## HOUSE BILL 490

## By: Delegate Stukes

Introduced and read first time: February 2, 2012
Assigned to: Ways and Means

## A BILL ENTITLED

## AN ACT concerning

## Tax Sales - Payment to Redeem Foreclosed Property

FOR the purpose of authorizing the holder of a tax sale certificate to be reimbursed for certain postage and mailing expenses that are actually incurred if the property is redeemed before an action to foreclose a right of redemption is filed; requiring a certain notice of foreclosure to include language indicating that certain postage and mailing expenses are expenses included in the amount necessary to redeem the property if the property is redeemed before an action to foreclose a right of redemption is filed; and generally relating to tax sales.

BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
Article - Tax - Property
Section 14-833(a-1)(3) and 14-843(a)(3)
Annotated Code of Maryland
(2007 Replacement Volume and 2011 Supplement)
BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
Article - Tax - Property
Section 14-843(a)(1), (2), and (4)
Annotated Code of Maryland
(2007 Replacement Volume and 2011 Supplement)
SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
Article - Tax - Property

14-833.
(a-1) (3) The notices required under this subsection shall include at least the following:

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.
[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

(i) a statement of the fact of the issuance of a certificate of sale;
(ii) a copy of the certificate of sale, if the holder of the certificate of sale received the certificate of sale before the notice was sent under this paragraph;
(iii) a statement that the owner, a mortgage holder, or any other person that has an estate or interest in the property may redeem the property at any time until the right of redemption has been finally foreclosed under the provisions of this subtitle;
(iv) a statement that the holder of the certificate of sale may file an action to foreclose the right of redemption at any time after 2 months from the date of the first notice;
(v) a statement that if the property is redeemed before an action to foreclose the right of redemption is filed, the amount that shall be paid to redeem the property is:

1. the total lien amount on the property at the time of sale, with interest;
2. any taxes, interest, and penalties paid by the holder of the certificate of sale;
3. any taxes, interest, and penalties accruing after the date of the tax sale; and
4. the following expenses incurred by the holder of the certificate of sale:
A. costs for recording the certificate of sale;
B. a title search fee, not to exceed $\$ 250$; [and]
C. THE POSTAGE AND CERTIFIED MAILING COSTS ACTUALLY INCURRED FOR MAILING THE FIRST AND SECOND NOTICES; AND
D. reasonable attorney's fees, not to exceed $\$ 500$;
(vi) a statement that if the property is redeemed after an action to foreclose the right of redemption has been filed, the amount that shall be paid to redeem the property is the sum of:
5. the total lien amount on the property at the time of sale, with interest; the certificate of sale;
6. any taxes, interest, and penalties paid by the holder of
7. any taxes, interest, and penalties accruing after the date of the tax sale; and
8. attorney's fees and expenses to which the holder of the certificate of sale may be entitled under § 14-843(a)(4) and (5) of this subtitle;
(vii) the provisions of § 14-843(a) of this subtitle, reproduced as they appear in the Code;
(viii) a statement that, in Baltimore City only, the holder of the certificate of sale is entitled to taxes, interest, and penalties paid in accordance with $\S$ $14-843(\mathrm{c})$ of this subtitle and interest at the rate of redemption under $\S 14-820$ of this subtitle from the date of payment to the date of redemption; and
(ix) the name, address, and telephone number of:
9. the holder of the certificate of sale, or the holder's agent or attorney; and
10. the collector who made the sale.

14-843.
(a) (1) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, on redemption, the plaintiff or the holder of a certificate of sale may be reimbursed for expenses incurred in any action or in preparation for any action to foreclose the right of redemption as provided in this section.
(2) The plaintiff or holder of a certificate of sale is not entitled to be reimbursed for any other expenses or attorney's fees that are not included in this section.
(3) If an action to foreclose the right of redemption has not been filed, and the property is redeemed more than 4 months after the date of the tax sale, the holder of a certificate of sale may be reimbursed for the following expenses actually incurred:
(i) costs for recording the certificate of sale;
(ii) a title search fee, not to exceed $\$ 250$; [and]
(iii) THE POSTAGE AND CERTIFIED MAILING COSTS ACTUALLY INCURRED FOR MAILING THE FIRST AND SECOND NOTICES REQUIRED UNDER § 14-833(A-1) OF THIS TITLE; AND
(IV) reasonable attorney's fees, not to exceed $\$ 500$.
(4) If an action to foreclose the right of redemption has been filed, the plaintiff or holder of a certificate of sale may be reimbursed for:
(i) attorney's fees in the amount of:

1. $\$ 1,300$ if an affidavit of compliance has not been filed, which amount shall be deemed reasonable for both the preparation and filing of the action to foreclose the right of redemption; or
2. $\$ 1,500$ if an affidavit of compliance has been filed, which amount shall be deemed reasonable for both the preparation and filing of the action to foreclose the right of redemption;
(ii) in exceptional circumstances, other reasonable attorney's fees incurred and specifically requested by the plaintiff or holder of a certificate of sale and approved by the court, on a case by case basis; and
(iii) if the plaintiff or holder of a certificate of sale provides a signed affidavit attesting to the fact that the expenses were actually incurred, the following expenses actually incurred by the plaintiff or holder of a certificate of sale:
3. filing fee charged by the circuit court for the county in which the property is located;
4. service of process fee, including fees incurred attempting to serve process;
5. a title search fee, not to exceed $\$ 250$;
6. if a second title search is conducted more than 6 months after the initial title search, a title search update fee, not to exceed $\$ 75$;
7. publication fee charged by a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the property is located;
8. posting fee;
9. postage and certified mail;
10. substantial repair order fee, not to exceed the fee charged by the government agency issuing the certificate of substantial repair; and
11. any court approved expense for stabilization or conversion of the property under $\S 14-830$ of this subtitle or in accordance with an
action taken against the property by the county in which the property is located in accordance with the applicable building, fire, health, or safety codes.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect July 1, 2012.

