Department of Legislative Services Maryland General Assembly

2010 Session

FISCAL AND POLICY NOTE

Senate Bill 184 Judicial Proceedings (Senator Kelley, et al.)

Real Property - Condominiums - Dispute Settlement Mechanism

This bill amends the Maryland Condominium Act (MCA) to apply an existing dispute settlement mechanism to all condominiums, regardless of the procedures set forth in a condominium's declaration or bylaws.

The bill takes effect June 1, 2010.

Fiscal Summary

State Effect: The bill does not directly affect State finances or operations.

Local Effect: The bill does not directly affect local finances or operations.

Small Business Effect: None.

Analysis

Current Law: Unless the declaration or bylaws of a condominium state otherwise, the governing body of a condominium may not impose a fine, suspend voting, or infringe upon the rights of a unit owner or other occupant for a violation of condominium rules until a written demand to cease and desist is served upon the alleged violator that specifies (1) the alleged violation; (2) the action required to abate the violation; and (3) a time period of at least 10 days during which an ongoing violation may be abated without further sanction.

If a violation continues beyond the abatement period noted in the governing body's written demand to cease and desist, or if the same rule is subsequently violated, the

alleged violator must be served with written notice of a hearing to be held during an upcoming meeting of the governing body. The notice must be sent to the violator at least 10 days before the hearing, contain a description of the alleged violation and proposed sanction, and inform the individual of the opportunity to produce any statement, evidence, and witnesses on his or her behalf.

The hearing must be held in an executive session of the governing body and afford the alleged violator a reasonable opportunity to be heard. The meeting minutes must contain the results of the hearing and the details of any sanction, if imposed. A decision made pursuant to these procedures is appealable to the courts.

If a unit owner fails to comply with MCA, the condominium's declaration or bylaws, or a council of unit owners' decision made pursuant to these procedures, the unit owner may be sued for damages, injunctive relief, or both by the council of unit owners or any other unit owner. Attorney's fees may be awarded by the court to the prevailing party.

Additional Information

Prior Introductions: None.

Cross File: HB 54 (Delegate Braveboy) - Environmental Matters.

Information Source(s): Office of the Attorney General (Consumer Protection Division), Secretary of State, Department of Legislative Services

Fiscal Note History: First Reader - February 1, 2010 mlm/kdm

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