EMERGENCY BILL

2lr2172

By: Delegates Vallario, McDermott, Anderson, Dumais, Glenn, K. Kelly, Simmons, Smigiel, Valentino-Smith, and Wilson

Introduced and read first time: January 27, 2012

Assigned to: Judiciary

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments House action: Adopted with floor amendments

Read second time: February 28, 2012

CHAPTER	

1 AN ACT concerning

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Criminal Procedure – Office of the Public Defender – Representation Criminal Defendants – Court Appearances

FOR the purpose of repealing the requirement that the Office of the Public Defender provide representation to a certain indigent individual in all stages of a certain proceeding: altering the specific events in which the Office of the Public Defender is required to represent indigent individuals in criminal proceedings; providing that a certain provision of law may not be construed to require representation by the Office of the Public Defender at a certain initial appearance declaring the intention of the General Assembly to monitor certain issues and determine whether modification of this Act is required at a certain time; prohibiting certain ex parte communications between a District Court commissioner and a State's Attorney, an attorney for the defendant, or a law enforcement officer; prohibiting a certain statement made by a defendant during the course of an initial appearance before a District Court commissioner from being used as evidence against the defendant in a criminal proceeding or juvenile proceeding; establishing that a defendant who is denied pretrial release by a District Court commissioner or who remains in custody after a District Court commissioner has determined conditions of release under certain circumstances must be presented to a District Court or circuit court judge within a certain time period except under certain circumstances at a certain time; repealing the requirement that the Office of the Public Defender provide representation to a certain indigent individual in all stages of a certain proceeding; altering the specific events in which the Office of the Public

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.



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2012; and

1	Defender is required to represent indigent individuals in criminal proceedings;
2	requiring the Office of the Public Defender to provide representation to an
3	indigent individual at a bail hearing before a District Court or circuit court
4	judge; providing that representation is not required to be provided by the Office
5	of the Public Defender to certain indigent individuals at a certain initial
6	appearance before a District Court commissioner; establishing a Task Force to
7	Study the Laws and Policies Relating to Representation of Indigent Criminal
8	Defendants by the Office of the Public Defender; providing for the membership
9	and duties of the Task Force; providing for the designation of a chair of the Task
10	Force; requiring the Department of Legislative Services to provide staff for the
11	Task Force; prohibiting members of the Task Force from receiving
12	compensation; authorizing a member to receive certain reimbursement;
13	requiring the Task Force to report its findings and recommendations to the
14	Governor and the General Assembly on or before certain dates; providing for the
15	application of certain provisions of this Act; providing for the termination of a
16	certain provision of this Act; making this Act an emergency measure; and
17	generally relating to representation by the Office of the Public Defender. court
18	appearances by criminal defendants.
19	DV adding to
20	BY adding to Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings
21	Section 2–607(f) and 10–922
22	Annotated Code of Maryland
23	(2006 Replacement Volume and 2011 Supplement)
20	(2000 Replacement Volume and 2011 Supplement)
24	BY adding to
25	Article – Criminal Procedure
26	<u>Section 5–215</u>
27	Annotated Code of Maryland
28	(2008 Replacement Volume and 2011 Supplement)
00	
29	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
30	Article – Criminal Procedure Section 16–204
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32 33	Annotated Code of Maryland (2008 Replacement Volume and 2011 Supplement)
<i>ა</i> ა	(2008 Replacement Volume and 2011 Supplement)
34	<u>Preamble</u>
35	WHEREAS, This Act implements a right to counsel at bail hearings before a
36	District Court or circuit court judge in response to the decision of the Court of Appeals
37	of Maryland in DeWolfe v. Richmond, No. 34, September 2011 Term, issued January 4,

WHEREAS, The Court in DeWolfe v. Richmond held that the plain meaning of § 16–204(b) of the Criminal Procedure Article prior to enactment of this Act entitled

1 2	indigent defendants to public defender representation at an initial appearance before a District Court commissioner; and
3 4 5	WHEREAS, The question of whether or not a constitutional right to counsel before a District Court commissioner exists was not reached by the Court of Appeals; and
6 7 8	WHEREAS, It is anticipated that this question will be addressed by the Court of Appeals or other appropriate appellate court as part of continuing litigation in DeWolfe v. Richmond or another claim or action; and
9 10 11 12	WHEREAS, The Task Force established by Section 3 of this Act shall address the adequacy and cost of laws and policies regarding the representation of indigent defendants by the Public Defender and the District Court commissioner and pretrial release systems; now, therefore,
13 14 15 16 17 18	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That it is the intent of the General Assembly to continue to monitor the issues relating to representation of indigent defendants and to determine whether modification of this Act is required during the 2015 session of the General Assembly or earlier if an appellate court issues a decision related to the relevant issues in DeWolfe v. Richmond or the Task Force established under Section 3 of this Act issues its report and recommendations.
20 21 22	SECTION <u>1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND</u> <u>2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED</u> , That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
23	Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings
24	<u>2–607.</u>
25 26 27 28	(F) (1) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, EX PARTE COMMUNICATIONS BETWEEN A DISTRICT COURT COMMISSIONER AND A STATE'S ATTORNEY, AN ATTORNEY FOR THE DEFENDANT, OR A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER ARE PROHIBITED.
29 30	(2) AN EX PARTE COMMUNICATION FOR SCHEDULING, ADMINISTRATIVE, OR EMERGENCY PURPOSES IS ALLOWED, IF:
31 32	(I) THE COMMUNICATION DOES NOT ADDRESS SUBSTANTIVE MATTERS;
33	(II) NO PARTY WILL GAIN A PROCEDURAL, SUBSTANTIVE,

OR TACTICAL ADVANTAGE AS A RESULT OF THE COMMUNICATION; AND

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1 2	(III) THE COMMISSIONER PROMPTLY NOTIFIES THE OTHER PARTIES AND GIVES THEM AN OPPORTUNITY TO RESPOND.
3	<u>10-922.</u>
$4\\5\\6\\7$	A STATEMENT MADE DURING THE COURSE OF AN INITIAL APPEARANCE OF A DEFENDANT BEFORE A DISTRICT COURT COMMISSIONER IN ACCORDANCE WITH MARYLAND RULE 4–213 MAY NOT BE USED AS EVIDENCE AGAINST THE DEFENDANT IN A CRIMINAL PROCEEDING OR JUVENILE PROCEEDING.
8	Article - Criminal Procedure
9	5-215.
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	A DEFENDANT WHO IS DENIED PRETRIAL RELEASE BY A DISTRICT COURT COMMISSIONER OR WHO FOR ANY REASON REMAINS IN CUSTODY AFTER A DISTRICT COURT COMMISSIONER HAS DETERMINED CONDITIONS OF RELEASE UNDER MARYLAND RULE 4–216 SHALL BE PRESENTED TO A DISTRICT COURT OR CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE WITHIN 48 HOURS OF THE DETERMINATION BY THE DISTRICT COURT COMMISSIONER, EXCEPT FOR WEEKENDS AND HOLIDAYS IMMEDIATELY IF THE COURT IS IN SESSION, OR IF THE COURT IS NOT IN SESSION, AT THE NEXT SESSION OF THE COURT.
19 20 21 22	(a) Representation of an indigent individual may be provided in accordance with this title by the Public Defender or, subject to the supervision of the Public Defender, by the deputy public defender, district public defenders, assistant public defenders, or panel attorneys.
23 24	(b) (1) Indigent defendants or parties shall be provided representation under this title in:
25 26	(i) a criminal or juvenile proceeding in which a defendant or party is alleged to have committed a serious offense;
27 28 29	(ii) a criminal or juvenile proceeding in which an attorney is constitutionally required to be present prior to presentment being made before a commissioner or judge;
30 31	(iii) a postconviction proceeding for which the defendant has a right to an attorney under Title 7 of this article;
32 33	(iv) any other proceeding in which confinement under a judicial commitment of an individual in a public or private institution may result;

$\frac{1}{2}$	(v) a proceeding involving children in need of assistance under $\$ 3–813 of the Courts Article; or
3 4	(vi) a family law proceeding under Title 5, Subtitle 3, Part II or Part III of the Family Law Article, including:
5 6	1. for a parent, a hearing in connection with guardianship or adoption;
7 8	2. a hearing under \S 5–326 of the Family Law Article for which the parent has not waived the right to notice; and
9	3. an appeal.
10 11 12 13 14	(2) (I) Representation shall be provided to an indigent individual in [all stages of] a proceeding listed in paragraph (1) of this subsection, including, in criminal proceedings, {custody, interrogation,} AT BAIL REVIEW BAIL HEARING BEFORE A DISTRICT COURT OR CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE, preliminary hearing, arraignment, trial, and appeal.
15 16 17 18 19	(II) This paragraph may not be construed to require representation at an initial appearance in District Court or circuit court under Maryland Rule 4-213. Representation is not required to be provided to an indigent individual at an initial appearance before a District Court commissioner.
20	SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That:
21 22	(a) There is a Task Force to Study the Laws and Policies Relating to Representation of Indigent Criminal Defendants by the Office of the Public Defender.
23	(b) The Task Force consists of the following members:
24 25	(1) two members of the Senate of Maryland, appointed by the President of the Senate on or before May 1, 2012;
26 27	(2) two members of the House of Delegates, appointed by the Speaker of the House on or before May 1, 2012;
28	(3) the Governor of Maryland, or the Governor's designee;
29 30	(4) the Public Defender of Maryland, or the Public Defender's designee;
31 32	(5) the Chief Judge of the District Court of Maryland, or the Chief Judge's designee;

$\frac{1}{2}$	(6) Maryland, or the (oordinator of Commissioner Activity of the District Court of
	<u>Maryiana, or the C</u>	<u> </u>	ator s designee,
3 4	designee;	the S	Superintendent of State Police, or the Superintendent's
5 6	(8) designee;	the A	Attorney General of Maryland, or the Attorney General's
7 8	(9) Secretary's designe		ecretary of Public Safety and Correctional Services, or the
9 10	(10) May 1, 2012:	the fo	ollowing individuals, appointed by the Governor on or before
11 12	Association;	<u>(i)</u>	a representative of the Maryland State's Attorneys'
13 14	Richmond, et al. v.	<u>(ii)</u> Paul l	an attorney representing the plaintiffs in the Quinton DeWolfe, Jr., et al. litigation;
15 16	Association, Inc.;	<u>(iii)</u>	a representative of the Maryland Chiefs of Police
17		<u>(iv)</u>	a representative of the Maryland Sheriffs' Association;
18 19	Administrators As	<u>(v)</u> sociati	<u>a representative of the Maryland Correctional</u> <u>on;</u>
20		<u>(vi)</u>	an advocate for the rights of victims of domestic violence;
21		(vii)	a victims' rights advocate;
22		(viii)	a representative of the Maryland Association of Counties;
23		<u>(ix)</u>	a representative of the Pretrial Justice Institute;
24		<u>(x)</u>	a representative of the Public Justice Center;
25		<u>(xi)</u>	a representative of NAACP – Legal Defense;
26 27	<u>Defense Lawyers;</u>	<u>(xii)</u>	a representative of the National Association of Criminal
28		(xiii)	a representative of the American Civil Liberties Union; and

$\frac{1}{2}$	<u>indigent.</u>	(xiv) an academic expert in the provision of counsel to the
3 4	(c) Force from it	On or before May 1, 2012, the Governor shall appoint a chair of the Task s membership.
5 6	(d) Force.	The Department of Legislative Services shall provide staff for the Task
7	<u>(e)</u>	A member of the Task Force:
8 9	Force; but	(1) may not receive compensation for serving as a member of the Task
10 11	State Travel	(2) is entitled to reimbursement for expenses under the Standard Regulations, as provided in the State budget.
12	<u>(f)</u>	The Task Force shall:
13		(1) study the adequacy and cost of State laws and policies relating to:
14 15	of the Public	(i) representation of indigent criminal defendants by the Office Defender; and
16 17	systems; and	(ii) the District Court commissioner and pretrial release
18 19	costs of impr	(2) consider and make recommendations regarding options for and oving:
20 21	defendants;	(i) the system of representation of indigent criminal and
22 23	systems.	(ii) the District Court commissioner and pretrial release
24 25 26 27	with § 2–12	(1) On or before November 1, 2012, the Task Force shall submit an rt of its findings and recommendations to the Governor and, in accordance 246 of the State Government Article, the Senate Judicial Proceedings and the House Judiciary Committee.
28 29 30 31	2–1246 of th	(2) On or before November 1, 2013, the Task Force shall submit a final findings and recommendations to the Governor, and, in accordance with § the State Government Article, the Senate Judicial Proceedings Committee se Judiciary Committee.

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 SECTION 4. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the obligation of the Office of the Public Defender to provide representation to indigent defendants at bail hearings before District Court or circuit court judges under § 16–204 of the Criminal Procedure Article, as enacted by Section 2 of this Act, applies only to bail hearings occurring on or after June 1, 2012.

SECTION 2. 5. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act is an emergency measure, is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health or safety, has been passed by a yea and nay vote supported by three—fifths of all the members elected to each of the two Houses of the General Assembly, and shall take effect from the date it is enacted. Section 3 of this Act shall remain effective until June 1, 2014, and, at the end of May 31, 2014, with no further action required by the General Assembly, Section 3 of this Act shall be abrogated and of no further force and effect.

Approved:	
	Governor.
	Speaker of the House of Delegates.

President of the Senate.