## By: Senator Shank

Introduced and read first time: February 3, 2012 Assigned to: Education, Health, and Environmental Affairs

# A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2	<b>Procurement – Lower Cost Goods and Services</b>		
3	FOR the purpose of providing that when a primary procurement unit makes a certain		
4	determination concerning its participation in a certain intergovernmenta		
<b>5</b>	cooperative purchasing agreement, the determination will include a statemen		
6	that the agreement will allow an entity whose procurement is managed by the		
7	primary procurement unit to withdraw the entity's participation under the		
8	agreement under certain circumstances; and generally relating to an entity's		
9	withdrawal from an intergovernmental cooperative purchasing agreement.		
10	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,		
11	Article – State Finance and Procurement		
12	Section 13–110		
13	Annotated Code of Maryland		
14	(2009 Replacement Volume and 2011 Supplement)		
15	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF		
16	MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:		
17	<b>Article – State Finance and Procurement</b>		
18	13–110.		
19	(a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.		
$\begin{array}{c} 20\\ 21 \end{array}$	(2) "Cooperative entity" means one or more State or local entities that enter into an agreement for the cooperative or joint administration of programs.		
22	(3) "Governmental entity" means:		

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law. 2lr2186



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$\frac{1}{2}$		(i) the federal government or an agency or other he federal government;
$\frac{3}{4}$	another state;	(ii) another state or an agency or other instrumentality of
5		(iii) a bistate or multistate agency;
6 7 8	(iv) a county, municipal corporation, or other political subdivision of the State or of another state, or an agency or other instrumentality of the political subdivision;	
9		(v) a bicounty or multicounty agency;
10		(vi) a primary procurement unit; or
$11 \\ 12 \\ 13$	(vii) an affiliation, alliance, consortium, or group composed solely of governmental entities that is established for purposes of promoting intergovernmental cooperative purchasing.	
$\begin{array}{c} 14 \\ 15 \end{array}$	(4) (4)	"Intergovernmental cooperative purchasing agreement" means a
$16 \\ 17 \\ 18$		(i) 1. entered into by at least one governmental entity and a a manner that is consistent with the purposes set forth under § le;
19 20 21	2. that is available for use by the governmental entity entering the contract and at least one additional governmental entity which may, but need not be, an original party to the contract; and	
$\frac{22}{23}$	that can result from	3. that is intended to promote efficiency and savings a intergovernmental cooperative purchasing; or
24 25 26 27 28	(ii) between a primary procurement unit and a person who, at the time the intergovernmental cooperative purchasing agreement is awarded, has a contract with the federal government or an agency or other instrumentality of the federal government, and who agrees to provide the unit with identical prices, terms, and conditions as stipulated in the federal contract.	
29 30 31	bicounty or multic	(i) "Local entity" means a county, municipal corporation, ounty agency, public authority, special taxing district, or other a or unit of a political subdivision of this State.
32 33		(ii) "Local entity" includes boards of education and library funding from the State.

1 (6) "Not-for-profit entity" means a corporation incorporated in the 2 State, or otherwise qualified to do business in the State that has been determined by 3 the Internal Revenue Service to be exempt from taxation under § 501(c)(3), (4), or (6) 4 of the Internal Revenue Code.

5 (7) "State entity" means a department, board, commission, agency, or 6 a subunit in the Executive branch of State government.

7 (b) (1) Subject to § 12–107 of this article, whenever a primary 8 procurement unit procurement officer determines that it is in the best interest of the 9 State to sponsor or participate in an intergovernmental cooperative purchasing 10 agreement, with the approval of the unit head and subject to any other approval 11 required by law, the primary procurement unit may become a party to or participate 12 under the agreement.

13 (2) A determination under this subsection shall be in writing and 14 include a statement that the intergovernmental cooperative purchasing agreement:

15 (i) will provide cost benefits to the State, promote 16 administrative efficiencies, or promote intergovernmental cooperation; [and]

(II) WILL ALLOW AN ENTITY WHOSE PROCUREMENT IS
MANAGED BY THE PRIMARY PROCUREMENT UNIT TO WITHDRAW ITS
PARTICIPATION UNDER THE AGREEMENT FOR SPECIFIC SUPPLIES OR SERVICES
ON A SHOWING BY THE ENTITY THAT THE ENTITY CAN OBTAIN THE SUPPLY OR
SERVICE FROM A LOCAL VENDOR MORE EFFICIENTLY AND AT SUBSTANTIAL
SAVINGS WHEN COMPARED TO THE PRICE TO BE PAID UNDER THE AGREEMENT;
AND

24[(ii)] (III) is not intended to evade the purposes of this Division25II.

26 (3) If a primary procurement unit sponsors an intergovernmental 27 cooperative purchasing agreement:

(i) the contract shall be awarded in the same manner as the
contract would be awarded under this Division II if the unit was the sole participant
under the contract; and

(ii) all procedures under this Division II, including procedures
 governing contract claims and protests, shall apply.

33 (4)If primary procurement unit participates a in an 34intergovernmental cooperative purchasing agreement, any protest or contract claim 35involving the agreement shall be handled in accordance with the terms of the 36 agreement.

Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, each 1 (c) (1) $\mathbf{2}$ procurement contract for supplies or services entered into by a State or local entity 3 shall include a provision that facilitates other State and local entities and not-for-profit entities to participate in the contract. 4  $\mathbf{5}$ (2)(i) This subsection does not apply to: 6 1. a procurement for a capital facility, improvement, or 7 other unique purchase; or a procurement with a projected value of less than 8 2. 9 \$100,000. 10 This subsection does not apply if the State or local entity (ii) determines that including the provision would: 11 121. undermine the desired timing or effect of the 13procurement; 2. interfere with the State or local entity's ability to 14 15meet: 16 A. the minority business enterprise goals provided under 17§ 14–302 of this article or any other minority business enterprise program sponsored 18 by the local entity; or 19 B. the Small Business Reserve Program requirements 20under § 14-502 of this article or any other small business procurement program 21sponsored by the local entity; or 223. not be in the best interest of the entity. 23(d) A State or local entity may enter into an agreement for the (1)24cooperative or joint administration of programs with one or more other State or local 25entities. 26(2)A cooperative entity established under this section may administer 27the programs and exercise the powers and duties specifically delegated to the 28cooperative entity by the agreement that established the cooperative entity. 29An agreement described under this subsection does not relieve a (3)30 State or local entity or other participant of the agreement from any obligation or 31responsibility imposed on the entity by law.

4

1 (e) Notwithstanding any other law, a local entity may participate in an 2 existing State or local contract drafted in accordance with this section, if the governing 3 body of the entity determines that participation would:

4 (1) provide a cost savings in purchase price or administrative burden; 5 or

6 (2) further other policy goals including operational and 7 energy-efficiency goals related to the purchase, operation, or maintenance of the 8 supply or service.

9 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
10 October 1, 2012.