## **SENATE BILL 335**

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By: Senators Kelley and Forehand

Introduced and read first time: February 2, 2011

Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

## A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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- FOR the purpose of establishing certain methods by which the juvenile court, in certain permanency planning and guardianship review hearings, may satisfy the requirement that the court consult on the record with the child; and generally relating to permanency planning and guardianship review hearings.
- 7 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
- 8 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 9 Section 3–823(b), (c), and (h)(1)
- 10 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 11 (2006 Replacement Volume and 2010 Supplement)
- 12 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments.
- 13 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 14 Section 3–823(k)
- 15 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 16 (2006 Replacement Volume and 2010 Supplement)
- 17 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
- 18 Article Family Law
- 19 Section 5-326(a)(1)
- 20 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 21 (2006 Replacement Volume and 2010 Supplement)
- 22 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 23 Article Family Law
- 24 Section 5–326(c)
- 25 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 26 (2006 Replacement Volume and 2010 Supplement)



1	Preamble
2 3 4	WHEREAS, Section 475(5)(c)(ii) of the federal Social Security Act mandates that a court holding a permanency hearing conduct an age-appropriate consultation with the child who is the subject of the hearing; and
5 6	WHEREAS, The federal Act does not specify how a state court must comply; and
7 8 9 10	WHEREAS, The United States Department of Health and Human Services in its Children's Bureau Manual interpreted the Act as requiring that "the child's views on the child's permanency or transition plan must be obtained by the court for consideration during the hearing"; and
11 12 13	WHEREAS, The United States Department of Health and Human Services also opined that "information that is provided to the court regarding the child's best interests alone are not sufficient to meet this requirement"; and
14 15 16	WHEREAS, The accuracy of a verbal report of the child's views provided to the court by an attorney, case worker, or guardian ad litem might be questionable in some instances when the child is not present to clarify the child's views for the court; and
17 18	WHEREAS, Even a child's demeanor and nonverbal communication might be informative for the court; and
19 20 21	WHEREAS, There is no standardization in the way that Maryland courts interpret or attempt to comply with the federal Act mandating a consultation with the child who is the subject of a permanency hearing; now, therefore,
22 23	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
24	Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings
25	3–823.
26 27	(b) (1) The court shall hold a permanency planning hearing to determine the permanency plan for a child:
28 29 30	(i) No later than 11 months after a child committed under $\S 3-819$ of this subtitle or continued in a voluntary placement under $\S 3-819.1(b)$ of this subtitle enters an out-of-home placement; or
31 32 33	(ii) Within 30 days after the court finds that reasonable efforts to reunify a child with the child's parent or guardian are not required based on a finding that a circumstance enumerated in § 3–812 of this subtitle has occurred.

- 1 (2) For purposes of this section, a child shall be considered to have 2 entered an out-of-home placement 30 days after the child is placed into an 3 out-of-home placement.
- 4 (3) If all parties agree, a permanency planning hearing may be held on the same day as the reasonable efforts hearing.

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- (c) (1) On the written request of a party or on its own motion, the court may schedule a hearing at any earlier time to determine a permanency plan or to review the implementation of a permanency plan for any child committed under § 3–819 of this subtitle.
- 10 (2) A written request for review shall state the reason for the request 11 and each issue to be raised.
- 12 (h) (1) (i) Except as provided in subparagraphs (ii) and (iii) of this 13 paragraph, the court shall conduct a hearing to review the permanency plan at least 14 every 6 months until commitment is rescinded or a voluntary placement is terminated.
- 15 (ii) The court shall conduct a review hearing every 12 months 16 after the court determines that the child shall be continued in out–of–home placement 17 with a specific caregiver who agrees to care for the child on a permanent basis.
- 18 (iii) 1. Unless the court finds good cause, a case shall be 19 terminated after the court grants custody and guardianship of the child to a relative or 20 other individual.
- 21 2. If the court finds good cause not to terminate a case, the court shall conduct a review hearing every 12 months until the case is terminated.
- 3. The court may not conclude a review hearing under subsubparagraph 2 of this subparagraph unless the court has seen the child in person.
- 25 (k) At least every 12 months at a hearing under this section, the court shall consult on the record with the child [in an age—appropriate manner] BY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING METHODS:
- 28 (1) IF THE CHILD'S PLACEMENT IS WITHIN THE STATE OR WITHIN
  29 A REASONABLE DISTANCE FROM THE COURTHOUSE AND THE CHILD'S
  30 TRANSPORTATION CAN BE FEASIBLY ARRANGED, THE COURT MAY CONVERSE
  31 WITH THE CHILD DURING THE HEARING IF THE CHILD IS VERBAL, OR THE
  32 CHILD'S CARETAKERS IF THE CHILD IS NOT VERBAL;
- 33 (2) If the child's placement is outside the State or not 34 WITHIN A REASONABLE DISTANCE FROM THE COURTHOUSE OR THE CHILD'S

- 1 TRANSPORTATION CANNOT BE FEASIBLY ARRANGED, THE COURT MAY USE
- 2 VIDEO CONFERENCING TO CONVERSE WITH THE CHILD DURING THE HEARING;
- 3 (3) If the child is so medically fragile that it is
- 4 PHYSICALLY IMPOSSIBLE FOR THE CHILD TO BE TRANSPORTED TO THE COURT,
- 5 THE COURT MAY VISIT THE CHILD AT THE CHILD'S PLACEMENT; OR
- 6 (4) IF THE VIEWS OF THE CHILD CANNOT BE FEASIBLY OBTAINED
- 7 BY ANY OF THE METHODS DESCRIBED IN ITEM (1), (2), OR (3) OF THIS
- 8 SUBSECTION, THE COURT MAY USE A VIDEO CONNECTION DURING THE HEARING
- 9 TO OBSERVE THE CHILD ENGAGED IN REGULAR ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING AT
- 10 THE CHILD'S PLACEMENT.

## Article - Family Law

12 5–326.

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- 13 (a) (1) A juvenile court shall hold:
- 14 (i) an initial guardianship review hearing as scheduled under §
- 15 5–324(b)(1)(vi) of this subtitle to establish a permanency plan for the child; and
- 16 (ii) at least once each year after the initial guardianship review
- 17 hearing until the juvenile court's jurisdiction terminates, a guardianship review
- 18 hearing.
- 19 (c) At least every 12 months at a hearing under this section, the court shall
- 20 consult on the record with the child [in an age-appropriate manner] BY ONE OF THE
- 21 FOLLOWING METHODS:
- 22 (1) IF THE CHILD'S PLACEMENT IS WITHIN THE STATE OR WITHIN
- 23 A REASONABLE DISTANCE FROM THE COURTHOUSE AND THE CHILD'S
- 24 TRANSPORTATION CAN BE FEASIBLY ARRANGED, THE COURT MAY CONVERSE
- 25 WITH THE CHILD DURING THE HEARING IF THE CHILD IS VERBAL, OR THE
- 26 CHILD'S CARETAKERS IF THE CHILD IS NOT VERBAL;
- 27 (2) IF THE CHILD'S PLACEMENT IS OUTSIDE THE STATE OR NOT
- 28 WITHIN A REASONABLE DISTANCE FROM THE COURTHOUSE OR THE CHILD'S
- 29 TRANSPORTATION CANNOT BE FEASIBLY ARRANGED, THE COURT MAY USE
- 30 VIDEO CONFERENCING TO CONVERSE WITH THE CHILD DURING THE HEARING;
- 31 (3) IF THE CHILD IS SO MEDICALLY FRAGILE THAT IT IS
- 32 PHYSICALLY IMPOSSIBLE FOR THE CHILD TO BE TRANSPORTED TO THE COURT,
- 33 THE COURT MAY VISIT THE CHILD AT THE CHILD'S PLACEMENT; OR

1	(4) IF THE VIEWS OF THE CHILD CANNOT BE FEASIBLY OBTAINED
2	BY ANY OF THE METHODS DESCRIBED IN ITEM (1), (2), OR (3) OF THIS
3	SUBSECTION, THE COURT MAY USE A VIDEO CONNECTION DURING THE HEARING
4	TO OBSERVE THE CHILD ENGAGED IN REGULAR ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING AT
5	THE CHILD'S PLACEMENT.

6 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 7 October 1, 2011.