment for not more than 5 years or a fine of not more than 17 \$10,000, or both.

18 (c) (11) (I) IT IS LAWFUL UNDER THIS SUBTITLE FOR A PROVIDER 19 OF WIRELESS TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE, FOR A PERIOD OF NOT LONGER 20 THAN 24 HOURS, TO DISCLOSE TO A PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICIAL OR EMERGENCY 21 SERVICE PROVIDER LOCATION INFORMATION TRANSMITTED BY A MOBILE 22 COMMUNICATIONS DEVICE IF AN EMERGENCY INVOLVING DANGER OF DEATH 23 OR SERIOUS PHYSICAL INJURY REQUIRES SUCH DISCLOSURE WITHOUT DELAY.

(II) THE PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICIAL OR EMERGENCY SERVICE
PROVIDER SHALL PROVIDE NOTICE OF DISCLOSURE UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH
TO THE MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS DEVICE CUSTOMER WITHIN 10 DAYS AFTER
THE CONCLUSION OF THE DISCLOSURE.

28 10–4A–03.

(a) (1) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, a person or entity providing an electronic communication service to the public may not knowingly divulge to any other person or entity the contents of a communication while the communication is in electronic storage by that service.

33 (2) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, a person or 34 entity providing remote computing service to the public may not knowingly divulge to 35 any other person or entity the contents of any communication which is carried or 36 maintained on that service:

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1 On behalf of, and received by means of electronic (i) $\mathbf{2}$ transmission from, or created by means of computer processing of communications 3 received by means of electronic transmission from, a subscriber or customer of the service: and 4 $\mathbf{5}$ (ii) Solely for the purpose of providing storage or computer processing services to a subscriber or customer, if the provider is not authorized to 6 7 access the contents of any communications for purposes of providing any services other 8 than storage or computer processing. 9 (b) A person or entity may divulge the contents of a communication: 10 (1)To an addressee or intended recipient of the communication or an agent of the addressee or intended recipient; 11 12(2)If authorized under the provisions of this subtitle; 13With the lawful consent of the originator or an addressee or (3)14intended recipient of the communication, or the subscriber in the case of remote 15computing service; 16 (4)To a person employed or authorized or whose facilities are used to 17forward the communication to its destination; 18 (5)If necessarily incident to the rendition of the service or to the protection of the rights or property of the provider of that service; or 1920(6) To a law enforcement agency, if the contents: 21(i) Were inadvertently obtained by the service provider; and 22(ii) Appear to pertain to the commission of a crime. 23**(C)** (1) A PROVIDER OF WIRELESS TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE 24MAY DISCLOSE TO A PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICIAL OR EMERGENCY SERVICE 25PROVIDER, FOR A PERIOD OF NOT LONGER THAN 24 HOURS, LOCATION INFORMATION TRANSMITTED BY A MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS DEVICE IF AN 26EMERGENCY INVOLVING DANGER OF DEATH OR SERIOUS PHYSICAL INJURY 2728**REQUIRES SUCH DISCLOSURE WITHOUT DELAY.** 29(2) THE PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICIAL OR EMERGENCY SERVICE

PROVIDER SHALL PROVIDE NOTICE OF DISCLOSURE UNDER THIS SUBSECTION
TO THE MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS DEVICE CUSTOMER WITHIN 10 DAYS AFTER
THE CONCLUSION OF THE DISCLOSURE.

33 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
34 October 1, 2010.