HOUSE BILL 1100

E4 2lr1857

By: Delegates Wilson, Alston, Branch, and DeBoy

Introduced and read first time: February 10, 2012

Assigned to: Judiciary

A BILL ENTITLED

1	AN ACT concerning
2 3	Public Safety – Restrictions on Possession of Firearms – Convicted Felons and People With Mental Disorders
9	and People with Mental Disorders
4	FOR the purpose of prohibiting a person from possessing a firearm if the person has
5	been convicted of a felony or, under certain circumstances, suffers from a mental
6	disorder or has been confined to a certain facility for a certain period of time;
7	establishing a penalty for a violation of this Act; prohibiting a court from
8	suspending any part of a certain mandatory minimum sentence; establishing
9	that a person is not eligible for parole during a certain mandatory minimum
10	sentence; establishing that each violation of a certain provision of law is a
11	separate crime; making conforming changes; and generally relating to
12	restrictions on the possession of firearms.
13	BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
14	Article – Public Safety
15	Section 5–101(h) and (p)
16	Annotated Code of Maryland
17	(2011 Replacement Volume)
18	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
19	Article – Public Safety
20	Section 5–101(g), 5–133, and 5–206
21	Annotated Code of Maryland
22	(2011 Replacement Volume)
23	BY adding to
24	Article – Public Safety
25	Section 5–133.1
26	Annotated Code of Maryland
27	(2011 Replacement Volume)



$\frac{1}{2}$	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:				
3	Article – Public Safety				
4	5–101.				
5	(g)	"Disc	qualify	ng crime" means:	
6		(1)	a crii	me of violence; OR	
7		(2)	[a vio	plation classified as a felony in the State; or	
8 9	statutory pe	(3)] enalty		lation classified as a misdemeanor in the State that carries a e than 2 years.	
10	(h)	(1)	"Fire	arm" means:	
11 12	converted to	expe	(i) l a proj	a weapon that expels, is designed to expel, or may readily be ectile by the action of an explosive; or	
13			(ii)	the frame or receiver of such a weapon.	
14		(2)	"Fire	arm" includes a starter gun.	
15	(p)	"Reg	ulated	firearm" means:	
16		(1)	a har	ndgun; or	
17 18 19	their copies weapon:	(2) , rega		earm that is any of the following specific assault weapons or of which company produced and manufactured that assault	
20			(i)	American Arms Spectre da Semiautomatic carbine;	
21			(ii)	AK-47 in all forms;	
22			(iii)	Algimec AGM-1 type semi-auto;	
23			(iv)	AR 100 type semi–auto;	
24			(v)	AR 180 type semi–auto;	
25			(vi)	Argentine L.S.R. semi–auto;	
26			(vii)	Australian Automatic Arms SAR type semi–auto;	

1		(viii)	Auto-Ordnance Thompson M1 and 1927 semi-automatics;
2		(ix)	Barrett light .50 cal. semi–auto;
3		(x)	Beretta AR70 type semi–auto;
4		(xi)	Bushmaster semi-auto rifle;
5		(xii)	Calico models M–100 and M–900;
6		(xiii)	CIS SR 88 type semi–auto;
7		(xiv)	Claridge HI TEC C–9 carbines;
8	Sporter H–BAR rif	(xv) le;	Colt AR-15, CAR-15, and all imitations except Colt AR-15
10 11	K-2;	(xvi)	Daewoo MAX 1 and MAX 2, aka AR 100, 110C, K-1, and
12		(xvii)	Dragunov Chinese made semi–auto;
13		(xviii)	Famas semi–auto (.223 caliber);
14		(xix)	Feather AT–9 semi–auto;
15		(xx)	FN LAR and FN FAL assault rifle;
16		(xxi)	FNC semi-auto type carbine;
17		(xxii)	F.I.E./Franchi LAW 12 and SPAS 12 assault shotgun;
18		(xxiii)	Steyr-AUG-SA semi-auto;
19		(xxiv)	Galil models AR and ARM semi–auto;
20		(xxv)	Heckler and Koch HK–91 A3, HK–93 A2, HK–94 A2 and A3;
21		(xxvi)	Holmes model 88 shotgun;
22		(xxvii)	Avtomat Kalashnikov semiautomatic rifle in any format;
23		(xxvii	Manchester Arms "Commando" MK-45, MK-9;
24		(xxix)	Mandell TAC-1 semi-auto carbine;
25		(xxx)	Mossberg model 500 Bullpup assault shotgun;

1		(xxxi) Sterli	ng Mark 6;
2		(xxxii) P.A.W	V.S. carbine;
3		(xxxiii)	Ruger mini-14 folding stock model (.223 caliber);
4	((xxxiv)	SIG 550/551 assault rifle (.223 caliber);
5		(xxxv) SKS v	vith detachable magazine;
6		(xxxvi)	AP-74 Commando type semi-auto;
7 8	M–21 sniper rifle, M	(xxxvii) I1A, excludi	Springfield Armory BM-59, SAR-48, G3, SAR-3, ng the M1 Garand;
9	•	(xxxviii)	Street sweeper assault type shotgun;
10	•	(xxxix)	Striker 12 assault shotgun in all formats;
11	•	(xl) Uniqu	ue F11 semi–auto type;
12	•	(xli) Daew	oo USAS 12 semi–auto shotgun;
13	•	(xlii) UZI 9	mm carbine or rifle;
14	•	(xliii) Valme	et M–76 and M–78 semi–auto;
15	•	(xliv) Weav	er Arms "Nighthawk" semi–auto carbine; or
16	•	(xlv) Wilkii	nson Arms 9mm semi–auto "Terry".
17	5–133.		
18 19 20 21	State imposes on the	he possessio	rsedes any restriction that a local jurisdiction in the on by a private party of a regulated firearm, and the ny local jurisdiction to regulate the possession of a
22	(b) A perso	on may not p	possess a regulated firearm if the person:
23	(1)	has been cor	victed of a disqualifying crime;
24 25	` /		nvicted of a violation classified as a common law crime ment of more than 2 years;
26	(3) i	is a fugitive	from justice;

1	(4) is a habitual drunkard;				
2 3	(5) is addicted to a controlled dangerous substance or is a habitual user;				
4 5 6 7	[(6) suffers from a mental disorder as defined in § 10–101(f)(2) of the Health – General Article and has a history of violent behavior against the person or another, unless the person has a physician's certificate that the person is capable of possessing a regulated firearm without undue danger to the person or to another;				
8 9 10 11	(7) has been confined for more than 30 consecutive days to a facility as defined in § 10–101 of the Health – General Article, unless the person has a physician's certificate that the person is capable of possessing a regulated firearm without undue danger to the person or to another;]				
12 13 14	[(8)] (6) except as provided in subsection (e) of this section, is a respondent against whom a current non ex parte civil protective order has been entered under § 4–506 of the Family Law Article; or				
15 16 17	[(9)] (7) if under the age of 30 years at the time of possession, has been adjudicated delinquent by a juvenile court for an act that would be a disqualifying crime if committed by an adult.				
18 19	(c) (1) A person may not possess a regulated firearm if the person was previously convicted of [:				
20	(i)] a crime of violence[; or				
21 22	(ii) a violation of § 5–602, § 5–603, § 5–604, § 5–605, § 5–612, § 5–613, or § 5–614 of the Criminal Law Article].				
23 24 25	(2) (i) Subject to paragraph (3) of this subsection, a person who violates this subsection is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment for not less than 5 years and not exceeding 15 years.				
26 27	(ii) The court may not suspend any part of the mandatory minimum sentence of 5 years.				
28 29 30	(iii) Except as otherwise provided in § 4–305 of the Correctional Services Article, the person is not eligible for parole during the mandatory minimum sentence.				

At the time of the commission of the offense, if a period of more

than 5 years has elapsed since the person completed serving the sentence for the most

31

32

(3)

29 30

$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$	recent conviction under paragraph [(1)(i) or (ii)] (1) of this subsection, including all imprisonment, mandatory supervision, probation, and parole:
3 4	(i) the imposition of the mandatory minimum sentence is within the discretion of the court; and
5 6 7	(ii) the mandatory minimum sentence may not be imposed unless the State's Attorney notifies the person in writing at least 30 days before trial of the State's intention to seek the mandatory minimum sentence.
8	(4) Each violation of this subsection is a separate crime.
9 10	(d) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, a person who is under the age of 21 years may not possess a regulated firearm.
11 12	(2) Unless a person is otherwise prohibited from possessing a regulated firearm, this subsection does not apply to:
13 14	(i) the temporary transfer or possession of a regulated firearm if the person is:
15 16 17	1. under the supervision of another who is at least 21 years old and who is not prohibited by State or federal law from possessing a firearm and
18 19	2. acting with the permission of the parent or legal guardian of the transferee or person in possession;
20 21	(ii) the transfer by inheritance of title, and not of possession, of a regulated firearm;
22 23	(iii) a member of the armed forces of the United States or the National Guard while performing official duties;
$\begin{array}{c} 24 \\ 25 \end{array}$	(iv) the temporary transfer or possession of a regulated firearm if the person is:
26 27	1. participating in marksmanship training of a recognized organization; and
28	2. under the supervision of a qualified instructor;

(v) a person who is required to possess a regulated firearm for employment and who holds a permit under Subtitle 3 of this title; or

- 1 (vi) the possession of a firearm for self-defense or the defense of 2 others against a trespasser into the residence of the person in possession or into a 3 residence in which the person in possession is an invited guest.
- 4 (e) This section does not apply to a respondent transporting a regulated firearm if the respondent is carrying a civil protective order requiring the surrender of the regulated firearm and:
 - (1) the regulated firearm is unloaded;
- 8 (2) the respondent has notified the law enforcement unit, barracks, or 9 station that the regulated firearm is being transported in accordance with the civil protective order; and
- 11 (3) the respondent transports the regulated firearm directly to the law enforcement unit, barracks, or station.
- 13 **5–133.1.**

7

- 14 (A) A PERSON MAY NOT POSSESS A FIREARM IF THE PERSON:
- 15 (1) HAS BEEN CONVICTED OF A FELONY;
- 16 (2) SUFFERS FROM A MENTAL DISORDER AS DEFINED IN §
 17 10–101(F)(2) OF THE HEALTH GENERAL ARTICLE AND HAS A HISTORY OF
 18 VIOLENT BEHAVIOR AGAINST THE PERSON OR ANOTHER, UNLESS THE PERSON
 19 HAS A PHYSICIAN'S CERTIFICATE THAT THE PERSON IS CAPABLE OF
 20 POSSESSING A FIREARM WITHOUT UNDUE DANGER TO THE PERSON OR TO
 21 ANOTHER; OR
- 22 (3) HAS BEEN CONFINED FOR MORE THAN 30 CONSECUTIVE DAYS
 23 TO A FACILITY AS DEFINED IN § 10–101 OF THE HEALTH GENERAL ARTICLE,
 24 UNLESS THE PERSON HAS A PHYSICIAN'S CERTIFICATE THAT THE PERSON IS
 25 CAPABLE OF POSSESSING A FIREARM WITHOUT UNDUE DANGER TO THE PERSON
 26 OR TO ANOTHER.
- (B) (1) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES THIS SECTION IS GUILTY OF A FELONY AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT FOR NOT LESS THAN 5 YEARS AND NOT EXCEEDING 15 YEARS.
- 30 (2) THE COURT MAY NOT SUSPEND ANY PART OF THE 31 MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE OF 5 YEARS.

- 1 (3) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN § 4–305 OF THE CORRECTIONAL SERVICES ARTICLE, THE PERSON IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR PAROLE DURING THE MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE.
- 4 (4) EACH VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION IS A SEPARATE CRIME.
- 5 5-206.
- 6 (a) A person may not possess a rifle or shotgun if the person was previously 7 convicted of [:
- 8 (1)] a crime of violence[; or
- 9 (2) a violation of § 5–602, § 5–603, § 5–604, § 5–605, § 5–612, § 5–613, 10 or § 5–614 of the Criminal Law Article].
- 11 (b) A person who violates this section is guilty of a felony and on conviction is 12 subject to imprisonment not exceeding 15 years.
- 13 (c) Each violation of this subsection is a separate crime.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2012.