SENATE BILL 157

F3 SB 201/11 – EHE

By: Senators Pugh, Conway, Jones-Rodwell, and McFadden Introduced and read first time: January 19, 2012 Assigned to: Education, Health, and Environmental Affairs

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Baltimore City – Age for Compulsory Public School Attendance – Exemption

3 FOR the purpose of altering, in Baltimore City, the age at which certain children are 4 required to attend a public school regularly during the entire school year, $\mathbf{5}$ subject to certain exceptions; requiring certain parents or guardians of certain 6 children to provide written consent before the children may withdraw from 7 public school attendance; requiring certain school officials to provide a certain 8 notification under certain circumstances; requiring certain persons with legal 9 custody or care and control of certain children to see that the children attend school, receive instruction, or have written consent to withdraw from public 10 school attendance; providing for certain penalties for certain persons; and 11 12generally relating to the age for compulsory public school attendance in Baltimore City. 13

- 14 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 15 Article Education
- 16 Section 7–301(a)(1)
- 17 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 18 (2008 Replacement Volume and 2011 Supplement)
- 19 BY adding to
- 20 Article Education
- 21 Section 7–301.1
- 22 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 23 (2008 Replacement Volume and 2011 Supplement)
- 24 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 25 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 26

Article – Education

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



SENATE BILL 157

 $\mathbf{2}$

1 7-301.

2 (a) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section AND IN § 7–301.1 OF 3 THIS SUBTITLE, each child who resides in this State and is 5 years old or older and 4 under 16 shall attend a public school regularly during the entire school year unless the 5 child is otherwise receiving regular, thorough instruction during the school year in the 6 studies usually taught in the public schools to children of the same age.

7 **7–301.1.**

8

(A) THIS SECTION SHALL APPLY ONLY IN BALTIMORE CITY.

9 (1) **(B)** EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (3) OF THIS SUBSECTION, EACH CHILD WHO RESIDES IN BALTIMORE CITY AND IS 5 YEARS 10 OLD OR OLDER AND UNDER 18 SHALL ATTEND A PUBLIC SCHOOL REGULARLY 11 12 DURING THE ENTIRE SCHOOL YEAR UNLESS THE PARENT OR GUARDIAN OF A CHILD WHO IS 16 OR 17 YEARS OLD PROVIDES WRITTEN CONSENT TO THE 13 14LOCAL SCHOOL SYSTEM FOR THE CHILD TO WITHDRAW FROM SCHOOL ATTENDANCE. 15

16 (2) THE COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT, SCHOOL PRINCIPAL, OR AN 17 INDIVIDUAL AUTHORIZED BY THE COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OR PRINCIPAL 18 SHALL PROVIDE A WRITTEN NOTIFICATION OF RECEIPT TO THE PARENT OR 19 GUARDIAN OF A CHILD FROM WHOM WRITTEN CONSENT HAS BEEN RECEIVED 20 UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION.

(3) THIS SUBSECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO A CHILD WHO IS
 RECEIVING REGULAR, THOROUGH INSTRUCTION DURING THE SCHOOL YEAR IN
 THE STUDIES USUALLY TAUGHT IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS TO CHILDREN OF THE
 SAME AGE.

(C) SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, EACH PERSON WHO
HAS LEGAL CUSTODY OR CARE AND CONTROL OF A CHILD WHO IS 5 YEARS OLD
OR OLDER AND UNDER 18 SHALL SEE THAT THE CHILD ATTENDS SCHOOL,
RECEIVES INSTRUCTION, OR HAS WRITTEN CONSENT TO WITHDRAW FROM
SCHOOL ATTENDANCE.

30 (D) (1) ANY PERSON WHO INDUCES OR ATTEMPTS TO INDUCE A 31 CHILD TO BE ABSENT UNLAWFULLY FROM SCHOOL OR EMPLOYS OR HARBORS 32 ANY CHILD WHO IS ABSENT UNLAWFULLY FROM SCHOOL WHILE SCHOOL IS IN 33 SESSION IS GUILTY OF A MISDEMEANOR AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO A 34 FINE NOT TO EXCEED \$500 OR IMPRISONMENT NOT TO EXCEED 30 DAYS OR 35 BOTH.

SENATE BILL 157

1 (2) ANY PERSON WHO HAS LEGAL CUSTODY OR CARE AND 2 CONTROL OF A CHILD WHO IS 5 YEARS OLD OR OLDER AND UNDER 18 WHO 3 FAILS TO SEE THAT THE CHILD ATTENDS SCHOOL, RECEIVES INSTRUCTION, OR 4 HAS WRITTEN CONSENT TO WITHDRAW FROM SCHOOL ATTENDANCE IS GUILTY 5 OF A MISDEMEANOR AND:

6 (I) FOR A FIRST CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO A FINE NOT TO 7 EXCEED \$50 PER DAY OF UNLAWFUL ABSENCE OR IMPRISONMENT NOT TO 8 EXCEED 10 DAYS OR BOTH; AND

9 (II) FOR A SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION IS 10 SUBJECT TO A FINE NOT TO EXCEED \$100 PER DAY OF UNLAWFUL ABSENCE OR 11 IMPRISONMENT NOT TO EXCEED 30 DAYS OR BOTH.

(3) (I) AS TO ANY SENTENCE IMPOSED UNDER THIS SECTION,
 THE COURT MAY SUSPEND THE FINE OR THE PRISON SENTENCE AND ESTABLISH
 TERMS AND CONDITIONS THAT WOULD PROMOTE THE CHILD'S ATTENDANCE.

15 (II) THE SUSPENSION AUTHORITY PROVIDED FOR UNDER 16 SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH IS IN ADDITION TO AND NOT IN 17 LIMITATION OF THE SUSPENSION AUTHORITY UNDER § 6–221 OF THE CRIMINAL 18 PROCEDURE ARTICLE.

19 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect20 July 1, 2012.