E2 1lr1140 CF HB 266

By: Senators Forehand, Benson, Colburn, Ferguson, Garagiola, Jacobs, Jennings, Jones-Rodwell, Kelley, King, Madaleno, Manno, Montgomery, Pinsky, Ramirez, Raskin, Simonaire, Stone, and Young

Introduced and read first time: February 2, 2011

Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments

Senate action: Adopted

Read second time: March 22, 2011

CHAPTER

1 AN ACT concerning

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Human Trafficking Victim Protection Act

FOR the purpose of authorizing a court to order a person who has been convicted of human trafficking to pay restitution to the victim for certain expenses incurred by the victim; providing for the verification of certain expenses alleged to be incurred by the victim; establishing that certain absences of the victim may not be a basis for denial of restitution; establishing that this Act may not be constructed construed to limit a person's right to certain restitution; clarifying that certain provisions of law related to restitution apply to an order of restitution under this Act; authorizing a person convicted of prostitution to file a petition to vacate the judgment if the person's involvement in prostitution was the result of the person having been a victim of human trafficking; establishing the requirements for a petition filed under this Act; requiring a person filing a petition under this Act to provide a certain notice to the State; authorizing the State to file a certain response in a certain period of time; requiring the court to hold a hearing on the petition under certain circumstances, with a certain exception; authorizing the court to take certain actions in ruling on the petition; requiring the court to state on the record the reasons for its ruling on the petition; establishing that a petitioner in a proceeding under this Act has the burden of proof authorizing the expungement of certain records by certain persons convicted of prostitution under certain circumstances; and generally relating to victims of human trafficking.

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.



1	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
2	Article – Criminal Law
3	Section 11–303
4	Annotated Code of Maryland
5	(2002 Volume and 2010 Supplement)
6	BY adding to
7	Article - Criminal Procedure
8	Section 8-302
9	Annotated Code of Maryland
10	(2008 Replacement Volume and 2010 Supplement)
11	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
12	Article – Criminal Procedure
13	<u>Section 10–105</u>
14	Annotated Code of Maryland
15	(2008 Replacement Volume and 2010 Supplement)
16	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
17	MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
18	Article - Criminal Law
19	11–303.
20	(a) (1) A person may not knowingly:
$\frac{21}{22}$	(i) take or cause another to be taken to any place for prostitution;
	prostruction,
23	(ii) place, cause to be placed, or harbor another in any place for
24	prostitution;
25	(iii) persuade, induce, entice, or encourage another to be taken to
26	or placed in any place for prostitution;
27	(iv) receive consideration to procure for or place in a house of
28	prostitution or elsewhere another with the intent of causing the other to engage in
29	prostitution or assignation;
30	(v) engage in a device, scheme, or continuing course of conduct
31	intended to cause another to believe that if the other did not take part in a sexually
32 33	explicit performance, the other or a third person would suffer physical restraint or serious physical harm; or
,0	serious physical narm, or

1 2 3	(vi) destroy, conceal, remove, confiscate, or possess an actual or purported passport, immigration document, or government identification document of another while otherwise violating or attempting to violate this subsection.
4 5 6	(2) A parent, guardian, or person who has permanent or temporary care or custody or responsibility for supervision of another may not consent to the taking or detention of the other for prostitution.
7 8	(b) (1) A person may not violate subsection (a) of this section involving a victim who is a minor.
9 10 11	(2) A person may not knowingly take or detain another with the intent to use force, threat, coercion, or fraud to compel the other to marry the person or a third person or perform a sexual act, sexual contact, or vaginal intercourse.
12 13 14 15	(c) (1) (i) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, a person who violates subsection (a) of this section is guilty of the misdemeanor of human trafficking and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 10 years or a fine not exceeding \$5,000 or both.
16 17	(ii) A person who violates subsection (a) of this section is subject to \S 5–106(b) of the Courts Article.
18 19 20	(2) A person who violates subsection (b) of this section is guilty of the felony of human trafficking and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 25 years or a fine not exceeding \$15,000 or both.
21 22 23 24	(3) (I) IN ADDITION TO THE PENALTIES PROVIDED IN THIS SUBSECTION, THE COURT MAY ORDER A PERSON CONVICTED UNDER THIS SECTION TO PAY RESTITUTION TO THE VICTIM FOR EXPENSES INCURRED BY THE VICTIM:
$\frac{25}{26}$	1. THAT ARE A DIRECT RESULT OF THE PERSON'S CRIMINAL ACTIONS;
27 28	2. IN RELOCATING THE VICTIM AND THE VICTIM'S FAMILY AWAY FROM THE PERSON OR THE PERSON'S ASSOCIATES; OR
29	3. IN THE REPATRIATION OF THE VICTIM OR THE

PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE SHOWS THAT THE VICTIM WAS BROUGHT TO THE UNITED STATES BY FRAUD OR DECEPTION.

VICTIM'S FAMILY TO THE VICTIM'S COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP IF THE

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33 (II) ANY EXPENSES ALLEGED TO BE INCURRED UNDER THIS 34 PARAGRAPH MAY BE VERIFIED BY:

1	1. A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER, AS TO EXPENSES
2	ALLEGEDLY INCURRED IN RELATION TO THE SAFETY OF THE VICTIM OR THE
3	VICTIM'S FAMILY; OR
4	2. A PROVIDER OF MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES, AS TO
5	EXPENSES ALLEGEDLY INCURRED IN RELATION TO THE EMOTIONAL
6	WELL-BEING OF THE VICTIM.
7	(III) THE RETURN OF THE VICTIM TO THE VICTIM'S COUNTRY
8	OF CITIZENSHIP OR ANY OTHER ABSENCE OF THE VICTIM FROM THE VICTIM'S
9	COUNTRY OF RESIDENCE MAY NOT BE A BASIS FOR A DENIAL OF RESTITUTION.
10	(IV) THIS PARAGRAPH MAY NOT BE CONSTRUED TO LIMIT
11	THE RIGHT OF A PERSON TO RESTITUTION UNDER TITLE 11, SUBTITLE 6 OF THE
12	CRIMINAL PROCEDURE ARTICLE.
13	(V) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS PARAGRAPH,
14	THE PROVISIONS OF TITLE 11, SUBTITLE 6 OF THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE
15	ARTICLE APPLY TO AN ORDER OF RESTITUTION UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH.
16	(d) A person who violates this section may be charged, tried, and sentenced
17 18	in any county in or through which the person transported or attempted to transport the other.
19	(e) (1) A person who knowingly benefits financially or by receiving
20	anything of value from participation in a venture that includes an act described in
21 22	subsection (a) or (b) of this section is subject to the same penalties that would apply if the person had violated that subsection.
23	(2) A person who knowingly aids, abets, or conspires with one or more
2425	other persons to violate any subsection of this section is subject to the same penalties that apply for a violation of that subsection.
26	Article - Criminal Procedure
20	
27	8-302.
28	(A) A PERSON CONVICTED OF PROSTITUTION UNDER § 11–306 OF THE
29	CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE MAY FILE A PETITION TO VACATE THE JUDGMENT IF
30	THE PERSON'S INVOLVEMENT IN PROSTITUTION WAS THE RESULT OF THE
31	PERSON HAVING BEEN A VICTIM OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING UNDER § 11–303 OF
32	THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE OR UNDER FEDERAL LAW.
33	(B) A PETITION FILED UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL:

1	(1) BE IN WRITING;
2	(2) BE MADE WITHIN A REASONABLE PERIOD OF TIME AFTER THE
3	PETITIONER IS NO LONGER THE VICTIM OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING OR HAS
4	SOUGHT SERVICES FOR VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING, IN LIGHT OF
5	CONCERNS FOR THE SAFETY OF THE PETITIONER, THE PETITIONER'S FAMILY,
6	OR OTHER VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING;
7	(3) DESCRIBE THE EVIDENCE AND PROVIDE COPIES OF ANY
8	OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS SHOWING THAT THE PETITIONER WAS THE VICTIM OF
9	HUMAN TRAFFICKING AND THAT THE PETITIONER'S INVOLVEMENT IN
10	PROSTITUTION WAS THE RESULT OF THE PETITIONER HAVING BEEN THE VICTIM
11	OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING; AND
12	(4) IF THE PETITIONER WANTS A HEARING, INCLUDE A REQUEST
13	FOR A HEARING.
14	(c) (1) A PETITIONER SHALL NOTIFY THE STATE IN WRITING OF THE
15	FILING OF A PETITION UNDER THIS SECTION.
16	(2) THE STATE MAY FILE A RESPONSE TO THE PETITION WITHIN
17	90 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF THE NOTICE REQUIRED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION
18	OR WITHIN THE PERIOD OF TIME THAT THE COURT ORDERS.
19	(D) (1) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS
20	SUBSECTION, THE COURT SHALL HOLD A HEARING ON A PETITION FILED UNDER
21	THIS SECTION IF THE PETITION SATISFIES THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION
22	(B) OF THIS SECTION AND A HEARING WAS REQUESTED.
23	(2) THE COURT MAY DISMISS A PETITION WITHOUT A HEARING IF
24	THE COURT FINDS THAT THE PETITION FAILS TO ASSERT GROUNDS ON WHICH
25	RELIEF MAY BE GRANTED.
26	(E) (1) IN RULING ON A PETITION FILED UNDER THIS SECTION, THE
27	COURT MAY VACATE THE CONVICTION, MODIFY THE SENTENCE, OR GRANT A
28	NEW TRIAL, AS THE COURT CONSIDERS APPROPRIATE.
29	(2) THE COURT SHALL STATE THE REASONS FOR ITS RULING ON
30	THE RECORD.
31	(F) A PETITIONER IN A PROCEEDING UNDER THIS SECTION HAS THE
32	BURDEN OF PROOF.

33 <u>10–105.</u>

1 2 3 4 5 6	a violation of the imposed, or who offense, as a substor expungement	rson who has been charged with the commission of a crime, including a Transportation Article for which a term of imprisonment may be has been charged with a civil offense or infraction, except a juvenile stitute for a criminal charge may file a petition listing relevant facts of a police record, court record, or other record maintained by the l subdivision of the State if:
7	<u>(1)</u>	the person is acquitted;
8	<u>(2)</u>	the charge is otherwise dismissed;
9 10 11	-	a probation before judgment is entered, unless the person is olation of § 21–902 of the Transportation Article or Title 2, Subtitle 5 Criminal Law Article;
12 13	(4) alcohol treatment	a nolle prosequi or nolle prosequi with the requirement of drug or is entered;
14 15 16	(5) marking the crim abuse treatment of	the court indefinitely postpones trial of a criminal charge by ninal charge "stet" or stet with the requirement of drug or alcohol on the docket;
17 18	(6) Article;	the case is compromised under § 3–207 of the Criminal Law
19 20	this article; (7)	the charge was transferred to the juvenile court under § 4–202 of
21	<u>(8)</u>	the person:
22 23	crime of violence;	(i) is convicted of only one criminal act, and that act is not a and
24 25	[or]	(ii) is granted a full and unconditional pardon by the Governor;
26 27	(9) that prohibits:	the person was convicted of a crime under any State or local law
28		(i) urination or defecation in a public place;
29		(ii) panhandling or soliciting money;
30		(iii) drinking an alcoholic beverage in a public place;

$\frac{1}{2}$	public conveyance;	<u>(iv)</u>	obstructing the free passage of another in a public place or a
3 4	doorways;	<u>(v)</u>	sleeping on or in park structures, such as benches or
5		<u>(vi)</u>	loitering:
6		(vii)	vagrancy;
7 8	exhibiting proof of		riding a transit vehicle without paying the applicable fare or ent; or
9 10 11 12			except for carrying or possessing an explosive, acid, ther dangerous article as provided in § 7–705(b)(6) of the any of the acts specified in § 7–705 of the Transportation
13 14	(10) § 11–306 OF THE		THE PERSON WAS CONVICTED OF PROSTITUTION UNDER NAL LAW ARTICLE; AND
15 16 17	<u> </u>		THE PERSON'S INVOLVEMENT IN PROSTITUTION WAS ERSON HAVING BEEN A VICTIM OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING E CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE OR UNDER FEDERAL LAW.
18 19	(b) (1) person shall file a		t as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection, a in the court in which the proceeding began.
			
20 21 22	<u>(2)</u>		e proceeding began in one court and was transferred to a shall file the petition in the court to which the proceeding
21	(2) another court, the was transferred. (3)	person (i) t exerc	
21 22 23 24	(2) another court, the was transferred. (3) appealed to a cour	(i) t exercurt. (ii)	a shall file the petition in the court to which the proceeding If the proceeding in a court of original jurisdiction was

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1 2 3	(2) A petition for expungement based on a probation before judgment or a stet with the requirement of drug or alcohol abuse treatment may not be filed earlier than the later of:
4 5	(i) the date the petitioner was discharged from probation or the requirements of obtaining drug or alcohol abuse treatment were completed; or
6 7	(ii) 3 years after the probation was granted or stet with the requirement of drug or alcohol abuse treatment was entered on the docket.
8 9 10	(3) A petition for expungement based on a nolle prosequi with the requirement of drug or alcohol treatment may not be filed until the completion of the required treatment.
11 12 13	(4) A petition for expungement based on a full and unconditional pardon by the Governor may not be filed later than 10 years after the pardon was signed by the Governor.
14 15 16	(5) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, a petition for expungement based on a stet or a compromise under § 3–207 of the Criminal Law Article may not be filed within 3 years after the stet or compromise.
17 18 19 20	(6) A petition for expungement based on the conviction of a crime under subsection (a)(9) of this section may not be filed within 3 years after the conviction or satisfactory completion of the sentence, including probation, that was imposed for the conviction, whichever is later.
21 22	(7) A court may grant a petition for expungement at any time on a showing of good cause.
23 24	(d) (1) The court shall have a copy of a petition for expungement served on the State's Attorney.
25 26 27	(2) <u>Unless the State's Attorney files an objection to the petition for expungement within 30 days after the petition is served, the court shall pass an order requiring the expungement of all police records and court records about the charge.</u>
28 29	(e) (1) If the State's Attorney files a timely objection to the petition, the court shall hold a hearing.
30 31 32	(2) If the court at the hearing finds that the person is entitled to expungement, the court shall order the expungement of all police records and court records about the charge

(3) If the court finds that the person is not entitled to expungement, the court shall deny the petition.

1	(4) The person is not entitled to expungement if:
2 3 4 5 6	(i) the petition is based on the entry of probation before judgment, a nolle prosequi, a stet, including a nolle prosequi with the requirement of drug or alcohol treatment or a stet with the requirement of drug or alcohol abuse treatment, a conviction for a crime specified in subsection (a)(9) of this section, or the grant of a pardon by the Governor; and
7	(ii) the person:
8	1. since the full and unconditional pardon, entry, or conviction has been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation; or
10	<u>as a defendant in a pending criminal proceeding.</u>
11 12 13	(f) Unless an order is stayed pending an appeal, within 60 days after entry of the order, every custodian of the police records and court records that are subject to the order of expungement shall advise in writing the court and the person who is seeking expungement of compliance with the order.
15	(g) (1) The State's Attorney is a party to the proceeding.
16 17	(2) A party aggrieved by the decision of the court is entitled to appellate review as provided in the Courts Article.
18 19	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2011.
	Approved:
	Governor.
	President of the Senate.
	Speaker of the House of Delegates.