By: The Speaker (By Request – Administration) and Delegates Afzali, Bohanan, Cane, Clagett, Conway, Glass, Hershey, Hough, Jacobs, Jameson, A. Kelly, Krebs, Lafferty, Love, Luedtke, McComas, Murphy, Otto, Parrott, Ready, and Schulz Schulz, Boteler, Cardin, Frick, George, Howard, Ivey, Kaiser, A. Miller, Myers, Ross, Serafini, Stukes, Summers, F. Turner, and Walker
Introduced and read first time: February 1, 2012
Assigned to: Ways and Means

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments

House action: Adopted Read second time: April 1, 2012

CHAPTER _____

1 AN ACT concerning

Q7

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Family Farm Preservation Act of 2012

- FOR the purpose of altering the determination of the Maryland estate tax under
 certain circumstances to exclude from the value of the gross estate the value of
 certain agricultural property; limiting the Maryland estate tax imposed on
 certain agricultural property above a certain amount; defining certain terms;
 providing for the recapture of certain Maryland estate tax under certain
 circumstances; requiring the Comptroller to adopt certain regulations; providing
 for the application of this Act; and generally relating to the Maryland estate tax.
- 10 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 11 Article Tax General
- 12 Section 7–309
- 13 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 14 (2010 Replacement Volume and 2011 Supplement)
- 15 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 16 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 17 Article Tax General

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.



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1 7-309.

2 (a) Notwithstanding an Act of Congress that repeals or reduces the federal 3 credit under § 2011 of the Internal Revenue Code, the provisions of this subtitle in 4 effect before the passage of the Act of Congress shall apply with respect to a decedent 5 who dies after the effective date of the Act of Congress so as to continue the Maryland 6 estate tax in force without reduction in the same manner as if the federal credit had 7 not been repealed or reduced.

8 (b) (1) Except as provided in paragraphs (2) through (7) of this subsection 9 AND SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION, after the effective date of an Act of 10 Congress described in subsection (a) of this section, the Maryland estate tax shall be 11 determined using:

(i) the federal credit allowable by § 2011 of the Internal
Revenue Code as in effect before the reduction or repeal of the federal credit pursuant
to the Act of Congress; and

(ii) other provisions of federal estate tax law as in effect on thedate of the decedent's death.

17 (2) Except as provided in paragraphs (3) through (7) of this subsection 18 AND SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION, if the federal estate tax is not in effect on 19 the date of the decedent's death, the Maryland estate tax shall be determined using:

(i) the federal credit allowable by § 2011 of the Internal
Revenue Code as in effect before the reduction or repeal of the federal credit pursuant
to the Act of Congress; and

(ii) other provisions of federal estate tax law as in effect on the
date immediately preceding the effective date of the repeal of the federal estate tax.

(3) (i) Notwithstanding any increase in the unified credit allowed
against the federal estate tax for decedents dying after 2003, the unified credit used
for determining the Maryland estate tax may not exceed the applicable credit amount
corresponding to an applicable exclusion amount of \$1,000,000 within the meaning of \$
2010(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.

30 (ii) The Maryland estate tax shall be determined without regard
31 to any deduction for State death taxes allowed under § 2058 of the Internal Revenue
32 Code.

(iii) Unless the federal credit allowable by § 2011 of the Internal
Revenue Code is in effect on the date of the decedent's death, the federal credit used to
determine the Maryland estate tax may not exceed 16% of the amount by which the

decedent's taxable estate, as defined in § 2051 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceeds
 \$1,000,000.

3 (4) (i) With regard to an election to value property as provided in § 4 2032 of the Internal Revenue Code, if a federal estate tax return is not required to be 5 filed:

6 1. an irrevocable election made on a timely filed 7 Maryland estate tax return shall be deemed to be an election as required by § 2032(d) 8 of the Internal Revenue Code;

9
10 Code do not apply; and
2. the provisions of § 2032(c) of the Internal Revenue

3. an election may not be made under item 1 of this
subparagraph unless that election will decrease:

- 13
- A. the value of the gross estate; and

14 B. the Maryland estate tax due with regard to the 15 transfer of a decedent's Maryland estate.

16 (ii) An election to value property as provided in § 2032 of the 17 Internal Revenue Code for Maryland estate tax purposes must be the same as the 18 election made for federal estate tax purposes.

19 (5) (i) With regard to an election to treat property as marital 20 deduction qualified terminable interest property in calculating the Maryland estate 21 tax, an irrevocable election made on a timely filed Maryland estate tax return shall be 22 deemed to be an election as required by § 2056(b)(7)(B)(i), (iii), and (v) of the Internal 23 Revenue Code.

(ii) An election under this paragraph made on a timely filed
Maryland estate tax return shall be recognized for purposes of calculating the
Maryland estate tax even if an inconsistent election is made for the same decedent for
federal estate tax purposes.

(6) (i) For purposes of calculating Maryland estate tax, a decedent
shall be deemed to have had a qualifying income interest for life under § 2044(a) of the
Internal Revenue Code with regard to any property for which a marital deduction
qualified terminable interest property election was made for the decedent's
predeceased spouse on a timely filed Maryland estate tax return under paragraph (5)
of this subsection.

(ii) For the purpose of apportioning Maryland estate tax under §
 7-308 of this subtitle, any property as to which a decedent is deemed to have had a

1 qualifying income interest for life under subparagraph (i) of this paragraph shall be 2 deemed to be included in both the estate and the taxable estate of the decedent.

3 (7) For purposes of calculating Maryland estate tax, amounts 4 allowable under § 2053 or § 2054 of the Internal Revenue Code as a deduction in 5 computing the taxable estate of a decedent may not be allowed as a deduction or as an 6 offset against the sales price of property in determining gain or loss if the amount has 7 been allowed as a deduction in computing the federal taxable income of the estate or of 8 any other person.

9 (C) (1) (I) IN THIS SUBSECTION THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE 10 THE MEANINGS INDICATED.

(II) "FARMING PURPOSES" HAS THE MEANING STATED IN §
 2032A(E)(5) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE.

13(III) "QUALIFIED AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY" MEANS REAL14OR PERSONAL PROPERTY THAT IS USED PRIMARILY FOR FARMING PURPOSES.

(IV) "QUALIFIED RECIPIENT" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO
 ENTERS INTO AN AGREEMENT TO USE QUALIFIED AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY
 FOR FARMING PURPOSES AFTER THE DECEDENT'S DEATH.

18 (2) THE MARYLAND ESTATE TAX SHALL BE DETERMINED BY 19 EXCLUDING FROM THE VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE UP TO \$5,000,000 OF THE 20 VALUE OF QUALIFIED AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY THAT PASSES FROM THE 21 DECEDENT TO OR FOR THE USE OF A QUALIFIED RECIPIENT.

22 (3) IF THE VALUE OF QUALIFIED AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY 23 THAT PASSES FROM THE DECEDENT TO OR FOR THE USE OF A QUALIFIED 24 RECIPIENT EXCEEDS \$5,000,000, THE MARYLAND ESTATE TAX IMPOSED ON THE 25 MARYLAND ESTATE OF THE DECEDENT MAY NOT EXCEED THE SUM OF:

(I) 16% OF THE AMOUNT BY WHICH THE DECEDENT'S
TAXABLE ESTATE, EXCLUDING THE VALUE OF ALL QUALIFIED AGRICULTURAL
PROPERTY THAT PASSES FROM THE DECEDENT TO OR FOR THE USE OF A
QUALIFIED RECIPIENT, EXCEEDS \$1,000,000; AND

30(II)5% OF THE AMOUNT BY WHICH THE VALUE OF31QUALIFIED AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY THAT PASSES FROM THE DECEDENT TO32OR FOR THE USE OF A QUALIFIED RECIPIENT EXCEEDS \$5,000,000.

33(4)(I)THE MARYLAND ESTATE TAX SHALL BE RECAPTURED34AS PROVIDED IN THIS PARAGRAPH IF, WITHIN 10 YEARS AFTER THE

1 DECEDENT'S DEATH, THE QUALIFIED AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY CEASES TO BE 2 USED FOR FARMING PURPOSES.

3 (II) THE AMOUNT OF THE ESTATE TAX IMPOSED UNDER
4 THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE THE ADDITIONAL MARYLAND ESTATE TAX THAT
5 WOULD HAVE BEEN PAYABLE AT THE TIME OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH BUT FOR
6 THE PROVISIONS UNDER PARAGRAPHS (2) AND (3) OF THIS SUBSECTION.

7 (III) (5) THE COMPTROLLER SHALL ADOPT REGULATIONS
8 TO PROVIDE FOR THE RECAPTURE OF THE ESTATE TAX UNDER THIS
9 PARAGRAPH IMPLEMENT THIS SUBSECTION.

10 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 11 July 1, 2012, and shall be applicable to decedents dying after December 31, 2011.

Approved:

Governor.

Speaker of the House of Delegates.

President of the Senate.