HB0356/898974/1

BY: Judicial Proceedings Committee

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL 356

(Third Reading File Bill)

AMENDMENT NO. 1

On page 1, in line 14, after "vehicle;" insert "authorizing a court to enter a judgment of restitution for a certain victim under certain circumstances;".

On page 2, after line 42, insert:

"BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

<u>Article - Criminal Procedure</u>

<u>Section 11-603</u>

Annotated Code of Maryland

(2008 Replacement Volume and 2010 Supplement)".

AMENDMENT NO. 2

On page 10, in line 11, strike "\$1,200" and substitute "\$1,000".

On page 17, in line 28, strike "DIFFERENT" and substitute "LOWER".

On page 18, in line 13, after the second "A" insert "<u>LOWER</u>"; in line 15, strike "\$300" and substitute "<u>\$175</u>"; in line 16, strike "\$30" and substitute "<u>\$10</u>"; and in line 20, strike "\$1,200" and substitute "<u>\$1,000</u>".

AMENDMENT NO. 3

On page 10, after line 25, insert:

"Article – Criminal Procedure

<u>11–603.</u>

(Over)

- (a) A court may enter a judgment of restitution that orders a defendant or child respondent to make restitution in addition to any other penalty for the commission of a crime or delinquent act, if:
- (1) as a direct result of the crime or delinquent act, property of the victim was stolen, damaged, destroyed, converted, or unlawfully obtained, or its value substantially decreased;
- (2) as a direct result of the crime or delinquent act, the victim suffered:
- (i) <u>actual medical, dental, hospital, counseling, funeral, or burial expenses or losses;</u>
 - (ii) <u>direct out-of-pocket loss;</u>
 - (iii) loss of earnings; or
 - (iv) expenses incurred with rehabilitation;
- (3) the victim incurred medical expenses that were paid by the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene or any other governmental unit;
- (4) a governmental unit incurred expenses in removing, towing, transporting, preserving, storing, selling, or destroying an abandoned vehicle as defined in § 25–201 of the Transportation Article;
- (5) the Criminal Injuries Compensation Board paid benefits to a victim; [or]

- (6) the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene or other governmental unit paid expenses incurred under Subtitle 1, Part II of this title; OR
- (7) THE VICTIM INCURRED EXPENSES RELATED TO THE REMOVAL, TOWING, TRANSPORTING, PRESERVING, STORING, SELLING, OR DESTRUCTION OF A VEHICLE AS A RESULT OF A CRIME OR DELINQUENT ACT.
- (b) A victim is presumed to have a right to restitution under subsection (a) of this section if:
 - (1) the victim or the State requests restitution; and
- (2) the court is presented with competent evidence of any item listed in subsection (a) of this section.
- (c) (1) A judgment of restitution does not preclude the property owner or the victim who suffered personal physical or mental injury, out—of—pocket loss of earnings, or support from bringing a civil action to recover damages from the restitution obligor.
- (2) A civil verdict shall be reduced by the amount paid under the criminal judgment of restitution.
- (d) In making a disposition on a finding that a child at least 13 years old has committed an act of graffiti under § 6–301(d) of the Criminal Law Article, the court shall order the child to perform community service or pay restitution or both.".