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 $\begin{array}{c} 2 lr 1920 \\ CF \ SB \ 855 \end{array}$

By: **Delegate Feldman** Introduced and read first time: February 9, 2012 Assigned to: Economic Matters

Committee Report: Favorable House action: Adopted Read second time: March 7, 2012

CHAPTER _____

1 AN ACT concerning

$\mathbf{2}$

Corporations and Associations – Limited Liability Act – Revisions

3 FOR the purpose of establishing that certain statutory provisions relating to limited 4 liability companies apply unless otherwise agreed on in the limited liability company's articles of organization, in the operating agreement, or by unanimous $\mathbf{5}$ 6 consent; repealing the requirement that the purposes for which a limited 7 liability company is formed be set forth in the articles of organization; altering 8 the requirements for a certain resident agent; authorizing the conversion of a 9 partnership to a limited liability company to be abandoned by a certain vote or 10 agreement; repealing provisions relating to a member's authority regarding 11 abandoning the business; authorizing an operating agreement to contain 12 procedures related to meetings and voting; prohibiting a member from taking 13certain actions without the consent of certain members holding at least a 14 certain amount of the interest in profits of a limited liability company; prohibiting a member from taking certain actions without the unanimous 15consent of the members; authorizing a meeting of the members to be called by 16 written request of certain members holding a certain amount of the interests in 1718 the profits of a limited liability company; authorizing members of a limited 19liability company to participate in a meeting by certain means of 20communication if certain requirements are met; authorizing electronic 21transmission of certain required notices, consents, or communications; authorizing a member to use certain means to authorize a certain person to act 2223as a proxy; providing that a certain proxy is revocable under certain 24circumstances; clarifying certain standards governing the right to inspect and 25copy certain records; authorizing a limited liability company to keep certain

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.



1 information confidential for a certain time period, unless a certain agreement is $\mathbf{2}$ executed: requiring a demand for certain protected information to be in writing 3 and state the purpose of the demand; clarifying that only a certain economic 4 interest may be assigned; clarifying that a certain assignment of an economic $\mathbf{5}$ interest does not include the exercise of certain noneconomic interests; 6 providing that assignment of all of a certain economic interest in a limited 7liability company forfeits certain noneconomic interests; providing that the 8 pledge or grant of a security interest, lien, or encumbrance in or against a 9 member's economic interest does not affect a member's noneconomic interest; 10 authorizing a member to withdraw from a limited liability company prior to the dissolution and winding up of the limited liability company by giving a certain 11 12notice; authorizing the operating agreement to provide that a member may not withdraw or place certain limits on the ability of a member to withdraw; 13 14providing that assignment of all of a certain economic interest in a limited liability company causes a person to no longer be a member of the limited 1516 liability company; providing that a charging order applies to a certain economic 17interest of a certain debtor and only requires the limited liability company to 18 pay to a certain creditor certain distributions; providing that a certain 19noneconomic interest of a certain debtor is not subject to a charging order; 20altering the circumstances under which a foreclosure of certain economic 21interests may be ordered; authorizing certain members to consent to the 22redemption of an economic interest with certain property before a foreclosure; 23repealing the requirement of unanimous consent for abandoning a certain 24proposed merger: providing that abandonment of a proposed merger requires 25the consent of certain members; making certain technical, stylistic, clarifying, 26and conforming changes; defining certain terms; and generally relating to 27limited liability companies.

- 28 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 29 Article Corporations and Associations
- $\begin{array}{rcl} 30 & & \text{Section 1-101(t), 4A-101, 4A-102, 4A-203, 4A-204, 4A-209, 4A-210(a) and (c),} \\ 31 & & & 4A-211, 4A-401 \text{ through } 4A-403, 4A-405, 4A-406, 4A-502 \text{ through} \\ 32 & & & 4A-505, 4A-601 \text{ through } 4A-601.1, 4A-607, 4A-701, 4A-702, 4A-704 \\ 33 & & & & \text{through } 4A-706, 4A-709(c), 4A-801, 4A-902, 4A-904, 4A-906, 4A-918, \\ 34 & & & & 4A-1103, \text{ and } 4A-1104 \end{array}$
- 35 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 36 (2007 Replacement Volume and 2011 Supplement)
- 37 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
- 38 Article Corporations and Associations
- 39 Section 4A–802
- 40 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 41 (2007 Replacement Volume and 2011 Supplement)
- 42 BY adding to
- 43 Article Corporations and Associations
- 44 Section 4A–403.1 and 4A–403.2

1 Annotated Code of Maryland

2 (2007 Replacement Volume and 2011 Supplement)

- 3 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 4 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- $\mathbf{5}$

Article - Corporations and Associations

6 1–101.

7 (t) "Resident agent" means an individual residing in this State or a 8 Maryland corporation **OR LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY** whose name, address, and 9 designation as a resident agent are filed or recorded with the Department in 10 accordance with the provisions of this article.

11 4A–101.

12 (a) In this title the following terms have the meanings indicated.

(b) "Articles of organization" means the articles of organization filed with the
Department [for the purpose of forming a limited liability company] as specified in §
4A-204 of this title and includes all amendments and restatements of them.

(c) "Authorized person" means any person, whether or not a member, who is
authorized by the articles of organization, by an operating agreement, or [otherwise,]
BY UNANIMOUS CONSENT OF THE MEMBERS AND ANY OTHER PERSON WHOSE
CONSENT IS REQUIRED BY THE OPERATING AGREEMENT, to execute or file a
document required or permitted to be executed or filed on behalf of a limited liability
company or foreign limited liability company under this title, or to otherwise act as an
agent of the limited liability company.

23 (d) "Bankrupt" means [bankrupt] A DEBTOR under the federal Bankruptcy
24 Code as amended or [insolvent] A DEBTOR under any state insolvency act.

(e) "Capital contribution" means anything of value that a person contributes
as capital to the limited liability company in that person's capacity as a member,
including cash, property, services rendered or a promissory note or other binding
obligation to contribute cash or property or to perform services.

29 (f) "Capital [interest] CONTRIBUTION VALUE" means the fair market 30 value, as of the date contributed, of a member's capital contribution, whether or not 31 returned to the member.

32 (g) "Corporation" means a Maryland corporation or a foreign corporation.

33 (h) "Court" includes every court having jurisdiction in the case.

1 (I) "ECONOMIC INTEREST" MEANS A MEMBER'S SHARE OF THE 2 PROFITS AND LOSSES OF A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY AND THE RIGHT TO 3 RECEIVE DISTRIBUTIONS FROM A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY.

4 [(i)] (J) "Foreign limited liability company" means a limited liability 5 company formed under the laws of a state other than [the] THIS State [of Maryland].

6 [(j) "Interest" means a member's share of the profits and losses of the limited 7 liability company and the right to receive distributions from the limited liability 8 company.]

9 (k) "Limited liability company" or "domestic limited liability company" 10 means a permitted form of unincorporated business organization which is organized 11 and existing under this title.

12 (l) "Limited partnership" means a Maryland limited partnership or foreign 13 limited partnership as defined in § 10–101 of this article.

14 (m) [(1)] "Member" means a person [with an interest in] WHO HAS BEEN 15 ADMITTED AS A MEMBER OF a limited liability company [with the rights and 16 obligations specified] under § 4A-601 OF this title[.

17 (2) "Member" includes a person who has been admitted] OR as a 18 member of a [limited liability company organized in the State or a] foreign limited 19 liability company, AND WHO HAS NOT CEASED TO BE A MEMBER.

20(n) "MEMBERSHIP INTEREST" MEANS A MEMBER'S ECONOMIC21INTEREST AND NONECONOMIC INTEREST IN A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY.

22 (O) "NONECONOMIC INTEREST" MEANS ALL OF THE RIGHTS OF A 23 MEMBER IN A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY OTHER THAN THE MEMBER'S 24 ECONOMIC INTEREST, INCLUDING, UNLESS OTHERWISE AGREED, THE 25 MEMBER'S RIGHT TO:

26 (1) INSPECT THE BOOKS AND RECORDS OF THE LIMITED 27 LIABILITY COMPANY;

28(2) PARTICIPATE IN THE MANAGEMENT OF AND VOTE ON29MATTERS COMING BEFORE THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY; AND

30 (3) ACT AS AN AGENT OF THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY.

$egin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{array}$	[(n)] (P) and any amendme company and the c	nts th	cating agreement" means the agreement OF THE MEMBERS ereto, [of the members] as to the affairs of a limited liability t of its business.
4 5	[(0)] (Q) State, any other st		nership" means a partnership formed under the laws of this under the laws of a foreign country.
$6\\7$	[(p)] (R) this article.	(1)	"Professional service" has the meaning stated in § 5–101 of
8	(2)	"Profe	essional service" includes a service provided by:
9		(i)	An architect;
10		(ii)	An attorney;
11		(iii)	A certified public accountant;
12		(iv)	A chiropractor;
13		(v)	A dentist;
14		(vi)	An osteopath;
15		(vii)	A physician;
16		(viii)	A podiatrist;
17		(ix)	A professional engineer;
18		(x)	A psychologist;
$\begin{array}{c} 19\\ 20 \end{array}$	broker, or licensed	(xi) real e	A licensed real estate broker, licensed associate real estate state salesperson; or
21		(xii)	A veterinarian.
$\frac{22}{23}$	[(q)] (S) the District of Colu		e" means a state, territory, or possession of the United States, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
$\frac{24}{25}$	(T) "UNL STATED:	ESS	OTHERWISE AGREED" MEANS UNLESS OTHERWISE
26	(1)	IN TH	IE ARTICLES OF ORGANIZATION;
27	(2)	IN TH	IE OPERATING AGREEMENT; OR

1(3)BY UNANIMOUS CONSENT OF THE MEMBERS AND ANY OTHER2PERSON WHOSE CONSENT IS REQUIRED BY THE OPERATING AGREEMENT.

3 4A–102.

4 (a) Unless otherwise provided IN THIS TITLE, the policy of this title is to 5 give the maximum effect to the principles of freedom of contract and to the 6 enforceability of operating agreements.

7 (b) A provision of this title that may be changed by the terms of an operating 8 agreement also may be changed by the terms of the articles of organization.

9 4A–203.

10 Unless otherwise provided by law or [its articles of organization] UNLESS 11 OTHERWISE AGREED, a limited liability company has the general powers, whether or 12 not set forth in its articles of organization OR OPERATING AGREEMENT, to:

- 13 (1) Have perpetual existence, although existence may be limited to a 14 specified period of time if the limitation is set forth in its articles of organization;
- 15
- (2) Sue, be sued, complain, and defend in all courts;

16 (3) Transact its business, carry on its operations, and have and 17 exercise the powers granted by this article in any state and in any foreign country;

18 (4) Make contracts and guarantees, incur liabilities, and borrow19 money;

20 (5) Sell, lease, exchange, transfer, convey, mortgage, pledge, and 21 otherwise dispose of any of its assets;

(6) Acquire by purchase or in any other manner, take, receive, own,
hold, improve, and otherwise deal with any interest in real or personal property,
wherever located;

(7) Issue notes, bonds, and other obligations and secure any of them by
 mortgage or deed of trust or security interest of any or all of its assets;

(8) Purchase, take, receive, subscribe for or otherwise acquire, own,
hold, vote, use, employ, sell, mortgage, loan, pledge, or otherwise dispose of and
otherwise use and deal in and with stock or other interests in and obligations of other
corporations, associations, general or limited partnerships, limited liability companies,
foreign limited liability companies, business trusts, and individuals;

1 Invest its surplus funds, lend money in any manner which may be (9)appropriate to enable it to carry on the operations or fulfill the purposes [set forth in $\mathbf{2}$ its articles of organization] OF THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY, and take and 3 hold real property and personal property as security for the payment of funds so 4 $\mathbf{5}$ loaned or invested; 6 (10)Render professional services within or without this State: 7(11)Elect or appoint agents and define their duties and fix their 8 compensation: 9 Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, transfer, and (12)10 otherwise dispose of all or any part of its property and assets; 11 (13)Be a promoter, stockholder, partner, member, associate, or agent of 12any corporation, partnership, limited liability company, foreign limited liability company, joint venture, trust, or other enterprise; 13Indemnify and hold harmless any member, agent, or employee 14(14)from and against any and all claims and demands, except in the case of action or 1516failure to act by the member, agent, or employee which constitutes willful misconduct 17 or recklessness, and subject to the standards and restrictions, if any, set forth in the 18 articles of organization or operating agreement; 19Make and alter operating agreements, not inconsistent with its (15)20articles of organization or with the laws of [the] THIS State, for the administration 21and regulation of the affairs of the limited liability company; 22Cease its activities and dissolve; and (16)23(17)Do every other act not inconsistent with law which is appropriate 24to promote and attain the purposes [set forth in its articles of organization] OF THE 25LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY. 264A-204. 27The articles of organization shall set forth: (a) 28(1)The name of the limited liability company; 29The purpose for which the limited liability company is formed; (2)30 The address of its principal office in this State and the name and (3)31address of its resident agent; and

$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{array} $	[(4)] (3) Any other provision, not inconsistent with law, which the members elect to set out in the articles, including, but not limited to, a statement that the authority of members to act for the limited liability company solely by virtue of their being members is limited.
5 6	(b) It is not necessary to set out in the articles of organization any of the powers enumerated in this title.
7	(c) An amendment to the articles of organization shall be:
8	(1) In writing;
9 10	(2) [Approved] UNLESS OTHERWISE AGREED, APPROVED by unanimous consent of the members;
11	(3) Executed under the provisions of § 4A–206 of this subtitle; and
12	(4) Filed for record with the Department.
13	4A–209.
$\begin{array}{c} 14 \\ 15 \end{array}$	(a) The exclusive right to use a specified name for a domestic or foreign limited liability company may be reserved by:
$\begin{array}{c} 16 \\ 17 \end{array}$	(1) A person who intends to organize a domestic limited liability company;
18 19	(2) A domestic limited liability company that proposes to change its name;
$\begin{array}{c} 20\\ 21 \end{array}$	(3) A foreign limited liability company that intends to register to do business in [the] THIS State [of Maryland]; or
$\frac{22}{23}$	(4) A foreign limited liability company registered to do business in [the] THIS State [of Maryland] that proposes to change its name.
$\begin{array}{c} 24 \\ 25 \end{array}$	(b) (1) A person may reserve a specified name by filing a signed application with the Department.
26 27 28	(2) If the Department finds that the name is available for use by a limited liability company, the Department shall reserve the name for 30 days for the exclusive use of the applicant.

The exclusive right to use a reserved name may be transferred to another (c) person by filing with the Department a notice of the transfer which specifies the name and address of the transferee and is signed by the applicant for whom the name was reserved.

1	4A–210.			
2	(a)	Each	limite	d liability company shall have:
3		(1)	A pri	ncipal office in [the] THIS State; and
4		(2)	[At le	east 1] A resident agent [who shall be:
5			(i)	A citizen of the State who resides in the State;
6			(ii)	A Maryland corporation; or
7			(iii)	A Maryland limited liability company].
8 9 10			ment	ident agent who changes addresses in [the] THIS State may of the change by filing for record with the Department a signed by or on behalf of the resident agent.
11		(2)	The s	tatement shall include:
12 13	change is eff	fective	(i) ;	The name of the limited liability company for which the
14			(ii)	The old and new addresses of the resident agent; and
15			(iii)	The date on which the change is effective.
16 17 18			ddress	e old and new addresses of the resident agent are the same as ses of the principal office of the limited liability company, the change of address of the principal office if:
19 20	writing; and	_	(i)	The resident agent notifies the limited liability company in
21			(ii)	The statement recites that notice has been sent.
$\begin{array}{c} 22\\ 23 \end{array}$	effective whe	(4) en the		change of address of the resident agent or principal office is tment accepts the statement for record.
24	4A–211.			
$25 \\ 26 \\ 27$	(a) of organizati following:	-		ip may convert to a limited liability company by filing articles t the requirements of § 4A–204 of this subtitle and include the

1 (1) The name of the former general partnership or limited 2 partnership; and

3 (2) The date of formation of the partnership and place of filing of the 4 initial statement of partnership, if any, or certificate of limited partnership of the 5 former general partnership or limited partnership.

6 (b) (1) The terms and conditions of a conversion of a general or limited 7 partnership to a limited liability company shall be approved by the partners in the 8 manner provided in the partnership's partnership agreement for amendments to the 9 partnership agreement or, if no such provision is made in a partnership agreement, by 10 unanimous agreement of the partners.

11

(2) A CONVERSION MAY BE ABANDONED BY:

12 (I) A VOTE OF THE PARTNERS IN THE MANNER PROVIDED 13 IN THE PARTNERSHIP'S PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT FOR AMENDMENTS TO THE 14 PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT; OR

15(II) UNANIMOUS AGREEMENT OF THE PARTNERS, IF NO16SUCH PROVISION IS MADE IN THE PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT.

17 (c) (1) A general partner of a limited partnership or a partner of a general 18 partnership who becomes a member of a limited liability company as a result of the 19 conversion remains liable as a general partner of a limited partnership or a partner of 20 a general partnership for any obligation or liability of the partnership incurred or 21 arising before the conversion takes effect, to the extent that the partner or general 22 partner would have been obligated or liable if the conversion had not occurred.

(2) The partner's or general partner's liability for all obligations or
liabilities of the limited liability company incurred or arising after the conversion
takes effect is that of a member of a limited liability company, as provided in this title.

26 4A–401.

(a) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection or in the
operating agreement, each member is an agent of the limited liability company for the
purpose of its business.

30 (2) Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection, the act of 31 each member, including the execution in the name of the limited liability company of 32 any instrument, for apparently carrying on in the usual way the business of the 33 limited liability company of which the person is a member, binds the limited liability 34 company, unless:

- 1 (i) The member so acting has in fact no authority to act for the 2 limited liability company in the particular matter; and
- 3 (ii) The person with whom the member is dealing has actual 4 knowledge of the fact that the member has no such authority.

5 (3) If the articles of organization contain a statement that the 6 authority of members to act for the limited liability company solely by virtue of their 7 being members is limited:

8 (i) No member of the limited liability company is an agent of 9 the limited liability company solely by virtue of being a member, and no member has 10 authority to act for the limited liability company solely by virtue of being a member; 11 and

12 (ii) Each person dealing with a member is presumed to have 13 knowledge that the member has no authority to act for the limited liability company 14 solely by virtue of being a member.

15 (b) Notwithstanding a [provision] **STATEMENT** in the articles of 16 organization or **THE** operating agreement that the authority of a member to act for the 17 limited liability company solely by virtue of being a member is limited, a person 18 dealing with a member may establish:

19

(1) That the member is an agent of the limited liability company; or

20 (2) That the limited liability company should be estopped from 21 denying that the member was its agent.

(c) Unless the act of a member is authorized by the limited liability company, the act of a member that is not apparently for the carrying on of the business of the limited liability company in the usual way does not bind the limited liability company.

26 [(d) Unless the members unanimously consent or unless all other members 27 have abandoned the business, no member has authority to:

(1) Assign the property of the limited liability company in trust for
 creditors or on the assignee's promise to pay the debts of the limited liability company;

30

(2) Dispose of the goodwill of the business; or

31 (3) Do any other act which would make it impossible to carry on the 32 ordinary business of the limited liability company.]

33 4A–402.

1 (a) Except for the requirement set forth in § 4A-404 of this subtitle that 2 certain consents be in writing, members may enter into an operating agreement to 3 regulate or establish any aspect of the affairs of the limited liability company or the 4 relations of its members, including provisions establishing:

5 (1) The manner in which the business and affairs of the limited 6 liability company shall be managed, controlled, and operated, which may include the 7 granting of exclusive authority to manage, control, and operate the limited liability 8 company to persons who are not members;

- 9 (2) The manner in which the members will share the assets and 10 earnings of the limited liability company;
- (3) The rights of the members to assign all or a portion of their
 [interests in the limited liability company] MEMBERSHIP INTEREST;
- 13 (4) The circumstances in which [any assignee of a member's interest]
 14 A PERSON may be admitted as a member of the limited liability company;

15 (5) (i) The right to have and a procedure for having a member's 16 **MEMBERSHIP** interest [in the limited liability company] evidenced by a certificate 17 issued by the limited liability company, which may be issued in bearer form only if 18 specifically allowed by the operating agreement;

- (ii) The procedure for assignment, pledge, or transfer of any
 MEMBERSHIP interest represented by the certificate; and
- 21
- (iii) Any other provisions dealing with the certificate;

22 (6) The method by which the operating agreement may from time to 23 time be amended, which may include a requirement that an amendment be approved:

- (i) By a person who is not a party to the operating agreement or
 who is not a member of the limited liability company; or
- 26 (ii) On the satisfaction of other conditions specified in the 27 operating agreement; [and]

(7) The rights of any person, including a person who is not a party to
 the operating agreement or who is not a member of the limited liability company, to
 the extent set forth in the operating agreement; OR

- 31 (8) **PROCEDURES RELATING TO:**
- 32(I) NOTICE OF THE TIME, PLACE, OR PURPOSE OF ANY33MEETING AT WHICH ANY MATTER IS TO BE VOTED ON BY MEMBERS;

1	(II) WAIVER OF NOTICE OF MEETINGS;
2	(III) ACTION BY CONSENT WITHOUT A MEETING;
3	(IV) THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A RECORD DATE;
4	(V) QUORUM REQUIREMENTS;
5	(VI) VOTING IN PERSON OR BY PROXY;
6	(VII) VOTING RIGHTS OF VARIOUS CLASSES OF MEMBERS; OR
7 8	(VIII) ANY OTHER MATTER WITH RESPECT TO THE EXERCISE OF VOTING RIGHTS BY MEMBERS.
9 10	(b) (1) The initial operating agreement shall be agreed to by all persons who are then members.
$\frac{11}{12}$	(2) Unless the articles of organization specifically require otherwise, the operating agreement need not be in writing.
$13 \\ 14 \\ 15$	(c) (1) If the operating agreement does not provide for the method by which the operating agreement may be amended, then all of the members must agree to any amendment of the operating agreement.
16 17 18 19 20	(2) To the extent that an operating agreement provides for the manner in which the operating agreement may be amended, the operating agreement may be amended only in that manner, provided that the approval of a person may be waived by the person and that conditions may be waived by a person for whose benefit the conditions were intended.
$21\\22\\23$	(3) (i) Except as provided in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, or unless [the operating agreement specifically requires] otherwise AGREED, an amendment to an operating agreement is not required to be in writing.
$24\\25\\26$	(ii) An amendment to an operating agreement must be evidenced by a writing signed by an authorized person of the limited liability company if:
$\frac{27}{28}$	1. The amendment was adopted without the unanimous consent of the members; or
29 30	2. An ECONOMIC interest in the limited liability company has been assigned to a person who has not been admitted as a member.

1	(4) A copy of any written amendment to the operating agreement shall
2	be delivered to each member who did not consent to the amendment and to each
3	assignee who has not been admitted as a member.

4 (d) (1) A court may enforce an operating agreement by injunction or by 5 granting such other relief which the court in its discretion determines to be fair and 6 appropriate in the circumstances.

7 (2) As an alternative to injunctive or other equitable relief, when the 8 provisions of § 4A–903 of this title are applicable, the court may order dissolution of 9 the limited liability company.

10 (3) An operating agreement of a limited liability company with one 11 member is not unenforceable on the grounds that there is only one person who is party 12 to the operating agreement.

13

(4)

A limited liability company:

14

(i) Is not required to execute its operating agreement; and

(ii) Is bound by its operating agreement, regardless of whetherthe limited liability company has executed the operating agreement.

17 (5) An operating agreement that is duly adopted or amended is 18 binding on each person who is or becomes a member of the limited liability company 19 and each person who is or becomes an assignee of a member of the limited liability 20 company, regardless of whether the person has executed the operating agreement or 21 amendment.

(A) [Unless] THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION APPLY UNLESS
 otherwise provided in this title or [in the operating agreement] UNLESS OTHERWISE
 AGREED[:].

(B) (1) Members shall vote in proportion to their respective interests in
 profits of the limited liability company[; and], AS DETERMINED UNDER § 4A–503 OF
 THIS TITLE.

(2) Decisions concerning the affairs of the limited liability company
 shall require the consent of members holding at least a majority of the interests in
 profits of the limited liability company AS DETERMINED UNDER §4A-503 OF THIS
 TITLE.

33(C)(1)A MEETING OF THE MEMBERS MAY BE CALLED BY THE34WRITTEN REQUEST OF MEMBERS HOLDING AT LEAST 25% OF THE INTERESTS IN

^{22 4}A–403.

1 PROFITS OF THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY AS DETERMINED UNDER § 2 4A-503 of this title.

3 (2) (I) MEMBERS OF A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY MAY
 4 PARTICIPATE IN A MEETING BY MEANS OF CONFERENCE TELEPHONE OR OTHER
 5 COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT OR BY MEANS OF REMOTE COMMUNICATION, IF
 6 ALL PERSONS PARTICIPATING IN THE MEETING:

7 **1.** CAN EITHER HEAR OR READ THE PROCEEDINGS 8 OF THE MEETING SUBSTANTIALLY CONCURRENT WITH THE PROCEEDINGS; AND

9 **2.** HAVE THE OPPORTUNITY TO PARTICIPATE IN THE 10 MEETING AND VOTE ON MATTERS SUBMITTED TO THE MEMBERS.

11(II) PARTICIPATION IN A MEETING BY THE MEANS12AUTHORIZED BY SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH CONSTITUTES13PRESENCE IN PERSON AT THE MEETING.

14 **(D) (1)** A MEMBER MAY NOT TAKE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS 15 WITHOUT THE CONSENT OF MEMBERS HOLDING AT LEAST TWO-THIRDS OF THE 16 INTEREST IN PROFITS OF THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY AS DETERMINED 17 UNDER § 4A-503 OF THIS TITLE:

18(I) DISPOSE OF ALL OR SUBSTANTIALLY ALL OF THE19BUSINESS OR PROPERTY OF THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY; OR

20(II) APPROVE A MERGER AS PROVIDED IN § 4A-702 OF THIS21TITLE.

22 (2) A MEMBER MAY NOT TAKE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS 23 WITHOUT THE UNANIMOUS CONSENT OF THE MEMBERS:

24 (I) INSTITUTE A VOLUNTARY PROCEEDING UNDER THE 25 FEDERAL BANKRUPTCY CODE;

(II) ASSIGN THE PROPERTY OF THE LIMITED LIABILITY
COMPANY IN TRUST FOR CREDITORS OR ON THE ASSIGNEE'S PROMISE TO PAY
THE DEBTS OF THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY;

29(III) ALTER THE ALLOCATION OF PROFIT OR LOSS TO30MEMBERS OF THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY;

1 (IV) ALTER THE ALLOCATION OF OR THE MANNER OF 2 COMPUTING DISTRIBUTIONS PAYABLE TO MEMBERS OF THE LIMITED LIABILITY 3 COMPANY; OR

4 (V) DO ANY OTHER ACT THAT WOULD MAKE IT IMPOSSIBLE 5 TO CARRY ON THE ORDINARY BUSINESS OF THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY.

6 **4A-403.1.**

7 ANY NOTICE, CONSENT, OR OTHER COMMUNICATION REQUIRED OR 8 AUTHORIZED BY THIS TITLE MAY BE DELIVERED BY ELECTRONIC 9 TRANSMISSION.

10 **4A-403.2.**

11(A)(1)A MEMBER MAY AUTHORIZE ANOTHER PERSON TO ACT AS12PROXY FOR THE MEMBER AS PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION.

13(2)(I)AMEMBERMAYSIGNAWRITINGAUTHORIZING14ANOTHER PERSON TO ACT AS PROXY.

15 (II) SIGNING MAY BE ACCOMPLISHED BY THE MEMBER OR 16 THE MEMBER'S AUTHORIZED AGENT SIGNING THE WRITING OR CAUSING THE 17 MEMBER'S SIGNATURE TO BE AFFIXED TO THE WRITING BY ANY REASONABLE 18 MEANS, INCLUDING FACSIMILE SIGNATURE.

19(3)(I)SUBJECT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH,20A MEMBER MAY AUTHORIZE ANOTHER PERSON TO ACT AS PROXY BY21TRANSMITTING, OR AUTHORIZING THE TRANSMISSION OF, AN AUTHORIZATION22FOR THE PERSON TO ACT AS PROXY TO:

23

1. THE PERSON AUTHORIZED TO ACT AS PROXY; OR

24 **2. ANY OTHER PERSON AUTHORIZED TO RECEIVE** 25 THE PROXY AUTHORIZATION ON BEHALF OF THE PERSON AUTHORIZED TO ACT 26 AS THE PROXY, INCLUDING A PROXY SOLICITATION FIRM OR PROXY SUPPORT 27 SERVICE ORGANIZATION.

28 (II) THE AUTHORIZATION MAY BE TRANSMITTED BY A 29 TELEGRAM, CABLEGRAM, DATAGRAM, ELECTRONIC MAIL, OR ANY OTHER 30 ELECTRONIC OR TELEPHONIC MEANS. RELIABLE REPRODUCTION OF THE WRITING OR TRANSMISSION AUTHORIZED

A COPY, FACSIMILE TELECOMMUNICATION, OR OTHER

UNDER PARAGRAPHS (2) AND (3) OF THIS SUBSECTION MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR THE ORIGINAL WRITING OR TRANSMISSION FOR ANY PURPOSE FOR WHICH THE ORIGINAL WRITING OR TRANSMISSION COULD BE USED. A PROXY IS REVOCABLE BY A MEMBER AT ANY TIME WITHOUT (1) **(B) CONDITION OR QUALIFICATION UNLESS: (I)** THE PROXY STATES THAT IT IS IRREVOCABLE; AND **(II)** THE PROXY IS COUPLED WITH AN INTEREST (2) A PROXY MAY BE MADE IRREVOCABLE FOR AS LONG AS IT IS **COUPLED WITH AN INTEREST.** (3) AN INTEREST WITH WHICH A PROXY MAY BE COUPLED INCLUDES AN INTEREST IN THE MEMBERSHIP INTEREST TO BE VOTED UNDER THE PROXY OR ANOTHER GENERAL INTEREST IN THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY OR ITS ASSETS OR LIABILITIES. 16 4A-405. [Except as provided in the operating agreement] UNLESS OTHERWISE AGREED, a member may lend money to and transact other business with the limited liability company and [, subject to other applicable law,] has the same rights and obligations with respect to the transaction as a person who is not a member. 4A-406. A member may inspect and copy, in person or by agent, from time to time (a) on reasonable written demand, FOR ANY PURPOSE REASONABLY RELATED TO THE 24**MEMBER'S MEMBERSHIP INTEREST:** True and full information regarding the state of the business and (1)26financial condition of the limited liability company; A copy of the [certificate] **ARTICLES** of organization and operating (2)agreement and all amendments to the [certificate] ARTICLES OF ORGANIZATION and operating agreement; (3)A current list of the names and last known business, residence, or

mailing addresses of all members; and 31

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(4)

1 (4) Other information regarding the affairs of the limited liability 2 company as is just and reasonable for any purpose reasonably related to the member's 3 **MEMBERSHIP** interest [as a member].

4 (b) Any member may inspect and copy, in person or by agent, a copy of the 5 limited liability company's federal, [State,] **STATE**, or local income tax returns.

6 (c) The rights to inspect and copy records of a limited liability company may 7 be subject to reasonable standards that may be set forth in the articles of organization 8 or the operating agreement, INCLUDING STANDARDS GOVERNING WHAT 9 INFORMATION AND DOCUMENTS ARE TO BE FURNISHED, AT WHAT TIME AND 10 LOCATION, AND AT WHOSE EXPENSE.

11 UNLESS **(**D**)** A MEMBER SEEKING INFORMATION EXECUTES Α 12CONFIDENTIALITY OR NONDISCLOSURE AGREEMENT REASONABLY ACCEPTABLE 13TO THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY RESTRICTING THE USE AND DISCLOSURE 14OF THE INFORMATION, A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY SHALL HAVE THE RIGHT 15TO KEEP CONFIDENTIAL FROM MEMBERS, FOR A REASONABLE PERIOD OF TIME:

16(1) ANY INFORMATION THAT THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY17REASONABLY BELIEVES TO BE IN THE NATURE OF TRADE SECRETS;

18 (2) INFORMATION THE DISCLOSURE OF WHICH THE LIMITED 19 LIABILITY IN GOOD FAITH BELIEVES:

20 (I) IS NOT IN THE BEST INTEREST OF THE LIMITED 21 LIABILITY COMPANY; OR

(II) COULD DAMAGE THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY OR
 ITS BUSINESS; OR

24(3) INFORMATION THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY IS25REQUIRED BY LAW OR BY AGREEMENT WITH A THIRD PARTY TO KEEP26CONFIDENTIAL.

27(E) ANY DEMAND BY A MEMBER UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL BE IN28WRITING AND SHALL STATE THE PURPOSE OF THE DEMAND.

29 4A–502.

30 (a) (1) [Except as provided in the operating agreement] UNLESS 31 OTHERWISE AGREED, a member is obligated to the limited liability company to 32 perform any promises set forth in the articles of organization or operating agreement

1 to contribute cash or property or to perform services, even if the member is unable to 2 perform because of death, disability, or other reason.

3 (2) If a member does not make the required contribution of property or 4 services, the member is obligated, at the option of the limited liability company, to 5 contribute cash equal to the value of that portion of the capital contribution that has 6 not been made.

7 (b) (1) The obligation of a member to make a capital contribution or 8 return money or other property paid or distributed in violation of this title may be 9 compromised only:

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(i) In compliance with the operating agreement; or

11 (ii) If the operating agreement does not so provide, with the 12 unanimous consent of the members.

13 (2) Any compromise does not affect the rights, if any, of any creditor of 14 a limited liability company to enforce the obligation or to require the obligation to be 15 enforced.

16 (c) (1) An operating agreement may provide that a member who fails to 17 make any capital contribution or other payment that the member is required to make 18 shall be subject to specified remedies for, or specified consequences of, the failure.

- 19
- (2) The remedy or consequence may take the form of:

20 (i) Reduction of the defaulting member's MEMBERSHIP
 21 interest in the limited liability company;

(ii) Subordination of the defaulting member's MEMBERSHIP
 interest in the limited liability company to that of the nondefaulting members;

(iii) A forced sale of the defaulting member's MEMBERSHIP
 interest in the limited liability company;

(iv) Forfeiture of the defaulting member's MEMBERSHIP
 interest in the limited liability company;

28 (v) A loan by the nondefaulting members of the amount 29 necessary to meet the commitment;

30 (vi) A determination of the value of the member's **MEMBERSHIP** 31 interest in the limited liability company by appraisal or by formula and redemption 32 and sale of the defaulting member's **MEMBERSHIP** interest in the limited liability 33 company at that value; or

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(vii) Any other remedy or consequences.

2 4A–503.

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3 [Except as otherwise provided in the operating agreement] UNLESS 4 OTHERWISE AGREED:

5 (1) The profits and losses of a limited liability company shall be 6 allocated among the members in proportion to their respective capital [interests] 7 **CONTRIBUTION VALUES**; and

8 (2) Distributions by the limited liability company shall be made to the 9 members in proportion to their right to share in the profits of the limited liability 10 company.

11 4A–504.

12 Unless otherwise [provided in the operating agreement] AGREED, a member, 13 regardless of the nature of the member's contribution, has no right to demand and 14 receive any distribution from a limited liability company in a form other than cash.

15 4A–505.

16 [A] UNLESS OTHERWISE AGREED, A member of a limited liability company 17 who becomes entitled to receive a distribution has the status of, and is entitled to all 18 remedies available to, a creditor of the limited liability company with respect to the 19 distribution.

20 4A–601.

21 (a) A person becomes a member of a limited liability company at:

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(1) The time the limited liability company is formed;

23

(2) A later time specified in the operating agreement; or

24 (3) The time specified in § 4A-902(b)(1) of this title RELATING TO
25 CONTINUATION OF THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY AFTER THERE ARE NO
26 REMAINING MEMBERS.

27 (b) After the formation of a limited liability company, a person may be 28 admitted as a member:

(1) In the case of a person acquiring a membership interest directly
 from the limited liability company, upon compliance with the operating agreement or,

$\frac{1}{2}$	if the operating agreement does not so provide, upon the unanimous consent of the members;
$\frac{3}{4}$	(2) In the case of an assignee of [an] THE ECONOMIC interest of a member, only as provided in § 4A–604 of this subtitle; or
$5\\6\\7$	(3) In the case of a personal representative or successor to the last remaining member who is not an assignee of the last remaining member, as provided in § $4A-902(b)(1)$ of this title.
8 9 10 11	(c) Unless otherwise [provided in the articles of organization or the operating agreement of a limited liability company] AGREED, a person may be admitted as a member of a limited liability company and may be the sole member of a limited liability company without:
12	(1) Making a CAPITAL contribution to the limited liability company;
13 14	(2) Being obligated to make a CAPITAL contribution to the limited liability company; or
15	(3) Acquiring an ECONOMIC interest in the limited liability company.
16	4A–602.
17 18	[The] A MEMBERSHIP interest [of a member] in a limited liability company is personal property.
19	4A–603.
20	(a) UNLESS OTHERWISE AGREED:
$21 \\ 22 \\ 23$	(1) [Unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, an interest in a limited liability company is assignable in whole or in part] ONLY AN ECONOMIC INTEREST IN A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY MAY BE ASSIGNED[.]; AND
24	(2) AN ECONOMIC INTEREST IS WHOLLY OR PARTLY ASSIGNABLE.
$\begin{array}{c} 25\\ 26 \end{array}$	(b) An assignment of an ECONOMIC interest in a limited liability company does not:
27	(1) Dissolve the limited liability company; or
28 29	(2) [Unless the operating agreement provides otherwise, entitle] ENTITLE the assignee to:
30	(i) Become a member; or

1 (ii) Exercise any rights of a member, INCLUDING THE 2 NONECONOMIC INTEREST OF THE ASSIGNOR.

3 (c) [Unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, an assignment 4 entitles the assignee to receive, to the extent assigned, only the assignor's share of 5 profits, losses, and distributions.

6 (d) Unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, if] **IF** an assignee 7 of an **ECONOMIC** interest in a limited liability company becomes a member of the 8 limited liability company, the assignor is not released from the assignor's liability 9 under § 4A-502 of this title to the limited liability company.

10 [(e)] (D) [Unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, on] ON 11 assignment [under this section] of all of a member's ECONOMIC interest in a limited 12 liability company, the member ceases to be a member of the limited liability company 13 and [to have the power to exercise any right or power of a member] FORFEITS THE 14 MEMBER'S NONECONOMIC INTEREST IN THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY.

15 [(f)] (E) [Unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, the] THE 16 pledge or grant of a security interest, lien, or other encumbrance in or against all or a 17 part of [an] THE ECONOMIC interest of a member [may] DOES not cause the member 18 to cease to be a member or [to have the power to exercise any right or power of a 19 member] AFFECT THE MEMBER'S NONECONOMIC INTEREST IN THE LIMITED 20 LIABILITY COMPANY.

21 4A–604.

(a) An assignee of an ECONOMIC interest in a limited liability company may
 become a member of the limited liability company under any of the following
 circumstances:

(1) In accordance with the terms of the operating agreement providing
 for the admission of a member;

27

(2) By the unanimous consent of the members; or

(3) If there are no remaining members of the limited liability company
at the time the assignee obtains the ECONOMIC interest, on terms that the assignee
may determine in accordance with § 4A–902(b)(1) of this title.

31 (b) An assignee who becomes a member:

(1) Has, to the extent assigned, the rights and powers, and is subject
 to the restrictions and liabilities, of a member under the operating agreement and this
 title; and

1 (2) Is liable for any obligations of his assignor to make capital 2 contributions.

3 4A–605.

4 (A) [A] UNLESS OTHERWISE AGREED, A member may withdraw FROM A 5 LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY PRIOR TO THE DISSOLUTION AND WINDING UP OF 6 THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY by giving not less than 6 months' prior written 7 notice to the other members at their respective addresses as shown on the books AND 8 RECORDS of the limited liability company[, unless:].

9 (B) [(1)] The operating agreement [provides] MAY PROVIDE that [the 10 member does not have the right or power] A MEMBER MAY NOT WITHDRAW OR 11 OTHERWISE PLACE LIMITS ON THE ABILITY OF A MEMBER to withdraw[; or

12 (2) The operating agreement specifies another time for or other 13 conditions of withdrawal].

14 4A–606.

15 [A] UNLESS OTHERWISE AGREED, A person ceases to be a member of a 16 limited liability company upon the occurrence of any of the following events:

17 (1) The person withdraws from the limited liability company as
18 [provided in] AUTHORIZED BY § 4A–605 of this subtitle;

19 (2) The person is removed as a member in accordance with the 20 operating agreement;

21 (3) [Unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement or with the 22 consent of all other members, the] **THE** person:

23

(i) Makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors;

24 (ii) [Files a voluntary petition in bankruptcy] INSTITUTES A
 25 VOLUNTARY PROCEEDING WITH RESPECT TO THE PERSON UNDER THE FEDERAL
 26 BANKRUPTCY CODE;

(iii) Is adjudged bankrupt or insolvent or has entered against the
 person an order for relief in any bankruptcy or insolvency proceeding;

(iv) Files a petition or answer seeking for that person any
 reorganization, arrangement, composition, readjustment, liquidation, dissolution, or
 similar relief under any statute, law, or regulation;

1 (v) Seeks, consents to, or acquiesces in the appointment of a 2 trustee for, receiver for, or liquidation of the member or of all or any substantial part 3 of the person's properties; or

4 (vi) Files an answer or other pleading admitting or failing to 5 contest the material allegations of a petition filed against the person in any proceeding 6 described in this subsection;

 $\overline{7}$ (4)[Unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, or with the 8 consent of all other members, the] THE continuation of any proceeding against the 9 person seeking reorganization, arrangement, composition, readjustment, liquidation, dissolution, or similar relief under any statute, law, or regulation, for 120 days after 10 11 the commencement thereof, or the appointment of a trustee, receiver, or liquidator for 12the members or all or any substantial part of the person's properties without the 13person's agreement or acquiescence, which appointment is not vacated or stayed for 14120 days or, if the appointment is stayed, for 120 days after the expiration of the stay 15during which period the appointment is not vacated;

16 (5) [Unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, in] IN the 17 case of a member who is an individual, the individual's:

18 (i) Death; or

19 (ii) Adjudication by a court of competent jurisdiction as 20 incompetent to manage the individual's person or property;

(6) [Unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, in] IN the
case of a member who is acting as a member by virtue of being a trustee of a trust, the
termination of the trust;

(7) [Unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, in] IN the
 case of a member that is a partnership or another limited liability company, the
 dissolution and commencement of winding up of the partnership or limited liability
 company;

28 (8) [Unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, in] IN the 29 case of a member that is a corporation, the dissolution of the corporation or the 30 revocation of its charter; [or]

(9) [Unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, in] IN the
case of a member that is an estate, the distribution by the fiduciary of the estate's
entire ECONOMIC interest in the limited liability company; OR

(10) ON ASSIGNMENT OF ALL OF A PERSON'S ECONOMIC INTEREST
 IN THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY AS PROVIDED IN § 4A-603(D) OF THIS
 SUBTITLE.

1 4A–606.1.

2 (a) Unless [the operating agreement provides otherwise, if] OTHERWISE 3 AGREED, IF A PERSON CEASES TO BE A MEMBER OF A LIMITED LIABILITY 4 COMPANY UNDER § 4A-606 OF THIS SUBTITLE, AND the limited liability company 5 is not dissolved [after a member ceases to be a member under § 4A-606 of this 6 subtitle:

7 (1) Within] AS A RESULT, THEN, WITHIN a reasonable time after [a] 8 THE person [has] ceased to be a member, the limited liability company may elect to 9 pay [to that] THE person or [that] THE person's successor in interest, in complete 10 liquidation of the person's MEMBERSHIP interest, the fair value of [that] THE 11 person's ECONOMIC interest in the limited liability company as of the date the person 12 ceased to be a member, based upon the person's right to share in distributions from 13 the limited liability company[; and

14 (2) Unless otherwise agreed, the members of the limited liability 15 company continuing the business following the withdrawal of a member will be 16 deemed to have entered into an operating agreement under § 4A-402 of this title 17 containing the same terms and conditions as those contained in the operating 18 agreement in effect immediately prior to the withdrawal, except that the members 19 bound by the operating agreement shall be only those members who have not 20 withdrawn].

21 (b) If a [member] PERSON ceases to be a member OF A LIMITED LIABILITY 22 COMPANY under § 4A-606 of this subtitle and the limited liability company elects not 23 to completely liquidate [that] THE person's MEMBERSHIP interest UNDER § 24 4A-606.1(A) OF THIS SUBTITLE, [the] THAT person will be deemed to be an 25 assignee of the UNREDEEMED ECONOMIC interest under §§ 4A-603 and 4A-604 of 26 this subtitle.

27 4A–607.

(a)

28

(1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.

29 (2) "Creditor" means a person for whom a court may issue an 30 attachment under Title 3, Subtitle 3 of the Courts Article.

31 (3) "Debtor" means a person whose property or credits are subject to
32 attachment under Title 3, Subtitle 3 of the Courts Article.

33 (b) (1) On application by a creditor of a debtor holding an **ECONOMIC** 34 interest in a limited liability company, a court having jurisdiction may charge the

1 ECONOMIC interest of the debtor IN THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY FOR THE 2 UNSATISFIED AMOUNT OF THE DEBT.

3 (2) The court may appoint a receiver for the distributions due or to 4 become due to the debtor with respect to the limited liability company and make all 5 other orders, directions, accounts, and inquiries that the debtor would have been 6 entitled to make or that the circumstances of the case may require.

7 (c) (1) A charging order constitutes a lien on the ECONOMIC interest of 8 the debtor in the limited liability company AND REQUIRES THE LIMITED LIABILITY 9 COMPANY TO PAY OVER TO THE CREDITOR ONLY ANY DISTRIBUTIONS THAT 10 WOULD OTHERWISE BE PAYABLE TO THE DEBTOR WHOSE ECONOMIC INTEREST 11 IS CHARGED.

12 (2) SUBJECT TO PARAGRAPH (3) OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE 13 NONECONOMIC INTEREST OF A DEBTOR WHOSE ECONOMIC INTEREST IS 14 SUBJECT TO A CHARGING ORDER IS UNAFFECTED AND IS RETAINED BY THE 15 DEBTOR.

[(2)**] (3)** 16[The] (i) UNLESS **OTHERWISE** AGREED, ON Α 17SHOWING THAT THE DISTRIBUTIONS UNDER A CHARGING ORDER WILL NOT PAY 18 THE AMOUNT OWED TO THE CREDITOR WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME, THE court may order foreclosure of the ECONOMIC interest subject to the charging order [at any 1920time] AND ORDER THE SALE OF THE ECONOMIC INTEREST OF THE DEBTOR.

(ii) The purchaser OF THE ECONOMIC INTEREST OF THE
DEBTOR at the foreclosure sale [has only the rights of] IS an assignee as provided in
§§ 4A-603 and 4A-604 of this subtitle.

24 (d) Before a foreclosure under this section, an **ECONOMIC** interest charged 25 may be redeemed with property:

26

(1) Other than property of the limited liability company, by the debtor;

(2) Other than property of the limited liability company, by one or
more of the members other than the debtor; or

(3) Of the limited liability company, WITH THE CONSENT OF THE
 MEMBERS AS PROVIDED IN THE OPERATING AGREEMENT OR, IF THE OPERATING
 AGREEMENT DOES NOT SO PROVIDE, with the consent of all of the members whose
 ECONOMIC interests are not so charged.

(e) This title does not deprive a debtor of a right under exemption laws with
 respect to the ECONOMIC interest of the debtor in the limited liability company.

This section provides the exclusive remedy by which a creditor [or a

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(f)

 $\mathbf{2}$ person holding an interest in a limited liability company] OF A MEMBER may attach 3 the **MEMBERSHIP** interest [or otherwise affect the rights of a member in the limited 4 liability company] OF THE MEMBER OR OTHERWISE SATISFY THE OUTSTANDING DEBT OF THE MEMBER OUT OF THE MEMBERSHIP INTEREST OF THE MEMBER. $\mathbf{5}$ 6 4A-701. 7 Unless [the operating agreement provides] otherwise AGREED, a (a)8 domestic limited liability company may merge into one or more: 9 Domestic limited liability companies; (1)10 (2)Foreign limited liability companies; 11 Partnerships; (3)12(4) Limited partnerships; 13Corporations having capital stock; or (5)Business trusts having transferable units of beneficial interest. 14(6)15(b)One or more domestic limited liability companies, foreign limited liability companies, partnerships, limited partnerships, corporations having capital stock, or 16 17business trusts having transferable units of beneficial interest may merge into a domestic limited liability company. 18 4A-702. 19 20The proposed merger shall be approved in the manner provided by this (a) 21section. 22(b) A corporation shall approve the merger under the provisions of § 3-105 of 23this article. 24(c) A business trust shall approve the merger under the provisions of § 258-501.1 OR § 12-602 of this article.

26 (d) A partnership shall approve the merger under the provisions of § 9A–902
 27 of this article.

(e) A limited partnership shall approve the merger under the provisions of §
 10-208 of this article.

1 (f) Unless otherwise [provided in the operating agreement] AGREED, a 2 domestic limited liability company shall approve the merger by the consent of the 3 members holding at least two-thirds of the [interests] INTEREST in profits of the 4 limited liability company AS DETERMINED UNDER § 4A-503 OF THIS SUBTITLE.

5 (g) A foreign limited liability company party to the merger shall have the 6 merger advised, authorized, and approved in the manner and by the vote required by 7 the laws of the place where it is organized.

8 4A–704.

9 (a) Unless the articles of merger preclude the right to abandon the merger, a 10 proposed merger may be abandoned before the effective date of the articles by:

(1) [Unanimous consent] CONSENT of the members of a limited
liability company party to the article REQUIRED TO APPROVE THE MERGER UNDER
§ 4A-702 OF THIS SUBTITLE, OR A LESSER VOTE AS MAY BE PROVIDED FOR IN
THE OPERATING AGREEMENT OF THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY;

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(2) A majority of the partners of a partnership;

16 (3) A majority vote of the general partners and a majority in interest 17 of the limited partners, as defined in § 10–208 of this article, of any limited 18 partnership party to the articles;

19 (4) A majority vote of the entire board of directors of a corporation 20 party to the articles; and

21 (5) A majority vote of the entire board of trustees of a business trust 22 party to the articles.

(b) If the articles of merger have been filed with the Department, notice ofthe abandonment shall be given promptly to the Department.

(c) (1) If the proposed merger is abandoned as provided in this section, no
legal liability arises under the articles of merger.

(2) An abandonment does not prejudice the rights of any person under
 any other contract made by a limited liability company, partnership, limited
 partnership, AND corporation or business trust party to the proposed articles of
 merger in connection with the proposed merger.

31 4A–705.

32 (a) [A] UNLESS OTHERWISE AGREED, A member of a limited liability 33 company objecting to a merger of the limited liability company has the same rights

with respect to the member's MEMBERSHIP interest in the limited liability company
as a stockholder of a Maryland corporation who objects TO A MERGER OF THE
CORPORATION has with respect to the stockholder's stock under Title 3, Subtitle 2 of
this article.

5 (b) The procedures under Title 3, Subtitle 2 of this article shall be applicable 6 to the extent practicable.

7 4A–706.

Department.

- 8 (a) The Department shall prepare certificates of merger that specify:
- 9 (1) The name of each party to the articles of merger;

10 (2) The name of the successor and the location of its principal office in 11 [the] THIS State or, if it has none, its principal place of business; and

- $\frac{12}{13}$
- (3) The time the articles of merger are accepted for record by the

14 (b) In addition to any other provision of law with respect to recording, the 15 Department shall send one certificate each to the clerk of the circuit court for each 16 county where the articles of merger show that a merging limited liability company, 17 partnership, limited partnership, corporation, or business trust other than the 18 successor owns an interest in land.

19 (c) On receipt of the certificate of merger, the clerk promptly shall record it 20 with the land records.

21 4A–709.

22 (c) The **MEMBERSHIP** interest of each member of a limited liability company 23 party to the articles of merger that are to be converted or exchanged under the terms 24 of the articles of merger cease to exist, subject to the rights of an objecting member 25 under § 4A–705 of this subtitle.

26 4A–801.

27 (a) A [member] PERSON DESCRIBED IN § 4A-802 OF THIS TITLE may 28 bring a derivative action to enforce a right of a limited liability company to recover a 29 judgment in its favor to the same extent that a stockholder may bring an action for a 30 derivative suit under the corporation law of Maryland.

31 (b) An action under this subtitle may be brought if members with authority 32 to bring the action have refused to bring the action or if an effort to cause those 33 members to bring the action is not likely to succeed.

$egin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{array}$	(c) If it appears that the plaintiff does not fairly and adequately represent the interests of the members in enforcing the right of the limited liability company, the derivative action may not be maintained.
4	4A-802.
5	The plaintiff in a derivative action shall:
6	(1) Be a member at the time the action is brought; and
7 8	(2) (i) Have been a member at the time of the transaction of which the plaintiff complains; or
9 10	(ii) Had membership status devolve upon the plaintiff by operation of law from a person who was a member at the time of the transaction.
11	4A–902.
12 13	(a) A limited liability company is dissolved and shall commence the winding up of its affairs on the first to occur of the following:
$\begin{array}{c} 14 \\ 15 \end{array}$	(1) At the time or on the happening of the events specified in the articles of organization or the operating agreement;
16	(2) At the time specified by the unanimous consent of the members;
17 18	(3) At the time of the entry of a decree of judicial dissolution under § $4A-903$ of this subtitle; or
19 20 21	(4) [Except as] UNLESS otherwise [provided in the operating agreement] AGREED or as provided in subsection (b) of this section, at the time the limited liability company has had no members for a period of 90 consecutive days.
$22 \\ 23 \\ 24$	(b) A limited liability company may not be dissolved or required to wind up its affairs if within 90 days after there are no remaining members of the limited liability company or within the period of time provided in the operating agreement:
25 26 27 28	(1) The last remaining member's personal representative, successor, or assignee agrees in writing to continue the limited liability company and to be admitted as a member or to appoint a designee as a member to be effective as of the time the last remaining member ceased to be a member; or
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30 \end{array}$	(2) A member is admitted to the limited liability company in the manner set forth in the operating agreement to be effective as of the time the last

30 manner set forth in the operating agreement to be effective as of the time the last 31 remaining member ceased to be a member under a provision in the operating

agreement that provides for the admission of a member after there are no remaining
 members.

3 (c) An operating agreement may provide that the last remaining member's 4 personal representative, successor, or assignee shall be obligated to agree in writing to 5 continue the limited liability company and to be admitted as a member or to appoint a 6 designee as a member to be effective as of the time the last remaining member ceased 7 to be a member.

8 (d) [Except as] UNLESS otherwise [provided in the operating agreement] 9 AGREED and subject to the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, the termination 10 of a person's membership may not cause a limited liability company to be dissolved or 11 to wind up its affairs and the limited liability company shall continue in existence 12 following the termination of a person's membership.

13 4A–904.

(a) Unless otherwise [provided in the articles of organization or the
operating agreement] AGREED, the remaining members of a limited liability company
may wind up the affairs of the limited liability company.

17 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, the 18 circuit court of the county in which the principal office of the limited liability company 19 is located, on cause shown after dissolution, may wind up the limited liability 20 company's affairs on application of any member.

21 4A–906.

22 On the winding up and termination of a limited liability company, the assets 23 shall be distributed as follows:

(1) To creditors, including members who are creditors, to the extent
 permitted by law, in satisfaction of the liabilities of the limited liability company; and

(2) Unless otherwise [provided by the operating agreement] AGREED,
to the members in proportion to their respective capital [interests,] CONTRIBUTION
VALUES, after the capital [interests] CONTRIBUTION VALUES are adjusted by:

29 (i) Adding to the members' capital [interests] CONTRIBUTION
 30 VALUES their respective shares of the profits of the limited liability company; and

(ii) Deducting from the members' capital [interests]
 CONTRIBUTION VALUES their respective shares of the losses of the limited liability
 company and all distributions previously received by the members.

34 4A–918.

1 Except in a proceeding by [the] THIS State or any of its political subdivisions, 2 the acceptance of articles of reinstatement for record by the Department is conclusive 3 evidence of:

4 (1) The payment of all fees, taxes, unemployment insurance 5 contributions, and reimbursement payments required to be paid;

6

(2) The filing of all reports required to be filed; and

7 (3) The reinstatement of the right to do business in Maryland of the 8 limited liability company.

9 4A–1103.

10 (a) A limited liability company may elect to be a benefit limited liability 11 company under this subtitle by including in its articles of organization a statement 12 that the limited liability company is a benefit limited liability company.

13 (b) The name of a domestic benefit limited liability company or a foreign 14 benefit limited liability company authorized to transact business in [the] THIS State 15 must comply with Title 1, Subtitle 5 of this article.

16 4A–1104.

17 Clear reference to the fact that a limited liability company is a benefit limited 18 liability company shall appear prominently:

19 (1) At the head of the articles of organization or an amendment to the 20 articles of organization in which the election to be a benefit limited liability company 21 is made;

(2) At the head of each subsequent articles of organization of thebenefit limited liability company; and

24 (3) On each certificate representing outstanding MEMBERSHIP
 25 interests in the benefit limited liability company.

26 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 27 October 1, 2012.

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