## By: **Senator Raskin** Introduced and read first time: February 3, 2011 Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

# A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

#### 2

## Civil Actions – Cases Challenging Constitutionality of Statutes

3 FOR the purpose of providing that, in any civil action commenced in the District Court 4 or a circuit court to which the State or a county or municipality is not a party, if  $\mathbf{5}$ a party to the action alleges in a pleading, motion, or other paper that a State 6 statute or a county or municipal law, ordinance, or resolution is 7 unconstitutional with respect to the United States Constitution or the Maryland 8 Constitution, the party shall immediately serve the Attorney General, in the 9 case of a State statute, and both the Attorney General and the chief legal officer 10 of the county or municipality, in the case of a county or municipal law, 11 ordinance, or resolution, with a copy of the pleading, motion, or other paper; 12providing that the Attorney General and the chief legal officer are entitled to be 13heard in court or to submit in writing their views on the question of the 14 constitutionality of the statute or local law, ordinance, or resolution, or to seek 15intervention in the action in accordance with the Maryland Rules; repealing 16 certain inconsistent provisions of the Maryland Uniform Declaratory Judgments 17 Act; and generally relating to civil actions challenging the constitutionality of 18 certain State statutes or local laws, ordinances, or resolutions.

- 19 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 20 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 21 Section 3–405
- 22 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 23 (2006 Replacement Volume and 2010 Supplement)
- 24 BY adding to
- 25 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 26 Section 6–411
- 27 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 28 (2006 Replacement Volume and 2010 Supplement)

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.





1 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 2 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

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### **Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings**

4 3-405.

5 (a) [(1)] If declaratory relief is sought, a person who has or claims any 6 interest which would be affected by the declaration, shall be made a party.

7 [(2)] (B) Except in a class action, the declaration may not prejudice 8 the rights of any person not a party to the proceeding.

9 [(b) In any proceeding which involves the validity of a municipal or county 10 ordinance or franchise, the municipality or county shall be made a party and is 11 entitled to be heard.

12 (c) If the statute, municipal or county ordinance, or franchise is alleged to be 13 unconstitutional, the Attorney General need not be made a party but, immediately 14 after suit has been filed, shall be served with a copy of the proceedings by certified 15 mail. He is entitled to be heard, submit his views in writing within a time deemed 16 reasonable by the court, or seek intervention pursuant to the Maryland Rules.]

17 **6–411.** 

IN ANY CIVIL ACTION COMMENCED IN THE DISTRICT COURT 18 **(**A**)** (1) OR A CIRCUIT COURT TO WHICH THE STATE IS NOT A PARTY, IF A PARTY TO THE 1920ACTION ALLEGES IN A PLEADING, MOTION, OR OTHER PAPER THAT A STATE LAW 21IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL WITH RESPECT TO THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION 22OR THE MARYLAND CONSTITUTION, THAT PARTY SHALL IMMEDIATELY SERVE 23THE ATTORNEY GENERAL, BY CERTIFIED MAIL, WITH A COPY OF THE 24PLEADING, MOTION, OR OTHER PAPER.

25 (2) AFTER THE ATTORNEY GENERAL RECEIVES THE PLEADING,
 26 MOTION, OR OTHER PAPER, THE ATTORNEY GENERAL IS ENTITLED TO:

(I) BE HEARD IN COURT ON THE QUESTION OF THE
CONSTITUTIONALITY OF THE STATUTE THAT IS IDENTIFIED IN THE PLEADING,
MOTION, OR OTHER PAPER;

(II) SUBMIT IN WRITING THE VIEWS OF THE ATTORNEY
 GENERAL ON THE QUESTION OF THE CONSTITUTIONALITY OF THE STATUTE
 WITHIN A TIME PERIOD THAT THE COURT DETERMINES TO BE REASONABLE; OR

1 (III) SEEK INTERVENTION IN THE ACTION IN ACCORDANCE 2 WITH THE MARYLAND RULES.

3 IN ANY CIVIL ACTION COMMENCED IN THE DISTRICT COURT **(B)** (1) OR A CIRCUIT COURT TO WHICH THE STATE OR A COUNTY OR MUNICIPALITY IS 4 NOT A PARTY, IF A PARTY TO THE ACTION ALLEGES IN A PLEADING, MOTION, OR  $\mathbf{5}$ OTHER PAPER THAT A COUNTY OR MUNICIPAL LAW, ORDINANCE, OR 6 7**RESOLUTION IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL WITH RESPECT TO THE UNITED STATES** 8 CONSTITUTION OR THE MARYLAND CONSTITUTION, THAT PARTY SHALL 9 IMMEDIATELY SERVE THE ATTORNEY GENERAL AND THE CHIEF LEGAL 10 OFFICER OF THE COUNTY OR MUNICIPALITY WHOSE LAW, ORDINANCE, OR 11 **RESOLUTION IS BEING CHALLENGED, BY CERTIFIED MAIL, WITH A COPY OF THE** 12PLEADING, MOTION, OR OTHER PAPER.

(2) AFTER THE ATTORNEY GENERAL AND THE CHIEF LEGAL
 OFFICER OF THE COUNTY OR MUNICIPALITY RECEIVE THE PLEADING, MOTION,
 OR OTHER PAPER, THE ATTORNEY GENERAL AND THE CHIEF LEGAL OFFICER
 ARE ENTITLED TO:

17 (I) BE HEARD IN COURT ON THE QUESTION OF THE 18 CONSTITUTIONALITY OF THE COUNTY OR MUNICIPAL LAW, ORDINANCE, OR 19 RESOLUTION THAT IS IDENTIFIED IN THE PLEADING, MOTION, OR OTHER 20 PAPER;

(II) SUBMIT IN WRITING THEIR VIEWS ON THE QUESTION OF
 THE CONSTITUTIONALITY OF THE COUNTY OR MUNICIPAL LAW, ORDINANCE, OR
 RESOLUTION WITHIN A TIME PERIOD THAT THE COURT DETERMINES TO BE
 REASONABLE; OR

(III) SEEK INTERVENTION IN THE ACTION IN ACCORDANCE
WITH THE MARYLAND RULES.

27 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect28 October 1, 2011.