Chapter 76

(House Bill 618)

AN ACT concerning

Workers' Compensation - Allegany County Deputy Sheriffs

FOR the purpose of providing that an Allegany County deputy sheriff who suffers from heart disease or hypertension is presumed, under certain circumstances, to have an occupational disease that was suffered in the line of duty; providing for enhanced workers' compensation benefits for certain Allegany County deputy sheriffs for a compensable permanent partial disability of less than a certain number of weeks; providing for the application of this Act; and generally relating to workers' compensation benefits for Allegany County deputy sheriffs.

BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, Article – Labor and Employment Section 9–503(b)(1) and 9–628 Annotated Code of Maryland (2008 Replacement Volume and 2009 Supplement)

BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments, Article – Labor and Employment Section 9–629 Annotated Code of Maryland (2008 Replacement Volume and 2009 Supplement)

SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

Article – Labor and Employment

9 - 503.

(b) (1) A paid police officer employed by an airport authority, a county, the Maryland–National Capital Park and Planning Commission, a municipality, or the State, a deputy sheriff of Montgomery County, or, subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection, a deputy sheriff of Baltimore City, Montgomery County correctional officer, Prince George's County deputy sheriff, [or] Prince George's County correctional officer, OR A DEPUTY SHERIFF OF ALLEGANY COUNTY is presumed to be suffering from an occupational disease that was suffered in the line of duty and is compensable under this title if:

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(i) the police officer, deputy sheriff, or correctional officer is suffering from heart disease or hypertension; and

(ii) the heart disease or hypertension results in partial or total disability or death.

9-628.

- (a) In this section, "public safety employee" means:
 - (1) a firefighter, fire fighting instructor, or paramedic employed by:
 - (i) a municipal corporation;
 - (ii) a county;
 - (iii) the State;
 - (iv) the State Airport Authority; or
 - (v) a fire control district;

(2) a volunteer firefighter or volunteer ambulance, rescue, or advanced life support worker who is a covered employee under § 9-234 of this title and who provides volunteer fire or rescue services to:

- (i) a municipal corporation;
- (ii) a county;
- (iii) the State;
- (iv) the State Airport Authority; or
- (v) a fire control district;
- (3) a police officer employed by:
 - (i) a municipal corporation;
 - (ii) a county;
 - (iii) the State;
 - (iv) the State Airport Authority; or

(v) the Maryland–National Capital Park and Planning Commission;

- (4) a Prince George's County deputy sheriff or correctional officer;
- (5) a Montgomery County deputy sheriff or correctional officer; [or]

(6) AN ALLEGANY COUNTY DEPUTY SHERIFF; OR

[(6)] (7) a Howard County deputy sheriff, but only when the deputy sheriff is performing law enforcement duties expressly requested, defined, and authorized in accordance with a written memorandum of understanding executed between the Howard County Sheriff and other law enforcement agencies.

(b) Except as provided in subsections (g) and (h) of this section, if a covered employee is awarded compensation for less than 75 weeks in a claim arising from events occurring on or after January 1, 1988, the employer or its insurer shall pay the covered employee compensation that equals one-third of the average weekly wage of the covered employee but does not exceed \$80.

(c) Except as provided in subsections (g) and (h) of this section, if a covered employee is awarded compensation for less than 75 weeks in a claim arising from events occurring on or after January 1, 1989, the employer or its insurer shall pay the covered employee compensation that equals one-third of the average weekly wage of the covered employee but does not exceed \$82.50.

(d) Except as provided in subsections (g) and (h) of this section, if a covered employee is awarded compensation for less than 75 weeks in a claim arising from events occurring on or after January 1, 1993, the employer or its insurer shall pay the covered employee compensation that equals one-third of the average weekly wage of the covered employee but does not exceed \$94.20.

(e) Except as provided in subsections (g) and (h) of this section, if a covered employee is awarded compensation for less than 75 weeks in a claim arising from events occurring on or after January 1, 2000, the employer or its insurer shall pay the covered employee compensation that equals one-third of the average weekly wage of the covered employee but does not exceed \$114.

(f) Except as provided in subsections (g) and (h) of this section, if a covered employee is awarded compensation for less than 75 weeks, the employer or its insurer shall pay to the covered employee compensation that equals one-third of the average weekly wage of the covered employee but does not exceed:

(1) for claims arising from events occurring on or after January 1, 2009, but before January 1, 2010, 14.3% of the State average weekly wage;

(2) for claims arising from events occurring on or after January 1, 2010, but before January 1, 2011, 15.4% of the State average weekly wage; and

(3) for claims arising from events occurring on or after January 1, 2011, 16.7% of the State average weekly wage.

(g) If a covered employee is awarded compensation for less than 75 weeks for a disability listed in § 9–627(b) of this subtitle, the employer or its insurer shall pay the covered employee weekly compensation at the rate set for an award of compensation for a period greater than or equal to 75 weeks but less than 250 weeks under § 9–629 of this subtitle.

(h) If a public safety employee is awarded compensation for less than 75 weeks, the employer or its insurer shall pay the public safety employee compensation at the rate set for an award of compensation for a period greater than or equal to 75 weeks but less than 250 weeks under 9–629 of this subtitle.

9-629.

If a covered employee is awarded compensation for a period equal to or greater than 75 weeks but less than 250 weeks, the employer or its insurer shall pay the covered employee weekly compensation that equals two-thirds of the average weekly wage of the covered employee but does not exceed one-third of the State average weekly wage.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall be construed to apply only prospectively and may not be applied or interpreted to have any effect on or application to any claims arising from events occurring before the effective date of this Act.

SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2010.

Approved by the Governor, April 13, 2010.