## **HOUSE BILL 859**

D4, E2 1lr1606 **CF SB 768** 

A. Kelly, Bv: Delegates Dumais, Clippinger, Simmons. Valderrama. Waldstreicher, and Wilson

Introduced and read first time: February 11, 2011

Assigned to: Judiciary

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments

House action: Adopted

Read second time: March 23, 2011

CHAPTER

AN ACT concerning 1

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## Child Abuse - Out of Court Statements of Child Victims

3 FOR the purpose of altering the age for the admission into evidence of a certain out of 4 court statement made by a child victim; adding certain counselors and easeworkers therapists to the list of certain professionals to whom a child 6 victim's out of court statement was made and who may testify concerning the statement; repealing provisions that allow certain out of court statements to be admissible if the child victim does not testify; requiring the child victim to testify as a prerequisite to the admissibility of the child victim's out of court 10 statement in a criminal proceeding or certain juvenile court proceeding; clarifying the circumstances under which an out of court statement of a child 12 victim may be admitted into evidence in a child in need of assistance proceeding in the juvenile court; requiring notice to certain individuals of the audio or 13 visual recording of a certain out of court statement by a child victim; limiting 14 the circumstances under which notice of the content of a certain out of court 15 statement by a child victim is required to be provided and under which a certain 16 deposition is authorized; eliminating the requirement that the court examine 18 the child victim in chambers under certain circumstances; and generally 19 relating to out of court statements of child victims.

BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

21 Article – Criminal Procedure

22 Section 11-304

23 Annotated Code of Maryland

## EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

Underlining indicates amendments to bill.

Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.



1	(2008 Replacement Volume and 2010 Supplement)							
2 3	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:							
4	Article - Criminal Procedure							
5	11–304.							
6	(a) In this section, "statement" means:							
7	(1) an oral or written assertion; or							
8 9	(2) nonverbal conduct intended as an assertion, including sounds, gestures, demonstrations, drawings, and similar actions.							
10 11 12 13	(b) Subject to subsections (c), (d), and (e) of this section, the court may admit into evidence in a juvenile court proceeding or in a criminal proceeding an out of court statement to prove the truth of the matter asserted in the statement made by a child victim who:							
14	(1) is under the age of [12] 13 years; and							
15 16	(2) is the alleged victim or the child alleged to need assistance in the case before the court concerning:							
17 18	(i) child abuse under § 3–601 or § 3–602 of the Criminal Law Article;							
19 20	(ii) rape or sexual offense under §§ 3–303 through 3–307 of the Criminal Law Article;							
21 22 23	(iii) attempted rape or attempted sexual offense in the first degree or in the second degree under §§ 3–309 through 3–312 of the Criminal Law Article; or							
24 25	(iv) in a juvenile court proceeding, abuse or neglect as defined in $\S$ 5–701 of the Family Law Article.							
26 27 28	(c) An out of court statement may be admissible under this section only if the statement was made to and is offered by a person acting lawfully in the course of the person's profession when the statement was made who is:							
29	(1) a physician;							
30	(2) a psychologist;							

1	(3) a nurse;
2	(4) a social worker; [or]
3 4	(5) a principal, vice principal, teacher, or school counselor at a public or private preschool, elementary school, or secondary school;
5 6	(6) A COUNSELOR <u>LICENSED OR CERTIFIED IN ACCORDANCE</u> WITH TITLE 17 OF THE HEALTH OCCUPATIONS ARTICLE; OR
7 8	(7) A CASEWORKER THERAPIST LICENSED OR CERTIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH TITLE 17 OF THE HEALTH OCCUPATIONS ARTICLE.
9 10 11 12	(d) (1) Under this section, an out of court statement by a child victim may come into evidence <u>IN A CRIMINAL PROCEEDING OR IN A JUVENILE COURT PROCEEDING OTHER THAN A CHILD IN NEED OF ASSISTANCE PROCEEDING UNDER TITLE 3, SUBTITLE 8 OF THE COURTS ARTICLE to prove the truth of the matter asserted in the statement:</u>
14 15	(i) if the statement is not admissible under any other hearsay exception; and
16	(ii) [regardless of whether] IF the child victim testifies.
17 18 19 20	#(2) (I) IN A CHILD IN NEED OF ASSISTANCE PROCEEDING IN THE JUVENILE COURT UNDER TITLE 3, SUBTITLE 8 OF THE COURTS ARTICLE, AN OUT OF COURT STATEMENT BY A CHILD VICTIM MAY COME INTO EVIDENCE TO PROVE THE TRUTH OF THE MATTER ASSERTED IN THE STATEMENT:
21 22	1. <u>IF THE STATEMENT IS NOT ADMISSIBLE UNDER ANY OTHER HEARSAY EXCEPTION; AND</u>
23 24	2. REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE CHILD VICTIM TESTIFIES.
25 26	(II) If the child victim does not testify, the child victim's out of court statement will be admissible only if there is corroborative evidence that:
27 28	(i) the defendant had the opportunity to commit the alleged erime; or
29 30	(ii) the child respondent or the alleged offender had the opportunity to commit the alleged abuse or neglect.

1 2 3 4 5 6	{(3)} (2) To provide the defendant, child respondent, or alleged offender with an opportunity to prepare a response to the statement, the prosecuting attorney shall serve on the defendant, child respondent, or alleged offender and the attorney for the defendant, child respondent, or alleged offender within a reasonable time before the juvenile court proceeding and at least 20 days before the criminal proceeding in which the statement is to be offered into evidence, notice of:
7	(i) the State's intention to introduce the statement; [and]
8 9	(ii) ANY AUDIO OR VISUAL RECORDING OF THE STATEMENT; AND
10 11	(III) IF AN AUDIO OR VISUAL RECORDING OF THE STATEMENT IS NOT AVAILABLE, the content of the statement.
12 13 14	[(4)] (3) (i) [The] IF AN AUDIO OR VISUAL RECORDING OF THE STATEMENT IS NOT AVAILABLE, THE defendant, child respondent, or alleged offender may depose a witness who will testify under this section.
15 16 17	(ii) Unless the State and the defendant, child respondent, or alleged offender agree or the court orders otherwise, the defendant, child respondent, or alleged offender shall file a notice of deposition:
18 19	1. in a criminal proceeding, at least 5 days before the date of the deposition; or
20 21	2. in a juvenile court proceeding, within a reasonable time before the date of the deposition.
22 23	(iii) Except where inconsistent with this paragraph, Maryland Rule 4–261 applies to a deposition taken under this paragraph.
24 25	(e) (1) A child victim's out of court statement is admissible under this section only if the statement has particularized guarantees of trustworthiness.
26 27 28	(2) To determine whether the statement has particularized guarantees of trustworthiness under this section, the court shall consider, but is not limited to, the following factors:
29	(i) the child victim's personal knowledge of the event;
30	(ii) the certainty that the statement was made;
31 32	(iii) any apparent motive to fabricate or exhibit partiality by the child victim, including interest, bias, corruption, or coercion;

1 2	responsive to quest	(iv) tions;	whether	the	statement	was	spontaneous	or	directly
3		(v)	the timin	g of th	ne statement	·,			
4 5 6	the child victim fa beyond the child vi		ed the stat	temen	t that repre	sents			•
7 8	the child victim's a	(vii) ge;	the appro	priat	eness of the	termi	nology of the	state	ement to
9		(viii)	the natur	e and	duration of	the ab	use or neglect	;	
10		(ix)	the inner	consi	stency and c	oherer	nce of the state	emen	t;
11 12	making the statem	(x) ent;	whether t	the ch	ild victim wa	as suff	ering pain or	distre	ess when
13 14 15	child respondent h						s to show the complained of		
16 17	questions; and	(xii)	whether	the st	atement was	s sugg	ested by the u	ise of	f leading
18		(xiii)	the credib	oility	of the person	testif	ying about the	stat	ement.
19 20	(f) In a court proceeding, to		_	of the	e presence o	of the	jury or before	the	juvenile
21 22	(1) trustworthiness th		•	-		as to	the specific g	guara	intees of
23	(2)	deterr	nine the a	dmiss	sibility of the	state	ment.		
24 25 26	(g) (1) court shall examine courtroom, or another	ne the	child vict	tim ir	n a proceedi	ng in		hamk	-
27		(I)	the child	victin	1:				
28		[(i)]	1. is o	deceas	sed; or				
29 30	the State has been	[(ii)] unabl			•		ion for good ca sence by subp		

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reasonable means; OR

1 2 3	(II) THE COURT DETERMINES THAT AN AUDIO OR VISUAL RECORDING OF THE CHILD VICTIM'S STATEMENT MAKES AN EXAMINATION OF THE CHILD VICTIM UNNECESSARY.
$4\\5\\6\\7$	(2) Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection, any defendant or child respondent, attorney for a defendant or child respondent, and the prosecuting attorney may be present when the court hears testimony on whether to admit into evidence the out of court statement of a child victim under this section.
8 9	(3) When the court examines the child victim as paragraph (1) of this subsection requires:
10 11 12	(i) one attorney for each defendant or child respondent, one attorney for the child victim, and one prosecuting attorney may be present at the examination; and
13 14	(ii) the court may not allow a defendant or child respondent to be present at the examination.
15 16	(h) (1) This section does not limit the admissibility of a statement under any other applicable hearsay exception or rule of evidence.
17 18	(2) This section does not prohibit the court in a juvenile court proceeding from hearing testimony in the judge's chambers.
19 20	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2011.
	Approved:
	Governor.
	Speaker of the House of Delegates.
	President of the Senate.