HOUSE BILL 1252

1lr2827

By: Delegate McMillan

Introduced and read first time: February 22, 2011 Assigned to: Rules and Executive Nominations

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Natural Resources – Large–Scale Striped Bass Poaching – Penalties

- FOR the purpose of establishing that a person who commits certain fishing violations
 with respect to striped bass, and the violation results in the unlawful capture of
 striped bass worth over a certain value as determined in a certain manner, is
 subject to imprisonment not exceeding a certain amount of time; and generally
 relating to penalties for large-scale striped bass poaching.
- 8 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 9 Article Natural Resources
- 10 Section 4–1201
- 11 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 12 (2005 Replacement Volume and 2010 Supplement)
- 13 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 14 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 15

Article – Natural Resources

16 4–1201.

(a) Except as otherwise specifically provided in this title, a person who
violates any provision of this title is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, is
subject to a fine not exceeding \$1,000, with costs imposed in the discretion of the court.

(b) Unless another penalty is specifically provided elsewhere in this title, any person found guilty of a second or subsequent violation of any provision of this title is subject to a fine not exceeding \$2,000, or imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both, with costs imposed in the discretion of the court. For the purpose of this subsection, a second or subsequent violation is one which has occurred within two years of any prior violation of this title.



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1 (c) In addition to any administrative penalty provided in this title, violation 2 of any rule or regulation adopted by any unit within the Department pursuant to the 3 provisions of this title is a misdemeanor and is punishable as provided in subsections 4 (a) and (b).

5 (d) (1) In addition to any other applicable penalty set forth in subsections 6 (a) and (b) of this section, a person who violates any provision of this title or any 7 regulations adopted by the Secretary under the authority of this title concerning the 8 taking of or creel limits for striped bass, commonly known as rockfish, shall be subject 9 to the following penalties:

10

[(1)] (I) For a first violation, a fine not exceeding \$1,500 per fish;

11 [(2)] (II) For a second violation, within a 2-year period, a fine not 12 exceeding \$2,500 per fish and revocation of the fishing license for a period not less 13 than 1 year but not more than 2 years; and

14 [(3)] (III) For a third violation within a 4-year period, a fine not 15 exceeding \$2,500 per fish and revocation of the fishing license for a period not less 16 than 2 years but not more than 5 years.

17 (2) IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER PENALTY PROVIDED UNDER THIS 18 TITLE, A PERSON WHO COMMITS ANY OF THE FOLLOWING VIOLATIONS, AND THE 19 VIOLATION RESULTS IN THE UNLAWFUL CAPTURE OF OVER **\$20,000** WORTH OF 20 STRIPED BASS AS DETERMINED BY THE PROCEEDS OF THE UNLAWFUL 21 CAPTURE, IS GUILTY OF A MISDEMEANOR AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO 22 IMPRISONMENT NOT EXCEEDING **2** YEARS:

23		(I)	USING UNLAWFUL GEAR;
24		(II)	HARVESTING DURING CLOSED SEASONS;
25		(III)	HARVESTING FROM A CLOSED AREA;
$\frac{26}{27}$	LIMITS; OR	(IV)	EXCEEDING ESTABLISHED HARVEST, CATCH, OR SIZE
28		(V)	VIOLATING TAGGING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

(e) A common carrier transporting fish who is not the buyer, seller, or catcher of the fish or is not controlled by the buyer, seller, or catcher of the fish is not subject to any penalty under this section for transporting fish which is either unlawfully caught or of unlawful size provided that the operator of the common carrier has in his possession a valid bill of lading, stating the origin, shipper, destination and

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receiver of the fish and the common carrier does not know or have reason to know that
 the fish were unlawfully caught or of unlawful size.

3 (f) In addition to any other applicable penalty set forth in this title, a person 4 who unlawfully takes oysters from a leased oyster bottom, an oyster sanctuary, an 5 oyster reserve, or an area closed to shellfish harvest by the Department of the 6 Environment, when the area is designated and marked by buoys or other signage or 7 the person knew or should have known that taking the oysters from the area was 8 unlawful, is subject to a fine not exceeding \$3,000.

9 (g) (1) If a person is convicted of violating any provision of this title and 10 the violation causes or results in the injury, death, or destruction of any fish, including 11 a protected species of animal, in addition to any other penalty provided in this title, 12 the Secretary may order the person to pay restitution to the Department for the 13 resource value of the fish, as determined by the regulations adopted by the 14 Department under paragraph (2) of this subsection.

15 (2) The Department, in consultation with the Tidal Fisheries Advisory 16 Commission and the Sport Fisheries Advisory Commission, shall adopt regulations 17 that establish a schedule of resource values for individual species.

(3) If two or more defendants are convicted for the same violation
causing or resulting in the injury, death, or destruction of protected species of animals,
the court may impose restitution against the defendants jointly and equally.

21 (4) (i) Restitution under this section shall be paid within 30 days 22 or a time prescribed by regulation.

(ii) In each instance, restitution paid under this section shall be
credited to the Department to be used only for the replacement, habitat management,
or enforcement programs for injured, killed, or destroyed fish or protected species of
animals.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
 June 1, 2011.