Department of Legislative Services Maryland General Assembly

2012 Session

FISCAL AND POLICY NOTE

Senate Bill 828

(Senator Pipkin, et al.)

Finance and Budget and Taxation

Maryland Transportation Authority - Fixing or Revising Tolls - Legislative Approval Required

This bill prohibits the Maryland Transportation Authority (MDTA) from fixing, revising, charging, or collecting a toll on any part of any transportation facilities project greater than the amount in effect on or before October 1, 2011, unless the General Assembly approves the toll through legislation.

The bill takes effect June 1, 2012.

Fiscal Summary

State Effect: MDTA nonbudgeted revenues decrease by \$7.5 million in FY 2012, \$93.5 million in FY 2013, and \$225.5 million or more in subsequent years due to reducing toll rates back to the October 1, 2011 level. MDTA nonbudgeted expenditures may increase significantly to the extent the bill necessitates a change to the trust agreement with MDTA's bondholders and/or prompts a reduction in MDTA's bond ratings.

(\$ in millions)	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
NonBud Rev.	(\$7.5)	(\$93.5)	(\$225.5)	(\$226.7)	(\$227.8)
NonBud Exp.	-	-	-	-	-
Net Effect	(\$7.5)	(\$93.5)	(\$225.5)	(\$226.7)	(\$227.8)

Note:() = decrease; GF = general funds; FF = federal funds; SF = special funds; - = indeterminate effect

Local Effect: None.

Small Business Effect: Potential meaningful.

Analysis

Current Law: Since 1971, MDTA has been responsible for constructing, managing, operating, and improving the State's toll facilities and for financing new revenue-producing transportation projects. MDTA is governed by nine individuals appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Secretary of Transportation serves as MDTA's chairman. MDTA transportation facilities projects include:

- bridges (*e.g.*, Susquehanna River Bridge; Harry W. Nice Memorial Potomac River Bridge; William Preston Lane, Jr. Memorial Chesapeake Bay Bridge and parallel Chesapeake Bay Bridge; Baltimore Harbor Tunnel; Fort McHenry Tunnel; Francis Scott Key Bridge; and John F. Kennedy Memorial Highway);
- the InterCounty Connector roadway;
- vehicle parking facilities located in priority funding areas;
- other projects that MDTA authorizes to be acquired or constructed; and
- any authorized additions or improvements to MDTA projects.

MDTA has the authority to set tolls on transportation facilities projects under its supervision. Tolls must provide funds that, when combined with bond proceeds and other available revenues, are sufficient to pay maintenance, repair, and operating costs for transportation facilities projects that are not otherwise paid for; pay the interest and principal of any outstanding bond issues; create reasonable reserves for these purposes; and provide funds for the cost of replacements, renewals, and improvements. Toll revenues are deposited into the Transportation Authority Fund, which is wholly separate from the Transportation Trust Fund.

Prior to fixing or revising tolls on any part of any transportation facilities project, MDTA must provide the Senate Budget and Taxation Committee, Senate Finance Committee, House Appropriations Committee, and House Ways and Means Committee information on the proposed toll charges, including the annual revenues generated by the toll charges; the proposed use of the revenues; and the proposed commuter discount rates. Furthermore, prior to increasing a toll, current regulations require that MDTA provide 60-day public notice, take public comments for a period of at least 60 days, and accept oral comments during at least one public meeting held within 30 miles of each affected toll location during the public comment period.

Background: MDTA's trust agreement with its bondholders is the driving force in MDTA finances. MDTA manages all revenue adjustments and operating and capital expenditures to maintain its bond coverage ratios. Toll revenues are MDTA's primary revenue source and are used to meet payment obligations to bondholders.

MDTA currently has an Aa3 rating from Moody's Investors Service, AA- from Standard & Poors, and AA- from Fitch Ratings. These ratings are among the highest granted for tolling authorities. If toll revenues slip below expectations and tolls are not sufficient to SB 828/ Page 2

meet the standards included in the trust agreement, MDTA increases tolls to avoid defaulting on the trust agreement to the bondholders and to sustain its bond ratings. Credit rating agencies cite a toll entity's independent ability to set toll rates, free of political consideration or approval from an outside source, as a key factor in achieving an optimal credit rating. However, the effect of requiring legislative approval of toll rate changes may be mitigated if the approval authority has demonstrated a willingness to increase tolls when necessary.

New MDTA Toll Rates and Structure

In September 2011, the MDTA Board approved a comprehensive set of changes to toll rates at all facilities and modifications to the tolling structure to pay debt for rehabilitating MDTA's aging bridges, tunnels, and highways and for constructing additional highway capacity in the Baltimore and Washington regions. The approved plan phases in toll increases at MDTA facilities on November 1, 2011; January 1, 2012; and July 1, 2013. When fully implemented, the plan is expected to generate approximately \$226.0 million in additional revenue in fiscal 2014. Among other things, the new tolling plan:

- increases toll rates at all facilities in phases. **Exhibit 1** details toll rates by facility and by implementation date for the standard cash rate. The first increase for two-axle vehicles occurred on November 1, 2011, and was followed by increases for vehicles with three or more axles on January 1, 2012. On July 1, 2013, another increase will take place for all vehicle classes;
- creates a tiered system of tolling with the cash rate as the standard base rate. Off of this base cash rate, a discount of 10% is given to drivers utilizing a valid Maryland-issued EZ Pass and a premium of 50% of the base cash rate applies for video tolling;
- standardizes the commuter discount at all facilities to a percentage discount off of the base cash rate. The discount is 75% effective November 1, 2011, and 65% effective July 1, 2013; and
- waives the \$1.50 monthly fee for EZ Pass account holders that pay three or more tolls in the previous month at MDTA facilities.

	<u>October 1, 2011</u>	<u>November 1, 2011</u>	<u>January 1, 2012</u>	<u>July 1, 2013</u>				
Chesapeake Bay Bridge								
2 axle	\$2.50	\$4.00		\$6.00				
3 axle	9.00		\$8.00	12.00				
4 axle	12.00		12.00	18.00				
5 axle	15.00		24.00	36.00				
6+ axle	18.00		30.00	45.00				
Baltimore Crossings								
2 axle	2.00	3.00		4.00				
3 axle	6.00		6.00	8.00				
4 axle	9.00		9.00	12.00				
5 axle	12.00		18.00	24.00				
6+ axle	15.00		23.00	30.00				
I-95 and Hatem Bridge								
2 axle	5.00	6.00		8.00				
3 axle	15.00		12.00	16.00				
4 axle	23.00		18.00	24.00				
5 axle	30.00		36.00	48.00				
6+ axle	38.00		45.00	60.00				
Nice Bridge								
2 axle	3.00	4.00		6.00				
3 axle	9.00		8.00	12.00				
4 axle	12.00		12.00	18.00				
5 axle	15.00		24.00	36.00				
6+ axle	18.00		30.00	45.00				
Source: Maryland Transportation Authority								

Exhibit 1 MDTA Tolls – Standard Cash Rates by Facility, Vehicle Class, And Rate Increase Implementation Date

State Fiscal Effect: While the bill does not expressly authorize MDTA to continue to charge and collect a toll of the same amount in effect on October 1, 2011, this analysis assumes MDTA may do so.

Nonbudgeted revenues decrease by \$7.5 million in fiscal 2012, \$93.5 million in fiscal 2013, \$225.5 million in fiscal 2014, \$226.7 million in fiscal 2015, and \$227.8 million in fiscal 2016 due to maintaining tolls at the level charged on October 1, 2011. Out-year estimates reflect growth. This estimate reflects the need for additional legislation to reinstate toll increases that have already been implemented as SB 828/ Page 4

well as to approve the planned July 1, 2013 increases. This estimate reflects the need for additional legislation to reinstate toll increases that have already been implemented as well as to approve the planned July 1, 2013 increases. In addition, the bill may prompt MDTA to seek earlier and more frequent legislative approvals of potentially larger toll increases, to control for uncertainty about legislative approval. Uncertainty about approval may also affect project implementation deadlines and costs.

Any limits on MDTA's authority to raise the revenues necessary to meet its obligations under its trust agreement may (1) cause MDTA to default under its trust agreement; and/or (2) be seen as a breach of contract and prompt costly litigation. Also, limits on MDTA's toll setting authority will likely have a negative impact on MDTA's bond credit rating. To the extent this occurs, MDTA nonbudgeted expenditures increase potentially significantly in fiscal 2013 and future years due to increased debt service costs.

To avoid these costs, MDTA may be required to amend its trust agreement with bondholders. To the extent the bill results in an amendment to the trust agreement, MDTA nonbudgeted expenditures increase potentially significantly. MDTA advises that amending the trust agreement may require the approval of at least a majority of existing bondholders, or refunding of at least \$1.2 billion in existing bonds costs (representing 51% of MDTA's current outstanding debt), both of which are anticipated to increase overall costs.

Small Business Effect: Small businesses benefit to the extent they are charged less to utilize MDTA facilities.

Additional Information

Prior Introductions: SB 24 and HB 15 of the 2011 special session, similar bills, were referred to the Senate Rules Committee and the House Rules and Executive Nominations Committee, respectively, but no further action was taken on either bill.

Cross File: None.

Information Source(s): Maryland Department of Transportation, Maryland Transportation Authority, Department of Legislative Services

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