# **Department of Legislative Services**

Maryland General Assembly 2010 Session

## FISCAL AND POLICY NOTE Revised

Senate Bill 683

(Senator Peters, et al.)

Budget and Taxation

Ways and Means

#### **Property Taxes - Bicounty Commissions**

This bill specifies that the homestead property tax credit applies to any State, county, or municipal property tax, including a tax imposed by a bi-county commission. Bi-county commission includes the Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission (M-NCPPC), the Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission (WSSC), or the Washington Suburban Transit Commission (WSTC). The homestead tax credit percentage that must be used for property taxes imposed by a bi-county commission is 10%. For the tax year beginning July 1, 2010, bi-county commission property taxes will be subject to a 10% homestead tax credit cap applied to the prior year's taxable assessment for State property tax purposes.

The bill takes effect June 1, 2010, and applies to taxable years beginning after June 30, 2010.

# **Fiscal Summary**

State Effect: None.

**Local Effect:** Prince George's County property tax revenues for M-NCPPC and WSTC decrease by approximately \$21.4 million in FY 2011. Future year revenues depend on annual property assessments. County expenditures are not directly affected.

**Small Business Effect:** None.

#### **Analysis**

**Current Law:** The homestead property tax credit (assessment caps) on property assessment increases is set at 10% for State property tax purposes. A county or municipality can lower the cap percentage to 0% for local property tax purposes.

**Background:** Following is a brief discussion of the homestead property tax credit program, M-NCPPC, and property tax revenues in Prince George's County.

Homestead Property Tax Credit Program

The homestead property tax credit program (assessment caps) provides tax credits against State, county, and municipal real property taxes for owner-occupied residential properties for the amount of real property taxes resulting from an annual assessment increase that exceeds a certain percentage or "cap" in any given year. The cap is set at 10% for State property tax purposes, while local governments have the authority to lower the rate for local property tax purposes. **Exhibit 1** lists the assessment caps for each county. The homestead property tax credit program has provided significant local property tax relief in recent years. In fiscal 2010, assessment caps reduced the amount of the county assessable base that is taxable by almost 17% statewide. The corresponding foregone revenue is estimated at \$1.4 billion statewide. In Prince George's County, the assessment cap has reduced the county's assessable base by 25.1%, resulting in foregone revenues of \$317.2 million.

Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission

M-NCPPC was established by Chapter 448 of 1927 and has jurisdiction over parks and land use planning in most of Montgomery and Prince George's counties. The commission is governed by Article 28 of the Annotated Code of Maryland.

The commission prepares and administers a general plan for the physical development of the Maryland-Washington Regional District, an area that encompasses almost all of Montgomery and Prince George's counties. In addition, the commission is charged with acquiring and maintaining a system of parks within the metropolitan district in the two counties. The commission also operates a recreation system for Prince George's County. The commission is funded primarily through various property taxes authorized under Article 28 of the Annotated Code of Maryland and imposed by Montgomery and Prince George's counties. In addition, enterprise fund operations are supported by various service fees and charges. **Exhibit 2** shows the amount of property taxes collected in Prince George's County from the various park and planning taxes since fiscal 2007. The exhibit also compares the growth in property tax revenue for M-NCPPC and the county government over the four-year period. As illustrated, property tax revenues for

M-NCPPC have increased at an average annual rate of 14.4% over the last four years compared to 8.7% for the county government.

Transfer of M-NCPPC Revenues to County Governments

Chapter 474 of 2009 required M-NCPPC to transfer \$5 million to Montgomery County and \$60 million to Prince George's County from taxes levied against the assessable base in each respective county. The transfer of funds is not supposed to result in a projected deficit in M-NCPPC funds.

M-NCPPC was required to transfer \$5 million to Montgomery County by October 1, 2009; the funds are only to be expended by the county for purchasing interests in real property to prevent nonagricultural uses of lands designated for agricultural preservation.

M-NCPPC was required to transfer a total of \$60 million to Prince George's County. Payments of \$15 million are due to the county on December 1, 2009; March 1, 2010; December 1, 2010; and March 1, 2011. The uses of these funds are not specified.

Establishing a reoccurring periodic transfer of unexpended property tax revenues from M-NCPPC to Prince George's County may result in park and planning property taxes being spent in a manner not related to the purposes authorized in State law. Furthermore, the TRIM amendment clearly prohibits Prince George's County from raising most taxes or fees without ratification by the voters of the county. In the event that property taxes are periodically transferred from M-NCPPC to the county, the limit on the general property tax in Prince George's County, as specified in the TRIM amendment, is bypassed.

#### Property Taxes in Prince George's County

The property tax is the second leading source of revenue in Prince George's County, accounting for 22.2% of total revenues in fiscal 2007. State aid is the leading revenue source, accounting for 29.0% of total revenues. Prince George's County collected \$780.2 million in property tax revenues in fiscal 2007, of which 70.8% was retained by the county government. The remaining property tax revenue was distributed to bi-county agencies and enterprise operations as shown in the following table. In Prince George's County, bi-county agencies receive 25.1% of county property tax revenues compared to only 8.0% in Montgomery County. In addition to county property tax revenues, municipalities in Prince George's County collected \$81.2 million in property tax revenues in fiscal 2007.

## Property Tax Revenues in Prince George's County Fiscal 2007 (\$ in Millions)

<b>Government Entity</b>	<b>Revenue Amount</b>	<b>Percent of Total</b>
County Government	\$552.4	70.8%
Enterprise Operations	31.9	4.1%
M-NCPPC	178.6	22.9%
WSSC	0.0	0.0%
WSTC	17.4	2.2%
Subtotal	\$780.2	100.0%
Municipal Governments	81.2	
Total	\$861.4	

**Local Fiscal Effect:** Prince George's County property tax revenues for M-NCPPC and WSTC will decrease by approximately \$21.4 million in fiscal 2011; WSSC does not receive property tax revenues. The bill specifies that, beginning in fiscal 2011, the homestead property tax credit percentage of 10% is applicable to any tax rate imposed by a bi-county commission based on the prior year's taxable assessment for State property tax purposes. As shown in **Exhibit 3**, several counties in Maryland impose special property tax rates to pay for additional services, such as fire protection, parks, transportation, and water management. In all of these counties, except Prince George's, the special tax rates are applied to a homeowner's property tax assessment after the homestead tax credit is applied.

Currently, Prince George's County does not apply the homestead property tax credit on county tax rates imposed for M-NCPPC, the Washington Suburban Transit Commission (WSTC), and Stormwater/Chesapeake Bay Water Quality; the fiscal 2010 real property tax rates for these entities are \$0.279, \$0.026, and \$0.054, respectively, per \$100 of assessment. As such, these rates are not subject to the county's homestead cap which was 3% for fiscal 2009, 5% for fiscal 2010, and 0% for fiscal 2011. This means that these tax rates are applied to each homeowner's phased-in assessment, rather than their taxable assessment after the homestead tax credit is applied.

However, beginning July 1, 2010, bi-county property taxes will be subject to a 10% homestead tax credit cap based on the fiscal 2010 State taxable assessment. The fiscal 2011 State homestead property tax credit for Prince George's County, which is based on a 10% cap, is projected at \$7.0 billion. Applying the combined tax rate of \$0.305 for M-NCCPC and WSTC to the projected value of the homestead tax credit will HB 892 / Page 4

reduce county property tax revenues by \$21.4 million in fiscal 2011. Future year decreases will depend on assessable base and homestead tax credit projections, and applicable county tax rates.

**Exhibit 4** illustrates the bill's impact on a hypothetical Prince George's County homeowner. This homeowner has a phased-in assessment of \$375,000 and a taxable assessment (after homestead tax credit) for State tax purposes of \$219,344. As shown, the homeowner owes \$1,558 in State and county property taxes. In addition, the homeowner owes \$1,346 in special taxes for M-NCPPC, WSTC, and stormwater/CBWQ, for a total tax bill of \$2,904. As noted, special taxes are imposed on the phased-in assessment rather than on the taxable assessment after the homestead tax credit. Pursuant to the bill, the special taxes for M-NCPPC and WSTC will now be applied to the taxable assessment for State tax purposes after the homestead tax credit. As a result, the homeowner will realize a \$475 reduction in property taxes, for a total tax bill of \$2,429.

#### **Additional Information**

**Prior Introductions:** None.

Cross File: HB 892 (Delegate Niemann, et al.) - Ways and Means.

Information Source(s): Allegany County, Talbot County, Wicomico County, Town of Berlin, Town of Bladensburg, City of College Park, City of Frostburg, City of Rockville, State Department of Assessments and Taxation, Property Tax Assessment Appeals Board, Baltimore City, Harford County, Maryland Association of Counties, Maryland Municipal League, Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, Montgomery County, Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission, Department of Legislative Services

**Fiscal Note History:** First Reader - March 8, 2010

mpc/hlb Revised - Senate Third Reader - March 30, 2010

Revised - Enrolled Bill - May 20, 2010

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Exhibit 1
Homestead Assessment Caps for Maryland Counties

County	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011
Allegany	10%	7%	7%
Anne Arundel	2%	2%	2%
<b>Baltimore City</b>	4%	4%	4%
Baltimore	4%	4%	4%
Calvert	10%	10%	10%
Caroline	5%	5%	5%
Carroll	7%	7%	7%
Cecil	8%	8%	8%
Charles	7%	7%	7%
Dorchester	5%	5%	5%
Frederick	5%	5%	5%
Garrett	5%	5%	5%
Harford	9%	9%	5%
Howard	5%	5%	5%
Kent	5%	5%	5%
Montgomery	10%	10%	10%
Prince George's	3%	5%	0%
Queen Anne's	5%	5%	5%
St. Mary's	5%	5%	5%
Somerset	10%	10%	10%
Talbot	0%	0%	0%
Washington	5%	5%	5%
Wicomico	10%	10%	10%
Worcester	3%	3%	3%

Source: State Department of Assessments and Taxation

Exhibit 2
Property Tax Revenues in Prince George's County
Comparison of M-NCPPC and County General Fund

	<b>Actual FY 2007</b>	Actual FY 2008	Estimated FY 2009	<b>Adopted FY 2010</b>	Avg. Annual % Change
M-NCPPC					
Administration Tax	\$30,285,791	\$35,666,169	\$39,643,000	\$45,315,000	14.4%
Park Tax	106,832,268	126,054,736	139,522,000	160,078,800	14.4%
Recreation Tax	39,482,411	46,577,717	51,696,000	59,183,500	14.4%
Adv. Land Acq Tax	870,498	1,026,533	1,129,603	1,298,300	14.3%
Total	\$177,470,968	\$209,325,155	\$231,990,603	\$265,875,600	14.4%
County General Fund Property Tax Revenues	\$549,168,679	\$609,733,020	\$659,102,200	\$705,299,400	8.7%

# Exhibit 3 Special County Property Tax Rates Fiscal 2010

	Real Property Tax Rate	Percent of Total
Charles County		
General Tax	\$0.962	93.8%
Fire District Tax	0.064	6.2%
Total Rate	\$1.026	100.0%
Frederick County		
General Tax	\$0.936	88.0%
Fire District Tax (Urban)	0.128	12.0%
Total Rate	\$1.064	100.0%
Howard County		
General Tax	\$1.0140	88.2%
Fire District Tax (Metro)	0.1355	11.8%
Total Rate	\$1.1495	100.0%
Montgomery County		
General Tax	\$0.683	74.6%
Transit Tax	0.037	4.0%
Fire District Tax	0.105	11.5%
M-NCPPC	0.069	7.5%
Recreation Tax	0.019	2.1%
Storm Drainage Tax	0.003	0.3%
Total Rate	\$0.916	100.0%
Prince George's County		
General Tax	\$0.960	72.8%
M-NCPPC	0.279	21.2%
WSTC	0.026	2.0%
Stormwater	0.054	4.1%
	\$1.319	100.0%

**Exhibit 4 Effect on a Hypothetical Prince George's County Homeowner** 

**County and State Property Taxes** 

	Phased-in <u>Assessment</u>	Homestead <u>Credit</u>	Taxable <u>Assessment</u>	Tax <u>Rate</u>	Net <u>Tax</u>
County	\$375,000	\$238,330	\$136,670	\$0.9600	\$1,312
State	375,000	155,656	219,344	0.1120	246
Total				<b>\$1.0720</b>	\$1,558

## **Bi-county and Special Property Taxes**

	Phased-in Assessment	Tax <u>Rate</u>	Net Tax Current <u>Law</u>	Homestead Credit <u>Amount</u>	Net Tax <u>Under Bill</u>	Tax Savings <u>After Bill</u>
M-NCPPC	\$375,000	\$0.279	\$1,046	\$155,656	\$612	\$434
WSTC	375,000	0.026	98	155,656	57	40
Stormwater/CBWQ	375,000	0.054	203	0	203	0
Total		\$0.359	<b>\$1,346</b>		<b>\$871</b>	<b>\$475</b>

Source: State Department of Assessments and Taxation; Department of Legislative Services