Q7 2lr0450

By: Senators Garagiola, Brochin, King, Kittleman, Klausmeier, Madaleno, Manno, Mathias, Peters, Pugh, and Robey

Introduced and read first time: February 3, 2012

Assigned to: Budget and Taxation

## A BILL ENTITLED

4	A TAT	AOM	•
1	AN	ACT	concerning

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## Estate Tax – Exemption for Family Farm or Small Business

- 3 FOR the purpose of altering the determination of the Maryland estate tax to exclude 4 from the value of the gross estate the value of certain agricultural property; 5 providing for the recapture of certain Maryland estate tax under certain 6 circumstances; requiring the Comptroller to adopt certain regulations; altering 7 the determination of the Maryland estate tax to exclude from the value of the 8 gross estate the value of certain interest in a small business; defining certain 9 terms; providing for the application of this Act; and generally relating to the 10 Maryland estate tax.
- 11 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 12 Article Tax General
- 13 Section 7–309
- 14 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 15 (2010 Replacement Volume and 2011 Supplement)
- SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

## 18 Article - Tax - General

19 7–309.

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(a) Notwithstanding an Act of Congress that repeals or reduces the federal credit under § 2011 of the Internal Revenue Code, the provisions of this subtitle in effect before the passage of the Act of Congress shall apply with respect to a decedent who dies after the effective date of the Act of Congress so as to continue the Maryland estate tax in force without reduction in the same manner as if the federal credit had not been repealed or reduced.



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filed:

- 1 (b) (1) Except as provided in paragraphs (2) through (7) of this subsection 2 AND SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION, after the effective date of an Act of 3 Congress described in subsection (a) of this section, the Maryland estate tax shall be determined using: 4 5 the federal credit allowable by § 2011 of the Internal 6 Revenue Code as in effect before the reduction or repeal of the federal credit pursuant 7 to the Act of Congress; and 8 other provisions of federal estate tax law as in effect on the 9 date of the decedent's death. 10 Except as provided in paragraphs (3) through (7) of this subsection (2)11 AND SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION, if the federal estate tax is not in effect on 12 the date of the decedent's death, the Maryland estate tax shall be determined using: 13 the federal credit allowable by § 2011 of the Internal (i) Revenue Code as in effect before the reduction or repeal of the federal credit pursuant 14 15 to the Act of Congress; and 16 other provisions of federal estate tax law as in effect on the 17 date immediately preceding the effective date of the repeal of the federal estate tax. 18 (3)Notwithstanding any increase in the unified credit allowed 19 against the federal estate tax for decedents dying after 2003, the unified credit used 20 for determining the Maryland estate tax may not exceed the applicable credit amount 21corresponding to an applicable exclusion amount of \$1,000,000 within the meaning of § 2010(c) of the Internal Revenue Code. 2223 The Maryland estate tax shall be determined without regard 24to any deduction for State death taxes allowed under § 2058 of the Internal Revenue 25 Code. 26 Unless the federal credit allowable by § 2011 of the Internal Revenue Code is in effect on the date of the decedent's death, the federal credit used to 2728 determine the Maryland estate tax may not exceed 16% of the amount by which the 29 decedent's taxable estate, as defined in § 2051 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceeds 30 \$1,000,000. 31 **(4)** With regard to an election to value property as provided in § 32 2032 of the Internal Revenue Code, if a federal estate tax return is not required to be
- 1. an irrevocable election made on a timely filed 35 Maryland estate tax return shall be deemed to be an election as required by § 2032(d) 36 of the Internal Revenue Code;

1 2	2. the provisions of § 2032(c) of the Internal Revenue Code do not apply; and
3 4	3. an election may not be made under item 1 of this subparagraph unless that election will decrease:
5	A. the value of the gross estate; and
6 7	B. the Maryland estate tax due with regard to the transfer of a decedent's Maryland estate.
8 9 10	(ii) An election to value property as provided in § 2032 of the Internal Revenue Code for Maryland estate tax purposes must be the same as the election made for federal estate tax purposes.
11 12 13 14 15	(5) (i) With regard to an election to treat property as marital deduction qualified terminable interest property in calculating the Maryland estate tax, an irrevocable election made on a timely filed Maryland estate tax return shall be deemed to be an election as required by § 2056(b)(7)(B)(i), (iii), and (v) of the Internative Revenue Code.
16 17 18 19	(ii) An election under this paragraph made on a timely filed Maryland estate tax return shall be recognized for purposes of calculating the Maryland estate tax even if an inconsistent election is made for the same decedent for federal estate tax purposes.
20 21 22 23 24 25	(6) (i) For purposes of calculating Maryland estate tax, a decedent shall be deemed to have had a qualifying income interest for life under § 2044(a) of the Internal Revenue Code with regard to any property for which a marital deduction qualified terminable interest property election was made for the decedent's predeceased spouse on a timely filed Maryland estate tax return under paragraph (5) of this subsection.
26 27 28 29	(ii) For the purpose of apportioning Maryland estate tax under § 7–308 of this subtitle, any property as to which a decedent is deemed to have had a qualifying income interest for life under subparagraph (i) of this paragraph shall be deemed to be included in both the estate and the taxable estate of the decedent.
30 31 32 33 34 35	(7) For purposes of calculating Maryland estate tax, amounts allowable under § 2053 or § 2054 of the Internal Revenue Code as a deduction in computing the taxable estate of a decedent may not be allowed as a deduction or as are offset against the sales price of property in determining gain or loss if the amount has been allowed as a deduction in computing the federal taxable income of the estate or or any other person.

$\frac{1}{2}$	(C) (1) (I) IN THIS SUBSECTION THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS INDICATED.
3 4	(II) "CHILD" HAS THE MEANING STATED IN § 7–203(B) OF THIS TITLE.
5 6	(III) "FARMING PURPOSES" HAS THE MEANING STATED IN § 2032A(E)(5) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE.
7 8	(IV) "PARENT" HAS THE MEANING STATED IN § $7-203(B)$ OF THIS TITLE.
9 10	(V) "QUALIFIED AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY" MEANS REAL OR PERSONAL PROPERTY THAT IS USED PRIMARILY FOR FARMING PURPOSES.
11	(VI) "QUALIFIED RECIPIENT" MEANS:
12 13	1. A SPOUSE, PARENT, OR GRANDPARENT OF THE DECEDENT;
14 15	2. A CHILD OF THE DECEDENT OR A LINEAU DESCENDANT OF A CHILD OF THE DECEDENT;
16 17	3. A SPOUSE OF A CHILD OF THE DECEDENT OR A SPOUSE OF A LINEAL DESCENDANT OF A CHILD OF THE DECEDENT;
18	4. A BROTHER OR SISTER OF THE DECEDENT; OR
19 20 21	5. A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY THAT IS AT LEAST 80% OWNED BY FAMILY MEMBERS SPECIFIED IN ITEMS 1 THROUGH 4 OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH.
22 23 24	(VII) "SMALL BUSINESS" MEANS A CORPORATION, PARTNERSHIP, SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP, OR OTHER BUSINESS ENTITY, INCLUDING ITS AFFILIATES, THAT:
25	1. IS INDEPENDENTLY OWNED AND OPERATED;
26	2. IS NOT DOMINANT IN ITS FIELD; AND
27	3. EMPLOYS 50 OR FEWER FULL-TIME EMPLOYEES.

1	(2) (I) THE MARYLAND ESTATE TAX SHALL BE DETERMINED
2	BY EXCLUDING FROM THE VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE UP TO \$3,000,000 OF
3	THE VALUE OF QUALIFIED AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY THAT PASSES FROM THE
1	DECEDENT TO OR FOR THE USE OF A QUALIFIED RECIPIENT

- 5 (II) 1. THE MARYLAND ESTATE TAX SHALL BE
  6 RECAPTURED AS PROVIDED IN THIS SUBPARAGRAPH IF THE QUALIFIED
  7 AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY IS SOLD BY A QUALIFIED RECIPIENT WITHIN 5 YEARS
  8 OF THE DEATH OF THE DECEDENT TO A PERSON THAT IS NOT A QUALIFIED
  9 RECIPIENT.
- 2. The amount of the estate tax imposed under this subparagraph shall be the additional Maryland estate tax that would have been payable at the time of the decedent's death but for the provisions under subparagraph (I) of this paragraph.
- 3. THE COMPTROLLER SHALL ADOPT REGULATIONS
  16 TO PROVIDE FOR THE RECAPTURE OF THE ESTATE TAX UNDER THIS
  17 SUBPARAGRAPH.
- 18 (3) THE MARYLAND ESTATE TAX SHALL BE DETERMINED BY
  19 EXCLUDING FROM THE VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE UP TO \$3,000,000 OF THE
  20 VALUE OF ANY INTEREST IN A SMALL BUSINESS THAT PASSES FROM THE
  21 DECEDENT TO OR FOR THE USE OF:
- 22 (I) A SPOUSE, PARENT, OR GRANDPARENT OF THE 23 DECEDENT;
- 24 (II) A CHILD OF THE DECEDENT OR A LINEAL DESCENDANT 25 OF A CHILD OF THE DECEDENT;
- 26 (III) A SPOUSE OF A CHILD OF THE DECEDENT OR A SPOUSE OF A LINEAL DESCENDANT OF A CHILD OF THE DECEDENT;
- 28 (IV) A BROTHER OR SISTER OF THE DECEDENT; OR
- (V) A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY THAT IS AT LEAST 80% OWNED BY FAMILY MEMBERS SPECIFIED IN ITEMS (I) THROUGH (IV) OF THIS PARAGRAPH.
- 32 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 33 July 1, 2012, and shall be applicable to decedents dying after December 31, 2011.