A2, E2

By: Senator Colburn

Introduced and read first time: January 17, 2012 Assigned to: Education, Health, and Environmental Affairs

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Talbot County – Alcoholic Beverages Violations – Issuance of Citations

- FOR the purpose of authorizing certain alcoholic beverages inspectors in Talbot
 County to issue citations for certain alcoholic beverages violations; and
 generally relating to the issuance of citations for alcoholic beverages violations
 by alcoholic beverages inspectors in Talbot County.
- 7 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 8 Article Criminal Law
- 9 Section 10–119
- 10 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 11 (2002 Volume and 2011 Supplement)

12 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 13 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

14

Article – Criminal Law

- 15 10–119.
- 16 (a) (1) A person who violates §§ 10–113 through 10–115 or § 10–118 of 17 this part shall be issued a citation under this section.
- 18 (2) A minor who violates § 10–116 or § 10–117(a) of this part shall be 19 issued a citation under this section.
- 20 (b) A citation for a violation of §§ 10–113 through 10–115 or a violation of § 21 10–118 of this part may be issued by:
- 22
- (1) a police officer authorized to make arrests;



(2) in State forestry reservations, State parks, historic monuments,
 and recreation areas, a forest or park warden under § 5–206(a) or (b) of the Natural
 Resources Article; and
 (3) in Anne Arundel County, Frederick County, Harford County,
 Montgomery County, [and] Prince George's County, AND TALBOT COUNTY, and only

Montgomery County, [and] Prince George's County, AND TALBOT COUNTY, and only
in the inspector's jurisdiction, an alcoholic beverages inspector who investigates
license violations under Article 2B of the Code if the inspector:

8 (i) has successfully completed an appropriate program of 9 training in the proper use of arrest authority and pertinent police procedures as 10 required by the board of license commissioners; and

(ii) does not carry firearms in the performance of the inspector'sduties.

13 (c) A person authorized under this section to issue a citation shall issue it if 14 the person has probable cause to believe that the person charged is committing or has 15 committed a Code violation.

16 (d) (1) Subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection, the form of citation 17 issued to an adult shall be as prescribed by the District Court and shall be uniform 18 throughout the State.

19	(2)	The c	itation issued to an adult shall contain:
20		(i)	the name and address of the person charged;
21		(ii)	the statute allegedly violated;
22		(iii)	the location, date, and time that the violation occurred;
23		(iv)	the fine that may be imposed;
24		(v)	a notice stating that prepayment of the fine is not allowed;
$\frac{25}{26}$	person charged a s	(vi) ummo	a notice that the District Court shall promptly send the ns to appear for trial;
27		(vii)	the signature of the person issuing the citation; and
28		(viii)	a space for the person charged to sign the citation.
29	(3)	The f	orm of citation issued to a minor shall:
30		(i)	be prescribed by the State Court Administrator;

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1	(ii) be uniform throughout the State; and				
$2 \\ 3$	(iii) contain the information listed in § 3–8A–33(b) of the Courts Article.				
$4 \\ 5 \\ 6$	(e) (1) Except for a citation subject to the jurisdiction of a circuit court, the issuing jurisdiction shall forward a copy of the citation and a request for trial to the District Court in the district having venue.				
7 8	(2) (i) The District Court shall promptly schedule the case for trial and summon the defendant to appear.				
9 10	(ii) Willful failure of the defendant to respond to the summons is contempt of court.				
$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 12 \end{array}$	(f) (1) For purposes of this section, a violation of §§ $10-113$ through $10-115$ or a violation of § $10-118$ of this part is a Code violation and is a civil offense.				
$\begin{array}{c} 13\\14\\15\end{array}$	(2) A person charged who is under the age of 18 years shall be subject to the procedures and dispositions provided in Title 3, Subtitle 8A of the Courts Article.				
$\begin{array}{c} 16 \\ 17 \end{array}$	(3) A person charged who is at least 18 years old shall be subject to the provisions of this section.				
18 19 20	(4) Adjudication of a Code violation is not a criminal conviction for any purpose, and it does not impose any of the civil disabilities ordinarily imposed by a criminal conviction.				
21	(g) In any proceeding for a Code violation:				
$22 \\ 23 \\ 24 \\ 25$	(1) the State has the burden to prove the guilt of the defendant to the same extent as is required by law in the trial of criminal causes, and in any such proceeding, the court shall apply the evidentiary standards as prescribed by law or rule for the trial of criminal causes;				
$\begin{array}{c} 26 \\ 27 \end{array}$	(2) the court shall ensure that the defendant has received a copy of the charges against the defendant and that the defendant understands those charges;				
28 29 30 31	(3) the defendant is entitled to cross-examine all witnesses who appear against the defendant, to produce evidence or witnesses on behalf of the defendant, or to testify on the defendant's own behalf, if the defendant chooses to do so;				
$\frac{32}{33}$	(4) the defendant is entitled to be represented by counsel of the defendant's choice and at the expense of the defendant; and				

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$\frac{1}{2}$	(5) the defendant may enter a plea of guilty or not guilty, and the verdict of the court in the case shall be:			
3		(i) guilty of a Code violation;		
4		(ii) not guilty of a Code violation; or		
$5\\6\\7$	(iii) before rendering judgment, the court may place the defendant on probation in the same manner and to the same extent as is allowed by law in the trial of a criminal case.			
$8\\9\\10$	(h) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, if the District Court finds that a person has committed a Code violation, the court shall require the person to pay:			
11		(i) a fine not exceeding \$500; or		
12 13	exceeding \$1,000.	(ii) if the violation is a subsequent violation, a fine not		
$\begin{array}{c} 14 \\ 15 \end{array}$	(2) violation under § 1	If the District Court finds that a person has committed a Code .0–117 of this subtitle, the court shall require the person to pay:		
16		(i) a fine not exceeding \$2,500; or		
17 18	exceeding \$5,000.	(ii) if the violation is a subsequent violation, a fine not		
$\begin{array}{c} 19\\ 20 \end{array}$	(3) for the prepaymen	The Chief Judge of the District Court may not establish a schedule t of fines for a Code violation under this part.		
$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 22 \end{array}$	(i) When a defendant has been found guilty of a Code violation and a fine has been imposed by the court:			
$\begin{array}{c} 23\\24 \end{array}$	(1) deferred under cor	the court may direct that the payment of the fine be suspended or aditions that the court may establish; and		
$25 \\ 26 \\ 27$		if the defendant willfully fails to pay the fine imposed by the court, e may be treated as a criminal contempt of court, for which the punished by the court as provided by law.		
$\frac{28}{29}$	(j) (1) District Court and	The defendant is liable for the costs of the proceedings in the for payment to the Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund.		
$\frac{30}{31}$	(2) are \$5.	The court costs in a Code violation case in which costs are imposed		

In this subsection, "driver's license" means a license or permit to 1 (k) (1) $\mathbf{2}$ drive a motor vehicle that is issued under the laws of this State or any other 3 jurisdiction. 4 (2)This subsection applies only to: $\mathbf{5}$ (i) a person who is at least 18 but under 21 years of age; or 6 a minor if the minor is subject to the jurisdiction of the (ii) 7court. 8 (3)If a person is found guilty of a Code violation under § 10–113 of 9 this part that involved the use of a driver's license or a document purporting to be a 10 driver's license, the court shall notify the Motor Vehicle Administration of the violation. 11 12(4) The Chief Judge of the District Court, in conjunction with the Motor Vehicle Administrator, shall establish uniform procedures for reporting Code 13violations described in this subsection. 14A defendant who has been found guilty of a Code violation has the 15(1)(1)right to appeal or to file a motion for a new trial or a motion for a revision of a 16 17judgment provided by law in the trial of a criminal case. 18 A motion shall be made in the same manner as provided in the (2)19trial of criminal cases, and the court, in ruling on the motion has the same authority 20provided in the trial of criminal cases. 21The State's Attorney for any county may prosecute a Code violation (m)(1)22in the same manner as prosecution of a violation of the criminal laws of this State. 23(2)In a Code violation case the State's Attorney may: 24(i) enter a nolle prosequi in or place the case on the stet docket; 25and 26exercise authority in the same manner as prescribed by law (ii) for violation of the criminal laws of this State. 2728SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 29July 1, 2012.