HOUSE BILL 83

N2 (4lr0942)

ENROLLED BILL

— Judiciary/Judicial Proceedings —

Introduced by **Delegate Simmons**

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Read and Ex	amined by Proofreaders:
_	Proofreader.
_	Proofreader.
Sealed with the Great Seal and pr	resented to the Governor, for his approval this
day of at	t o'clock,M.
-	Speaker.
СН	HAPTER
AN ACT concerning	
Mary	yland Trust Act
providing that this Act may be the scope of this Act; providing designation of the principal pl standard for whether notice to	vising certain provisions of law relating to trusts; e cited as the Maryland Trust Act; providing for g for the construction of this Act; providing for the lace of administration for a trust; establishing a person under this Act must be accomplished lived; providing for the role of a court in the

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.

administration of a trust; providing that a trustee and the beneficiaries of a trust are subject to the jurisdiction of the courts of this State under certain

circumstances; establishing standards for judicial review of the discretion of a

trustee; providing for the consent of a person that may represent and bind another person under this Act; providing that the holder of a certain qualified

power of appointment may represent and bind a certain person; providing that a

certain person may represent a certain other person with respect to a particular

Italics indicate opposite chamber/conference committee amendments



question or dispute; authorizing a court to appoint a representative for a certain interest in certain circumstances; providing methods and requirements for creating a trust under this Act; establishing the method by which a trust for care of an animal may be created; providing certain rules for a certain noncharitable trust; providing for the modification or termination of a trust; authorizing a court to reform the terms of a certain trust; authorizing a court to modify the terms of a trust in a certain manner; authorizing a court to authorize a creditor or assignee of a beneficiary to reach a certain beneficiary's interest by attachment of certain distributions; establishing the rights of a certain beneficiary and a certain creditor to a trust interest that is subject to a discretionary distribution provision; providing that certain actions may not be taken with respect to a beneficial interest that is subject to a support provision; providing for the treatment of a spendthrift provision in a trust; authorizing a court to authorize a creditor or assignee of the beneficiary to attach certain distributions in certain circumstances; providing for circumstances to create a certain general power of appointment or a power of withdrawal; establishing rules for the claim of a certain creditor; establishing that trust property is not subject to certain personal obligations of a trustee; prohibiting a creditor from taking certain actions to compel a certain distribution; providing for the transfer to trust of property held by tenants by the entirety; establishing the capacity of a settlor of a revocable trust to take certain actions; providing the manner by which the settlor may revoke or amend a revocable trust; establishing the rights of certain beneficiaries; establishing the method by which a person designated as trustee accepts or rejects the trusteeship; requiring a trustee to give a certain bond under certain circumstances; providing for circumstances in which a vacancy occurs in a cotrusteeship; authorizing a trustee to resign in certain circumstances; providing grounds for the removal of a trustee; establishing the duties and powers of a trustee who has resigned or been removed; providing that certain trustees are entitled to certain commissions and certain reimbursements; authorizing certain persons to exercise certain trust and fiduciary powers; prohibiting a certain person from serving as a trustee in certain circumstances; requiring a certain trustee to perform certain duties; authorizing a trustee to delegate certain duties and powers in certain circumstances; authorizing a certain trustee to follow a certain direction of the settlor; establishing that certain persons shall be considered advisers and fiduciaries in certain circumstances; requiring a certain trustee to act in accordance with the directions of a certain adviser in certain circumstances; providing that a certain trustee does not have certain liabilities and duties; providing that a certain adviser has the power to perform certain actions; requiring a trustee to take certain steps to take control of and protect the trust property, with a certain exception; requiring a trustee to do certain record keeping and to keep certain property in a certain manner; requiring a trustee to take certain steps in certain circumstances; requiring a trustee to respond promptly to a certain request for information; requiring a trustee to provide certain notice to certain beneficiaries; requiring a trustee to send a certain report to certain persons; prohibiting a trustee from exercising certain powers; authorizing a trustee to exercise certain powers in certain

1	circumstances; providing for damages for which a certain trustee is or is not
2	liable; authorizing a court to award costs and expenses in a certain judicial
3	proceeding; providing that a certain trustee is not liable for a certain loss;
4	providing that a certain term of a trust is unenforceable in certain
5	circumstances; providing for the effect of an exculpatory term in a trust;
6	providing for the liability of a trustee for breach of trust in certain
7	circumstances; establishing limitations of personal liability of a trustee in
8	certain circumstances; authorizing a trustee to furnish a certification of trust in
9	certain circumstances; providing that the provisions of this Act relating to the
10	use of electronic records and signatures conform to a certain federal statute;
11	providing for the severability of provisions in this Act if held invalid; providing
12	for the application of this Act to certain trusts and judicial proceedings; defining
13	certain terms; providing for a delayed effective date; and generally relating to
14	trusts.
15	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
16	Article – Estates and Trusts
17	Section 11–102(b)(12)
18	Annotated Code of Maryland
19	(2011 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)
20	BY repealing
21	Article – Estates and Trusts
22	Section 14–101 through 14–116 and the subtitle "Subtitle 1. General Provisions"
23	Annotated Code of Maryland
24	(2011 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)
25	BY adding to
26	Article – Estates and Trusts
27	Section 14.5–101 through 14.5–1006 to be under the new title "Title 14.5.
28	Maryland Trust Act"
29	Annotated Code of Maryland
30	(2011 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)
31	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
32	Article – Financial Institutions
33	Section 3–506(b)
34	Annotated Code of Maryland
35	(2011 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)
36	$\underline{Preamble}$
37	WHEREAS, Trusts serve many useful purposes and have a long history in the
38	Anglo-American legal system; and
39	WHEREAS, Codification of Maryland's trust laws will benefit both the public

and practitioners; and

1 2 3 4	WHEREAS, The fact that a beneficiary cannot compel distribution from a discretionary trust has justified not counting the trust assets in determining the beneficiary's eligibility for need-based programs such as Medicaid, and not subjecting them to the estate tax when the beneficiary dies; and
5 6 7 8	WHEREAS, These advantages, and the fact that Maryland trusts may have perpetual existence and no limits on size, make it reasonable to expect the popularity of discretionary trusts to increase substantially, as well as their impact on public revenues and expenses; and
9 10	WHEREAS, By contrast, a beneficiary who is not also a trustee of a discretionary trust has few rights and little recourse to address abuses of power by a trustee; and
11 12	WHEREAS, A trust with no enforceable rights for a beneficiary is a trust in name only; and
13 14	<u>WHEREAS, The Judiciary must be able to intervene aggressively to protect all trust beneficiaries; now, therefore,</u>
15 16	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
17	Article – Estates and Trusts
18	11–102.
19 20 21	(b) Subject to §§ 4–409 of this article and 11–103 of this subtitle, the common—law rule against perpetuities as now recognized in the State is preserved, but the rule does not apply to the following:
22 23	(12) A trust created under § [14–112] 14.5–407 of this article to provide for the care of an animal alive during the lifetime of the settlor; or
24	[Subtitle 1. General Provisions.]
25	[14–101.
26 27 28	A court having equity jurisdiction has general superintending power with respect to trusts. The provisions of Titles 1 through 13 of this article do not affect or supersede this power.]
29	[14–102.
30	In the absence of express language to the contrary, the rules contained in

§§ 1–202, 1–203, 1–204, 1–205, 1–206, 1–207, 1–208, 1–209, and 1–210.1 of this article

- shall be applied in construing the terms of an intervivos trust. Whenever any of those
- 2 statutory sections refer to a "will," "estate," or similar terms relevant primarily to wills
- 3 and estates or the takers under them, the terms shall be modified to mean "trust
- 4 instrument," "trust," or similar terms to reflect the application of the principles of
- 5 those sections to inter vivos trusts.
- 6 [14–103.

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- 7 A testamentary trustee and trustee of any other trust whose duties (a) (1) 8 comprise the collection and distribution of income from property held under a trust 9 agreement or the preservation and distribution of the property are entitled to commissions provided for in this section for their services in administering the trusts. 10 11 The amount and source of payment of commissions are subject to the provisions of any 12 valid agreement. Any court having jurisdiction over the administration of the trust 13 may increase or diminish commissions for sufficient cause or may allow special 14 commissions or compensation for services of an unusual nature.
- 15 (2) A schedule of increased rates of income commissions and corpus 16 commissions may be charged by a trustee whose activities are subject to State or 17 federal supervision or who is a member of the Maryland Bar and who has:
- 18 (i) Filed a schedule of the increased rates of commissions with 19 an appropriate agency; and
- 20 (ii) Given notice of the scheduled rates or revisions to the 21 ascertained beneficiaries of the affected trust.
 - (3) The notice required under paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be delivered to the beneficiaries personally or sent to the beneficiaries at their last known address by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested.
 - (b) Accounting from July 1, 1981, whether or not the trust was in existence at that time, income commissions are:
- 27 (1) 6 percent upon all income from real estate, ground rents, and 28 mortgages collected in each year; and
- 29 (2) 6 1/2 percent upon the first \$10,000 of all other income collected in 30 each year, 5 percent upon the next \$10,000, 4 percent upon the next \$10,000, and 3 percent upon any remainder.

Income commissions shall be paid from and chargeable against income. Income collected includes any portion of income payable to a trustee but withheld by the payor in compliance with any revenue law.

- (c) Accounting from July 1, 1981, whether or not the trust was in existence at that time, commissions are payable at the end of each year upon the fair value of the corpus or principal held in trust at the end of each year as follows:
- (1) Four tenths of one percent on the first \$250,000;
- 5 One fourth of one percent on the next \$250,000;
 - (3) Three twentieths of one percent on the next \$500,000; and
 - (4) One tenth of one percent upon any excess. Corpus commissions shall be paid out of and chargeable against the corpus.

If a trust terminates, with respect to all or any part of the corpus held in trust in the course of any year, the commission for that year shall be reduced or prorated according to the part of the year elapsed and the amount of corpus as to which the trust terminates, and be chargeable, for such part of a year (and with respect to any such part of the corpus) at such termination of the trust, upon the then value of the corpus.

- (d) For selling real or leasehold property, a commission upon the proceeds of the sale is payable at the rate allowed by rule of court or statute to trustees appointed to make sales under decrees or orders of the circuit court for the county where the real or leasehold property is situated, or if the property is located outside Maryland, for selling similar property in the county where the trust is being administered. The commission is payable from the proceeds of the sale when collected.
- (e) Upon the final distribution of any trust estate, or portion of it, an allowance is payable commensurate with the labor and responsibility involved in making the distribution, including the making of any division, the ascertainment of the parties entitled, the ascertainment and payment of taxes, and any necessary transfer of assets. The allowance is subject to revision or determination by any circuit court having jurisdiction. In the absence of special circumstances the allowance shall be equal to one half of one percent upon the fair value of the corpus distributed.
- (f) In determining what is a single trust for the application of the rates provided in this section, all property held undivided under the terms of the will or other instrument creating the trust shall be considered as a single trust. After any shares have been set apart or divided, to be held in separate trust, each separate trust set apart shall be considered as a single trust.
- (g) (1) Instead of the rates of income commissions and corpus commissions provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section, a trustee may charge reasonable compensation calculated in accordance with a schedule of rates previously filed by the trustee with the appropriate agency as specified in paragraph (2) of this subsection, if the trustee is:

- (i) A financial institution whose activities are subject to supervision by this State or the federal government or which is an instrumentality of the United States; or
- 4 (ii) A member of the Bar of this State.

- 5 (2) A trustee shall file a schedule of rates under this subsection as 6 follows:
- 7 (i) For a savings and loan association, with the State Director 8 of the Division of Savings and Loan Associations;
- 9 (ii) For all other trustees, including attorneys and State 10 chartered and national banks, with the Commissioner of Financial Regulation; and
 - (iii) For a trustee administering an estate under the jurisdiction of a court, also with the trust clerk of the court.
 - (3) In a trust involving multiple trustees and more than one of the trustees may be entitled to file a schedule of increased rates, the controlling schedule will be the schedule filed by the trustee having custody of the assets and maintaining records of the trust.
 - (4) Whenever a trustee files a schedule of increased rates under this subsection, the trustee shall give notice to the ascertained beneficiaries of each affected trust. The notice required under this paragraph shall be delivered to the beneficiaries personally or sent to the beneficiaries at their last known address by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested. Any beneficiary of a trust who objects to the schedule of rates to be charged to that trust, after notifying the trustee of the objection, may petition the appropriate circuit court to review the reasonableness of the rates to be charged. The notice required by this paragraph shall include a clear statement of the rights and procedures available to beneficiaries under this subsection. If the court finds that the rates in the schedule are unreasonable for the current fiscal year of the particular trust, the trustee's commissions for that trust for that fiscal year shall be limited to the rates charged that trust during the previous fiscal year.
 - (5) If a trustee does not file a schedule of rates with the appropriate agency under paragraph (2)(i) or (ii) of this subsection and does not notify ascertained beneficiaries as provided in paragraph (4) of this subsection, the trustee is limited to charging the rates set forth in subsections (b) and (c) of this section.
 - (h) An individual trustee who is not authorized to file a schedule of increased rates under this section is limited to charging the rates set forth in subsections (b) and (c) of this section unless the trustee petitions the circuit court for the county where the trustee is located and obtains approval of an increase in fee after giving notice of such action to the ascertained beneficiaries of the trusts affected.

- 1 (i) The schedule of increased rates of income commissions and corpus commissions which trustees are authorized to charge as provided in subsection (g) of this section is not applicable to guardians.

 (j) The legal and court costs incurred by the trustee pursuant to any court review under subsection (g)(4) or (h) of this section shall be charged against trustees' fees and may not be assumed by the trust or the beneficiaries.
- 7 [14–104.

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A judge of any court established under the laws of the State or the United States or any clerk of court or register of wills, unless he is the surviving spouse of the grantor of the trust, or is related to the grantor within the third degree, may not serve as a trustee of any inter vivos or testamentary trust created by an instrument and executed in Maryland by the grantor or any trustee, administered in the State or governed by the laws of the State, unless he was actually serving as a trustee of the trust on December 31, 1969.]

15 [14–105.

In the absence of actual knowledge or of reasonable cause to inquire as to whether a trustee is improperly exercising his power, a person dealing with a trustee need not inquire whether a trustee is properly exercising his power, and is protected as if the trustee properly exercised the power. A person need not see to the proper application of trust assets paid or delivered to a trustee.]

- 21 [14–106.
- 22 (a) In this section, "beneficiary" means a person in being who has a vested 23 interest, whether:
- 24 (1) Possessory or not; and
- 25 (2) Subject to divestment or not.
- 26 (b) (1) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of this subsection, on petition by a trustee, personal representative, beneficiary, or a party in interest, after notice as the court may direct to the trustees, personal representatives, beneficiaries, and parties in interest, and for good cause shown, a court may:
 - (i) Divide a trust into 2 or more separate trusts; or
- 31 (ii) Consolidate 2 or more trusts into a single trust.
- 32 (2) A court may divide a trust or consolidate trusts:

$\frac{1}{2}$	and		(i)	On terms and conditions as the court considers appropriate;
3 4	consolidatio	n of tr	(ii) usts w	If the court is satisfied that a division of a trust or ill not defeat or materially impair:
5				1. The accomplishment of trust purposes; or
6				2. The interests of the beneficiaries.
7 8	necessary to	(3) prote		ourt may pass orders that the court considers proper or interests of a:
9			(i)	Trustee;
10			(ii)	Personal representative;
11			(iii)	Beneficiary; or
12			(iv)	Party in interest.
13	(c)	This	section	applies to trusts:
14		(1)	When	never created;
15		(2)	Whet	ther inter vivos or testamentary;
16		(3)	Crea	ted by the same or different instruments;
17		(4)	Crea	ted by the same or different persons; and
18		(5)	Rega	rdless of where created or administered.
19 20 21	-	presen	tative	n may not be construed to limit the right of a trustee or to divide a trust or consolidate trusts, without an order of a the applicable provisions of the governing instrument.]
22	[14–107.			
23	(a)	(1)	In th	is section the following words have the meanings indicated.
24 25	present or f	(2) uture	(i) interes	"Beneficiary" means an ascertainable person who has a t in a trust estate.
26			(ii)	"Beneficiary" includes:

$\frac{1}{2}$	or legal gua	rdian;	or	1. If the beneficiary is a minor, the beneficiary's natural
3 4 5			-	2. If the beneficiary is a disabled person, as defined in § any person acting on behalf of the beneficiary under a prship, or committee.
6 7	article.	(3)	"Corp	porate fiduciary" has the meaning stated in § 15–1A–01 of this
8 9 10	tables issue time.	(4) ed by t		expectancy" means the life expectancy published in the life S. Department of Health and Human Services from time to
11 12 13	during a fis that fiscal y	•		annual income" means the gross income of a trust estate us trust commissions and expenses attributable to income for
14 15 16	•	termi	nate a	he provisions of this section, a corporate fiduciary acting as a trust without an order of court if the fair market value of the tanniversary date is \$100,000 or less.
17 18 19 20		of the	send n	porate fiduciary trustee proposing to terminate a trust under lotice of the proposed termination to each cotrustee and each at the cotrustee's or beneficiary's last known address. The
21			(i)	Personally delivered; or
22 23	requested.		(ii)	Mailed by certified mail, postage prepaid, return receipt
24 25	contain:	(2)	The 1	notice required under paragraph (1) of this subsection shall
26			(i)	The name of the trust;
27			(ii)	The name of the person who created the trust;
28			(iii)	The date on which the trust was established;
29 30	seeking to to	ermina	(iv) ate the	The name and address of the corporate fiduciary trustee trust;
31			(v)	The name of any cotrustee;

1 2 3	(vi) A statement that the effective date of the termination shall be at least 90 days after the date on which notice under paragraph (1) of this subsection has been received by each cotrustee and each beneficiary;
4	(vii) A statement of the reasons for termination of the trust;
5 6	(viii) The approximate amount and the manner of calculation of each distribution of the trust estate; and
7 8	(ix) A statement of the right to object and the procedures to follow under subsection (d) of this section.
9 10	(d) (1) A person entitled to notice under subsection (c) of this section who objects to the termination of a trust shall send written objection to the termination.
11 12 13 14 15	(2) The written objection shall be personally delivered or mailed by certified mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, within 60 days after the date on which notice that is sent under subsection (c)(1) of this section is received by the objecting party, to the corporate fiduciary trustee proposing to terminate the trust at the address in the notice.
16 17 18 19	(e) (1) If no beneficiary or cotrustee delivers a timely objection in accordance with the provisions of subsection (d) of this section, the trust shall be terminated and the trust estate shall be distributed in accordance with the provisions of subsection (f) of this section.
20 21 22 23	(2) If a beneficiary or cotrustee delivers a timely written objection in accordance with the provisions of subsection (d) of this section, the trust shall not be terminated unless the objection is withdrawn in writing by the objecting party within 90 days after receipt of the notice by the objecting party.
24 25	(f) (1) A trust estate that is terminated under this section shall be distributed in any manner unanimously agreed upon by all beneficiaries.
26 27 28	(2) (i) If the beneficiaries do not unanimously agree to a manner of distribution, the distribution shall be made in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph.
29 30 31 32 33 34 35	(ii) A beneficiary who has a present interest in the trust estate shall receive an amount equal to the present value of an annuity equal to the beneficiary's proportionate share of the average net annual income of the trust as of its last 3 anniversary dates for a term equal to the life expectancy of the beneficiary, at the interest rate for valuing vested benefits provided by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation for the month immediately preceding the date of which the notice under subsection (c)(1) of this section is sent.

- 1 (iii) The amount of the trust estate remaining after distribution 2 to beneficiaries having a present interest in the trust estate shall be distributed to any 3 beneficiaries having a future interest in the trust estate in whatever proportions are 4 provided for under the terms of the governing instrument under which the trust was 5 created.
- 6 (g) The existence of spendthrift or similar protective language in the governing instrument under which the trust was created may not prevent termination under this section.
- 9 (h) All expenses incurred by the trustee incident to the termination of a trust 10 under this section shall be borne by the trust estate.
- 11 (i) A distribution to a minor beneficiary shall be made to the minor's custodian under the Maryland Uniform Gifts to Minors Act or the Maryland Uniform 13 Transfers to Minors Act.
- 14 (j) This section may not be construed to limit the right of any trustee to terminate a trust in accordance with applicable provisions of the governing instrument under which the trust was created.
 - (k) A trust may be terminated under this section if:
- 18 (1) The trustee has determined that termination of the trust is in the 19 best interests of the beneficiaries; and
- 20 (2) The governing instrument does not expressly prohibit termination 21 of the trust regardless of its size.
- 22 (l) A trust may not be terminated under this section if:
 - (1) The provisions of the governing instrument make the trust eligible to qualify for the marital deduction for United States estate tax or for United States gift tax purposes under the Internal Revenue Code, unless all beneficiaries agree that all of the trust estate shall be distributed to the spouse of the creator of the trust; or
- 27 (2) The provisions of the governing instrument make the trust qualify, 28 in whole or in part, for a charitable deduction for United States estate tax, United 29 States gift tax, or United States income tax purposes under the Internal Revenue 30 Code, unless all beneficiaries agree that all of the trust estate shall be distributed to 31 one or more beneficiaries that qualify for the charitable deduction under the Internal 32 Revenue Code.]
- 33 **[**14–108.

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34 (a) (1) In this section, "environmental law" means a federal, State, or local law, rule, regulation, or ordinance that relates to the protection of the environment.

1	(2	2)	"Environmental law" includes Title 16 of the Environment Article.
2	(b) (1	1)	To comply with an environmental law, a trustee may:
3 4 5 6 7	and any assets or corporation	s owr , to d	(i) Inspect property held by the trustee, including any type of roprietorship, partnership, limited liability company, or corporation, ned by a sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability company, letermine compliance with an environmental law and respond to an environmental liability relating to the property;
8 9 10			(ii) Before or after the initiation of a claim or a governmental a, take action necessary to prevent, abate, or otherwise remedy an environmental liability that affects a trust asset;
11 12	based on an al	legec	(iii) Settle or compromise at any time a claim against the trust denvironmental liability that may be asserted by any person; and
13 14 15	abatement, realiability.	spons	(iv) Pay from the trust the costs of an inspection, review, study, se, cleanup, or other remedial action that involves an environmental
16 17 18 19	liable to a per decrease in the	rson e val	If a trustee acts prudently and in good faith, the trustee is not with an interest in assets of the trust held by the trustee for a ue of the assets for taking action under this subsection or otherwise mply with an environmental law or reporting requirement.
20 21 22	take action un	der t	Acceptance by the trustee of property or failure by the trustee to this subsection does not imply that there is or may be liability under aw with respect to any property.]
23	[14–109.		
24 25			of the following powers conferred upon a trustee by the governing exercised by that trustee:
26 27 28 29 30	principal or in capacity, unlese education, sup	ss lin port	The power to make any discretionary distributions of either the to or for the benefit of the trustee in the trustee's individual mited by an ascertainable standard relating to the trustee's health, and maintenance, as defined in 26 U.S.C. §§ 2041 and 2514 and the ns promulgated under those sections;
31 32	`	2) ncom	The power to make any discretionary distributions of either e to satisfy any of the trustee's legal obligations in the trustee's

individual capacity for support or other purposes;

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- 1 (3) The power to make discretionary allocations in the trustee's favor 2 of receipts or expenses as between income and principal;
- 3 (4) Any power, in whatever capacity held, to remove or replace any 4 trustee who holds any of the powers proscribed in this subsection; or
 - (5) The power to exercise any of the powers proscribed in this subsection with regard to a beneficiary other than the trustee to the extent that such beneficiary could exercise a similar prohibited power in connection with a trust which benefits the trustee.
 - (b) If a trustee is prohibited by subsection (a)(1) of this section from exercising a power conferred upon the trustee, the trustee may nevertheless exercise the power except that the trustee's exercise of that power shall be limited by an ascertainable standard relating to the trustee's health, education, support and maintenance, as defined in 26 U.S.C. §§ 2041 and 2514 and the Treasury regulations promulgated under those sections.
 - (c) If the governing instrument contains a power described under subsection (a) of this section, and there is no trustee who can exercise such power, upon application of any party in interest, a court may appoint a trustee who is not otherwise disqualified under this section to exercise any such power during the period of time that the court designates.
 - (d) This section does not apply if:
- 21 (1) As a result of application of subsection (a) of this section, a marital deduction for the trust property would not be allowed to a spouse who is a trustee and to whom a marital deduction would otherwise be allowed under the Internal Revenue Code; or
- 25 (2) The trust is revocable or amendable, during the time that the trust 26 remains revocable or amendable.
 - (e) (1) In this subsection, "parties in interest" means:
- 28 (i) Each trustee then serving; and
- 29 (ii) Each income beneficiary and remainder beneficiary then in 30 existence or, if such beneficiary has not attained majority or is otherwise 31 incapacitated, the beneficiary's legal representative under applicable law or the 32 beneficiary's donee under a durable power of attorney that is sufficient to grant such 33 authority.
 - (2) Subject to the provisions of subsection (d) of this section, this section applies to:

- 1 Any trust created under a governing instrument executed 2 after September 30, 1995, unless the terms of the governing instrument provide 3 expressly that this section does not apply; and 4 Any trust created under a governing instrument executed before October 1, 1995, unless all parties in interest elect affirmatively not to be 5 6 subject to the application of this section on or before the later of October 1, 1998, or 3 7 years after the date on which the trust becomes irrevocable. 8 The affirmative election required under subsection (e) of this section must be made through a written declaration signed by the interested person and delivered 9 10 to the trustee. **[**14–110. 11 12 (a) The following persons may exercise trust or fiduciary powers in this 13 State: An individual; 14 (1) 15 (2) A trust company as defined in § 1–101 of this article; 16 An organization exempt from taxation under § 501(c) of the (3) Internal Revenue Code; and 17 18 Subject to subsection (b) of this section, a bank, trust company, or savings bank, other than one described in paragraph (2) of this subsection, that is: 19 20 Organized under the laws of another state and authorized to 21exercise trust or fiduciary powers in the state where its principal place of business is 22located; or 23 Organized under the laws of the United States and (ii) 24authorized to exercise trust or fiduciary powers under federal law. 25 A bank, trust company, or savings bank described in subsection (b) 26 (a)(4) of this section may exercise trust or fiduciary powers in this State only if the 27laws of the state where its principal place of business is located authorize a bank, trust 28 company, or savings bank from this State to exercise trust or fiduciary powers in that 29 state.
 - (2) A bank, trust company, or savings bank authorized to exercise trust powers under subsection (a)(4) of this section shall file with the Commissioner of Financial Regulation, prior to exercising trust powers in this State, information sufficient to identify:

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(1)

lifetime of the settlor, on the death of the animal; or

1 (i) The correct corporate name of the bank, trust company, or 2 savings bank; 3 (ii) An address and telephone number of a contact person for the bank, trust company, or savings bank; 4 5 (iii) A resident agent; and 6 Any additional information considered necessary by the (iv) 7 Commissioner for protection of the public. 8 **[**14–111. 9 In this section, "beneficiary" means an ascertainable person who (a) (1) 10 has a present or future interest in a trust estate. "Beneficiary" includes: 11 (2) If the beneficiary is a minor, the beneficiary's natural or 12(i) legal guardian; or 13 14 If the beneficiary is a disabled person, as defined in § 13–101 15 of this article, any person acting on behalf of the beneficiary under a guardianship, 16 conservatorship, or committee. 17 A trustee may donate a conservation easement on any real property, or consent to the donation of a conservation easement on any real property by a personal 18 19 representative of an estate of which the trustee is a legatee, in order to obtain the benefit of the estate tax exclusion allowed under § 2031(c) of the United States 20 21Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, if: 22(1) The governing instrument authorizes or directs the donation of a 23conservation easement on the real property; or 24Each beneficiary who has an interest in the real property that would be affected by the conservation easement consents in writing to the donation.] 2526[14–112. 27 A trust may be created to provide for the care of an animal alive during (a) the lifetime of the settlor. 2829 (b) A trust authorized by this section terminates:

If created to provide for the care of one animal alive during the

- If created to provide for the care of more than one animal alive 1 (2)2 during the lifetime of the settlor, on the death of the last surviving animal. 3 (c) (1) A trust authorized by this section may be enforced by a person 4 appointed under the terms of the trust or, if no person is appointed, by a person appointed by the court. 5 6 A person having an interest in the welfare of an animal the care for (2)7 which a trust is established may request the court to appoint a person to enforce the trust or to remove a person appointed. 8 9 (d) Except to the extent that the court may determine that the value of (1) 10 a trust authorized by this section exceeds the amount required for the use intended by the trust, the property of the trust may be applied only to the intended use of the 11 12 trust. 13 (2) Except as otherwise provided under the terms of the trust, 14 property not required for the intended use of the trust shall be distributed: 15 (i) To the settlor, if living; or 16 (ii) If the settlor is deceased, to the successors in interest of the 17 settlor. 18 [14–113. 19 (a) In this section, "proceeds" means: 20 (1) Property acquired by the trustee upon the sale, lease, license, 21exchange, or other disposition of property originally conveyed by a husband and wife 22to a trustee or trustees; 23 Property collected by the trustee on, or distributed on account of, 24property originally conveyed by a husband and wife to a trustee or trustees; 25 Rights arising out of property originally conveyed by a husband (3)26 and wife to a trustee; 27 **(4)** Claims arising out of the loss, nonconformity, or interference with 28 the use of, defects or infringement of rights in, or damage to, property originally 29 conveyed by a husband and wife to a trustee;
 - (5) Insurance payable by reason of the loss or nonconformity of, defects or infringement of rights in, or damage to, property originally conveyed by a husband and wife to a trustee; or

31

- (6) Property held by the trustee that is otherwise traceable to property originally conveyed by a husband and wife to a trustee or the property proceeds described in items (1) through (5) of this subsection.
- (b) Any property of a husband and wife that was held by them as tenants by the entirety and subsequently conveyed to the trustee or trustees of one or more trusts, and the proceeds of that property, shall have the same immunity from the claims of their separate creditors as would exist if the husband and wife had continued to hold the property or its proceeds as tenants by the entirety, as long as:
 - (1) The husband and wife remain married;
- 10 (2) The property or its proceeds continues to be held in trust by the 11 trustee or trustees or their successors in trust;
- 12 (3) Both the husband and the wife are beneficiaries of the trust or 13 trusts; and
 - (4) The trust instrument, deed, or other instrument of conveyance provides that this section shall apply to the property or its proceeds.
 - (c) (1) After the death of the first of the husband and wife to die, all property held in trust that was immune from the claims of their separate creditors under subsection (b) of this section immediately prior to the individual's death shall continue to have the same immunity from the claims of the decedent's separate creditors as would have existed if the husband and wife had continued to hold the property conveyed in trust, or its proceeds, as tenants by the entirety.
 - (2) To the extent that the surviving spouse remains a beneficiary of the trust, the property that was immune from the claims of the separate creditors of the decedent under paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be subject to the claims of the separate creditors of the surviving spouse.
 - (d) The immunity from the claims of separate creditors under subsections (b) and (c) of this section may be waived as to any specific creditor or any specifically described trust property, including all separate creditors of a husband and wife or all former tenancy by the entirety property conveyed to the trustee or trustees, by:
 - (1) The express provisions of a trust instrument; or
 - (2) The written consent of both the husband and the wife.
 - (e) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, immunity from the claims of separate creditors under subsections (b) and (c) of this section shall be waived if a trustee executes and delivers a financial statement for the trust that fails to disclose the requested identity of property held in trust that is immune from the claims of separate creditors.

- 1 (2)Immunity is not waived under this subsection if the identity of the 2 property that is immune from the claims of separate creditors is otherwise reasonably 3 disclosed by: 4 A publicly recorded deed or other instrument of conveyance 5 by the husband and wife to the trustee; 6 (ii) A written memorandum by the husband and wife, or by a 7 trustee, that is recorded among the land records or other public records in the county 8 or other jurisdiction where the records of the trust are regularly maintained; or 9 The terms of the trust instrument, including any schedule or 10 exhibit attached to the trust instrument, if a copy of the trust instrument is provided with the financial statement. 11 A waiver under this subsection shall be effective only as to: 12 (3) 13 (i) The person to whom the financial statement is delivered by 14 the trustee: 15 (ii) The particular trust property held in trust for which the immunity from the claims of separate creditors is insufficiently disclosed on the 16 17 financial statement: and 18 The transaction for which the disclosure was sought. (iii) 19 In any dispute relating to the immunity of trust property from the claims 20 of a separate creditor of a husband or wife, the trustee has the burden of proving the 21immunity of the trust property from the creditor's claims. 22After a conveyance to a trustee described in subsection (b) of this section, 23the property transferred shall no longer be held by the husband and wife as tenants by 24the entirety. 25 (h) This section may not be construed to affect existing State law with 26 respect to tenancies by the entirety. 27 This section applies only to tenancy by the entirety property conveyed to 28 a trustee or trustees on or after October 1, 2010. 29 [14–114. 30 In this section the following words have the meanings indicated. (a) (1)
- 31 (2) "Consideration" does not include the amount of any obligation 32 under a mortgage or deed of trust encumbering the transferred property.

(3) "Trust" does not include:
(i) A real estate investment trust as defined in § 8–101 of the Corporations and Associations Article; or
(ii) A statutory trust as defined in § 12–101 of the Corporations and Associations Article.
(b) A recordation tax, transfer tax, or any other State or local excise tax may not be imposed on the transfer of real property or an interest in real property without consideration or on the recordation of an instrument that transfers real property or an interest in real property without consideration if:
(1) The transfer is to a trust; or
(2) The transfer is from a trust to one or more beneficiaries and:
(i) The transfer is made to a person who would be exempt from tax under Title 12 or Title 13 of the Tax – Property Article if the transfer had been made to that person directly by the grantor; or
(ii) The transfer is made during the life of the grantor of the trust and the trustee of the trust originally acquired the real property for adequate consideration.]
[14–115.
(a) In this section, "special needs trust" and "supplemental needs trust" include a trust funded by a trust beneficiary or by a third party.
(b) It is the policy of the State to encourage the use of a special needs trust or supplemental needs trust by an individual of any age with disabilities to preserve funds to provide for the needs of the individual not met by public benefits and to enhance quality of life.
(c) (1) Each State agency that provides public benefits to individuals of any age with disabilities through means—tested programs, including the Medical Assistance Program, shall adopt regulations that:
(i) Are not more restrictive than existing federal law, regulations, or policies with regard to the treatment of a special needs trust or supplemental needs trust, including a trust defined in 42 U.S.C. § 1396p(c)(2) and (d)(4);

- 1 (ii) Are not more restrictive than any State law regarding 2 trusts, including any State law regarding the reasonable exercise of discretion by a 3 trustee, guardian, or conservator in the best interests of the beneficiary; and Do not require disclosure of a beneficiary's personal or 4 5 confidential information without the consent of the beneficiary. 6 **(2)** The regulations described in paragraph (1) of this subsection shall 7 allow: 8 (i) An individual account in a pooled asset special needs trust 9 to be funded without financial limit; 10 (ii) A fund in a special needs trust, supplemental needs trust, or pooled asset special needs trust to be used for the sole benefit of the beneficiary 11 12 including, at the discretion of the trustee, distributions for food, shelter, utilities, and 13 transportation; 14 An individual to establish or fund an individual account in a (iii) 15 pooled asset special needs trust without an age limit or a transfer penalty; 16 An individual to fund a special needs trust or supplemental needs trust for the individual's child with disabilities without a transfer penalty and 17 18 regardless of the child's age; and 19 All legally assignable income or resources to be assigned to a 20 special needs trust, supplemental needs trust, or pooled asset special needs trust without limit. 2122 (3)Nothing in this subsection may be interpreted to require a court 23order to authorize a disbursement from a special or supplemental needs trust. 24(d) A determination of the Internal Revenue Service regarding the (1) 25nonprofit status of an organization operating a pooled asset special needs trust shall 26 be sufficient to satisfy the nonprofit requirement of 42 U.S.C. § 1396p(d)(4)(C). 27 A State agency may not impose additional requirements on an 28 organization described in paragraph (1) of this subsection for the purpose of qualifying 29 or disqualifying the organization from offering a pooled asset special needs trust.
- 30 (e) A regulation adopted by a State agency regarding pooled special needs 31 trusts shall apply only to those trust beneficiaries who are State residents or who 32 receive public benefits funded by the State.]
- 33 **[**14–116.

14.5–102.

$\frac{1}{2}$	(a) An individual who creates a trust may not be considered the settlor of that trust with regard to the individual's interest in the trust if:
3 4 5 6	(1) That interest is the authority of the trustee under the trust instrument or any other provision of law to pay or reimburse the individual for any tax on trust income or trust principal that is payable by the individual under the law imposing that tax; or
7	(2) All of the following apply:
8 9	(i) The individual creates or has created the trust for the benefit of the individual's spouse;
10 11	(ii) The trust is treated as qualified terminable interest property under § 2523(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; and
12 13	(iii) The individual's interest in the trust income, trust principal, or both follows the termination of the spouse's prior interest in the trust.
14 15	(b) A creditor of an individual described in subsection (a) of this section may not attach, exercise, reach, or otherwise compel distribution of:
16	(1) Any principal or income of the trust;
17 18 19	(2) Any principal or income of any other trust to the extent that the property held in the other trust is attributable to a trust described in subsection (a)(2) of this section;
20	(3) The individual's interest in the trust; or
21 22 23	(4) The individual's interest in any other trust to the extent that the property held in the other trust is attributable to a trust described in subsection (a)(2) of this section.
24 25	(c) This section may not be construed to affect any State law with respect to a fraudulent transfer by an individual to a trustee.]
26	TITLE 14.5. MARYLAND TRUST ACT.
27	SUBTITLE 1. IN GENERAL.
28	14.5–101.
29	THIS TITLE MAY BE CITED AS THE MARYLAND TRUST ACT.

- THIS TITLE APPLIES TO EXPRESS CHARITABLE OR NONCHARITABLE
- 2 TRUSTS AND TRUSTS CREATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH A STATUTE (INCLUDING
- 3 THE MARYLAND DISCRETIONARY TRUST ACT, UNLESS OTHERWISE PROVIDED
- 4 BY THE STATUTE), JUDGMENT, OR DECREE THAT REQUIRES THE TRUST TO BE
- 5 ADMINISTERED IN THE MANNER OF AN EXPRESS TRUST.
- 6 **14.5–103.**
- 7 (A) IN THIS TITLE THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS
- 8 INDICATED.
- 9 (B) "ACTION", WITH RESPECT TO AN ACT OF A TRUSTEE, INCLUDES A
- 10 FAILURE TO ACT.
- 11 (C) "ASCERTAINABLE STANDARD" MEANS A STANDARD RELATING TO
- 12 AN INDIVIDUAL'S HEALTH, EDUCATION, SUPPORT, OR MAINTENANCE WITHIN
- 13 THE MEANING OF § 2041(B)(1)(A) OR § 2514(C)(1) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE
- 14 CODE OF 1986, AS IN EFFECT ON OCTOBER 1, 2014 JANUARY 1, 2015.
- 15 (D) "BENEFICIARY" MEANS A PERSON THAT:
- 16 (1) THAT HAS A PRESENT OR FUTURE BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN A
- 17 TRUST, VESTED OR CONTINGENT; OR
- 18 (2) IN A CAPACITY OTHER THAN THAT OF A TRUSTEE, HOLDS A
- 19 POWER OF APPOINTMENT OVER TRUST PROPERTY.
- 20 (E) "CHARITABLE TRUST" MEANS A TRUST, OR PORTION OF A TRUST,
- 21 CREATED FOR A CHARITABLE PURPOSE DESCRIBED IN § 14-301(B) OF THIS
- 22 ARTICLE.
- 23 (F) (1) "DISCRETIONARY DISTRIBUTION PROVISION" MEANS A
- 24 PROVISION IN A TRUST THAT PROVIDES THAT THE TRUSTEE HAS DISCRETION,
- 25 OR WORDS OF SIMILAR IMPORT, TO DETERMINE ONE OR MORE OF THE
- 26 FOLLOWING:
- 27 (I) WHETHER TO DISTRIBUTE TO OR FOR THE BENEFIT OF
- 28 AN INDIVIDUAL OR A CLASS OF BENEFICIARIES THE INCOME OR PRINCIPAL OR
- 29 **BOTH OF THE TRUST**;
- 30 (II) THE AMOUNT, IF ANY, OF THE INCOME OR PRINCIPAL
- 31 OR BOTH OF THE TRUST TO DISTRIBUTE TO OR FOR THE BENEFIT OF AN
- 32 INDIVIDUAL OR A CLASS OF BENEFICIARIES;

1	(III) WHICH, IF ANY, AMONG A CLASS OF BENEFICIARIE
2	WILL RECEIVE INCOME OR PRINCIPAL OR BOTH OF THE TRUST;

- 3 (IV) WHETHER THE DISTRIBUTION OF TRUST ASSETS IS 4 FROM INCOME OR PRINCIPAL OR BOTH OF THE TRUST; OR
- 5 (V) WHEN TO PAY INCOME OR PRINCIPAL, EXCEPT THAT A
 6 POWER TO DETERMINE WHEN TO DISTRIBUTE INCOME OR PRINCIPAL WITHIN
 7 OR WITH RESPECT TO A CALENDAR OR TAXABLE YEAR OF THE TRUST IS NOT A
 8 DISCRETIONARY DISTRIBUTION PROVISION IF THE DISTRIBUTION MUST BE
 9 MADE.
- 10 **(2)** "DISCRETIONARY DISTRIBUTION PROVISION" INCLUDES A 11 PROVISION IN A TRUST INSTRUMENT THAT:
- 12 (I) PROVIDES ONE OR MORE STANDARDS OR OTHER 13 GUIDANCE FOR THE EXERCISE OF THE DISCRETION OF THE TRUSTEE; OR
- 14 (II) CONTAINS A SPENDTHRIFT PROVISION.
- 15 (G) (1) "ENVIRONMENTAL LAW" MEANS A FEDERAL, STATE, OR LOCAL LAW, RULE, REGULATION, OR ORDINANCE THAT RELATES TO THE PROTECTION OF THE ENVIRONMENT.
- 18 (2) "ENVIRONMENTAL LAW" INCLUDES TITLE 16 OF THE 19 ENVIRONMENT ARTICLE.
- 20 (H) "GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT", SUBJECT TO § 21 14.5–507(B)(7) OF THIS TITLE, MEANS A POWER OF APPOINTMENT THAT:
- 22 (1) BY THE TERMS OF THE TRUST SPECIFICALLY AUTHORIZES 23 THE HOLDER TO DIRECT TRUST PROPERTY TO THE HOLDER, THE ESTATE OF 24 THE HOLDER, OR THE CREDITORS OF THE HOLDER;
- 25 (2) IS HELD IN A CAPACITY OTHER THAN AS A TRUSTEE;
- 26 (3) IS NOT LIMITED BY AN ASCERTAINABLE STANDARD; AND
- 27 (4) IS EXERCISABLE BY THE HOLDER OR HOLDERS WITHOUT THE 28 CONSENT OF ANOTHER PERSON.
- 29 (I) (1) "GUARDIAN OF THE PERSON" MEANS A PERSON APPOINTED 30 BY THE COURT OR, IN THE CASE OF A MINOR WITH NO LIVING PARENT, BY THE

- 1 PROBATED WILL OF A PARENT OF THE MINOR, TO MAKE DECISIONS REGARDING
- 2 THE SUPPORT, CARE, EDUCATION, HEALTH, AND WELFARE OF A MINOR OR AN
- 3 ADULT INDIVIDUAL.
- 4 (2) "GUARDIAN OF THE PERSON" DOES NOT INCLUDE A 5 GUARDIAN AD LITEM.
- 6 (J) "GUARDIAN OF THE PROPERTY" MEANS A PERSON APPOINTED BY THE COURT TO ADMINISTER THE ESTATE OF A MINOR OR AN ADULT INDIVIDUAL.
- 8 (K) "INTERESTS OF THE BENEFICIARIES" MEANS THE BENEFICIAL 9 INTERESTS PROVIDED IN THE TERMS OF THE TRUST.
- 10 (L) "JURISDICTION", WITH RESPECT TO A GEOGRAPHIC AREA, 11 INCLUDES A STATE OR COUNTRY.
- 12 **(M) (1) "M**ANDATORY DISTRIBUTION PROVISION" MEANS A 13 PROVISION IN A TRUST THAT REQUIRES THE TRUSTEE TO MAKE A
- 14 DISTRIBUTION OF INCOME OR PRINCIPAL TO A BENEFICIARY, INCLUDING A
- 15 DISTRIBUTION ON TERMINATION OF THE TRUST.
- 16 (2) "MANDATORY DISTRIBUTION PROVISION" DOES NOT INCLUDE
- 17 A PROVISION IN A TRUST THAT ALLOWS THE TRUSTEE TO MAKE A DISTRIBUTION
- 18 SUBJECT TO THE EXERCISE OF THE DISCRETION OF THE TRUSTEE EVEN IF:
- 19 (I) THE DISCRETION IS EXPRESSED IN THE FORM OF A 20 STANDARD OF DISTRIBUTION; OR
- 21 (II) THE TERMS OF THE TRUST AUTHORIZING A
- 22 DISTRIBUTION COUPLE LANGUAGE OF DISCRETION WITH LANGUAGE OF
- 23 **DIRECTION.**
- 24 (N) "PERSON" MEANS:
- 25 (1) An individual;
- 26 (2) A CORPORATION;
- 27 (3) A BUSINESS TRUST;
- 28 **(4) AN ESTATE**;
- 29 **(5)** A TRUST;

1	(6)	A PARTNERSHIP;
2	(7)	A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY;
3	(8)	AN ASSOCIATION;
4	(9)	A JOINT VENTURE;
5	(10)	A GOVERNMENT;
6	(11)	A GOVERNMENTAL SUBDIVISION;
7	(12)	AN AGENCY;
8	(13)	AN INSTRUMENTALITY;
9	(14)	A PUBLIC CORPORATION; OR
10	(15)	ANY OTHER LEGAL OR COMMERCIAL ENTITY.
1	(o) "Pov	VER OF APPOINTMENT" MEANS THE AUTHORITY TO DESIGNATE
12	THE RECIPIENT (OR RECIPIENTS OF BENEFICIAL INTERESTS IN PROPERTY.
13	(P) "Pov	VER OF WITHDRAWAL", SUBJECT TO § 14.5-507(B) OF THIS
4	TITLE, MEANS	A PRESENTLY EXERCISABLE POWER TO WITHDRAW TRUST
15	PROPERTY FROM	I A TRUST FOR THE USE OR BENEFIT OF THE POWER HOLDER,
16	OTHER THAN A P	OWER:
L 7	(1)	EXERCISABLE BY A TRUSTEE AND LIMITED BY AN
18	ASCERTAINABLE	STANDARD;
19	(2)	EXERCISABLE BY ANOTHER PERSON ONLY ON CONSENT OF
20	THE TRUSTEE OR	A PERSON HOLDING AN ADVERSE INTEREST; OR
21	(3)	EXERCISABLE ONLY WITH RESPECT TO TRUST PROPERTY
22	` '	THAT IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO THE GREATEST OF:
		•
23		(I) THE AMOUNT SPECIFIED IN § 2041(B)(2) OR § 2514(E)
24	OF THE INTERNA	L REVENUE CODE OF 1986, AS AMENDED;
25		(II) THE AMOUNT SPECIFIED IN § 2503(B) OF THE
26	INTERNAL REVE	ENUE CODE OF 1986, AS AMENDED, IF THE DONOR OF THE
7		ECT TO THE DOWED OF WITHDOWN I IS INMADDIED AT THE

TIME OF THE TRANSFER OF THE PROPERTY TO THE TRUST; OR

- 1 (III) TWICE THE AMOUNT SPECIFIED IN § 2503(B) OF THE
- 2 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, if the donor of the
- 3 PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THE POWER OF WITHDRAWAL IS MARRIED AT THE TIME
- 4 OF THE TRANSFER OF THE PROPERTY TO THE TRUST.
- 5 (Q) "PROPERTY" MEANS ANYTHING THAT MAY BE THE SUBJECT OF
- 6 OWNERSHIP, WHETHER REAL OR PERSONAL, LEGAL OR EQUITABLE, OR AN
- 7 INTEREST IN THE THING.
- 8 (R) (1) "QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY" MEANS A BENEFICIARY THAT ON
- 9 THE DATE THE QUALIFICATION OF THE BENEFICIARY IS DETERMINED:
- 10 (I) IS A DISTRIBUTEE OR PERMISSIBLE DISTRIBUTEE OF
- 11 TRUST INCOME OR PRINCIPAL;
- 12 (II) WOULD BE A DISTRIBUTEE OR PERMISSIBLE
- 13 DISTRIBUTEE OF TRUST INCOME OR PRINCIPAL IF THE INTERESTS OF THE
- 14 DISTRIBUTEES DESCRIBED IN ITEM (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH TERMINATED ON
- 15 THAT DATE WITHOUT CAUSING THE TRUST TO TERMINATE; OR
- 16 (III) WOULD BE A DISTRIBUTEE OR PERMISSIBLE
- 17 DISTRIBUTEE OF TRUST INCOME OR PRINCIPAL IF THE TRUST TERMINATED ON
- 18 THAT DATE AND NO POWER OF APPOINTMENT WAS EXERCISED.
- 19 (2) "QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY" DOES NOT INCLUDE AN
- 20 APPOINTEE UNDER THE WILL OF A LIVING PERSON OR THE OBJECT OF AN
- 21 UNEXERCISED INTER VIVOS POWER OF APPOINTMENT.
- 22 (S) "REVOCABLE", AS APPLIED TO A TRUST, MEANS REVOCABLE BY THE
- 23 SETTLOR WITHOUT THE CONSENT OF THE TRUSTEE OR A PERSON HOLDING AN
- 24 ADVERSE INTEREST.
- 25 (T) (1) "SETTLOR" MEANS A PERSON, INCLUDING A TESTATOR, THAT
- 26 CREATES OR CONTRIBUTES PROPERTY TO A TRUST.
- 27 (2) "SETTLOR" INCLUDES A PERSON THAT, WITH OTHER
- 28 SETTLORS, CREATES OR CONTRIBUTES PROPERTY TO A TRUST IN WHICH CASE
- 29 EACH SUCH PERSON IS A SETTLOR OF THE PORTION OF THE TRUST PROPERTY
- 30 ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE CONTRIBUTION OF THAT PERSON EXCEPT TO THE
- 31 EXTENT ANOTHER PERSON HAS THE POWER TO REVOKE OR WITHDRAW THAT
- 32 **PORTION.**

(U) "SPENDTHRIFT PROVISION" MEANS A TERM OF A TRUST THAT:

- 1 (1) RESTRAINS BOTH VOLUNTARY AND INVOLUNTARY TRANSFER
 2 OF THE INTEREST OF A BENEFICIARY; OR
- 3 (2) RESTRAINS INVOLUNTARY TRANSFER OF THE INTEREST OF A
 4 BENEFICIARY AND PERMITS VOLUNTARY TRANSFER OF THE INTEREST OF A
 5 BENEFICIARY ONLY WITH THE CONSENT OF A PERSON THAT IS NOT A
 6 BENEFICIARY.
- 7 (V) (1) "STATE" MEANS A STATE OF THE UNITED STATES, THE 8 DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, PUERTO RICO, THE UNITED STATES VIRGIN ISLANDS, 9 OR ANY TERRITORY OR INSULAR POSSESSION SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION 10 OF THE UNITED STATES.
- 11 (2) "STATE" INCLUDES A NATIVE AMERICAN TRIBE OR BAND 12 RECOGNIZED BY FEDERAL LAW OR FORMALLY ACKNOWLEDGED BY A STATE.
- 13 (W) (1) "SUPPORT PROVISION" MEANS A MANDATORY DISTRIBUTION 14 PROVISION IN A TRUST THAT PROVIDES THAT THE TRUSTEE SHALL DISTRIBUTE 15 INCOME OR PRINCIPAL OR BOTH FOR THE HEALTH, EDUCATION, SUPPORT, OR 16 MAINTENANCE OF A BENEFICIARY, OR LANGUAGE OF SIMILAR IMPORT.
- 17 (2) "SUPPORT PROVISION" DOES NOT INCLUDE A PROVISION IN A
 18 TRUST THAT PROVIDES THAT A TRUSTEE HAS DISCRETION WHETHER TO
 19 DISTRIBUTE INCOME OR PRINCIPAL OR BOTH FOR THE PURPOSES UNDER
 20 PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION OR TO SELECT FROM AMONG A CLASS OF
 21 BENEFICIARIES TO RECEIVE DISTRIBUTIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TRUST
 22 PROVISION.
- 23 (X) "TERMS OF A TRUST" MEANS THE MANIFESTATION OF THE INTENT
 24 OF THE SETTLOR REGARDING THE PROVISIONS OF A TRUST AS EXPRESSED IN
 25 THE TRUST INSTRUMENT OR AS MAY BE ESTABLISHED BY OTHER EVIDENCE
 26 THAT WOULD BE ADMISSIBLE IN A JUDICIAL PROCEEDING.
- 27 (Y) "TRUST INSTRUMENT" MEANS AN INSTRUMENT EXECUTED BY THE 28 SETTLOR THAT CONTAINS TERMS OF THE TRUST, INCLUDING AMENDMENTS TO 29 THE TRUST.
- 30 (Z) "TRUSTEE" INCLUDES AN ORIGINAL, AN ADDITIONAL, AND A 31 SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE AND A COTRUSTEE.
- 32 **14.5–104.**

1	(1) HAS ACTUAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE FACT;
2	(2) HAS RECEIVED A NOTICE OR NOTIFICATION OF THE FACT; OR
3 4	(3) FROM ALL THE FACTS AND CIRCUMSTANCES KNOWN TO THE PERSON AT THE TIME, KNOWS OR SHOULD KNOW THE FACT.
5	14.5–105.
6 7	THE TERMS OF A TRUST PREVAIL OVER A PROVISION OF THIS TITLE. EXCEPT:
8	(1) THE REQUIREMENTS FOR CREATING A TRUST;
9 10 11	(2) THE DUTY OF A TRUSTEE TO ACT REASONABLY UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS AND PURPOSES OF THE TRUST AND THE INTERESTS OF THE BENEFICIARIES;
12 13 14 15	(3) THE REQUIREMENT THAT A TRUST AND THE TERMS OF THE TRUST BE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE BENEFICIARIES OF THE TRUST AND THAT THE TRUST HAVE A PURPOSE THAT IS LAWFUL, NOT CONTRARY TO PUBLIC POLICY, AND POSSIBLE TO ACHIEVE;
16 17	(4) THE POWER OF THE COURT TO MODIFY OR TERMINATE A TRUST UNDER §§ 14.5–410, 14.5–411, 14.5–413, AND 14.5–414 OF THIS TITLE;
18 19	(5) THE RIGHTS OF CERTAIN CREDITORS AND ASSIGNEES TO REACH A TRUST AS PROVIDED IN SUBTITLE 5 OF THIS TITLE;
20 21	(6) THE POWER OF THE COURT UNDER § 14.5–702 OF THIS TITLE TO REQUIRE, DISPENSE WITH, MODIFY OR TERMINATE A BOND;
22 23	(7) THE SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION AND VENUE FOR COMMENCING A PROCEEDING AS PROVIDED BY THE LAWS OF THIS STATE;
$\frac{24}{25}$	(8) THE POWER OF THE COURT UNDER § 14.5–708(A) OF THIS TITLE TO INCREASE OR DECREASE THE COMMISSIONS OF A TRUSTEE;
26 27	(9) THE DUTIES TO PROVIDE INFORMATION, COPIES, AND NOTICES SPECIFIED UNDER § 14.5–813(A) AND (C) OF THIS TITLE;

(10) THE DUTY UNDER § 14.5–813(A) AND (B) OF THIS TITLE TO:

OR

	50 HOUSE BILL 83
1	(I) NOTIFY QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES OF AN IRREVOCABLE
2	TRUST WHO HAVE ATTAINED 25 YEARS OF AGE OF THE EXISTENCE OF THE
3	TRUST, THE IDENTITY OF THE TRUSTEE, AND THEIR RIGHT TO REQUEST
4	TRUSTEE'S REPORTS AND A COPY OF THE TRUST; AND
5	(II) RESPOND TO THE REQUEST OF A QUALIFIED
6	BENEFICIARY OF AN IRREVOCABLE TRUST FOR REPORTS BY THE TRUSTEE AND
7	OTHER INFORMATION REASONABLY RELATED TO THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE
8	TRUST;
0	(10) (11) The energy of an excludation mean under S
9	(10) (11) THE EFFECT OF AN EXCULPATORY TERM UNDER §
10	14.5-906 OF THIS TITLE;
11	(11) (12) THE RIGHTS UNDER §§ 14.5–908 THROUGH 14.5–910 OF
12	THIS TITLE OF A PERSON OTHER THAN A TRUSTEE OR BENEFICIARY; AND
14	THIS TITLE OF A LEASON OTHER THAN A TROSTEE OR BENEFICIARY, AND
13	(12) PERIODS OF LIMITATION FOR COMMENCING A JUDICIAL
14	PROCEEDING; AND
15	$\frac{(13)}{(12)}\frac{(13)}{(13)}$ The power of the court to take an action
16	AND EXERCISE JURISDICTION AS MAY BE NECESSARY IN THE INTERESTS OF
17	JUSTICE.
18	14.5–106.
10	
19	THE COMMON LAW OF TRUSTS AND PRINCIPLES OF EQUITY SUPPLEMENT
20	THIS TITLE, EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT MODIFIED BY THIS TITLE OR ANOTHER
21	STATUTE OF THIS STATE.
22	14.5-107. RESERVED.
22	14.0-107. RESERVED.
23	14.5–108. Reserved.
24	(A) WITHOUT PRECLUDING OTHER MEANS FOR ESTABLISHING A
25	SUFFICIENT CONNECTION WITH THE DESIGNATED JURISDICTION, TERMS OF A
26	TRUST DESIGNATING THE PRINCIPAL PLACE OF ADMINISTRATION ARE VALID
27	AND CONTROLLING IF:
0.0	
28	(1) THE PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS OF A TRUSTEE IS
29	LOCATED IN OR A TRUSTEE IS A RESIDENT OF THE DESIGNATED JURISDICTION,
30	OR

(2) ALL OR PART OF THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE TRUST 31 32 OCCURS IN THE DESIGNATED JURISDICTION.

1	<u>(B)</u>	A TRUSTE	E IS	UNDER A	CONTINU	UING	DUTY	TO	ADMIN	ISTER	THE
2	TRUST AT A	PLACE API	PROPI	RIATE TO	ITS PURP	OSES,	ITS A	DMI	NISTRA	TION,	<u>AND</u>
3	THE INTERE	STS OF THE	E BEN	EFICIARY	, •						

- 4 (C) WITHOUT PRECLUDING THE RIGHT OF THE COURT TO ORDER,
 5 APPROVE, OR DISAPPROVE A TRANSFER, THE TRUSTEE, IN FURTHERANCE OF
 6 THE DUTY UNDER SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, MAY TRANSFER THE
 7 PRINCIPAL PLACE OF ADMINISTRATION OF THE TRUST TO ANOTHER STATE OR A
 8 JURISDICTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.
- 9 (D) (1) THE TRUSTEE SHALL NOTIFY THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES
 10 OF A PROPOSED TRANSFER OF A TRUST'S PRINCIPAL PLACE OF ADMINISTRATION
 11 NOT LESS THAN 60 DAYS BEFORE INITIATING THE TRANSFER.
- 12 (2) THE NOTICE OF PROPOSED TRANSFER UNDER PARAGRAPH (1)
 13 OF THIS SUBSECTION MUST INCLUDE:
- 14 <u>(I) THE NAME OF THE JURISDICTION TO WHICH THE</u> 15 PRINCIPAL PLACE OF ADMINISTRATION IS TO BE TRANSFERRED;
- 16 <u>(II) The Address and telephone number at the New</u> 17 LOCATION AT WHICH THE TRUSTEE CAN BE CONTACTED;
- 18 <u>(III) AN EXPLANATION OF THE REASONS FOR THE PROPOSED</u> 19 TRANSFER;
- 20 <u>(IV) The date on which the proposed transfer is</u> 21 <u>Anticipated to occur; and</u>
- 22 <u>(V) THE DATE, NOT LESS THAN 60 DAYS AFTER THE GIVING</u> 23 <u>OF THE NOTICE, BY WHICH THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY MUST NOTIFY THE</u> 24 <u>TRUSTEE OF AN OBJECTION TO THE PROPOSED TRANSFER.</u>
- 25 (E) THE AUTHORITY OF A TRUSTEE UNDER THIS SECTION TO TRANSFER
 26 A TRUST'S PRINCIPAL PLACE OF ADMINISTRATION TERMINATES IF A QUALIFIED
 27 BENEFICIARY NOTIFIES THE TRUSTEE OF AN OBJECTION TO THE PROPOSED
 28 TRANSFER ON OR BEFORE THE DATE SPECIFIED IN THE NOTICE.
- 29 **14.5–109**.
- 30 (A) (1) NOTICE TO A PERSON UNDER THIS TITLE OR THE SENDING OF 31 A DOCUMENT TO A PERSON UNDER THIS TITLE SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED IN A

- 1 MANNER REASONABLY SUITABLE UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES AND LIKELY TO
- 2 RESULT IN RECEIPT OF THE NOTICE OR DOCUMENT.
- 3 (2) PERMISSIBLE METHODS OF NOTICE TO A PERSON OR FOR
- 4 SENDING A DOCUMENT TO A PERSON UNDER THIS TITLE INCLUDE FIRST-CLASS
- 5 MAIL, PERSONAL DELIVERY, OR DELIVERY TO THE LAST KNOWN PLACE OF
- 6 RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS OF THE PERSON.
- 7 (3) (I) THIS PARAGRAPH APPLIES TO:
- 8 1. The proposed termination of a trust;
- 9 2. The proposed modification of the
- 10 ADMINISTRATIVE OR DISPOSITIVE TERMS OF A TRUST;
- THE PROPOSED COMBINATION OF TWO OR MORE
- 12 TRUSTS INTO A SINGLE TRUST;
- 4. The proposed division of a trust into two
- 14 OR MORE SEPARATE TRUSTS;
- 5. The proposed resignation of a trustee or
- 16 COTRUSTEE; OR
- 17 6. The proposed transfer of the principal
- 18 PLACE OF ADMINISTRATION OF A TRUST.
- 19 (II) NOTWITHSTANDING PARAGRAPHS (1) AND (2) OF THIS
- 20 SUBSECTION, A TRUSTEE SHALL PROVIDE NOTICE TO A PERSON UNDER THIS
- 21 **TITLE:**
- 22 1. By Personal Service; or
- 23 BY CERTIFIED MAIL, POSTAGE PREPAID, RETURN
- 24 RECEIPT REQUESTED.
- 25 (B) NOTICE OTHERWISE REQUIRED UNDER THIS TITLE OR A DOCUMENT
- 26 OTHERWISE REQUIRED TO BE SENT UNDER THIS TITLE NEED NOT BE PROVIDED
- 27 TO A PERSON WHOSE IDENTITY OR LOCATION IS UNKNOWN TO AND NOT
- 28 REASONABLY ASCERTAINABLE BY THE TRUSTEE.
- 29 (C) NOTICE UNDER THIS TITLE OR THE SENDING OF A DOCUMENT
- 30 UNDER THIS TITLE MAY BE WAIVED IN WRITING BY THE PERSON TO BE
- 31 NOTIFIED OR SENT THE DOCUMENT.

- 1 (D) NOTICE OF A JUDICIAL PROCEEDING UNDER THIS TITLE SHALL BE
 2 GIVEN AS PROVIDED IN THE APPLICABLE RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE.
- 3 **14.5–110.**
- 4 (A) WHENEVER NOTICE TO QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES OF A TRUST IS
 5 REQUIRED UNDER THIS TITLE, THE TRUSTEE SHALL ALSO GIVE NOTICE TO ANY
 6 OTHER BENEFICIARY THAT HAS SENT THE TRUSTEE A REQUEST FOR NOTICE.
- 7 (B) A CHARITABLE ORGANIZATION EXPRESSLY DESIGNATED TO 8 RECEIVE DISTRIBUTIONS UNDER THE TERMS OF A CHARITABLE TRUST HAS THE 9 RIGHTS OF A QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY UNDER THIS TITLE IF THE CHARITABLE 10 ORGANIZATION ON THE DATE THE QUALIFICATION OF THE CHARITABLE 11 ORGANIZATION IS BEING DETERMINED:
- 12 (1) Is a distributee or permissible distributee of trust 13 Income or principal;
- 14 (2) WOULD BE A DISTRIBUTEE OR PERMISSIBLE DISTRIBUTEE OF
 15 TRUST INCOME OR PRINCIPAL ON THE TERMINATION OF THE INTERESTS OF
 16 OTHER DISTRIBUTEES OR PERMISSIBLE DISTRIBUTEES THEN RECEIVING OR
 17 ELIGIBLE TO RECEIVE DISTRIBUTIONS; OR
- 18 (3) WOULD BE A DISTRIBUTEE OR PERMISSIBLE DISTRIBUTEE OF TRUST INCOME OR PRINCIPAL IF THE TRUST TERMINATED ON THAT DATE.
- 20 (C) A PERSON APPOINTED TO ENFORCE A TRUST CREATED FOR THE
 21 CARE OF AN ANIMAL AS PROVIDED IN § 14.5–407 OF THIS TITLE OR ANOTHER
 22 NONCHARITABLE PURPOSE AS PROVIDED IN § 14.5–408 OF THIS TITLE HAS THE
 23 RIGHTS OF A QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY UNDER THIS TITLE.
- 24 (D) THE STATE'S ATTORNEY GENERAL HAS THE RIGHTS OF A 25 QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY WITH RESPECT TO A CHARITABLE TRUST HAVING THE 26 PRINCIPAL PLACE OF ADMINISTRATION OF THE CHARITABLE TRUST IN THIS 27 STATE.
- 28 **14.5–111. RESERVED.**
- 29 **14.5–112.**
- 30 (A) IN THE ABSENCE OF EXPRESS LANGUAGE TO THE CONTRARY, THE 31 RULES CONTAINED IN §§ 1–202, 1–203, 1–204, 1–205, 1–206, 1–207, 1–208,

- 1 1-209, AND 1-210.1 OF THIS ARTICLE SHALL BE APPLIED IN CONSTRUING THE
- 2 TERMS OF AN INTER VIVOS TRUST.
- 3 (B) WHENEVER A PROVISION IN §§ 1–202, 1–203, 1–204, 1–205, 1–206,
- 4 1-207, 1-208, 1-209, AND 1-210.1 OF THIS ARTICLE REFERS TO A "WILL",
- 5 "ESTATE", OR A SIMILAR TERM RELEVANT PRIMARILY TO WILLS AND ESTATES
- 6 OR A TAKER UNDER A WILL OR AN ESTATE, THE TERM SHALL BE MODIFIED TO
- 7 MEAN "TRUST INSTRUMENT", "TRUST", OR A SIMILAR TERM TO REFLECT THE
- 8 APPLICATION OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THOSE PROVISIONS TO AN INTER VIVOS
- 9 TRUST.
- 10 SUBTITLE 2. JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS.
- 11 **14.5–201**.
- 12 (A) THE ON THE INVOCATION OF THE COURT'S JURISDICTION BY AN
- 13 INTERESTED PERSON, ON THE COURT'S OWN MOTION, OR AS OTHERWISE
- 14 <u>PROVIDED BY LAW, THE</u> COURT MAY INTERVENE <u>ACTIVELY</u> IN THE
- ADMINISTRATION OF A TRUST, FASHIONING AND IMPLEMENTING REMEDIES AS
- 16 THE PUBLIC INTEREST AND THE INTERESTS OF THE BENEFICIARIES MAY
- 17 REQUIRE. TO THE EXTENT THE JURISDICTION OF THE COURT IS INVOKED BY AN
- 18 INTERESTED PERSON OR AS PROVIDED BY LAW.
- 19 (B) A TRUST IS NOT SUBJECT TO CONTINUING JUDICIAL SUPERVISION
- 20 UNLESS ORDERED BY THE COURT.
- 21 (C) A JUDICIAL PROCEEDING INVOLVING A TRUST MAY RELATE TO A
- 22 MATTER INVOLVING THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE TRUST, INCLUDING A
- 23 REQUEST FOR INSTRUCTIONS AND AN ACTION TO DECLARE RIGHTS.
- 24 (D) (1) A COURT HAVING EQUITY JURISDICTION HAS GENERAL
- 25 SUPERINTENDING POWER WITH RESPECT TO TRUSTS.
- 26 (2) THE PROVISIONS OF TITLES 1 THROUGH 13 OF THIS ARTICLE
- 27 DO NOT AFFECT OR SUPERSEDE THE POWER DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (1) OF
- 28 THIS SUBSECTION.
- 29 **14.5–202.**
- 30 (A) BY ACCEPTING THE TRUSTEESHIP OF A TRUST HAVING THE
- 31 PRINCIPAL PLACE OF ADMINISTRATION FOR THE TRUST IN THE STATE OR BY
- 32 MOVING THE PRINCIPAL PLACE OF ADMINISTRATION TO THE STATE, THE
- 33 TRUSTEE SUBMITS PERSONALLY TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE COURTS OF THE
- 34 STATE REGARDING A MATTER INVOLVING THE TRUST.

- 1 (B) (1) WITH RESPECT TO THE INTERESTS OF A BENEFICIARY OF A
 2 TRUST HAVING THE PRINCIPAL PLACE OF ADMINISTRATION OF THE TRUST IN
 3 THE STATE, THE BENEFICIARY IS SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE
 4 COURTS OF THE STATE REGARDING A MATTER INVOLVING THE TRUST.
- 5 (2) BY ACCEPTING A DISTRIBUTION FROM A TRUST DESCRIBED IN
 6 PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE RECIPIENT SUBMITS PERSONALLY
 7 TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE COURTS OF THE STATE REGARDING A MATTER
 8 INVOLVING THE TRUST.
- 9 (C) THIS SECTION DOES NOT PRECLUDE OTHER METHODS OF 10 OBTAINING JURISDICTION OVER A TRUSTEE, A BENEFICIARY, OR ANY OTHER 11 PERSON RECEIVING PROPERTY FROM THE TRUST.
- 12 **14.5–203.**
- (A) (1) A DISCRETIONARY POWER CONFERRED ON THE TRUSTEE TO
 DETERMINE THE BENEFITS OF A BENEFICIARY IS SUBJECT TO JUDICIAL
 CONTROL ONLY TO PREVENT MISINTERPRETATION OR ABUSE OF THE
 DISCRETION OF THE TRUSTEE.
- 17 (2) THE BENEFITS TO WHICH A BENEFICIARY OF A
 18 DISCRETIONARY DISTRIBUTION PROVISION IS ENTITLED, AND WHAT MAY
 19 CONSTITUTE AN ABUSE OF DISCRETION BY THE TRUSTEE, DEPEND ON THE
 20 TERMS OF THE DISCRETION, INCLUDING THE PROPER CONSTRUCTION OF
 21 ACCOMPANYING STANDARDS, AND ON THE SETTLOR'S PURPOSES IN GRANTING
 22 THE DISCRETIONARY POWER AND IN CREATING THE TRUST.
- 23 (3) NOTWITHSTANDING THE BREADTH OF DISCRETION GRANTED
 24 TO A TRUSTEE BY THE TERMS OF A TRUST, INCLUDING THE USE OF THE TERMS
 25 "ABSOLUTE", "SOLE", OR "UNCONTROLLED", A TRUSTEE ABUSES THE
 26 DISCRETION OF THE TRUSTEE IN EXERCISING OR FAILING TO EXERCISE A
 27 DISCRETIONARY POWER IF THE TRUSTEE:
- 28 (I) ACTS DISHONESTLY;
- 29 (II) ACTS WITH AN IMPROPER MOTIVE, EVEN THOUGH NOT 30 A DISHONEST MOTIVE;
- 31 (III) FAILS TO EXERCISE THE JUDGMENT OF THE TRUSTEE 32 IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS AND PURPOSES OF THE TRUST; OR

- 1 (IV) ACTS BEYOND THE BOUNDS OF REASONABLE
- 2 JUDGMENT.
- 3 (B) A COURT MAY REVIEW AN ACTION BY A TRUSTEE UNDER A SUPPORT 4 PROVISION OR A MANDATORY DISTRIBUTION PROVISION IN THE TRUST.
- 5 SUBTITLE 3. REPRESENTATION.
- 6 **14.5–301.**

- (A) EXCEPT AS REQUIRED BY THE APPLICABLE RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE IN A JUDICIAL PROCEEDING, NOTICE TO A PERSON THAT IS AUTHORIZED TO REPRESENT AND BIND ANOTHER PERSON UNDER THIS SUBTITLE HAS THE SAME EFFECT AS IF NOTICE WERE GIVEN DIRECTLY TO THE OTHER PERSON UNLESS THE PERSON REPRESENTED OBJECTS TO THE REPRESENTATION BY NOTIFYING THE TRUSTEE AND THE REPRESENTATIVE
- 14 (B) THE CONSENT OF A PERSON THAT IS AUTHORIZED TO REPRESENT
 15 AND BIND ANOTHER PERSON UNDER THIS SUBTITLE IS BINDING ON THE PERSON
 16 REPRESENTED UNLESS THE PERSON REPRESENTED OBJECTS TO THE
 17 REPRESENTATION BY NOTIFYING THE TRUSTEE AND THE REPRESENTATIVE
 18 BEFORE THE CONSENT WOULD OTHERWISE HAVE BECOME EFFECTIVE.

BEFORE THE NOTICE WOULD OTHERWISE HAVE BECOME EFFECTIVE.

- 19 (C) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN § 14.5–602 OF THIS TITLE, A
 20 PERSON THAT UNDER THIS SUBTITLE IS AUTHORIZED TO REPRESENT A
 21 SETTLOR THAT LACKS CAPACITY MAY RECEIVE NOTICE AND GIVE A BINDING
 22 CONSENT ON BEHALF OF THE SETTLOR.
- (D) A REPRESENTATIVE MAY ACT ON BEHALF OF THE INDIVIDUAL REPRESENTED WITH RESPECT TO A MATTER ARISING UNDER THIS TITLE, WHETHER OR NOT A JUDICIAL PROCEEDING CONCERNING THE TRUST IS PENDING.
- (E) IN MAKING DECISIONS AS A REPRESENTATIVE OF AN INDIVIDUAL, THE REPRESENTATIVE MAY CONSIDER THE GENERAL BENEFIT ACCRUING TO THE LIVING MEMBERS OF THE FAMILY OF THE INDIVIDUAL.
- 30 **14.5–302**.
- 31 (A) THE HOLDER OF A QUALIFIED POWER OF APPOINTMENT MAY 32 REPRESENT AND BIND PERSONS WHOSE INTERESTS AS PERMISSIBLE 33 APPOINTEES OR TAKERS IN DEFAULT ARE SUBJECT TO THE POWER.

- 1 (B) A QUALIFIED POWER OF APPOINTMENT IS:
- 2 (1) A GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT; OR
- 3 (2) A POWER OF APPOINTMENT EXERCISABLE IN FAVOR OF ALL
- 4 PERSONS OTHER THAN THE POWER HOLDER, THE ESTATE OF THE POWER
- 5 HOLDER, THE CREDITORS OF THE POWER HOLDER, AND THE CREDITORS OF THE
- 6 ESTATE OF THE POWER HOLDER.
- 7 **14.5–303.**
- 8 TO THE EXTENT THERE IS NO CONFLICT OF INTEREST BETWEEN THE
- 9 REPRESENTATIVE AND THE PERSON REPRESENTED OR AMONG THOSE BEING
- 10 REPRESENTED WITH RESPECT TO A PARTICULAR QUESTION OR DISPUTE:
- 11 (1) A GUARDIAN OF THE PROPERTY MAY REPRESENT AND BIND
- 12 THE MINOR OR DISABLED PERSON;
- 13 (2) A GUARDIAN OF THE PERSON MAY REPRESENT AND BIND THE
- 14 MINOR OR DISABLED PERSON IF A GUARDIAN OF THE PROPERTY HAS NOT BEEN
- 15 APPOINTED;
- 16 (3) AN AGENT HAVING SPECIFIC AUTHORITY TO ACT WITH
- 17 RESPECT TO TRUST MATTERS MAY REPRESENT AND BIND THE PRINCIPAL;
- 18 (4) A TRUSTEE OF A TRUST THAT IS A BENEFICIARY OF ANOTHER
- 19 TRUST MAY REPRESENT AND BIND THE BENEFICIARIES OF THE TRUST THAT IS
- 20 THE BENEFICIARY OF THE OTHER TRUST;
- 21 (5) A PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ESTATE OF A
- 22 DECEDENT THAT IS A BENEFICIARY OF A TRUST MAY REPRESENT AND BIND
- 23 INTERESTED PERSONS IN THE ESTATE; AND
- 24 (6) A PARENT MAY REPRESENT AND BIND THE MINOR,
- 25 INCAPACITATED, UNBORN, OR UNKNOWN CHILD OF THE PARENT OR CHILD OF
- 26 THE PARENT WHOSE LOCATION IS UNKNOWN AND NOT REASONABLY
- 27 ASCERTAINABLE IF A GUARDIAN OF THE PROPERTY OR GUARDIAN OF THE
- 28 PERSON FOR THE CHILD HAS NOT BEEN APPOINTED.
- 29 **14.5–304.** RESERVED.
- 30 **14.5–305.**

1	(A) IF THE COURT DETERMINES THAT AN INTEREST IS NOT
2	REPRESENTED UNDER THIS SUBTITLE OR THAT THE OTHERWISE AVAILABLE
3	REPRESENTATION MIGHT BE INADEQUATE, THE COURT MAY APPOINT A
4	REPRESENTATIVE TO RECEIVE NOTICE, GIVE CONSENT, AND OTHERWISE
5	REPRESENT, BIND, AND ACT ON BEHALF OF A MINOR, AN INCAPACITATED
6	INDIVIDUAL, AN UNBORN INDIVIDUAL, OR A PERSON WHOSE IDENTITY OR
7	LOCATION IS UNKNOWN OR IS NOT REASONABLY ASCERTAINABLE AS LONG AS
8	THERE IS NO CONFLICT OF INTEREST BETWEEN THE REPRESENTATIVE AND THE
9	PERSON REPRESENTED OR AMONG THOSE BEING REPRESENTED WITH RESPECT
10	TO A PARTICULAR QUESTION OR DISPUTE.
11 12	(B) A REPRESENTATIVE MAY BE APPOINTED TO REPRESENT SEVERAL PERSONS OR INTERESTS UNDER THIS TITLE.
13	SUBTITLE 4. CREATION, VALIDITY, MODIFICATION, AND TERMINATION OF
14	TRUST.
15	14.5–401.
16	A TRUST MAY BE CREATED BY:
17	(1) TRANSFER OF PROPERTY TO ANOTHER PERSON AS TRUSTEE
18	DURING THE LIFETIME OF THE SETTLOR OR BY WILL OR OTHER DISPOSITION
19	TAKING EFFECT ON THE DEATH OF THE SETTLOR;
20	(2) DECLARATION BY THE OWNER OF PROPERTY THAT THE
21	OWNER HOLDS IDENTIFIABLE PROPERTY AS TRUSTEE; OR
22	(3) EXERCISE OF A POWER OF APPOINTMENT IN FAVOR OF A
23	(3) EXERCISE OF A POWER OF APPOINTMENT IN FAVOR OF A TRUSTEE.
20	INUSTEE.
24	14.5-402.
25	(A) A TRUST IS CREATED ONLY IF:
10	(ii) IT INCOT IS CHETTED ONEI IT.
26	(1) THE SETTLOR HAS CAPACITY TO CREATE A TRUST;
27	(2) THE SETTLOR INDICATES AN INTENTION TO CREATE THE
28	TRUST;
_0	1100019
29	(3) THE TRUST HAS A DEFINITE BENEFICIARY OR IS:

(I) A CHARITABLE TRUST;

1 2	(II) A TRUST FOR THE CARE OF AN ANIMAL, AS PROVIDED IN § 14.5407 OF THIS SUBTITLE; OR
3 4	(III) A TRUST FOR A NONCHARITABLE PURPOSE, AS PROVIDED IN § 14.5–408 OF THIS SUBTITLE; AND
5	(4) THE TRUSTEE HAS DUTIES TO PERFORM.
6 7 8	(B) A BENEFICIARY IS DEFINITE IF THE BENEFICIARY CAN BE ASCERTAINED NOW OR IN THE FUTURE, SUBJECT TO ANY APPLICABLE RULE AGAINST PERPETUITIES.
9 10 11	(C) (1) A POWER IN A TRUSTEE OR IN ANOTHER PERSON UNDER THE TERMS OF THE TRUST TO SELECT A BENEFICIARY FROM AN INDEFINITE CLASS IS VALID.
12 13 14 15	(2) IF THE POWER DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION IS NOT EXERCISED WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME, THE POWER FAILS AND THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THE POWER PASSES TO THE PERSONS THAT WOULD HAVE TAKEN THE PROPERTY HAD THE POWER NOT BEEN CONFERRED.
17	14.5–403.
18 19	A TRUST NOT CREATED BY WILL IS VALIDLY CREATED IF THE CREATION OF THE TRUST COMPLIES WITH:
20 21	(1) THE LAW OF THE JURISDICTION IN WHICH THE TRUST INSTRUMENT WAS EXECUTED; OR
22 23	(2) THE LAW OF THE JURISDICTION IN WHICH, AT THE TIME OF CREATION:
24	(I) THE SETTLOR WAS DOMICILED OR WAS A NATIONAL;
25 26	(II) A TRUSTEE OF THE TRUST WAS DOMICILED OR HAD A PLACE OF BUSINESS; OR

(III) ANY TRUST PROPERTY WAS LOCATED.

28 **14.5–404.**

- 1 (A) A TRUST MAY BE CREATED ONLY TO THE EXTENT THAT THE 2 PURPOSES OF THE TRUST ARE LAWFUL, NOT CONTRARY TO PUBLIC POLICY, AND
- 3 POSSIBLE TO ACHIEVE.
- 4 (B) A TRUST AND THE TERMS OF THE TRUST SHALL BE FOR THE 5 BENEFIT OF THE BENEFICIARIES OF THE TRUST.
- 6 **14.5–405**.
- 7 A TRUST IS VOID TO THE EXTENT THAT THE CREATION OF THE TRUST WAS
- 8 INDUCED BY FRAUD, DURESS, OR UNDUE INFLUENCE.
- 9 14.5-406.
- 10 EXCEPT AS REQUIRED BY A PROVISION OTHER THAN THIS TITLE, A TRUST
- 11 NEED NOT BE EVIDENCED BY A TRUST INSTRUMENT, BUT THE CREATION OF AN
- 12 ORAL TRUST AND THE TERMS OF THE ORAL TRUST MAY BE ESTABLISHED ONLY
- 13 BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE.
- 14 **14.5–407.**
- 15 (A) A TRUST MAY BE CREATED TO PROVIDE FOR THE CARE OF AN
- 16 ANIMAL ALIVE DURING THE LIFETIME OF THE SETTLOR.
- 17 (B) A TRUST AUTHORIZED BY THIS SECTION TERMINATES:
- 18 (1) IF CREATED TO PROVIDE FOR THE CARE OF ONE ANIMAL
- 19 ALIVE DURING THE LIFETIME OF THE SETTLOR, ON THE DEATH OF THE ANIMAL;
- 20 **OR**
- 21 (2) If CREATED TO PROVIDE FOR THE CARE OF MORE THAN ONE
- 22 ANIMAL ALIVE DURING THE LIFETIME OF THE SETTLOR, ON THE DEATH OF THE
- 23 LAST SURVIVING ANIMAL.
- 24 (C) (1) A TRUST AUTHORIZED BY THIS SECTION MAY BE ENFORCED
- 25 BY A PERSON APPOINTED UNDER THE TERMS OF THE TRUST OR, IF NO PERSON
- 26 IS APPOINTED, BY A PERSON APPOINTED BY THE COURT.
- 27 (2) A PERSON HAVING AN INTEREST IN THE WELFARE OF AN
- 28 ANIMAL, THE CARE FOR WHICH A TRUST HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED, MAY REQUEST
- 29 THE COURT TO APPOINT A PERSON TO ENFORCE THE TRUST OR TO REMOVE A
- 30 PERSON APPOINTED.

- 1 (D) (1) EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT THAT THE COURT MAY DETERMINE 2 THAT THE VALUE OF A TRUST AUTHORIZED BY THIS SECTION EXCEEDS THE 3 AMOUNT REQUIRED FOR THE USE INTENDED BY THE TRUST, THE PROPERTY OF 4 THE TRUST MAY BE APPLIED ONLY TO THE INTENDED USE OF THE TRUST.
- 5 (2) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED UNDER THE TERMS OF THE 6 TRUST, PROPERTY NOT REQUIRED FOR THE INTENDED USE OF THE TRUST 7 SHALL BE DISTRIBUTED:
- 8 (I) TO THE SETTLOR, IF LIVING; OR
- 9 (II) IF THE SETTLOR IS DECEASED, TO THE SUCCESSORS IN 10 INTEREST OF THE SETTLOR.
- 11 **14.5–408.**
- EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN § 14.5–407 OF THIS SUBTITLE OR BY
 ANOTHER STATUTE, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:
- 14 (1) (I) A TRUST MAY BE CREATED FOR A NONCHARITABLE
 15 PURPOSE WITHOUT A DEFINITE OR DEFINITELY ASCERTAINABLE BENEFICIARY
 16 OR FOR A NONCHARITABLE BUT OTHERWISE VALID PURPOSE TO BE SELECTED
 17 BY THE TRUSTEE; AND
- 18 (II) A TRUST DESCRIBED IN ITEM (I) OF THIS ITEM MAY NOT
 19 BE ENFORCED FOR MORE THAN 21 YEARS UNLESS THE SETTLOR ELECTS
 20 OTHERWISE;
- 21 **(2)** A TRUST AUTHORIZED BY THIS SECTION MAY BE ENFORCED BY A PERSON APPOINTED IN THE TERMS OF THE TRUST OR, IF NO PERSON IS SO APPOINTED, BY A PERSON APPOINTED BY THE COURT; AND
- 24 (3) (I) PROPERTY OF A TRUST AUTHORIZED BY THIS SECTION
 25 MAY BE APPLIED ONLY TO THE INTENDED USE OF THE TRUST, EXCEPT TO THE
 26 EXTENT THAT THE COURT DETERMINES THAT THE VALUE OF THE TRUST
 27 PROPERTY EXCEEDS THE AMOUNT REQUIRED FOR THE INTENDED USE; AND
- 28 (II) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THE TERMS OF A
 29 TRUST DESCRIBED IN ITEM (I) OF THIS ITEM, PROPERTY NOT REQUIRED FOR
 30 THE INTENDED USE SHALL BE DISTRIBUTED TO THE SETTLOR, IF THEN LIVING,
 31 OR TO THE SUCCESSORS IN INTEREST OF THE SETTLOR, IF THE SETTLOR IS NOT
 32 THEN LIVING.
- 33 **14.5–409.**

- 1 (A) IN ADDITION TO THE METHODS OF TERMINATION PRESCRIBED BY §§ 2 14.5–410 THROUGH 14.5–412 OF THIS SUBTITLE, A TRUST TERMINATES TO THE
- **EXTENT:**
- 4 (1) THE TRUST IS REVOKED OR EXPIRES IN ACCORDANCE WITH 5 THE TERMS OF THE TRUST; OR
- 6 (2) THE PURPOSES OF THE TRUST HAVE BECOME UNLAWFUL, 7 CONTRARY TO PUBLIC POLICY, OR IMPOSSIBLE TO ACHIEVE.
- 8 (B) A PROCEEDING TO APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE A PROPOSED 9 MODIFICATION OR TERMINATION UNDER §§ 14.5–410 THROUGH 14.5–414 OF 10 THIS SUBTITLE, OR COMBINATION OR DIVISION OF A TRUST UNDER § 14.5–415 OF THIS SUBTITLE, MAY BE COMMENCED BY A TRUSTEE OR BENEFICIARY.
- 12 **14.5–410.**
- 13 (A) (1) A NONCHARITABLE IRREVOCABLE TRUST MAY BE
 14 TERMINATED ON CONSENT OF <u>THE TRUSTEE AND</u> ALL BENEFICIARIES IF THE
 15 COURT CONCLUDES THAT CONTINUANCE OF THE TRUST IS NOT NECESSARY TO
 16 ACHIEVE ANY MATERIAL PURPOSE OF THE TRUST.
- 17 **(2)** A NONCHARITABLE IRREVOCABLE TRUST MAY BE MODIFIED ON CONSENT OF <u>THE TRUSTEE AND</u> ALL BENEFICIARIES IF THE COURT CONCLUDES THAT MODIFICATION IS NOT INCONSISTENT WITH A MATERIAL PURPOSE OF THE TRUST.
- 21 (B) THE EXISTENCE OF A SPENDTHRIFT PROVISION OR SIMILAR 22 PROTECTIVE LANGUAGE IN THE TERMS OF THE TRUST DOES NOT PREVENT A 23 TERMINATION OF A TRUST UNDER SUBSECTION (A)(1) OF THIS SECTION.
- 24 (C) ON TERMINATION OF A TRUST UNDER SUBSECTION (A)(1) OF THIS 25 SECTION, THE TRUSTEE SHALL DISTRIBUTE THE TRUST PROPERTY AS AGREED 26 BY THE BENEFICIARIES.
- 27 (D) IF NOT ALL BENEFICIARIES CONSENT TO A PROPOSED
 28 MODIFICATION OR TERMINATION OF THE TRUST UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF
 29 THIS SECTION, THE MODIFICATION OR TERMINATION MAY BE APPROVED BY THE
 30 COURT IF THE COURT IS SATISFIED THAT:
- 31 (1) IF ALL BENEFICIARIES HAD CONSENTED, THE TRUST COULD 32 HAVE BEEN MODIFIED OR TERMINATED UNDER THIS SECTION; AND

- 1 (2) THE INTERESTS OF A BENEFICIARY THAT DOES NOT CONSENT
- 2 WILL BE ADEQUATELY PROTECTED.
- 3 **14.5–411.**
- 4 (A) (1) THE COURT MAY MODIFY THE ADMINISTRATIVE OR
- 5 DISPOSITIVE TERMS OF A TRUST OR TERMINATE THE TRUST IF, BECAUSE OF
- 6 CIRCUMSTANCES NOT ANTICIPATED BY THE SETTLOR, MODIFICATION OR
- 7 TERMINATION WILL FURTHER THE PURPOSES OF THE TRUST.
- 8 (2) TO THE EXTENT PRACTICABLE, THE MODIFICATION
- 9 DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE MADE IN
- 10 ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROBABLE INTENTION OF THE SETTLOR.
- 11 (B) THE COURT MAY MODIFY THE ADMINISTRATIVE TERMS OF A TRUST
- 12 IF CONTINUATION OF THE TRUST ON ITS EXISTING TERMS WOULD BE
- 13 IMPRACTICABLE OR WASTEFUL OR IMPAIR THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE
- 14 TRUST.
- 15 (C) ON TERMINATION OF A TRUST UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS
- 16 SECTION, THE TRUSTEE SHALL DISTRIBUTE THE TRUST PROPERTY IN A
- 17 MANNER CONSISTENT WITH THE PURPOSES OF THE TRUST AS ORDERED BY THE
- 18 COURT.
- 19 **14.5–412.**
- 20 (A) (1) IN THIS SECTION THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE
- 21 MEANINGS INDICATED.
- 22 (2) "LIFE EXPECTANCY" MEANS THE LIFE EXPECTANCY
- 23 PUBLISHED FROM TIME TO TIME IN THE LIFE TABLES ISSUED BY THE U.S.
- 24 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES.
- 25 (3) "NET ANNUAL INCOME" MEANS THE GROSS INCOME OF A
- 26 TRUST ESTATE DURING A FISCAL YEAR MINUS TRUST COMMISSIONS AND
- 27 EXPENSES ATTRIBUTABLE TO INCOME FOR THAT FISCAL YEAR.
- 28 (B) SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION, A TRUSTEE MAY
- 29 TERMINATE A TRUST WITHOUT AN ORDER OF COURT IF THE FAIR MARKET
- 30 VALUE OF THE TRUST AS OF THE LAST ANNIVERSARY DATE OF THE TRUST IS
- 31 **\$100,000** OR LESS.
- 32 (C) (1) (I) A TRUSTEE PROPOSING TO TERMINATE A TRUST UNDER
- 33 THIS SECTION SHALL SEND NOTICE OF THE PROPOSED TERMINATION TO EACH

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1	COTRUSTEE AND EACH QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY OF THE TRUST AT THE LAST
2	KNOWN ADDRESS OF THE COTRUSTEE OR QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY.
3	(II) THE NOTICE DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS
4	PARAGRAPH SHALL BE:
5	1. Personally delivered; or
6 7	2. MAILED BY CERTIFIED MAIL, POSTAGE PREPAID, RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED.
8 9	(2) THE NOTICE REQUIRED UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION SHALL CONTAIN:
10	(I) THE NAME OF THE TRUST;
11	(II) THE NAME OF THE PERSON WHO CREATED THE TRUST;
12	(III) THE DATE ON WHICH THE TRUST WAS ESTABLISHED;
13 14	(IV) THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE TRUSTEE SEEKING TO TERMINATE THE TRUST;
15	(V) THE NAME OF ANY COTRUSTEE;
16 17 18 19	(VI) A STATEMENT THAT THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE TERMINATION SHALL BE AT LEAST 90 DAYS AFTER THE DATE ON WHICH NOTICE UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION HAS BEEN RECEIVED BY EACH COTRUSTEE AND EACH QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY;
20 21	(VII) A STATEMENT OF THE REASONS FOR TERMINATION OF THE TRUST;
22 23	(VIII) THE APPROXIMATE AMOUNT AND THE MANNER OF CALCULATION OF EACH DISTRIBUTION OF THE TRUST ESTATE; AND
24 25	(IX) A STATEMENT OF THE RIGHT TO OBJECT AND THE PROCEDURES TO FOLLOW UNDER SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION.
26	(D) (1) A PERSON ENTITLED TO NOTICE UNDER SUBSECTION (C) OF

THIS SECTION THAT OBJECTS TO THE TERMINATION OF A TRUST SHALL SEND

WRITTEN OBJECTION TO THE TERMINATION.

- 1 (2) THE WRITTEN OBJECTION DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (1) OF
 2 THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE PERSONALLY DELIVERED OR MAILED BY
 3 CERTIFIED MAIL, POSTAGE PREPAID, RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED, WITHIN 60
 4 DAYS AFTER THE DATE ON WHICH NOTICE THAT IS SENT UNDER SUBSECTION
 5 (C)(1) OF THIS SECTION IS RECEIVED BY THE OBJECTING PARTY, TO THE
 6 TRUSTEE PROPOSING TO TERMINATE THE TRUST AT THE ADDRESS IN THE
 7 NOTICE.
 - (E) (1) IF NO QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY OR COTRUSTEE DELIVERS A TIMELY OBJECTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION, THE TRUST SHALL BE TERMINATED AND THE TRUST ESTATE SHALL BE DISTRIBUTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (F) OF THIS SECTION.

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- 13 (2) If A QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY OR COTRUSTEE DELIVERS A
 14 TIMELY WRITTEN OBJECTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF
 15 SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION, THE TRUST MAY NOT BE TERMINATED
 16 UNLESS THE OBJECTION IS WITHDRAWN IN WRITING BY THE OBJECTING PARTY
 17 WITHIN 90 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF THE NOTICE BY THE OBJECTING PARTY.
- 18 **(F) (1)** A TRUST ESTATE THAT IS TERMINATED UNDER THIS SECTION
 19 SHALL BE DISTRIBUTED IN ANY MANNER UNANIMOUSLY AGREED ON BY ALL
 20 QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES.
- 21 (2) (I) IF THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES DO NOT 22 UNANIMOUSLY AGREE TO A MANNER OF DISTRIBUTION, THE DISTRIBUTION 23 SHALL BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PARAGRAPH.
- 24 A QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY THAT HAS A PRESENT 25 INTEREST IN THE TRUST ESTATE SHALL RECEIVE AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE PRESENT VALUE OF AN ANNUITY EQUAL TO THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF 26 27 THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY OF THE AVERAGE NET ANNUAL INCOME OF THE 28 TRUST AS OF THE LAST THREE ANNIVERSARY DATES OF THE TRUST FOR A TERM 29 EQUAL TO THE LIFE EXPECTANCY OF THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY, AT THE INTEREST RATE FOR VALUING VESTED BENEFITS PROVIDED BY THE PENSION 30 31 BENEFIT GUARANTY CORPORATION FOR THE MONTH IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE DATE ON WHICH THE NOTICE UNDER SUBSECTION (C)(1) OF 32 33 THIS SECTION IS SENT.
- (III) THE AMOUNT OF THE TRUST ESTATE REMAINING AFTER
 DISTRIBUTION TO QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES HAVING A PRESENT INTEREST IN
 THE TRUST ESTATE SHALL BE DISTRIBUTED TO QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES
 HAVING A FUTURE INTEREST IN THE TRUST ESTATE IN WHATEVER

- PROPORTIONS ARE PROVIDED FOR UNDER THE TERMS OF THE GOVERNING INSTRUMENT UNDER WHICH THE TRUST WAS CREATED.
- 3 (G) THE EXISTENCE OF SPENDTHRIFT OR SIMILAR PROTECTIVE 4 LANGUAGE IN THE GOVERNING INSTRUMENT UNDER WHICH THE TRUST WAS
- 5 CREATED MAY NOT PREVENT TERMINATION UNDER THIS SECTION.
- 6 (H) ALL EXPENSES INCURRED BY THE TRUSTEE INCIDENT TO THE TERMINATION OF A TRUST UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL BE PAID BY THE TRUST 8 ESTATE.
- 9 (I) A DISTRIBUTION TO A MINOR QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY SHALL BE
 10 MADE TO THE CUSTODIAN OF THE MINOR UNDER THE MARYLAND UNIFORM
 11 TRANSFERS TO MINORS ACT.
- 12 (J) THIS SECTION MAY NOT BE CONSTRUED TO LIMIT THE RIGHT OF A
 13 TRUSTEE TO TERMINATE A TRUST IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE
 14 PROVISIONS OF THE GOVERNING INSTRUMENT UNDER WHICH THE TRUST WAS
 15 CREATED.
 - (K) A TRUST MAY BE TERMINATED UNDER THIS SECTION IF:
- 17 **(1)** THE TRUSTEE HAS DETERMINED THAT TERMINATION OF THE 18 TRUST IS IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES; AND
- 19 **(2)** The governing instrument does not expressly 20 prohibit termination of the trust regardless of the size of the 21 trust.
- 22 (L) A TRUST MAY NOT BE TERMINATED UNDER THIS SECTION IF:
- 23 (1) THE PROVISIONS OF THE GOVERNING INSTRUMENT MAKE
 24 THE TRUST ELIGIBLE TO QUALIFY FOR THE MARITAL DEDUCTION FOR UNITED
 25 STATES ESTATE TAX OR FOR UNITED STATES GIFT TAX PURPOSES UNDER THE
 26 INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986, AS AMENDED, UNLESS ALL QUALIFIED
 27 BENEFICIARIES AGREE THAT ALL OF THE TRUST ESTATE SHALL BE
 28 DISTRIBUTED TO THE SPOUSE OF THE CREATOR OF THE TRUST; OR
- 29 (2) THE PROVISIONS OF THE GOVERNING INSTRUMENT MAKE
 30 THE TRUST QUALIFY, IN WHOLE OR IN PART, FOR A CHARITABLE DEDUCTION
 31 FOR UNITED STATES ESTATE TAX, UNITED STATES GIFT TAX, OR UNITED
 32 STATES INCOME TAX PURPOSES UNDER THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF
 33 1986, AS AMENDED, UNLESS ALL QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES AGREE THAT ALL
 34 OF THE TRUST ESTATE SHALL BE DISTRIBUTED TO ONE OR MORE QUALIFIED

- 1 BENEFICIARIES THAT QUALIFY FOR THE CHARITABLE DEDUCTION UNDER THE
- 2 INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986, AS AMENDED.
- 3 **14.5–413.**
- 4 THE COURT MAY REFORM THE TERMS OF A TRUST, EVEN IF
- 5 UNAMBIGUOUS, TO CONFORM THE TERMS TO THE INTENTION OF THE SETTLOR
- 6 IF IT IS PROVED BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE THAT BOTH THE INTENT
- 7 OF THE SETTLOR AND THE TERMS OF THE TRUST WERE AFFECTED BY A
- 8 MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW, WHETHER IN EXPRESSION OR INDUCEMENT.
- 9 14.5-414.
- 10 (A) TO ACHIEVE THE TAX OBJECTIVES OF THE SETTLOR, THE COURT
- 11 MAY MODIFY THE TERMS OF A TRUST IN A MANNER THAT IS NOT CONTRARY TO
- 12 THE PROBABLE INTENTION OF THE SETTLOR.
- 13 (B) THE COURT MAY PROVIDE THAT THE MODIFICATION DESCRIBED IN
- 14 SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION HAS RETROACTIVE EFFECT.
- 15 **14.5–415.**
- 16 (A) (1) SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS
- 17 SUBSECTION, ON PETITION BY A TRUSTEE, PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE,
- 18 BENEFICIARY, OR PARTY IN INTEREST, AFTER NOTICE AS THE COURT MAY
- 19 DIRECT TO THE TRUSTEES, PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES, BENEFICIARIES, AND
- 20 PARTIES IN INTEREST, AND FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN, A COURT MAY:
- 21 (I) DIVIDE A TRUST INTO TWO OR MORE SEPARATE
- 22 TRUSTS; OR
- 23 (II) CONSOLIDATE TWO OR MORE TRUSTS INTO A SINGLE
- 24 TRUST.
- 25 (2) A COURT MAY DIVIDE A TRUST OR CONSOLIDATE TRUSTS:
- 26 (I) ON TERMS AND CONDITIONS AS THE COURT CONSIDERS
- 27 APPROPRIATE; AND
- 28 (II) IF THE COURT IS SATISFIED THAT A DIVISION OF A
- 29 TRUST OR CONSOLIDATION OF TRUSTS WILL NOT DEFEAT OR MATERIALLY
- 30 **IMPAIR:**

1. THE ACCOMPLISHMENT OF TRUST PURPOSES; OR

1	2. THE INTERESTS OF THE BENEFICIARIES.
2	(3) A COURT MAY PASS ORDERS THAT THE COURT CONSIDERS
3	PROPER OR NECESSARY TO PROTECT THE INTERESTS OF:
9	
4	(I) A TRUSTEE;
5	(II) A PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE;
6	(III) A BENEFICIARY; OR
U	(III) A BENEFICIARI, OR
7	(IV) A PARTY IN INTEREST.
8	(B) THIS SECTION MAY NOT BE CONSTRUED TO LIMIT THE RIGHT OF A
9	TRUSTEE OR PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE TO DIVIDE A TRUST OR
10	CONSOLIDATE TRUSTS, WITHOUT AN ORDER OF A COURT, IN ACCORDANCE WITH
11	THE APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE GOVERNING INSTRUMENT.
12	SUBTITLE 5. CREDITOR'S CLAIMS; SPENDTHRIFT AND DISCRETIONARY
13	TRUSTS.
10	
14	14.5–501.
15	(A) A COURT MAY AUTHORIZE A CREDITOR OR AN ASSIGNEE OF A
16	BENEFICIARY TO REACH THE INTEREST OF THE BENEFICIARY BY ATTACHMENT
17	OF PRESENT OR FUTURE DISTRIBUTIONS TO OR FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE
18	BENEFICIARY OR BY OTHER MEANS IF THAT INTEREST IS NOT SUBJECT TO A
19	DISCRETIONARY DISTRIBUTION PROVISION, A SUPPORT PROVISION, OR A
20	SPENDTHRIFT PROVISION.
01	(D) The court was treed the above mining of other media.
21	(B) THE COURT MAY LIMIT THE AMOUNT, TIMING, OR OTHER TERMS
22	AND CONDITIONS OF AN AWARD UNDER THIS SECTION TO RELIEF AS IS
23	APPROPRIATE UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES CONSIDERING, AMONG OTHER
24	FACTORS:
25	(1) THE SUPPORT NEEDS OF THE BENEFICIARY, THE SPOUSE OF
26	THE BENEFICIARY, THE FORMER SPOUSE OF THE BENEFICIARY, AND THE
27	DEPENDENT CHILDREN OF THE BENEFICIARY;
28	(2) WITH RESPECT TO A BENEFICIARY THAT IS THE RECIPIENT OF
29	PUBLIC BENEFITS, THE SUPPLEMENTAL NEEDS OF THE BENEFICIARY IF THE
30	TRUST WAS NOT INTENDED TO PROVIDE FOR THE BASIC SUPPORT OF THE
31	BENEFICIARY; AND

- 1 (3) THE AMOUNT OF THE CLAIM OF THE CREDITOR OR ASSIGNEE
- 2 AND THE LIKELY PROCEEDS THAT A SALE WOULD PRODUCE AS COMPARED TO
- 3 THE POTENTIAL VALUE OF THE INTEREST TO THE BENEFICIARY.
- 4 **14.5–502.**
- 5 (A) (1) A BENEFICIARY OF A DISCRETIONARY DISTRIBUTION
- 6 PROVISION HAS NO PROPERTY RIGHT IN A TRUST INTEREST THAT IS SUBJECT
- 7 TO A DISCRETIONARY DISTRIBUTION PROVISION.
- 8 (2) A BENEFICIAL INTEREST THAT IS SUBJECT TO A
- 9 DISCRETIONARY DISTRIBUTION PROVISION MAY NOT BE JUDICIALLY
- 10 FORECLOSED, ATTACHED BY A CREDITOR, OR TRANSFERRED BY THE
- 11 BENEFICIARY.
- 12 (B) (1) THE CREDITOR OF THE BENEFICIARY OF A DISCRETIONARY
- 13 DISTRIBUTION PROVISION CREATED BY SOMEONE OTHER THAN THAT
- 14 BENEFICIARY HAS NO ENFORCEABLE RIGHT TO TRUST INCOME OR PRINCIPAL
- 15 THAT MAY BE DISTRIBUTED ONLY IN THE EXERCISE OF THE DISCRETION OF THE
- 16 TRUSTEE.
- 17 (2) TRUST PROPERTY THAT IS SUBJECT TO A DISCRETIONARY
- 18 DISTRIBUTION PROVISION IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE ENFORCEMENT OF A
- 19 JUDGMENT UNTIL INCOME OR PRINCIPAL OR BOTH IS DISTRIBUTED DIRECTLY
- 20 TO THE BENEFICIARY.
- 21 (C) A CREDITOR OF A BENEFICIARY MAY NOT COMPEL A DISTRIBUTION
- 22 THAT IS SUBJECT TO A DISCRETIONARY DISTRIBUTION PROVISION CREATED BY
- 23 SOMEONE OTHER THAN THAT BENEFICIARY.
- 24 (D) A TRUST MAY CONTAIN A DISCRETIONARY DISTRIBUTION
- 25 PROVISION WITH RESPECT TO ONE OR MORE BUT LESS THAN ALL
- 26 BENEFICIARIES.
- 27 (E) IF A BENEFICIARY OF A DISCRETIONARY DISTRIBUTION PROVISION
- 28 HAS A POWER OF WITHDRAWAL CREATED BY SOMEONE OTHER THAN THAT
- 29 BENEFICIARY:
- 30 (1) DURING THE PERIOD THE POWER MAY BE EXERCISED, THE
- 31 PORTION OF THE TRUST THE BENEFICIARY MAY WITHDRAW MAY NOT BE
- 32 DEEMED TO BE SUBJECT TO THE DISCRETIONARY DISTRIBUTION PROVISION
- 33 WITH RESPECT TO THAT BENEFICIARY:

- 1 (2) DURING THE PERIOD THE POWER MAY BE EXERCISED, THE
 2 PORTION OF THE TRUST THE BENEFICIARY MAY NOT WITHDRAW SHALL BE
 3 DEEMED TO BE SUBJECT TO THE DISCRETIONARY DISTRIBUTION PROVISION
 4 WITH RESPECT TO THAT BENEFICIARY; AND
- 5 (3) DURING PERIODS IN WHICH THE BENEFICIARY DOES NOT
 6 HAVE A POWER OF WITHDRAWAL, THE TRUST INTEREST OF THE BENEFICIARY
 7 SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE SUBJECT TO THE DISCRETIONARY DISTRIBUTION
 8 PROVISION WITH RESPECT TO THAT BENEFICIARY.
- 9 IF A BENEFICIARY AND ONE OR MORE OTHERS HAVE MADE CONTRIBUTIONS TO A TRUST SUBJECT TO A DISCRETIONARY DISTRIBUTION 10 11 PROVISION, THE PORTION OF THE TRUST ATTRIBUTABLE 12 CONTRIBUTIONS OF THE BENEFICIARY MAY NOT BE DEEMED TO BE SUBJECT TO THAT DISCRETIONARY DISTRIBUTION PROVISION WITH RESPECT TO THAT 13 14 BENEFICIARY, BUT THE PORTION OF THE TRUST ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE 15 CONTRIBUTIONS OF OTHERS SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE SUBJECT TO THE 16 DISCRETIONARY DISTRIBUTION PROVISION WITH RESPECT TO **THAT** 17 BENEFICIARY.
- 18 (G) THE INTEREST OF A BENEFICIARY WHO IS BLIND OR DISABLED AS
 19 DEFINED IN 42 U.S.C. § 1382C(A)(3) MAY BE SUBJECT TO A DISCRETIONARY
 20 DISTRIBUTION PROVISION NOTWITHSTANDING:
- 21 (1) PRECATORY LANGUAGE IN THE TRUST INSTRUMENT
 22 REGARDING THE INTENDED PURPOSE OF THE TRUST OF PROVIDING
 23 SUPPLEMENTAL GOODS AND SERVICES TO OR FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE
 24 BENEFICIARY, AND NOT TO SUPPLANT BENEFITS FROM PUBLIC ASSISTANCE
 25 PROGRAMS; OR
- 26 **(2)** A PROHIBITION AGAINST PROVIDING FOOD, CLOTHING, AND SHELTER TO THE BENEFICIARY.
- 28 **14.5–503**.
- 29 (A) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN §§ 14.5–505 AND 14.5–506(B) OF THIS 30 SUBTITLE:
- 31 (1) A BENEFICIAL INTEREST THAT IS SUBJECT TO A SUPPORT 32 PROVISION MAY NOT BE JUDICIALLY FORECLOSED, ATTACHED BY A CREDITOR, 33 OR TRANSFERRED BY THE BENEFICIARY; AND
- 34 **(2)** Trust property that is subject to a support 35 provision is not subject to the enforcement of a judgment until

- 1 INCOME OR PRINCIPAL OR BOTH IS DISTRIBUTED DIRECTLY TO THE 2 BENEFICIARY.
- 3 (B) (1) THE USE, OCCUPANCY, AND ENJOYMENT OF A SINGLE PARCEL
- 4 OF RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY, AS DESIGNATED BY THE TRUSTEE, AND
- 5 TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY BY A BENEFICIARY WHOSE INTEREST IS
- 6 SUBJECT TO A SUPPORT PROVISION MAY NOT BE TRANSFERRED BY THE
- 7 BENEFICIARY OF THE USE, OCCUPANCY, OR ENJOYMENT.
- 8 (2) THE USE, OCCUPANCY, AND ENJOYMENT DESCRIBED IN
- 9 PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION ARE NOT SUBJECT TO THE ENFORCEMENT
- 10 OF A JUDGMENT AGAINST THE BENEFICIARY.
- 11 **14.5–504.**
- 12 (A) A SPENDTHRIFT PROVISION IS VALID AND ENFORCEABLE.
- 13 (B) A PROVISION OF A TRUST PROVIDING THAT THE INTEREST OF A
- 14 BENEFICIARY IS HELD SUBJECT TO A "SPENDTHRIFT TRUST", OR WORDS OF
- 15 SIMILAR IMPORT, RESTRAINS BOTH VOLUNTARY AND INVOLUNTARY TRANSFER
- 16 OF THE BENEFICIARY'S INTEREST.
- 17 (C) A BENEFICIAL INTEREST THAT IS SUBJECT TO A SPENDTHRIFT
- 18 PROVISION MAY NOT BE JUDICIALLY FORECLOSED OR ATTACHED BY A
- 19 **CREDITOR.**
- 20 (D) (1) A BENEFICIARY MAY NOT TRANSFER AN INTEREST IN A TRUST
- 21 IN VIOLATION OF A VALID SPENDTHRIFT PROVISION AND, EXCEPT AS
- 22 OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SUBTITLE, A CREDITOR OR AN ASSIGNEE OF THE
- 23 BENEFICIARY MAY NOT REACH THE INTEREST OR A DISTRIBUTION BY THE
- 24 TRUSTEE BEFORE THE RECEIPT BY THE BENEFICIARY OF THE INTEREST OR
- 25 DISTRIBUTION.
- 26 (2) AN ATTEMPT BY A BENEFICIARY TO TRANSFER AN INTEREST
- 27 IN A TRUST IN VIOLATION OF A VALID SPENDTHRIFT PROVISION SHALL BE VOID
- 28 AND OF NO EFFECT.
- 29 (E) (1) THE USE, OCCUPANCY, AND ENJOYMENT OF A SINGLE PARCEL
- 30 OF RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY, AS DESIGNATED BY THE TRUSTEE, AND
- 31 TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY BY A BENEFICIARY WHOSE INTEREST IS
- 32 SUBJECT TO A SPENDTHRIFT PROVISION MAY NOT BE TRANSFERRED.

- 1 (2) THE USE, OCCUPANCY, AND ENJOYMENT DESCRIBED IN
- 2 PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION ARE NOT SUBJECT TO THE ENFORCEMENT
- 3 OF A JUDGMENT AGAINST THE BENEFICIARY.
- 4 **14.5–505**.
- 5 (A) IN THIS SECTION, "CHILD" INCLUDES ANY PERSON FOR WHOM AN
- 6 ORDER OR A JUDGMENT FOR CHILD SUPPORT HAS BEEN ENTERED IN THIS
- 7 STATE OR ANOTHER STATE.
- 8 (B) SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF § 14.5–502 OF THIS SUBTITLE,
- 9 THE INTEREST OF A BENEFICIARY THAT IS SUBJECT TO EITHER A SPENDTHRIFT
- 10 PROVISION OR A SUPPORT PROVISION OR BOTH CAN BE REACHED IN
- 11 SATISFACTION OF AN ENFORCEABLE CLAIM AGAINST THE BENEFICIARY BY THE
- 12 **FOLLOWING:**
- 13 (1) A CHILD, SPOUSE, OR FORMER SPOUSE OF THE BENEFICIARY
- 14 THAT HAS A JUDGMENT OR COURT ORDER AGAINST THE BENEFICIARY FOR
- 15 SUPPORT OR MAINTENANCE;
- 16 (2) A JUDGMENT CREDITOR THAT HAS PROVIDED SERVICES FOR
- 17 THE PROTECTION OF THE INTEREST OF A BENEFICIARY IN THE TRUST; OR
- 18 (3) A CLAIM OF THIS STATE OR THE UNITED STATES TO THE
- 19 EXTENT A STATUTE OF THIS STATE OR FEDERAL LAW SO PROVIDES.
- 20 (C) (1) A CLAIMANT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION
- 21 MAY OBTAIN FROM A COURT AN ORDER ATTACHING PRESENT OR FUTURE
- 22 DISTRIBUTIONS TO OR FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE BENEFICIARY.
- 23 (2) THE COURT MAY ONLY ORDER THE TRUSTEE TO SATISFY ALL
- 24 OR PART OF THE JUDGMENT OUT OF PAYMENTS OF INCOME OR PRINCIPAL AS
- 25 THEY BECOME DUE.

- 26 (3) THE COURT MAY LIMIT THE AWARD TO SUCH RELIEF AS IS
- 27 APPROPRIATE UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES, CONSIDERING AMONG ANY OTHER
- 28 FACTORS DETERMINED APPROPRIATE BY THE COURT:
- 29 (I) THE SUPPORT NEEDS OF THE BENEFICIARY'S SPOUSE,
- 30 FORMER SPOUSE, AND DEPENDENT CHILDREN;
 - (II) THE SUPPORT NEEDS OF THE BENEFICIARY; OR

- 1 (III) WITH RESPECT TO A BENEFICIARY THAT IS THE
- 2 RECIPIENT OF PUBLIC BENEFITS, THE SUPPLEMENTAL NEEDS OF THE
- 3 BENEFICIARY IF THE TRUST WAS NOT INTENDED TO PROVIDE FOR THE BASIC
- 4 SUPPORT OF THE BENEFICIARY.
- 5 **14.5–506**.
- 6 (A) TO THE EXTENT THAT THE INTEREST OF A BENEFICIARY SUBJECT
- 7 TO A MANDATORY DISTRIBUTION PROVISION, OTHER THAN A SUPPORT
- 8 PROVISION, DOES NOT CONTAIN A SPENDTHRIFT PROVISION, THE COURT MAY
- 9 AUTHORIZE A CREDITOR OR AN ASSIGNEE OF THE BENEFICIARY TO ATTACH
- 10 PRESENT OR FUTURE MANDATORY DISTRIBUTIONS TO OR FOR THE BENEFIT OF
- 11 THE BENEFICIARY, OR TO REACH THE BENEFICIARY'S INTEREST BY OTHER
- 12 MEANS, AS PROVIDED IN § 14.5–501 OF THIS SUBTITLE.
- 13 (B) A CREDITOR OR AN ASSIGNEE OF A BENEFICIARY MAY REACH A
- 14 MANDATORY DISTRIBUTION OF A TRUST IF THE TRUSTEE HAS NOT MADE THE
- 15 DISTRIBUTION TO THE BENEFICIARY WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME AFTER THE
- 16 DESIGNATED DISTRIBUTION DATE, WHETHER OR NOT THE TRUST CONTAINS A
- 17 SPENDTHRIFT PROVISION OR A SUPPORT PROVISION.
- 18 **14.5–507.**
- 19 (A) (1) A POWER OF APPOINTMENT HELD BY A PERSON OTHER THAN
- 20 THE SETTLOR OF THE TRUST IS NOT A PROPERTY INTEREST.
- 21 (2) A POWER OF APPOINTMENT DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (1) OF
- 22 THIS SUBSECTION AND PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THAT POWER OF APPOINTMENT
- 23 MAY NOT BE JUDICIALLY FORECLOSED OR ATTACHED BY A CREDITOR OF THE
- 24 HOLDER OF THE POWER.
- 25 (B) NONE OF THE FOLLOWING SHALL BE SUFFICIENT TO CREATE A
- 26 GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT OR A POWER OF WITHDRAWAL WITH
- 27 RESPECT TO A BENEFICIARY OR SETTLOR:
- 28 (1) THE BENEFICIARY SERVING AS A TRUSTEE OR COTRUSTEE;
- 29 (2) THE SETTLOR OR THE BENEFICIARY HOLDING AN
- 30 UNRESTRICTED POWER TO REMOVE OR REPLACE A TRUSTEE;
- 31 (3) THE SETTLOR OR THE BENEFICIARY OF A TRUST SERVING AS
- 32 A TRUST ADMINISTRATOR, A PARTNER OF A PARTNERSHIP, A MANAGER OF A
- 33 LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY, OR AN OFFICER OF A CORPORATION, OR SERVING

- 1 IN ANOTHER MANAGERIAL FUNCTION OF ANOTHER TYPE OF ENTITY IF PART OR
- 2 ALL OF THE TRUST PROPERTY CONSISTS OF AN INTEREST IN THE ENTITY;
- 3 (4) A PERSON RELATED BY BLOOD OR ADOPTION TO THE 4 SETTLOR OR THE BENEFICIARY SERVING AS TRUSTEE OF THE TRUST;
- 5 (5) THE AGENT, ACCOUNTANT, ATTORNEY, FINANCIAL ADVISER,
- 6 OR FRIEND OF THE SETTLOR OR BENEFICIARY SERVING AS TRUSTEE OF THE
- 7 TRUST;
- 8 (6) A BUSINESS ASSOCIATE OF THE SETTLOR OR THE
- 9 BENEFICIARY SERVING AS TRUSTEE OF THE TRUST;
- 10 (7) A POWER OF APPOINTMENT HELD BY THE SETTLOR OTHER
- 11 THAN THE RESERVED POWER OF THE SETTLOR TO WITHDRAW TRUST PROPERTY
- 12 FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE SETTLOR, THE CREDITORS OF THE SETTLOR, THE
- 13 ESTATE OF THE SETTLOR, OR THE CREDITORS OF THE ESTATE OF THE SETTLOR;
- 14 (8) A POWER TO SUBSTITUTE PROPERTY OF EQUIVALENT VALUE
- 15 FOR TRUST PROPERTY AS DEFINED IN § 675(4)(C) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE
- 16 CODE OF 1986, AS AMENDED; OR
- 17 (9) A POWER TO BORROW TRUST PROPERTY FOR LESS THAN
- ADEQUATE INTEREST OR WITHOUT SECURITY AS DEFINED IN § 675(2) OF THE
- 19 INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986, AS AMENDED.
- 20 **14.5–508**.
- 21 (A) THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY, WHETHER OR NOT THE TERMS OF A
- 22 TRUST CONTAIN A SPENDTHRIFT PROVISION:
- 23 (1) DURING THE LIFETIME OF THE SETTLOR, THE PROPERTY OF A
- 24 REVOCABLE TRUST IS SUBJECT TO CLAIMS OF THE CREDITORS OF THE
- 25 SETTLOR;
- 26 (2) WITH RESPECT TO AN IRREVOCABLE TRUST, A CREDITOR OR
- 27 AN ASSIGNEE OF THE SETTLOR MAY REACH ONLY THE LESSER OF:
- 28 (I) THE CLAIM OF THE CREDITOR OR ASSIGNEE; AND
- 29 (II) THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT THAT CAN BE DISTRIBUTED TO
- 30 OR FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE SETTLOR;

- 1 (3) If A TRUST HAS MORE THAN ONE SETTLOR, THE AMOUNT THE
 2 CREDITOR OR ASSIGNEE OF A PARTICULAR SETTLOR MAY REACH MAY NOT
 3 EXCEED THE INTEREST OF THE SETTLOR IN THE PORTION OF THE TRUST
 4 ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE CONTRIBUTION OF THAT SETTLOR;
- **(4)** WITH RESPECT TO A TRUST DESCRIBED IN 42 U.S.C. § 5 6 1396P(D)(4)(A) OR (C), THE COURT MAY LIMIT THE AWARD OF THE CREDITOR OF A SETTLOR UNDER ITEMS (1) AND (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION TO THE RELIEF 7 8 THAT IS APPROPRIATE UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES, CONSIDERING AMONG 9 OTHER FACTORS DETERMINED APPROPRIATE \mathbf{BY} THE COURT. THE 10 SUPPLEMENTAL NEEDS OF THE BENEFICIARY; AND
- 11 (5) (1) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN THIS ITEM, AFTER AFTER THE
 12 DEATH OF A SETTLOR, AND SUBJECT TO THE RIGHT OF THE SETTLOR TO DIRECT
 13 THE SOURCE FROM WHICH LIABILITIES WILL BE PAID, THE PROPERTY OF A
 14 TRUST THAT WAS REVOCABLE AT THE DEATH OF THE SETTLOR IS SUBJECT TO
 15 CLAIMS OF THE CREDITORS OF THE SETTLOR.
- 16 (II) IF A CLAIM IS OR WOULD BE BARRED AGAINST THE
 17 PROBATE ESTATE OF THE SETTLOR UNDER § 8-103 OF THIS ARTICLE, THAT
 18 CLAIM IS BARRED AGAINST THE TRUSTEE AND THE PROPERTY OF THE
 19 REVOCABLE TRUST.
- 20 (B) AN INDIVIDUAL WHO CREATES A TRUST MAY NOT BE CONSIDERED A
 21 SETTLOR WITH REGARD TO THE RETAINED BENEFICIAL INTEREST OF THE
 22 INDIVIDUAL IN THE TRUST IF:
- 23 (1) THE INDIVIDUAL CREATES, OR HAS CREATED, THE TRUST FOR 24 THE BENEFIT OF THE SPOUSE OF THE INDIVIDUAL;
- 25 (2) THE TRUST IS TREATED AS QUALIFIED TERMINABLE
 26 INTEREST PROPERTY UNDER § 2523(F) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF
 27 1986, AS AMENDED; AND
- 28 (3) THE RETAINED BENEFICIAL INTEREST OF THE INDIVIDUAL IN
 29 THE TRUST INCOME, TRUST PRINCIPAL, OR BOTH, FOLLOWS THE TERMINATION
 30 OF THE PRIOR BENEFICIAL INTEREST OF THE SPOUSE OF THE INDIVIDUAL IN
 31 THE TRUST.
- 32 (E) (B) (1) DURING THE PERIOD THE POWER OF WITHDRAWAL MAY 33 BE EXERCISED, THE HOLDER OF A POWER OF WITHDRAWAL SHALL BE TREATED 34 IN THE SAME MANNER AS THE SETTLOR OF A REVOCABLE TRUST TO THE 35 EXTENT OF THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THAT POWER.

- 1 (2) AFTER THE LAPSE, WAIVER, OR RELEASE OF A POWER OF
- 2 WITHDRAWAL, THE FORMER POWER HOLDER SHALL NO LONGER BE
- 3 CONSIDERED A SETTLOR OF THE TRUST.
- 4 **14.5–509**.
- 5 TRUST PROPERTY IS NOT SUBJECT TO PERSONAL OBLIGATIONS OF THE
- 6 TRUSTEE OF THE TRUST, EVEN IF THE TRUSTEE BECOMES INSOLVENT OR
- 7 BANKRUPT.
- 8 **14.5–510.**
- 9 (A) A CREDITOR MAY NOT ATTACH, EXERCISE, REACH, OR OTHERWISE
- 10 COMPEL DISTRIBUTION OF THE BENEFICIAL INTEREST OF A BENEFICIARY THAT
- 11 IS A TRUSTEE OR THE SOLE TRUSTEE OF THE TRUST, BUT THAT IS NOT A
- 12 SETTLOR OF THE TRUST, EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT THAT THE INTEREST WOULD
- 13 BE SUBJECT TO THE CLAIM OF THE CREDITOR WERE THE BENEFICIARY NOT
- 14 ACTING AS COTRUSTEE OR SOLE TRUSTEE OF THE TRUST.
- 15 (B) A CREDITOR MAY NOT ATTACH, EXERCISE, REACH, OR OTHERWISE
- 16 COMPEL DISTRIBUTION OF THE BENEFICIAL INTEREST OF A BENEFICIARY OR
- 17 ANY OTHER PERSON THAT HOLDS AN UNCONDITIONAL OR CONDITIONAL POWER
- 18 TO REMOVE A TRUSTEE, TO REPLACE A TRUSTEE, OR TO REMOVE AND REPLACE
- 19 A TRUSTEE, EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT THAT THE INTEREST WOULD BE SUBJECT
- 20 TO THE CLAIM OF THE CREDITOR IF THE BENEFICIARY OR OTHER PERSON DID
- 21 NOT HAVE THE POWER TO REMOVE, REPLACE, OR REMOVE AND REPLACE A
- 22 TRUSTEE.
- 23 **14.5–511.**
- 24 (A) IN THIS SECTION, "PROCEEDS" MEANS:
- 25 (1) PROPERTY ACQUIRED BY THE TRUSTEE ON THE SALE, LEASE,
- 26 LICENSE, EXCHANGE, OR OTHER DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY ORIGINALLY
- 27 CONVEYED BY A HUSBAND AND WIFE TO A TRUSTEE OR TRUSTEES;
- 28 (2) PROPERTY COLLECTED BY THE TRUSTEE ON, OR
- 29 DISTRIBUTED ON ACCOUNT OF, PROPERTY ORIGINALLY CONVEYED BY A
- 30 HUSBAND AND WIFE TO A TRUSTEE OR TRUSTEES;
- 31 (3) RIGHTS ARISING OUT OF PROPERTY ORIGINALLY CONVEYED
- 32 BY A HUSBAND AND WIFE TO A TRUSTEE;

- 1 (4) CLAIMS ARISING OUT OF THE LOSS, NONCONFORMITY, OR
 2 INTERFERENCE WITH THE USE OF, DEFECTS OR INFRINGEMENT OF RIGHTS IN,
 3 OR DAMAGE TO PROPERTY ORIGINALLY CONVEYED BY A HUSBAND AND WIFE TO
 4 A TRUSTEE;
- 5 (5) INSURANCE PAYABLE BY REASON OF THE LOSS OR
 6 NONCONFORMITY OF, DEFECTS OR INFRINGEMENT OF RIGHTS IN, OR DAMAGE
 7 TO PROPERTY ORIGINALLY CONVEYED BY A HUSBAND AND WIFE TO A TRUSTEE;
 8 OR
- 9 (6) PROPERTY HELD BY THE TRUSTEE THAT IS OTHERWISE 10 TRACEABLE TO PROPERTY ORIGINALLY CONVEYED BY A HUSBAND AND WIFE TO 11 A TRUSTEE OR THE PROPERTY PROCEEDS DESCRIBED IN ITEMS (1) THROUGH 12 (5) OF THIS SUBSECTION.
- 13 (B) PROPERTY OF A HUSBAND AND WIFE THAT WAS HELD BY THEM AS
 14 TENANTS BY THE ENTIRETY AND SUBSEQUENTLY CONVEYED TO THE TRUSTEE
 15 OR TRUSTEES OF ONE OR MORE TRUSTS, AND THE PROCEEDS OF THAT
 16 PROPERTY, SHALL HAVE THE SAME IMMUNITY FROM THE CLAIMS OF THE
 17 SEPARATE CREDITORS OF THE HUSBAND AND WIFE AS WOULD EXIST IF THE
 18 HUSBAND AND WIFE HAD CONTINUED TO HOLD THE PROPERTY OR THE
 19 PROCEEDS FROM THE PROPERTY AS TENANTS BY THE ENTIRETY, AS LONG AS:
- 20 (1) THE HUSBAND AND WIFE REMAIN MARRIED;
- 21 (2) THE PROPERTY OR THE PROCEEDS FROM THE PROPERTY
 22 CONTINUE TO BE HELD IN TRUST BY THE TRUSTEE OR TRUSTEES OR THE
 23 SUCCESSORS IN TRUST OF THE TRUSTEE OR TRUSTEES;
- 24 (3) BOTH THE HUSBAND AND WIFE ARE BENEFICIARIES OF THE 25 TRUST OR TRUSTS; AND
- 26 (4) THE TRUST INSTRUMENT, DEED, OR OTHER INSTRUMENT OF
 27 CONVEYANCE PROVIDES THAT THIS SECTION SHALL APPLY TO THE PROPERTY
 28 OR THE PROCEEDS FROM THE PROPERTY.
- 29 AFTER THE DEATH OF THE FIRST OF THE HUSBAND OR WIFE 30 TO DIE, ALL PROPERTY HELD IN TRUST THAT WAS IMMUNE FROM THE CLAIMS 31 OF THEIR SEPARATE CREDITORS UNDER SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION 32 IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO THE DEATH OF THE INDIVIDUAL SHALL CONTINUE TO 33 HAVE THE SAME IMMUNITY FROM THE CLAIMS OF THE SEPARATE CREDITORS 34 OF THE DECEDENT AS WOULD HAVE EXISTED IF THE HUSBAND AND WIFE HAD 35 CONTINUED TO HOLD THE PROPERTY CONVEYED IN TRUST, OR THE PROCEEDS 36 FROM THE PROPERTY, AS TENANTS BY THE ENTIRETY.

1	(2) TO THE EXTENT THAT THE SURVIVING SPOUSE REMAINS A
2	BENEFICIARY OF THE TRUST, THE PROPERTY THAT WAS IMMUNE FROM THE
3	CLAIMS OF THE SEPARATE CREDITORS OF THE DECEDENT UNDER PARAGRAPH
4	(1) OF THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE SUBJECT TO THE CLAIMS OF THE SEPARATE
5	CDEDITODS OF THE SHOWING SDOUGE

- 6 (D) THE IMMUNITY FROM THE CLAIMS OF SEPARATE CREDITORS
 7 UNDER SUBSECTIONS (B) AND (C) OF THIS SECTION MAY BE WAIVED, AS TO
 8 EACH SPECIFIC CREDITOR OR ALL SEPARATE CREDITORS OF A HUSBAND AND
 9 WIFE OR SPECIFICALLY DESCRIBED TRUST PROPERTY, OR ALL FORMER
 10 TENANCY BY THE ENTIRETY PROPERTY CONVEYED TO THE TRUSTEE OR
 11 TRUSTEES, BY:
- 12 (1) THE EXPRESS PROVISIONS OF A TRUST INSTRUMENT; OR
- 13 **(2)** The written consent of both the husband and the 14 wife.
- 15 (E) (1) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS
 16 SUBSECTION, IMMUNITY FROM THE CLAIMS OF SEPARATE CREDITORS UNDER
 17 SUBSECTIONS (B) AND (C) OF THIS SECTION SHALL BE WAIVED IF A TRUSTEE
 18 EXECUTES AND DELIVERS A FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE TRUST THAT FAILS
 19 TO DISCLOSE THE REQUESTED IDENTITY OF PROPERTY HELD IN TRUST THAT IS
 20 IMMUNE FROM THE CLAIMS OF SEPARATE CREDITORS.
- 21 (2) IMMUNITY IS NOT WAIVED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION IF THE 22 IDENTITY OF THE PROPERTY THAT IS IMMUNE FROM THE CLAIMS OF SEPARATE 23 CREDITORS IS OTHERWISE REASONABLY DISCLOSED BY:
- 24 (I) A PUBLICLY RECORDED DEED OR OTHER INSTRUMENT 25 OF CONVEYANCE BY THE HUSBAND AND WIFE TO THE TRUSTEE;
- 26 (II) A WRITTEN MEMORANDUM BY THE HUSBAND AND WIFE, 27 OR BY A TRUSTEE, THAT IS RECORDED AMONG THE LAND RECORDS OR OTHER 28 PUBLIC RECORDS IN THE COUNTY OR OTHER JURISDICTION WHERE THE 29 RECORDS OF THE TRUST ARE REGULARLY MAINTAINED; OR
- 30 (III) THE TERMS OF THE TRUST INSTRUMENT, INCLUDING A
 31 SCHEDULE OR EXHIBIT ATTACHED TO THE TRUST INSTRUMENT, IF A COPY OF
 32 THE TRUST INSTRUMENT IS PROVIDED WITH THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT.
- 33 (3) A WAIVER UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE EFFECTIVE 34 ONLY AS TO:

- 1 (I) THE PERSON TO WHOM THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT IS 2 DELIVERED BY THE TRUSTEE;
- 3 (II) THE PARTICULAR TRUST PROPERTY HELD IN TRUST
- 4 FOR WHICH THE IMMUNITY FROM THE CLAIMS OF SEPARATE CREDITORS IS
- 5 INSUFFICIENTLY DISCLOSED ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT; AND
- 6 (III) THE TRANSACTION FOR WHICH THE DISCLOSURE WAS
- 7 SOUGHT.
- 8 (F) IN A DISPUTE RELATING TO THE IMMUNITY OF TRUST PROPERTY
- 9 FROM THE CLAIMS OF A SEPARATE CREDITOR OF A HUSBAND OR WIFE, THE
- 10 TRUSTEE HAS THE BURDEN OF PROVING THE IMMUNITY OF THE TRUST
- 11 PROPERTY FROM THE CLAIMS OF THE CREDITOR.
- 12 (G) AFTER A CONVEYANCE TO A TRUSTEE DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION
- 13 (B) OF THIS SECTION, THE PROPERTY TRANSFERRED SHALL NO LONGER BE
- 14 HELD BY THE HUSBAND AND WIFE AS TENANTS BY THE ENTIRETY.
- 15 (H) THIS SECTION MAY NOT BE CONSTRUED TO AFFECT EXISTING
- 16 STATE LAW WITH RESPECT TO A TENANCY BY THE ENTIRETY.
- 17 (I) THIS SECTION APPLIES ONLY TO TENANCY BY THE ENTIRETY
- 18 PROPERTY CONVEYED TO A TRUSTEE OR TRUSTEES ON OR AFTER OCTOBER 1,
- 19 **2010.**
- 20 SUBTITLE 6. REVOCABLE TRUSTS.
- 21 **14.5–601.**
- 22 (A) THE CAPACITY REQUIRED TO CREATE, AMEND, REVOKE, OR ADD
- 23 PROPERTY TO A REVOCABLE TRUST, OR TO DIRECT THE ACTIONS OF THE
- 24 TRUSTEE OF A REVOCABLE TRUST, IS THE SAME AS THAT REQUIRED TO MAKE A
- 25 WILL.
- 26 (B) NOTHING IN THIS SECTION SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO PROHIBIT
- 27 THE CREATION OF A REVOCABLE TRUST IF THAT CREATION IS OTHERWISE
- 28 AUTHORIZED UNDER STATE LAW.
- 29 (C) THE FACT THAT THE SETTLOR BECOMES INCAPACITATED DOES NOT
- 30 CONVERT A REVOCABLE TRUST INTO AN IRREVOCABLE TRUST.
- 31 **14.5–602**.

- 1 (A) (1) UNLESS THE TERMS OF A TRUST EXPRESSLY PROVIDE THAT 2 THE TRUST IS IRREVOCABLE, THE SETTLOR MAY REVOKE OR AMEND THE 3 TRUST.
- 4 (2) THIS SUBSECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO A TRUST CREATED 5 UNDER AN INSTRUMENT EXECUTED BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 2014 JANUARY 1, 6 2015.
- 7 (B) If A REVOCABLE TRUST IS CREATED OR FUNDED BY MORE THAN 8 ONE SETTLOR:
- 9 (1) TO THE EXTENT THE TRUST CONSISTS OF COMMUNITY 10 PROPERTY, THE TRUST MAY BE REVOKED BY EITHER SPOUSE ACTING ALONE 11 BUT MAY BE AMENDED ONLY BY JOINT ACTION OF BOTH SPOUSES;
- 12 (2) TO THE EXTENT THE TRUST CONSISTS OF PROPERTY OTHER
 13 THAN COMMUNITY PROPERTY, EACH SETTLOR MAY REVOKE OR AMEND THE
 14 TRUST WITH REGARD TO THE PORTION OF THE TRUST PROPERTY
 15 ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE CONTRIBUTION OF THAT SETTLOR; AND
- 16 (3) ON THE REVOCATION OR AMENDMENT OF THE TRUST BY
 17 FEWER THAN ALL OF THE SETTLORS, THE TRUSTEE SHALL PROMPTLY NOTIFY
 18 THE OTHER SETTLORS OF THE REVOCATION OR AMENDMENT.
 - (C) THE SETTLOR MAY REVOKE OR AMEND A REVOCABLE TRUST:
- 20 (1) BY SUBSTANTIALLY COMPLYING WITH A METHOD TO REVOKE 21 OR AMEND THE TRUST PROVIDED IN THE TERMS OF THE TRUST; OR
- 22 (2) IF THE TERMS OF THE TRUST DO NOT PROVIDE A METHOD TO 23 REVOKE OR AMEND THE TRUST OR THE METHOD PROVIDED IN THE TERMS OF 24 THE TRUST IS NOT EXPRESSLY MADE EXCLUSIVE, BY:
- 25 (I) A LATER WILL OR CODICIL THAT EXPRESSLY REFERS TO
 26 THE TRUST OR SPECIFICALLY DEVISES PROPERTY THAT WOULD HAVE PASSED
 27 OTHERWISE ACCORDING TO THE TERMS OF THE TRUST; OR
- 28 (II) ANOTHER METHOD MANIFESTING CLEAR AND 29 CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF THE INTENT OF THE SETTLOR.
- 30 (D) ON REVOCATION OF A REVOCABLE TRUST, THE TRUSTEE SHALL 31 DELIVER THE TRUST PROPERTY AS THE SETTLOR DIRECTS.

- 1 (E) THE POWERS OF A SETTLOR WITH RESPECT TO REVOCATION,
 2 AMENDMENT, OR DISTRIBUTION OF TRUST PROPERTY MAY BE EXERCISED BY AN
 3 AGENT UNDER A POWER OF ATTORNEY ONLY TO THE EXTENT EXPRESSLY
 4 AUTHORIZED BY THE TERMS OF THE TRUST AND THE POWER OF ATTORNEY.
- 5 (F) A GUARDIAN OF THE PROPERTY OF THE SETTLOR OR, IF NO GUARDIAN OF THE PROPERTY HAS BEEN APPOINTED, A GUARDIAN OF THE PERSON OF THE SETTLOR MAY EXERCISE THE POWERS OF THE SETTLOR WITH 8 RESPECT TO REVOCATION, AMENDMENT, OR DISTRIBUTION OF TRUST PROPERTY ONLY WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE COURT SUPERVISING THE GUARDIANSHIP AND ONLY IF THE TRUST INSTRUMENT DOES NOT PROVIDE OTHERWISE.
- 12 **14.5–603.**
- 13 (A) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, WHILE
 14 A TRUST IS REVOCABLE, RIGHTS OF THE BENEFICIARIES ARE SUBJECT TO THE
 15 CONTROL OF THE SETTLOR AND THE DUTIES OF THE TRUSTEE ARE OWED
 16 EXCLUSIVELY TO THE SETTLOR.
- 17 (B) WHILE A TRUST IS REVOCABLE AND A SETTLOR DOES NOT HAVE
 18 THE CAPACITY TO REVOKE THE TRUST, A BENEFICIARY TO WHICH
 19 DISTRIBUTIONS MAY BE MADE DURING THE LIFETIME OF THE SETTLOR SHALL
 20 HAVE THE RIGHT TO ENFORCE THE TRUST AS IF THE TRUST WERE
 21 IRREVOCABLE.
- 22 **14.5-604.**
- 23 A PERSON SHALL COMMENCE A JUDICIAL PROCEEDING TO CONTEST THE
 24 VALIDITY OF A TRUST THAT WAS REVOCABLE AT THE DEATH OF THE SETTLOR
 25 WITHIN 6 MONTHS AFTER THE TRUSTEE SENT THE PERSON A COPY OF THE
 26 TRUST INSTRUMENT AND A NOTICE INFORMING THE PERSON OF THE EXISTENCE
 27 OF THE TRUST, OF THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE TRUSTEE, AND OF THE TIME
 28 ALLOWED FOR COMMENCING A PROCEEDING.
- 29 SUBTITLE 7. OFFICE OF TRUSTEE.
- 30 **14.5–701**.
- 31 (A) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS 32 SECTION, A PERSON DESIGNATED AS TRUSTEE ACCEPTS THE TRUSTEESHIP:
- 33 (1) BY SUBSTANTIALLY COMPLYING WITH A METHOD OF 34 ACCEPTANCE PROVIDED IN THE TERMS OF THE TRUST; OR

- 1 (2) IF THE TERMS OF THE TRUST DO NOT PROVIDE A METHOD OF
- 2 ACCEPTANCE OF THE TRUSTEESHIP OR THE METHOD PROVIDED IN THE TERMS
- 3 IS NOT EXPRESSLY MADE EXCLUSIVE, BY ACCEPTING DELIVERY OF THE TRUST
- 4 PROPERTY, EXERCISING POWERS OR PERFORMING DUTIES AS TRUSTEE, OR
- 5 OTHERWISE INDICATING ACCEPTANCE OF THE TRUSTEESHIP.
- 6 (B) (1) A PERSON DESIGNATED AS TRUSTEE THAT HAS NOT YET ACCEPTED THE TRUSTEESHIP MAY REJECT THE TRUSTEESHIP.
- 8 (2) A DESIGNATED TRUSTEE THAT DOES NOT ACCEPT THE
- 9 TRUSTEESHIP WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME AFTER KNOWING OF THE
- 10 DESIGNATION IS DEEMED TO HAVE REJECTED THE TRUSTEESHIP.
- 11 (C) A PERSON DESIGNATED AS TRUSTEE, WITHOUT ACCEPTING THE
- 12 TRUSTEESHIP, MAY:
- 13 (1) ACT TO PRESERVE THE TRUST PROPERTY IF, WITHIN A
- 14 REASONABLE TIME AFTER ACTING, THE PERSON SENDS A REJECTION OF THE
- 15 TRUSTEESHIP TO THE SETTLOR OR, IF THE SETTLOR IS DECEASED OR LACKS
- 16 CAPACITY, TO A QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY; AND
- 17 (2) INSPECT OR INVESTIGATE TRUST PROPERTY TO DETERMINE
- 18 POTENTIAL LIABILITY UNDER ENVIRONMENTAL OR OTHER LAW OR FOR ANY
- 19 **OTHER PURPOSE.**
- 20 **14.5–702**.
- 21 (A) A TRUSTEE SHALL GIVE BOND TO SECURE PERFORMANCE OF THE
- 22 DUTIES OF THE TRUSTEE ONLY IF THE COURT:
- 23 (1) FINDS THAT A BOND IS NEEDED TO PROTECT THE INTERESTS
- 24 OF THE BENEFICIARIES OR IS REQUIRED BY THE TERMS OF THE TRUST; AND
- 25 (2) HAS NOT DISPENSED WITH THE REQUIREMENT.
- 26 (B) (1) THE COURT MAY SPECIFY THE AMOUNT OF A BOND, THE
- 27 LIABILITIES OF THE BOND, AND WHETHER SURETIES FOR THE BOND ARE
- 28 NECESSARY.
- 29 (2) THE COURT MAY MODIFY OR TERMINATE A BOND AT ANY
- 30 **TIME.**
- 31 **14.5–703.**

- 1 (A) IF A VACANCY OCCURS IN A COTRUSTEESHIP, THE REMAINING 2 COTRUSTEES MAY ACT FOR THE TRUST.
- 3 (B) A COTRUSTEE SHALL PARTICIPATE IN THE PERFORMANCE OF THE
 4 FUNCTION OF A TRUSTEE UNLESS THE COTRUSTEE IS UNAVAILABLE TO
 5 PERFORM THE FUNCTION BECAUSE OF ABSENCE, ILLNESS, DISQUALIFICATION
 6 UNDER OTHER LAW, OR OTHER TEMPORARY INCAPACITY OR THE COTRUSTEE
 7 HAS PROPERLY DELEGATED THE PERFORMANCE OF THE FUNCTION TO
 8 ANOTHER TRUSTEE.
- 9 (C) IF A COTRUSTEE IS UNAVAILABLE TO PERFORM DUTIES BECAUSE
 10 OF ABSENCE, ILLNESS, DISQUALIFICATION UNDER OTHER LAW, OR OTHER
 11 TEMPORARY INCAPACITY, AND PROMPT ACTION IS NECESSARY TO ACHIEVE THE
 12 PURPOSES OF THE TRUST OR TO AVOID INJURY TO THE TRUST PROPERTY, THE
 13 REMAINING COTRUSTEE OR COTRUSTEES MAY ACT FOR THE TRUST.
- 14 **(D) (1) A** TRUSTEE MAY DELEGATE INVESTMENT AND MANAGEMENT 15 FUNCTIONS TO A COTRUSTEE AS PRUDENT UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES.
- 16 (2) UNLESS A DELEGATION OF AN INVESTMENT OR MANAGEMENT
 17 FUNCTION WAS IRREVOCABLE, A TRUSTEE MAY REVOKE A DELEGATION
 18 PREVIOUSLY MADE.
- 19 **14.5–704.**
- 20 (A) A VACANCY IN A TRUSTEESHIP OCCURS IF:
- 21 **(1)** A PERSON DESIGNATED AS TRUSTEE REJECTS THE 22 TRUSTEESHIP;
- 23 (2) A PERSON DESIGNATED AS TRUSTEE CANNOT BE IDENTIFIED 24 OR DOES NOT EXIST;
- 25 (3) A TRUSTEE RESIGNS;
- 26 (4) A TRUSTEE IS DISQUALIFIED OR REMOVED;
- 27 (5) A TRUSTEE DIES;
- 28 **(6)** A GUARDIAN OF THE PERSON OR GUARDIAN OF THE 29 PROPERTY IS APPOINTED FOR AN INDIVIDUAL SERVING AS TRUSTEE;

- 1 (7) A TRUSTEE CANNOT BE LOCATED FOR 120 CONSECUTIVE
- 2 DAYS; OR
- 3 (8) A TRUSTEE IS UNABLE TO HANDLE BUSINESS AFFAIRS AS 4 DETERMINED BY TWO LICENSED PHYSICIANS.
- 5 (B) (1) IF ONE OR MORE COTRUSTEES REMAIN IN OFFICE, A VACANCY 6 IN A TRUSTEESHIP NEED NOT BE FILLED.
- 7 (2) A VACANCY IN A TRUSTEESHIP SHALL BE FILLED IF THE 8 TRUST HAS NO REMAINING TRUSTEE.
- 9 (C) A VACANCY IN A TRUSTEESHIP THAT IS REQUIRED TO BE FILLED 10 SHALL BE FILLED IN THE FOLLOWING ORDER OF PRIORITY BY A PERSON:
- 11 (1) DESIGNATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS OF THE 12 TRUST TO ACT AS SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE;
- 13 **(2)** APPOINTED BY UNANIMOUS AGREEMENT OF THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES; OR
- 15 (3) APPOINTED BY THE COURT.
- 16 (D) THE COURT MAY APPOINT AN ADDITIONAL TRUSTEE OR SPECIAL
 17 FIDUCIARY WHENEVER THE COURT CONSIDERS THE APPOINTMENT NECESSARY
 18 FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE TRUST, WHETHER OR NOT A VACANCY IN A
 19 TRUSTEESHIP EXISTS OR IS REQUIRED TO BE FILLED.
- 20 **14.5–705**.
- 21 (A) A TRUSTEE MAY RESIGN WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE COURT.
- 22 (B) IN APPROVING A RESIGNATION OF A TRUSTEE, THE COURT MAY 23 ISSUE ORDERS AND IMPOSE CONDITIONS REASONABLY NECESSARY FOR THE
- 24 PROTECTION OF THE TRUST PROPERTY.
- 25 (C) LIABILITY OF A RESIGNING TRUSTEE OR OF A SURETY ON THE BOND
- 26 OF THE TRUSTEE FOR ACTS OR OMISSIONS OF THE TRUSTEE IS NOT
- 27 DISCHARGED OR AFFECTED BY THE RESIGNATION OF THE TRUSTEE.
- 28 **14.5–706**.
- IN ADDITION TO THE GROUNDS AND PROCEDURES FOR REMOVAL OF A FIDUCIARY SET FORTH IN § 15–112 OF THIS ARTICLE:

- 1 (1) THE SETTLOR, A COTRUSTEE, OR A BENEFICIARY MAY 2 REQUEST THE COURT TO REMOVE A TRUSTEE, OR A TRUSTEE MAY BE REMOVED 3 BY THE COURT ON THE COURT'S OWN INITIATIVE;
- 4 (2) THE COURT MAY REMOVE A TRUSTEE IF:
- 5 (I) THE TRUSTEE HAS COMMITTED A SERIOUS BREACH OF
- 6 TRUST;
- 7 (II) LACK OF COOPERATION AMONG COTRUSTEES
- 8 SUBSTANTIALLY IMPAIRS THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE TRUST;
- 9 (III) BECAUSE OF UNFITNESS, UNWILLINGNESS, OR
- 10 PERSISTENT FAILURE OF THE TRUSTEE TO ADMINISTER THE TRUST
- 11 EFFECTIVELY, THE COURT DETERMINES THAT REMOVAL OF THE TRUSTEE BEST
- 12 SERVES THE INTERESTS OF THE BENEFICIARIES; OR
- 13 (IV) THERE HAS BEEN A SUBSTANTIAL CHANGE OF
- 14 CIRCUMSTANCES AND REMOVAL IS REQUESTED BY ALL OF THE QUALIFIED
- 15 BENEFICIARIES, THE COURT FINDS THAT REMOVAL OF THE TRUSTEE BEST
- 16 SERVES THE INTEREST OF ALL OF THE BENEFICIARIES AND IS NOT
- 17 INCONSISTENT WITH A MATERIAL PURPOSE OF THE TRUST, AND A SUITABLE
- 18 COTRUSTEE OR SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE IS AVAILABLE; AND
- 19 (3) PENDING A FINAL DECISION ON A REQUEST TO REMOVE A
- $20\,$ $\,$ Trustee, or in lieu of or in addition to removing a trustee, the court
- 21 MAY ORDER APPROPRIATE RELIEF UNDER § 14.5–901(B) OF THIS TITLE AS MAY
- 22 BE NECESSARY TO PROTECT THE TRUST PROPERTY OR THE INTERESTS OF THE
- 23 BENEFICIARIES.
- 24 **14.5–707.**
- 25 (A) Unless a cotrustee remains in office or the court
- 26 OTHERWISE ORDERS, AND UNTIL THE TRUST PROPERTY IS DELIVERED TO A
- 27 SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE OR OTHER PERSON ENTITLED TO THE TRUST PROPERTY.
- 28 A TRUSTEE THAT HAS RESIGNED OR BEEN REMOVED HAS THE DUTIES OF A
- 29 TRUSTEE AND THE POWERS NECESSARY TO PROTECT THE TRUST PROPERTY.
- 30 (B) A TRUSTEE THAT HAS RESIGNED OR HAS BEEN REMOVED SHALL
- 31 PROCEED EXPEDITIOUSLY TO DELIVER THE TRUST PROPERTY WITHIN THE
- 32 POSSESSION OF THE TRUSTEE TO THE COTRUSTEE, SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE, OR
- 33 OTHER PERSON ENTITLED TO THE TRUST PROPERTY.

- 1 **14.5–708.**
- 2 (A) (I) (I) A TESTAMENTARY TRUSTEE AND TRUSTEE OF ANY
- 3 OTHER TRUST WHOSE DUTIES COMPRISE THE COLLECTION AND DISTRIBUTION
- 4 OF INCOME FROM PROPERTY HELD UNDER A TRUST AGREEMENT OR THE
- 5 PRESERVATION AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE PROPERTY ARE ENTITLED TO
- 6 COMMISSIONS PROVIDED FOR IN THIS SECTION FOR SERVICES IN
- 7 ADMINISTERING THE TRUSTS.
- 8 (II) THE AMOUNT AND SOURCE OF PAYMENT OF
- 9 COMMISSIONS ARE SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF ANY VALID AGREEMENT.
- 10 (III) A COURT HAVING JURISDICTION OVER THE
- 11 ADMINISTRATION OF THE TRUST MAY INCREASE OR DIMINISH COMMISSIONS
- 12 FOR SUFFICIENT CAUSE OR MAY ALLOW SPECIAL COMMISSIONS OR
- 13 COMPENSATION FOR SERVICES OF AN UNUSUAL NATURE.
- 14 (2) A SCHEDULE OF INCREASED RATES OF INCOME COMMISSIONS
- 15 AND CORPUS COMMISSIONS MAY BE CHARGED BY A TRUSTEE WHOSE ACTIVITIES
- 16 ARE SUBJECT TO STATE OR FEDERAL SUPERVISION OR THAT IS A MEMBER OF
- 17 THE MARYLAND BAR AND WHO HAS:
- 18 (I) FILED A SCHEDULE OF THE INCREASED RATES OF
- 19 COMMISSIONS WITH AN APPROPRIATE AGENCY; AND
- 20 (II) GIVEN NOTICE OF THE SCHEDULED RATES OR
- 21 REVISIONS TO THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES OF THE AFFECTED TRUST.
- 22 (3) THE NOTICE REQUIRED UNDER PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS
- 23 SUBSECTION SHALL BE DELIVERED TO THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES
- 24 PERSONALLY OR SENT TO THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES AT THEIR LAST
- 25 KNOWN ADDRESS BY CERTIFIED MAIL, POSTAGE PREPAID, RETURN RECEIPT
- 26 REQUESTED.
- 27 (B) (1) ACCOUNTING FROM JULY 1, 1981, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER
- 28 THE TRUST WAS IN EXISTENCE AT THAT TIME, INCOME COMMISSIONS ARE:
- 29 (I) 6% ON ALL INCOME FROM REAL ESTATE, GROUND
- 30 RENTS, AND MORTGAGES COLLECTED IN EACH YEAR; AND
- 31 (II) 1. 6.5% ON THE FIRST \$10,000 OF ALL OTHER
- 32 INCOME COLLECTED IN EACH YEAR;
 - 2. 5% ON THE NEXT \$10,000;

3. 4% ON THE NEXT \$10,000; AND
4. 3% ON ANY REMAINDER.
(2) (I) INCOME COMMISSIONS SHALL BE PAID FROM AND CHARGEABLE AGAINST INCOME.
(II) INCOME COLLECTED INCLUDES A PORTION OF INCOME PAYABLE TO A TRUSTEE BUT WITHHELD BY THE PAYOR IN COMPLIANCE WITH REVENUE LAW.
(C) (1) ACCOUNTING FROM JULY 1, 1981, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE TRUST WAS IN EXISTENCE AT THAT TIME, COMMISSIONS ARE PAYABLE AT THE END OF EACH YEAR ON THE FAIR VALUE OF THE CORPUS OR PRINCIPAL HELD IN TRUST AT THE END OF EACH YEAR AS FOLLOWS:
(I) 0.4% ON THE FIRST \$250,000;
(II) 0.25% ON THE NEXT \$250,000;
(III) 0.15% ON THE NEXT \$500,000; AND
(IV) 0.1% ON ANY EXCESS.
(2) CORPUS COMMISSIONS UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE PAID OUT OF AND CHARGEABLE AGAINST THE CORPUS.
(3) If a trust terminates, with respect to all or part of the corpus held in trust in the course of a year, the commission for that year shall be reduced or prorated according to the part of the year elapsed and the amount of corpus as to which the trust terminates, and be chargeable, for that part of the year, and with respect to this part of the corpus, at the termination of the trust on the then value of the corpus.
(D) (1) FOR SELLING REAL OR LEASEHOLD PROPERTY, A COMMISSION ON THE PROCEEDS OF THE SALE IS PAYABLE AT THE RATE ALLOWED BY RULE OF COURT OR STATUTE TO TRUSTEES APPOINTED TO MAKE SALES UNDER DECREES OR ORDERS OF THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE COUNTY WHERE THE REAL OR LEASEHOLD PROPERTY IS SITUATED, OR IF THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED OUTSIDE MARYLAND, FOR SELLING SIMILAR PROPERTY IN THE COUNTY WHERE THE TRUST IS BEING ADMINISTERED.

- 1 (2) THE COMMISSION DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS 2 SUBSECTION IS PAYABLE FROM THE PROCEEDS OF THE SALE WHEN 3 COLLECTED.
- 4 (E) (1) ON THE FINAL DISTRIBUTION OF A TRUST ESTATE OR A
 5 PORTION OF A TRUST ESTATE, AN ALLOWANCE IS PAYABLE COMMENSURATE
 6 WITH THE LABOR AND RESPONSIBILITY INVOLVED IN MAKING THE
 7 DISTRIBUTION, INCLUDING THE MAKING OF A DIVISION, THE ASCERTAINMENT
 8 OF THE PARTIES ENTITLED TO THE DISTRIBUTION, THE ASCERTAINMENT AND
 9 PAYMENT OF TAXES, AND ANY NECESSARY TRANSFER OF ASSETS.
- 10 (2) THE ALLOWANCE DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION IS SUBJECT TO REVISION OR DETERMINATION BY A CIRCUIT COURT HAVING JURISDICTION.
- 13 (3) IN THE ABSENCE OF SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES, THE 14 ALLOWANCE DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE 15 EQUAL TO 0.5% OF THE FAIR VALUE OF THE CORPUS THAT IS DISTRIBUTED.
- 16 (F) (1) IN DETERMINING WHAT IS A SINGLE TRUST FOR THE
 17 APPLICATION OF THE RATES PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION, ALL PROPERTY HELD
 18 UNDIVIDED UNDER THE TERMS OF THE WILL OR OTHER INSTRUMENT CREATING
 19 THE TRUST SHALL BE CONSIDERED AS A SINGLE TRUST.
- 20 (2) AFTER SHARES HAVE BEEN SET APART OR DIVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION, TO BE HELD IN SEPARATE TRUST, EACH SEPARATE TRUST SET APART SHALL BE CONSIDERED AS A SINGLE TRUST.
- 24 (G) (1) INSTEAD OF THE RATES OF INCOME COMMISSIONS AND 25 CORPUS COMMISSIONS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTIONS (B) AND (C) OF THIS 26 SECTION, A TRUSTEE MAY CHARGE REASONABLE COMPENSATION CALCULATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH A SCHEDULE OF RATES PREVIOUSLY FILED BY THE TRUSTEE WITH THE APPROPRIATE AGENCY AS SPECIFIED IN PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, IF THE TRUSTEE IS:
- 30 (I) A FINANCIAL INSTITUTION WHOSE ACTIVITIES ARE 31 SUBJECT TO SUPERVISION BY THIS STATE OR THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT OR 32 THAT IS AN INSTRUMENTALITY OF THE UNITED STATES; OR
 - (II) A MEMBER OF THE MARYLAND BAR.
- 34 **(2)** A TRUSTEE SHALL FILE A SCHEDULE OF RATES UNDER THIS 35 SUBSECTION AS FOLLOWS:

- 1 (I) FOR A SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION, WITH THE 2 STATE DIRECTOR OF THE DIVISION OF SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS;
- 3 (II) FOR ALL OTHER TRUSTEES, INCLUDING ATTORNEYS
- 4 AND STATE CHARTERED AND NATIONAL BANKS, WITH THE COMMISSIONER OF
- 5 FINANCIAL REGULATION; AND
- 6 (III) FOR A TRUSTEE ADMINISTERING AN ESTATE UNDER 7 THE JURISDICTION OF A COURT, IN ADDITION TO THE FILING DESCRIBED IN 8 ITEM (I) OR (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, WITH THE TRUST CLERK OF THE COURT.
- 9 (3) IN A TRUST INVOLVING MULTIPLE TRUSTEES IN WHICH MORE 10 THAN ONE OF THE TRUSTEES MAY BE ENTITLED TO FILE A SCHEDULE OF
- 11 INCREASED RATES, THE CONTROLLING SCHEDULE WILL BE THE SCHEDULE
- 12 FILED BY THE TRUSTEE HAVING CUSTODY OF THE ASSETS AND MAINTAINING
- 13 RECORDS OF THE TRUST.
- 14 (4) (I) ON THE FILING BY A TRUSTEE OF A SCHEDULE OF
- 15 INCREASED RATES UNDER THIS SUBSECTION, THE TRUSTEE SHALL GIVE NOTICE
- 16 TO THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES OF EACH AFFECTED TRUST.
- 17 (II) THE NOTICE REQUIRED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH
- 18 SHALL BE DELIVERED TO THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES PERSONALLY OR
- 19 SENT TO THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES AT THE LAST KNOWN ADDRESS OF THE
- 20 QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES BY CERTIFIED MAIL, POSTAGE PREPAID, RETURN
- 21 RECEIPT REQUESTED.
- 22 (III) A QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY OF A TRUST THAT OBJECTS
- 23 TO THE SCHEDULE OF RATES TO BE CHARGED TO THAT TRUST, AFTER
- 24 NOTIFYING THE TRUSTEE OF THE OBJECTION, MAY PETITION THI
- 25 APPROPRIATE CIRCUIT COURT TO REVIEW THE REASONABLENESS OF THE
- 26 RATES TO BE CHARGED.
- 27 (IV) THE NOTICE REQUIRED BY THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL
- 28 INCLUDE A CLEAR STATEMENT OF THE RIGHTS AND PROCEDURES AVAILABLE
- 29 TO QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES UNDER THIS SUBSECTION.
- 30 (V) IF THE COURT FINDS THAT THE RATES IN THE
- 31 SCHEDULE ARE UNREASONABLE FOR THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR OF THE
- 32 PARTICULAR TRUST, THE COMMISSIONS OF THE TRUSTEE FOR THAT TRUST FOR
- 33 THAT FISCAL YEAR SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE RATES CHARGED THAT TRUST
- 34 DURING THE PREVIOUS FISCAL YEAR.

- 1 (5) If A TRUSTEE DOES NOT FILE A SCHEDULE OF RATES WITH 2 THE APPROPRIATE AGENCY UNDER PARAGRAPH (2)(I) OR (II) OF THIS 3 SUBSECTION AND DOES NOT NOTIFY QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES AS PROVIDED 4 IN PARAGRAPH (4) OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE TRUSTEE IS LIMITED TO CHARGING THE RATES SET FORTH IN SUBSECTIONS (B) AND (C) OF THIS SECTION.
- 7 (H) AN INDIVIDUAL TRUSTEE THAT IS NOT AUTHORIZED TO FILE A 8 SCHEDULE OF INCREASED RATES UNDER THIS SECTION IS LIMITED TO 9 CHARGING THE RATES SET FORTH IN SUBSECTIONS (B) AND (C) OF THIS 10 SECTION UNLESS THE TRUSTEE PETITIONS THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE 11 COUNTY WHERE THE TRUSTEE IS LOCATED AND OBTAINS APPROVAL OF AN 12 INCREASE IN FEE AFTER GIVING NOTICE OF THE ACTION TO THE QUALIFIED 13 BENEFICIARIES OF THE AFFECTED TRUSTS.
- 14 (I) THE SCHEDULE OF INCREASED RATES OF INCOME COMMISSIONS
 15 AND CORPUS COMMISSIONS WHICH TRUSTEES ARE AUTHORIZED TO CHARGE AS
 16 PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (G) OF THIS SECTION IS NOT APPLICABLE TO
 17 GUARDIANS.
- 18 (J) THE LEGAL AND COURT COSTS INCURRED BY THE TRUSTEE IN
 19 ACCORDANCE WITH A COURT REVIEW UNDER SUBSECTION (G)(4) OR
 20 SUBSECTION (H) OF THIS SECTION SHALL BE CHARGED AGAINST FEES OF THE
 21 TRUSTEE AND MAY NOT BE ASSUMED BY THE TRUST OR THE BENEFICIARIES.
- 22 **14.5–709**.
- 23 (A) A TRUSTEE IS ENTITLED TO BE REIMBURSED OUT OF THE TRUST 24 PROPERTY, WITH INTEREST AS APPROPRIATE, FOR:
- 25 (1) EXPENSES THAT WERE PROPERLY INCURRED IN THE 26 ADMINISTRATION OF THE TRUST; AND
- 27 (2) TO THE EXTENT NECESSARY TO PREVENT UNJUST 28 ENRICHMENT OF THE TRUST, EXPENSES THAT WERE NOT PROPERLY INCURRED 29 IN THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE TRUST.
- 30 (B) AN ADVANCE BY THE TRUSTEE OF MONEY FOR THE PROTECTION OF 31 THE TRUST GIVES RISE TO A LIEN AGAINST TRUST PROPERTY TO SECURE 32 REIMBURSEMENT WITH REASONABLE INTEREST.
- 33 **14.5–710.**

1 2	(A) THE FOLLOWING PERSONS MAY EXERCISE TRUST OR FIDUCIARY POWERS IN THIS STATE:
3	(1) AN INDIVIDUAL;
4	(2) A TRUST COMPANY AS DEFINED IN § 1–101 OF THIS ARTICLE;
5 6	(3) AN ORGANIZATION EXEMPT FROM TAXATION UNDER § 501(C) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986, AS AMENDED; AND
7 8 9	(4) SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, A BANK, TRUST COMPANY, OR SAVINGS BANK, OTHER THAN ONE DESCRIBED IN ITEM (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, THAT IS:
10 11 12	(I) ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF ANOTHER STATE AND AUTHORIZED TO EXERCISE TRUST OR FIDUCIARY POWERS IN THE STATE WHERE THE PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS OF THE INSTITUTION IS LOCATED; OR
13 14 15	(II) ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES AND AUTHORIZED TO EXERCISE TRUST OR FIDUCIARY POWERS UNDER FEDERAL LAW.
16 17 18 19 20 21	(B) (1) A BANK, TRUST COMPANY, OR SAVINGS BANK DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (A)(4) OF THIS SECTION MAY EXERCISE TRUST OR FIDUCIARY POWERS IN THIS STATE ONLY IF THE LAWS OF THE STATE WHERE ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IS LOCATED AUTHORIZE A BANK, TRUST COMPANY, OR SAVINGS BANK FROM THIS STATE TO EXERCISE TRUST OR FIDUCIARY POWERS IN THAT STATE.
22 23 24 25 26	(2) A BANK, TRUST COMPANY, OR SAVINGS BANK AUTHORIZED TO EXERCISE TRUST POWERS UNDER SUBSECTION (A)(4) OF THIS SECTION SHALL FILE WITH THE COMMISSIONER OF FINANCIAL REGULATION, BEFORE EXERCISING TRUST POWERS IN THIS STATE, INFORMATION SUFFICIENT TO IDENTIFY:
27 28	(I) THE CORRECT CORPORATE NAME OF THE BANK, TRUST COMPANY, OR SAVINGS BANK;
29 30	(II) AN ADDRESS AND A TELEPHONE NUMBER OF A CONTACT PERSON FOR THE BANK, TRUST COMPANY, OR SAVINGS BANK;

(III) A RESIDENT AGENT; AND

- 1 (IV) ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONSIDERED NECESSARY 2 BY THE COMMISSIONER FOR PROTECTION OF THE PUBLIC.
- 3 **14.5–711.**
- 4 A JUDGE OF A COURT ESTABLISHED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OR
- 5 THE UNITED STATES OR A CLERK OF COURT OR REGISTER OF WILLS, UNLESS
- 6 THE JUDGE, CLERK, OR REGISTER IS THE SURVIVING SPOUSE OF THE GRANTOR
- 7 OF THE TRUST, OR IS RELATED TO THE GRANTOR WITHIN THE THIRD DEGREE,
- 8 MAY NOT SERVE AS A TRUSTEE OF AN INTER VIVOS OR TESTAMENTARY TRUST
- 9 CREATED BY AN INSTRUMENT AND EXECUTED IN THE STATE BY THE GRANTOR
- 10 OR A TRUSTEE, ADMINISTERED IN THE STATE, OR GOVERNED BY THE LAWS OF
- 11 THE STATE, UNLESS THE JUDGE, CLERK, OR REGISTER WAS ACTUALLY SERVING
- 12 AS A TRUSTEE OF THE TRUST ON DECEMBER 31, 1969.
- 13 SUBTITLE 8. DUTIES AND POWERS OF TRUSTEE.
- 14 **14.5–801.**
- ON ACCEPTANCE OF A TRUSTEESHIP, THE TRUSTEE SHALL ADMINISTER
- 16 THE TRUST REASONABLY UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES, IN ACCORDANCE WITH
- 17 THE TERMS AND PURPOSES OF THE TRUST AND THE INTERESTS OF THE
- 18 BENEFICIARIES, AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS TITLE.
- 19 **14.5–802.**
- 20 (A) A TRUSTEE SHALL ADMINISTER THE TRUST SOLELY IN THE
- 21 INTERESTS OF THE BENEFICIARIES.
- 22 (B) SUBJECT TO THE RIGHTS OF PERSONS DEALING WITH OR ASSISTING
- 23 THE TRUSTEE AS PROVIDED IN § 14.5-909 OF THIS TITLE, A SALE, AN
- 24 ENCUMBRANCE, OR ANY OTHER TRANSACTION INVOLVING THE INVESTMENT OR
- 25 MANAGEMENT OF TRUST PROPERTY ENTERED INTO BY THE TRUSTEE FOR THE
- 26 PERSONAL ACCOUNT OF THE TRUSTEE OR WHICH IS OTHERWISE AFFECTED BY A
- 27 CONFLICT BETWEEN THE FIDUCIARY AND PERSONAL INTERESTS OF THE
- 28 TRUSTEE IS VOIDABLE BY A BENEFICIARY AFFECTED BY THE TRANSACTION
- 29 UNLESS:
- 30 (1) THE TRANSACTION WAS AUTHORIZED BY THE TERMS OF THE
- 31 TRUST;
- 32 (2) THE TRANSACTION WAS APPROVED BY THE COURT;

- 1 (3) THE BENEFICIARY DID NOT COMMENCE A JUDICIAL 2 PROCEEDING WITHIN THE TIME ALLOWED BY LAW;
- 3 (4) THE BENEFICIARY CONSENTED TO THE CONDUCT OF THE 4 TRUSTEE, RATIFIED THE TRANSACTION, OR RELEASED THE TRUSTEE IN 5 COMPLIANCE WITH § 14.5–907 OF THIS TITLE; OR
- 6 (5) THE TRANSACTION INVOLVES A CONTRACT ENTERED INTO OR
 7 CLAIM ACQUIRED BY THE TRUSTEE BEFORE THE PERSON BECAME OR
 8 CONTEMPLATED BECOMING THE TRUSTEE.
- 9 (C) A SALE, AN ENCUMBRANCE, OR ANY OTHER TRANSACTION
 10 INVOLVING THE INVESTMENT OR MANAGEMENT OF TRUST PROPERTY IS
 11 PRESUMED TO BE AFFECTED BY A CONFLICT BETWEEN PERSONAL AND
 12 FIDUCIARY INTERESTS IF THE TRANSACTION IS ENTERED INTO BY THE TRUSTEE
 13 WITH:
- 14 (1) THE SPOUSE OF THE TRUSTEE;
- 15 (2) A DESCENDANT, SIBLING, OR PARENT OF THE TRUSTEE OR A SPOUSE OF A DESCENDANT, SIBLING, OR PARENT OF THE TRUSTEE;
- 17 (3) AN AGENT OR ATTORNEY OF THE TRUSTEE; OR
- 18 (4) A CORPORATION OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTERPRISE IN
 19 WHICH THE TRUSTEE, OR A PERSON THAT OWNS A SIGNIFICANT INTEREST IN
 20 THE TRUSTEE, HAS AN INTEREST THAT MIGHT AFFECT THE BEST JUDGMENT OF
 21 THE TRUSTEE.
- (D) A TRANSACTION THAT DOES NOT CONCERN TRUST PROPERTY IN
 WHICH THE TRUSTEE ENGAGES IN AN INDIVIDUAL CAPACITY INVOLVES A
 CONFLICT BETWEEN PERSONAL AND FIDUCIARY INTERESTS IF THE
 TRANSACTION CONCERNS AN OPPORTUNITY PROPERLY BELONGING TO THE
 TRUST.
- (E) (1) IN VOTING SHARES OF STOCK OR IN EXERCISING POWERS OF CONTROL OVER SIMILAR INTERESTS IN OTHER FORMS OF ENTERPRISE, THE TRUSTEE SHALL ACT IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF THE BENEFICIARIES.
- 30 (2) If the trust is the sole owner of a corporation or 31 ANY OTHER FORM OF ENTERPRISE, THE TRUSTEE SHALL ELECT OR APPOINT 32 DIRECTORS OR OTHER MANAGERS THAT WILL MANAGE THE CORPORATION OR 33 ENTERPRISE IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF THE BENEFICIARIES.

- 1 (F) THIS SECTION DOES NOT PRECLUDE THE FOLLOWING 2 TRANSACTIONS, IF FAIR TO THE BENEFICIARIES:
- 3 (1) AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN A TRUSTEE AND A BENEFICIARY RELATING TO THE APPOINTMENT OR COMPENSATION OF THE TRUSTEE;
- 5 (2) PAYMENT OF REASONABLE COMPENSATION TO THE TRUSTEE;
- 6 (3) A TRANSACTION BETWEEN A TRUST AND ANOTHER TRUST,
 7 DECEDENT'S ESTATE, OR GUARDIANSHIP ESTATE OF WHICH THE TRUSTEE IS A
- 8 FIDUCIARY OR IN WHICH A BENEFICIARY HAS AN INTEREST; OR
- 9 **(4)** AN ADVANCE BY THE TRUSTEE OF MONEY FOR THE 10 PROTECTION OF THE TRUST.
- 11 (G) THE COURT MAY APPOINT A SPECIAL FIDUCIARY TO MAKE A
 12 DECISION WITH RESPECT TO A PROPOSED TRANSACTION THAT MIGHT VIOLATE
 13 THIS SECTION, IF ENTERED INTO BY THE TRUSTEE.
- 14 **14.5–803.**
- 15 IF A TRUST HAS TWO OR MORE BENEFICIARIES, THE TRUSTEE SHALL ACT
- 16 IMPARTIALLY IN INVESTING, MANAGING, AND DISTRIBUTING THE TRUST
- 17 PROPERTY, GIVING DUE REGARD TO THE RESPECTIVE INTERESTS OF THE
- 18 BENEFICIARIES.
- 19 **14.5–804.**
- 20 (A) A TRUSTEE SHALL ADMINISTER THE TRUST AS A PRUDENT PERSON
- 21 WOULD, BY CONSIDERING THE PURPOSES, TERMS, DISTRIBUTIONAL
- 22 REQUIREMENTS, AND OTHER CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE TRUST.
- 23 (B) IN SATISFYING THE STANDARD DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (A) OF
- 24 THIS SECTION, THE TRUSTEE SHALL EXERCISE REASONABLE CARE, SKILL, AND
- 25 CAUTION.
- 26 **14.5–805**.
- 27 IN ADMINISTERING A TRUST, THE TRUSTEE MAY INCUR ONLY COSTS THAT
- 28 ARE REASONABLE IN RELATION TO THE TRUST PROPERTY, THE PURPOSES OF
- 29 THE TRUST, AND THE SKILLS OF THE TRUSTEE.
- 30 **14.5–806.**

- A TRUSTEE THAT HAS SPECIAL SKILLS OR EXPERTISE, OR IS NAMED
- 2 TRUSTEE IN RELIANCE ON THE REPRESENTATION OF THE TRUSTEE THAT THE
- 3 TRUSTEE HAS SPECIAL SKILLS OR EXPERTISE, SHALL USE THOSE SPECIAL
- 4 SKILLS OR EXPERTISE.
- 5 **14.5–807**.
- 6 (A) (1) A TRUSTEE MAY DELEGATE DUTIES AND POWERS THAT A
- 7 PRUDENT TRUSTEE OF COMPARABLE SKILLS COULD PROPERLY DELEGATE
- 8 UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES TO AN AGENT, EVEN IF THE AGENT IS ASSOCIATED
- 9 WITH THE TRUSTEE.
- 10 (2) A TRUSTEE SHALL EXERCISE REASONABLE CARE, SKILL, AND
- 11 CAUTION IN:
- 12 (I) SELECTING AN AGENT;
- 13 (II) ESTABLISHING THE SCOPE AND TERMS OF THE
- 14 DELEGATION, CONSISTENT WITH THE PURPOSES AND TERMS OF THE TRUST;
- 15 **AND**
- 16 (III) PERIODICALLY REVIEWING THE ACTIONS OF THE
- 17 AGENT IN ORDER TO MONITOR THE PERFORMANCE OF THE AGENT AND
- 18 COMPLIANCE WITH THE TERMS OF THE DELEGATION BY THE AGENT.
- 19 (B) IN PERFORMING A DELEGATED FUNCTION, AN AGENT OWES A DUTY
- 20 TO THE TRUST TO EXERCISE REASONABLE CARE TO COMPLY WITH THE TERMS
- 21 OF THE DELEGATION.
- 22 (C) BY ACCEPTING A DELEGATION OF POWERS OR DUTIES FROM THE
- 23 TRUSTEE OF A TRUST THAT IS SUBJECT TO THE LAWS OF THIS STATE, AN AGENT
- 24 SUBMITS TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE COURTS OF THIS STATE.
- 25 (D) THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO A DELEGATION OF INVESTMENT
- 26 DUTIES OR POWERS IN ACCORDANCE WITH § 15–114 OF THIS ARTICLE.
- 27 **14.5–808**.
- 28 (A) WHILE A TRUST IS REVOCABLE, THE TRUSTEE MAY FOLLOW A
- 29 WRITTEN DIRECTION OF THE SETTLOR THAT IS CONTRARY TO THE TERMS OF
- 30 THE TRUST.
- 31 (B) (I) (I) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS
- 32 SUBSECTION, IF THE TERMS OF A TRUST CONFER ON ONE OR MORE PERSONS,

- 1 OTHER THAN THE SETTLOR OF A REVOCABLE TRUST, A POWER TO DIRECT,
- 2 CONSENT TO, OR DISAPPROVE THE ACTUAL OR PROPOSED INVESTMENT
- 3 DECISIONS, DISTRIBUTION DECISIONS, OR OTHER DECISIONS OF THE TRUSTEE,
- 4 THE PERSONS SHALL BE CONSIDERED ADVISERS AND FIDUCIARIES THAT, AS
- 5 SUCH, ARE REQUIRED TO ACT REASONABLY UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES WITH
- 6 REGARD TO THE PURPOSES OF THE TRUST AND THE INTERESTS OF THE
- 7 BENEFICIARIES.
- 8 (II) THE TRUSTEE MAY NOT ACT IN ACCORDANCE WITH AN
- 9 EXERCISE OF THE POWER IF:
- 1. The attempted exercise is manifestly
- 11 CONTRARY TO THE TERMS OF THE TRUST, UNLESS EXPRESSLY WAIVED IN
- 12 WRITING BY THE SETTLOR; OR
- 13 2. THE TRUSTEE KNOWS THE ATTEMPTED EXERCISE
- 14 WOULD CONSTITUTE A BREACH OF A FIDUCIARY DUTY THAT THE PERSON
- 15 HOLDING THE POWER OWES TO THE BENEFICIARIES OF THE TRUST.
- 16 (2) A BENEFICIARY THAT HOLDS A POWER TO DIRECT, CONSENT
- 17 TO, OR DISAPPROVE OF A TRUSTEE ACTION MAY NOT BE TREATED AS A
- 18 FIDUCIARY WITH RESPECT TO THE EXERCISE OF THE POWER TO THE EXTENT
- 19 THAT THE ONLY PERSONS WHOSE INTERESTS IN THE TRUST ARE AFFECTED BY
- 20 THE DECISION OF THE BENEFICIARY ARE THE BENEFICIARY AND THOSE
- 21 PERSONS WHOSE INTERESTS IN THE TRUST ARE SUBJECT TO CONTROL BY THE
- 22 BENEFICIARY THROUGH THE EXERCISE OF A POWER OF APPOINTMENT.
- 23 (3) An adviser under this subsection is liable for a loss
- 24 THAT RESULTS FROM BREACH OF A FIDUCIARY DUTY.
- 25 (C) (1) IF THE TERMS OF A TRUST REQUIRE THAT A TRUSTEE SHALL
- 26 FOLLOW THE DIRECTION OF AN ADVISER WITH RESPECT TO PROPOSED
- 27 INVESTMENT DECISIONS, DISTRIBUTION DECISIONS, OR OTHER DECISIONS OF
- 28 THE TRUSTEE:
- 29 (I) THE TRUSTEE SHALL ACT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
- 30 DIRECTION OF THE ADVISER AND MAY NOT BE LIABLE FOR A LOSS RESULTING
- 31 DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY FROM THE ACT EXCEPT IN THE CASE OF WILLFUL
- 32 MISCONDUCT ON THE PART OF THE TRUSTEE; AND
 - (II) THE TRUSTEE SHALL HAVE NO DUTY TO:
 - 1. MONITOR THE CONDUCT OF THE ADVISER;

2. PROVIDE ADVICE TO THE ADVISER; OR

- 3. COMMUNICATE WITH, WARN, OR APPRISE A
 BENEFICIARY OR THIRD PARTY CONCERNING INSTANCES IN WHICH THE
 TRUSTEE WOULD OR MIGHT HAVE EXERCISED THE DISCRETION OF THE
 TRUSTEE IN A MANNER DIFFERENT FROM THE MANNER DIRECTED BY THE
 ADVISER.
- 7 **(2)** ABSENT A PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE TO THE CONTRARY, THE ACTIONS OF THE TRUSTEE PERTAINING TO MATTERS WITHIN 8 9 THE SCOPE OF THE AUTHORITY OF THE ADVISER, SUCH AS CONFIRMING THAT THE DIRECTIONS OF THE ADVISER HAVE BEEN CARRIED OUT AND RECORDING 10 11 AND REPORTING ACTIONS TAKEN AT THE DIRECTION OF THE ADVISER, SHALL 12 BE PRESUMED TO BE ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONS TAKEN BY THE TRUSTEE 13 SOLELY TO ALLOW THE TRUSTEE TO PERFORM THOSE DUTIES ASSIGNED TO THE TRUSTEE BY THE TERMS OF THE TRUST, AND THESE ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONS 14 MAY NOT BE DEEMED TO CONSTITUTE AN UNDERTAKING BY THE TRUSTEE TO 15 16 MONITOR THE ADVISER OR OTHERWISE PARTICIPATE IN ACTIONS WITHIN THE 17 SCOPE OF THE AUTHORITY OF THE ADVISER.
- 18 (D) UNLESS THE TERMS OF A TRUST OTHERWISE PROVIDE, AN ADVISER
 19 THAT IS GIVEN AUTHORITY WITH RESPECT TO INVESTMENT DECISIONS HAS THE
 20 POWER TO PERFORM THE FOLLOWING:
- 21 (1) DIRECT THE TRUSTEE WITH RESPECT TO THE RETENTION, 22 PURCHASE, SALE, OR ENCUMBRANCE OF THE TRUST PROPERTY AND THE 23 INVESTMENT AND REINVESTMENT OF PRINCIPAL AND INCOME FROM THE 24 TRUST;
 - (2) VOTE PROXIES FOR SECURITIES HELD IN TRUST; AND
- 26 (3) SELECT ONE OR MORE INVESTMENT ADVISERS, MANAGERS, 27 OR COUNSELORS, INCLUDING THE TRUSTEE, AND DELEGATE TO THE ADVISERS, 28 MANAGERS, OR COUNSELORS A POWER OF THE ADVISER.
- 29 (E) THE TERMS OF A TRUST MAY CONFER ON A TRUSTEE OR OTHER 30 PERSON A POWER TO DIRECT THE MODIFICATION OR TERMINATION OF THE 31 TRUST.
- 32 **14.5–809.**

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A TRUSTEE SHALL TAKE REASONABLE STEPS TO TAKE CONTROL OF AND PROTECT THE TRUST PROPERTY, EXCEPT THAT THIS DUTY DOES NOT APPLY TO, AND THE TRUSTEE IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR, ITEMS OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL

- 1 PROPERTY THAT ARE PROPERTY OF A TRUST THAT IS REVOCABLE BY THE
- 2 SETTLOR AND THAT ARE NOT IN THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL OF THE
- 3 TRUSTEE.
- 4 **14.5–810.**
- 5 (A) A TRUSTEE SHALL KEEP ADEQUATE RECORDS OF THE
- 6 ADMINISTRATION OF THE TRUST.
- 7 (B) A TRUSTEE SHALL KEEP TRUST PROPERTY SEPARATE FROM THE
- 8 PROPERTY OF THE TRUSTEE.
- 9 (C) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS
- 10 SECTION, A TRUSTEE SHALL CAUSE THE TRUST PROPERTY TO BE DESIGNATED
- 11 SO THAT THE INTEREST OF THE TRUST, TO THE EXTENT FEASIBLE, APPEARS IN
- 12 RECORDS MAINTAINED BY A PARTY OTHER THAN A TRUSTEE OR BENEFICIARY.
- 13 (D) IF THE TRUSTEE MAINTAINS RECORDS CLEARLY INDICATING THE
- 14 RESPECTIVE INTERESTS, A TRUSTEE MAY INVEST AS A WHOLE THE PROPERTY
- 15 OF TWO OR MORE SEPARATE TRUSTS.
- 16 **14.5–811.**
- 17 (A) A TRUSTEE SHALL TAKE REASONABLE STEPS TO ENFORCE CLAIMS
- 18 OF THE TRUST AND TO DEFEND CLAIMS AGAINST THE TRUST.
- 19 (B) A TRUSTEE MAY ABANDON A CLAIM THAT IS UNREASONABLE TO
- 20 ENFORCE OR ASSIGN THE CLAIM TO ONE OR MORE OF THE BENEFICIARIES OF
- 21 THE TRUST HOLDING THE CLAIM.
- 22 **14.5–812.**
- 23 (A) A TRUSTEE IS NOT LIABLE TO THE BENEFICIARY FOR A BREACH OF
- 24 TRUST COMMITTED BY A FORMER TRUSTEE.
- 25 (B) A TRUSTEE IS LIABLE TO THE BENEFICIARY FOR A BREACH OF
- 26 TRUST IF THE TRUSTEE:
- 27 (1) Knows or should know of a situation constituting a
- 28 BREACH OF TRUST COMMITTED BY A FORMER TRUSTEE AND THE TRUSTEE
- 29 IMPROPERLY PERMITS IT TO CONTINUE;

- 1 (2) NEGLECTS TO TAKE REASONABLE STEPS TO COMPEL A 2 FORMER TRUSTEE OR OTHER PERSON TO DELIVER TRUST PROPERTY TO THE
- 3 TRUSTEE; OR
- 4 (3) NEGLECTS TO TAKE REASONABLE STEPS TO REDRESS A 5 BREACH OF TRUST COMMITTED BY A FORMER TRUSTEE.
- 6 **14.5–813.**
- 7 (A) UNLESS UNREASONABLE UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES, A TRUSTEE
- 8 SHALL PROMPTLY RESPOND TO THE REQUEST OF A QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY
- 9 FOR INFORMATION RELATED TO THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE TRUST,
- 10 INCLUDING A COPY OF THE TRUST INSTRUMENT.
- 11 **(B) (1)** A TRUSTEE:
- 12 (I) WITHIN 60 DAYS AFTER ACCEPTING A TRUSTEESHIP,
- 13 SHALL NOTIFY THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES OF THE ACCEPTANCE AND OF
- 14 THE TRUSTEE'S NAME, ADDRESS, AND TELEPHONE NUMBER; AND
- 15 (II) WITHIN 90 DAYS AFTER THE DATE THE TRUSTEE
- 16 ACQUIRES KNOWLEDGE OF THE CREATION OF AN IRREVOCABLE TRUST, OR THE
- 17 DATE THE TRUSTEE ACQUIRES KNOWLEDGE THAT A FORMERLY REVOCABLE
- 18 TRUST HAS BECOME IRREVOCABLE, WHETHER BY THE DEATH OF THE SETTLOR
- 19 OR OTHERWISE, SHALL NOTIFY THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES OF THE TRUST'S
- 20 EXISTENCE, OF THE IDENTITY OF THE SETTLOR OR SETTLORS, OF THE RIGHT TO
- 21 REQUEST A COPY OF THE TRUST INSTRUMENT, AND OF THE RIGHT TO A
- 22 TRUSTEE'S REPORT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION.
- 23 (2) NOTWITHSTANDING § 14.5–109 OF THIS TITLE, NOTICE
- 24 REQUIRED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE:
- 25 (I) TO THE EXTENT THE NAMES AND LOCATIONS OF THE
- 26 QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES ARE KNOWN TO THE TRUSTEE:
- 27 BY DELIVERY OF THE NOTICE TO THE QUALIFIED
- 28 BENEFICIARIES PERSONALLY; OR
- 29 2. By sending the notice to the qualified
- 30 BENEFICIARIES AT THEIR LAST KNOWN ADDRESS BY CERTIFIED MAIL, POSTAGE
- 31 PREPAID, RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED; AND
- 32 (II) IF THE NAME, LOCATION, OR BOTH OF A QUALIFIED
- 33 BENEFICIARY IS NOT KNOWN TO THE TRUSTEE, BY PUBLICATION IN A

- 1 NEWSPAPER OF GENERAL CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY WHERE THE TRUST 2 PROPERTY IS LOCATED ONCE A WEEK FOR 3 SUCCESSIVE WEEKS.
- 3 (C) (1) ON REQUEST BY A QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY, A TRUSTEE
 4 SHALL SEND TO THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY ANNUALLY AND AT THE
 5 TERMINATION OF THE TRUST A REPORT OF THE TRUST PROPERTY, LIABILITIES,
 6 RECEIPTS, AND DISBURSEMENTS, INCLUDING THE SOURCE AND AMOUNT OF
 7 THE COMPENSATION OF THE TRUSTEE, A LISTING OF THE TRUST ASSETS, AND,
- 8 IF FEASIBLE, THE RESPECTIVE MARKET VALUES OF THE TRUST ASSETS.
- 9 (2) ON A VACANCY IN A TRUSTEESHIP, UNLESS A COTRUSTEE 10 REMAINS IN OFFICE, THE FORMER TRUSTEE SHALL SEND A REPORT TO THE 11 QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES THAT REQUEST THE REPORT.
- 12 (3) A PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE, A GUARDIAN, OR 13 AN ATTORNEY-IN-FACT MAY SEND THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES A REPORT 14 ON BEHALF OF THE FORMER TRUSTEE.
- 15 **(D) (1)** A QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY MAY WAIVE THE RIGHT TO A 16 TRUSTEE'S REPORT OR OTHER INFORMATION OTHERWISE REQUIRED TO BE 17 FURNISHED UNDER THIS SECTION.
- 18 **(2)** A QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY, WITH RESPECT TO FUTURE 19 REPORTS AND OTHER INFORMATION, MAY WITHDRAW A WAIVER PREVIOUSLY 20 GIVEN.
- 21 (E) SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO A TRUSTEE
 22 THAT ACCEPTS A TRUSTEESHIP BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 2014 JANUARY 1, 2015, TO
 23 AN IRREVOCABLE TRUST CREATED BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 2014 JANUARY 1, 2015,
 24 OR TO A REVOCABLE TRUST THAT BECOMES IRREVOCABLE BEFORE OCTOBER 1,
 25 2014 JANUARY 1, 2015.
- 26 **14.5–814.**
- 27 (A) NONE OF THE FOLLOWING POWERS CONFERRED ON A TRUSTEE BY 28 THE GOVERNING INSTRUMENT MAY BE EXERCISED BY THAT TRUSTEE:
- 29 (1) The power to make discretionary distributions of
 30 Either principal or income to, or for the benefit of, the trustee in
 31 The individual capacity of the trustee, unless limited by an
 32 Ascertainable standard relating to the health, education, support,
 33 OR Maintenance of the trustee, as defined in 26 U.S.C. §§ 2041 and 2514
 34 And the U.S. Treasury regulations issued under those sections;

- 1 (2) THE POWER TO MAKE DISCRETIONARY DISTRIBUTIONS OF 2 EITHER PRINCIPAL OR INCOME TO SATISFY A LEGAL OBLIGATION OF THE 3 TRUSTEE IN THE INDIVIDUAL CAPACITY OF THE TRUSTEE FOR SUPPORT OR OTHER PURPOSES;
- 5 (3) THE POWER TO MAKE DISCRETIONARY ALLOCATIONS IN FAVOR OF THE TRUSTEE OF RECEIPTS OR EXPENSES AS BETWEEN INCOME AND PRINCIPAL;
- 8 (4) A POWER, IN WHATEVER CAPACITY HELD, TO REMOVE OR 9 REPLACE A TRUSTEE THAT HOLDS A POWER PROSCRIBED IN THIS SUBSECTION; 10 OR
- 11 (5) THE POWER TO EXERCISE A POWER PROSCRIBED IN THIS
 12 SUBSECTION WITH REGARD TO A BENEFICIARY OTHER THAN THE TRUSTEE TO
 13 THE EXTENT THAT THE BENEFICIARY COULD EXERCISE A SIMILAR PROHIBITED
 14 POWER IN CONNECTION WITH A TRUST WHICH BENEFITS THE TRUSTEE.
- (B) If a trustee is prohibited by subsection (a)(1) of this section from exercising a power conferred on the trustee, the trustee may nevertheless exercise the power except that the exercise of that power by the trustee shall be limited by an ascertainable standard relating to the health, education, support, or maintenance of the trustee, as defined in 26 U.S.C. §§ 2041 and 2514 and the U.S. Treasury regulations issued under those sections.
- 22 (C) IF THE GOVERNING INSTRUMENT CONTAINS A POWER DESCRIBED
 23 UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION, AND THERE IS NO TRUSTEE THAT
 24 CAN EXERCISE THE POWER, ON APPLICATION OF A PARTY IN INTEREST, A
 25 COURT MAY APPOINT A TRUSTEE THAT IS NOT OTHERWISE DISQUALIFIED
 26 UNDER THIS SECTION TO EXERCISE THE POWER DURING THE PERIOD OF TIME
 27 THAT THE COURT DESIGNATES.

(D) THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY IF:

- 29 (1) As a result of the application of subsection (a) of 30 This section, a marital deduction for the trust property would not 31 BE ALLOWED TO A SPOUSE WHO IS A TRUSTEE AND TO WHOM A MARITAL 32 DEDUCTION WOULD OTHERWISE BE ALLOWED UNDER THE INTERNAL REVENUE 33 Code;
- 34 **(2)** THE TRUST IS REVOCABLE OR AMENDABLE, DURING THE 35 TIME THAT THE TRUST REMAINS REVOCABLE OR AMENDABLE; OR

31

(1)

(2)

1	(3) CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE TRUST QUALIFY FOR THE ANNUAL
2	EXCLUSION UNDER § 2503(C) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986, AS
3	AMENDED, AS IN EFFECT ON THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS TITLE, OR AS LATER
4	AMENDED.
_	(D) (1) IN THE CHARGE COLOR (DAD THE CHARGE CHARGE COLOR COL
5	(E) (1) IN THIS SUBSECTION, "PARTIES IN INTEREST" MEANS:
6	(I) EACH TRUSTEE OF THE TRUST THEN SERVING; AND
7	(II) EACH INCOME BENEFICIARY AND REMAINDER
8	BENEFICIARY OF THE TRUST THEN IN EXISTENCE OR, IF THE BENEFICIARY HAS
9	NOT ATTAINED MAJORITY OR IS OTHERWISE INCAPACITATED, THE LEGAL
10	REPRESENTATIVE OF THE BENEFICIARY UNDER APPLICABLE LAW OR THE
11	DONEE OF THE BENEFICIARY UNDER A DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY THAT IS
12	SUFFICIENT TO GRANT THE AUTHORITY.
13	(2) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION
14	THIS SECTION APPLIES TO:
15	(I) A TRUST CREATED UNDER A GOVERNING INSTRUMENT
16	EXECUTED AFTER SEPTEMBER 30, 1995, UNLESS THE TERMS OF THE
17	GOVERNING INSTRUMENT PROVIDE EXPRESSLY THAT THIS SECTION DOES NOT
18	APPLY; AND
19	(II) A TRUST CREATED UNDER A GOVERNING INSTRUMENT
20	EXECUTED BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 1995, UNLESS ALL PARTIES IN INTEREST
21	ELECT AFFIRMATIVELY NOT TO BE SUBJECT TO THE APPLICATION OF THIS
22	SECTION ON OR BEFORE THE LATER OF OCTOBER 1, 1998, AND 3 YEARS AFTER
23	THE DATE ON WHICH THE TRUST BECOMES IRREVOCABLE.
24	(F) THE AFFIRMATIVE ELECTION REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION (E) OF
25	THIS SECTION SHALL BE MADE THROUGH A WRITTEN DECLARATION SIGNED BY
26	THE INTERESTED PERSON AND DELIVERED TO THE TRUSTEE.
27	14.5–815.
28	(A) A TRUSTEE, WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION BY THE COURT, MAY
29	EXERCISE:

POWERS CONFERRED BY THE TERMS OF THE TRUST; OR

EXCEPT AS LIMITED BY THE TERMS OF THE TRUST:

- 1 (I) ALL POWERS OVER THE TRUST PROPERTY THAT AN 2 UNMARRIED COMPETENT OWNER HAS OVER INDIVIDUALLY OWNED PROPERTY;
- 3 (II) OTHER POWERS APPROPRIATE TO ACHIEVE THE
- 4 PROPER INVESTMENT, MANAGEMENT, AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE TRUST
- 5 PROPERTY: AND
- 6 (III) OTHER POWERS CONFERRED BY THIS TITLE.
- 7 (B) THE EXERCISE OF A POWER DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS 8 SECTION IS SUBJECT TO THE FIDUCIARY DUTIES PRESCRIBED BY THIS TITLE.
- 9 14.5-816.
- 10 (A) A TRUSTEE HAS THOSE POWERS ENUMERATED IN THE TRUST 11 INSTRUMENT.
- 12 (B) WITHOUT LIMITING THE AUTHORITY CONFERRED BY § 14.5–815 OF
- 13 THIS TITLE AND § 15-102 OF THIS ARTICLE, A TRUSTEE MAY EXERCISE THE
- 14 POWERS SPECIFIED IN THIS SECTION.
- 15 (C) WITH RESPECT TO POSSIBLE LIABILITY FOR VIOLATION OF 16 ENVIRONMENTAL LAW, A TRUSTEE MAY:
- 17 (1) INSPECT OR INVESTIGATE PROPERTY THE TRUSTEE HOLDS
- 18 OR HAS BEEN ASKED TO HOLD, OR PROPERTY OWNED OR OPERATED BY AN
- 19 ORGANIZATION IN WHICH THE TRUSTEE HOLDS OR HAS BEEN ASKED TO HOLD
- 20 AN INTEREST, FOR THE PURPOSE OF DETERMINING THE APPLICATION OF
- 21 ENVIRONMENTAL LAW WITH RESPECT TO THE PROPERTY;
- 22 (2) TAKE ACTION TO PREVENT, ABATE, OR OTHERWISE REMEDY
- 23 ANY ACTUAL OR POTENTIAL VIOLATION OF ANY ENVIRONMENTAL LAW
- 24 AFFECTING PROPERTY HELD DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY BY THE TRUSTEE,
- 25 WHETHER TAKEN BEFORE OR AFTER THE ASSERTION OF A CLAIM OR THE
- 26 INITIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL ENFORCEMENT;
- 27 (3) DECLINE TO ACCEPT PROPERTY INTO TRUST OR DISCLAIM A
- 28 POWER WITH RESPECT TO PROPERTY THAT IS OR MAY BE BURDENED WITH
- 29 LIABILITY FOR VIOLATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL LAW;
- 30 (4) COMPROMISE CLAIMS AGAINST THE TRUST WHICH MAY BE
- 31 ASSERTED FOR AN ALLEGED VIOLATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL LAW; AND

- 1 (5) PAY THE EXPENSE OF AN INSPECTION, A REVIEW, AN 2 ABATEMENT, OR A REMEDIAL ACTION TO COMPLY WITH ENVIRONMENTAL LAW.
- (D) A TRUSTEE MAY DONATE A CONSERVATION EASEMENT ON REAL PROPERTY, OR CONSENT TO THE DONATION OF A CONSERVATION EASEMENT ON REAL PROPERTY BY A PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE OF AN ESTATE OF WHICH THE TRUSTEE IS A LEGATEE, IN ORDER TO OBTAIN THE BENEFIT OF THE ESTATE TAX EXCLUSION ALLOWED UNDER § 2031(C) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986, AS AMENDED, IF:
- 9 (1) THE GOVERNING INSTRUMENT AUTHORIZES OR DIRECTS THE 10 DONATION OF A CONSERVATION EASEMENT ON THE REAL PROPERTY; OR
- 11 (2) EACH BENEFICIARY THAT HAS AN INTEREST IN THE REAL 12 PROPERTY THAT WOULD BE AFFECTED BY THE CONSERVATION EASEMENT 13 CONSENTS IN WRITING TO THE DONATION.
- 14 **14.5–817.**
- 15 (A) (1) ON TERMINATION OR PARTIAL TERMINATION OF A TRUST, 16 THE TRUSTEE MAY SEND TO THE BENEFICIARIES A PROPOSAL FOR 17 DISTRIBUTION.
- 18 (2) THE RIGHT OF A BENEFICIARY TO OBJECT TO A PROPOSED
 19 DISTRIBUTION UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION TERMINATES IF
 20 THE BENEFICIARY DOES NOT NOTIFY THE TRUSTEE OF AN OBJECTION WITHIN
 21 60 DAYS AFTER THE PROPOSAL WAS SENT BUT ONLY IF THE PROPOSAL
 22 INFORMED THE BENEFICIARY OF THE RIGHT TO OBJECT AND OF THE TIME
 23 ALLOWED FOR OBJECTION.
- 24 (B) ON THE OCCURRENCE OF AN EVENT TERMINATING OR PARTIALLY
 25 TERMINATING A TRUST, THE TRUSTEE SHALL PROCEED EXPEDITIOUSLY TO
 26 DISTRIBUTE THE TRUST PROPERTY TO THE PERSONS ENTITLED TO THE TRUST
 27 PROPERTY, SUBJECT TO THE RIGHT OF THE TRUSTEE TO RETAIN A
 28 REASONABLE RESERVE FOR THE PAYMENT OF DEBTS, EXPENSES, AND TAXES.
- 29 SUBTITLE 9. LIABILITY OF TRUSTEES AND RIGHTS OF PERSONS DEALING
 30 WITH THE TRUSTEE.
- 31 **14.5–901.**
- 32 (A) (1) A VIOLATION BY A TRUSTEE OF A DUTY THE TRUSTEE OWES 33 TO A BENEFICIARY IS A BREACH OF TRUST.

- A BREACH OF TRUST UNDER THIS SUBSECTION MAY OCCUR 1 **(2)** 2 BY REASON OF AN ACTION OR BY REASON OF A FAILURE TO ACT. 3 TO REMEDY A BREACH OF TRUST BY THE TRUSTEE THAT HAS 4 OCCURRED OR MAY OCCUR, THE COURT MAY: 5 **(1)** COMPEL THE TRUSTEE TO PERFORM THE DUTIES OF THE 6 TRUSTEE; 7 **(2)** ENJOIN THE TRUSTEE FROM COMMITTING A BREACH OF 8 TRUST; 9 **(3)** COMPEL THE TRUSTEE TO REDRESS A BREACH OF TRUST BY 10 PAYING MONEY, RESTORING PROPERTY, OR OTHER MEANS; 11 **(4)** ORDER A TRUSTEE TO ACCOUNT; 12 **(5)** APPOINT A SPECIAL FIDUCIARY TO TAKE POSSESSION OF THE TRUST PROPERTY AND ADMINISTER THE TRUST; 13 14 **(6)** SUSPEND THE TRUSTEE; REMOVE THE TRUSTEE AS PROVIDED IN § 14.5–706 OF THIS 15 **(7)** 16 TITLE; 17 **(8)** REDUCE OR DENY COMPENSATION TO THE TRUSTEE; 18 SUBJECT TO § 14.5–909 OF THIS SUBTITLE, VOID AN ACT OF **(9)** THE TRUSTEE, IMPOSE A LIEN OR A CONSTRUCTIVE TRUST ON TRUST 19 20 PROPERTY, OR TRACE TRUST PROPERTY WRONGFULLY DISPOSED OF AND 21RECOVER THE PROPERTY OR PROCEEDS FROM THE PROPERTY; OR 22(10) ORDER OTHER APPROPRIATE RELIEF. 23 14.5-902. 24A TRUSTEE THAT COMMITS A BREACH OF TRUST IS LIABLE TO THE 25 BENEFICIARIES AFFECTED BY THE BREACH FOR THE GREATER OF: 26THE AMOUNT REQUIRED TO RESTORE THE VALUE OF THE 27TRUST PROPERTY AND TRUST DISTRIBUTIONS TO WHAT THEY WOULD HAVE
 - (2) THE PROFIT THE TRUSTEE MADE BY REASON OF THE BREACH.

BEEN HAD THE BREACH NOT OCCURRED; OR

28

- EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SUBSECTION, IF 1
- 2 MORE THAN ONE TRUSTEE IS LIABLE TO THE BENEFICIARIES FOR A BREACH OF
- 3 TRUST, A TRUSTEE IS ENTITLED TO CONTRIBUTION FROM THE OTHER TRUSTEE
- 4 OR TRUSTEES THAT ARE ALSO LIABLE.
- 5 **(2)** A TRUSTEE THAT RECEIVED A BENEFIT FROM A BREACH OF
- 6 TRUST UNDER THIS SUBSECTION IS NOT ENTITLED TO CONTRIBUTION FROM
- ANOTHER TRUSTEE TO THE EXTENT OF THE BENEFIT RECEIVED.
- 8 14.5-903.
- 9 ABSENT A BREACH OF TRUST OR THE APPLICABLE STANDARD OF CARE, A
- TRUSTEE IS NOT LIABLE TO A BENEFICIARY FOR A LOSS OR DEPRECIATION IN 10
- 11 THE VALUE OF TRUST PROPERTY OR FOR NOT HAVING MADE A PROFIT.
- 12 14.5–904. RESERVED.
- 13 14.5–905. RESERVED.
- 14 14.5–906.
- 15 A TERM OF A TRUST RELIEVING A TRUSTEE OF LIABILITY FOR
- 16 BREACH OF TRUST IS UNENFORCEABLE TO THE EXTENT THAT THE TERM:
- 17 **(1)** RELIEVES THE TRUSTEE OF LIABILITY FOR BREACH OF TRUST
- COMMITTED IN BAD FAITH OR WITH RECKLESS INDIFFERENCE TO THE 18
- 19 PURPOSES OF THE TRUST OR THE INTERESTS OF THE BENEFICIARIES;
- 20 WAS INSERTED INTO THE TRUST AS THE RESULT OF AN ABUSE
- 21BY THE TRUSTEE OF A FIDUCIARY OR CONFIDENTIAL RELATIONSHIP TO THE
- 22SETTLOR; OR
- 23**(3)** WAS UNREASONABLE UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES.
- 24AN EXCULPATORY TERM DRAFTED OR CAUSED TO BE DRAFTED BY
- 25THE TRUSTEE IS INVALID AS AN ABUSE OF A FIDUCIARY OR CONFIDENTIAL
- 26RELATIONSHIP UNLESS THE TRUSTEE PROVES THAT THE EXCULPATORY TERM
- 27 IS FAIR UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES AND THAT THE EXISTENCE AND CONTENTS
- 28 OF THE EXCULPATORY TERM WERE ADEQUATELY COMMUNICATED TO THE
- 29 SETTLOR.
- 30 IF THE SETTLOR WAS REPRESENTED BY INDEPENDENT COUNSEL,
- 31 AN EXCULPATORY TERM IS NOT CONSIDERED DRAFTED OR CAUSED TO BE

- 1 DRAFTED BY THE TRUSTEE, EVEN IF THE TERM INCORPORATES SUGGESTED
- 2 PROVISIONS PROVIDED BY THE TRUSTEE.
- 3 **14.5–907.**
- 4 A TRUSTEE IS NOT LIABLE TO A BENEFICIARY FOR BREACH OF TRUST IF
- 5 THE BENEFICIARY CONSENTED TO THE CONDUCT CONSTITUTING THE BREACH,
- 6 RELEASED THE TRUSTEE FROM LIABILITY FOR THE BREACH, OR RATIFIED THE
- 7 TRANSACTION CONSTITUTING THE BREACH, UNLESS:
- 8 (1) THE CONSENT, RELEASE, OR RATIFICATION OF THE
- 9 BENEFICIARY WAS INDUCED BY IMPROPER CONDUCT OF THE TRUSTEE; OR
- 10 (2) AT THE TIME OF THE CONSENT, RELEASE, OR RATIFICATION,
- 11 THE BENEFICIARY DID NOT KNOW OF THE RIGHTS OF THE BENEFICIARY OR OF
- 12 THE MATERIAL FACTS RELATING TO THE BREACH.
- 13 **14.5–908.**
- 14 (A) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THE CONTRACT, A TRUSTEE IS
- 15 NOT PERSONALLY LIABLE ON A CONTRACT PROPERLY ENTERED INTO BY THE
- 16 TRUSTEE IN THE FIDUCIARY CAPACITY OF THE TRUSTEE IN THE COURSE OF
- 17 ADMINISTERING THE TRUST IF THE TRUSTEE IN THE CONTRACT DISCLOSED THE
- 18 FIDUCIARY CAPACITY.
- 19 (B) A CLAIM BASED ON A CONTRACT ENTERED INTO BY A TRUSTEE IN
- 20 THE FIDUCIARY CAPACITY OF THE TRUSTEE, ON AN OBLIGATION ARISING FROM
- 21 OWNERSHIP OR CONTROL OF TRUST PROPERTY, OR ON A TORT COMMITTED IN
- 22 THE COURSE OF ADMINISTERING A TRUST, MAY BE ASSERTED IN A JUDICIAL
- 23 PROCEEDING AGAINST THE TRUSTEE IN THE FIDUCIARY CAPACITY OF THE
- 24 TRUSTEE, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE TRUSTEE IS PERSONALLY LIABLE
- 25 FOR THE CLAIM.
- 26 **14.5–909**.
- 27 (A) IN THE ABSENCE OF ACTUAL KNOWLEDGE OR OF REASONABLE
- 28 CAUSE TO INQUIRE AS TO WHETHER A TRUSTEE IS IMPROPERLY EXERCISING
- 29 THE TRUSTEE'S POWER, A PERSON DEALING WITH A TRUSTEE NEED NOT
- 30 INQUIRE WHETHER A TRUSTEE IS PROPERLY EXERCISING THE POWER OF THE
- 31 TRUSTEE AND IS PROTECTED AS IF THE TRUSTEE PROPERLY EXERCISED THE
- 32 **POWER.**
- 33 (B) A PERSON NEED NOT SEE TO THE PROPER APPLICATION OF TRUST
- 34 ASSETS PAID OR DELIVERED TO A TRUSTEE.

- 1 **14.5–910.**
- 2 (A) INSTEAD OF FURNISHING A COPY OF THE TRUST INSTRUMENT TO A
- 3 PERSON OTHER THAN A BENEFICIARY, THE TRUSTEE MAY FURNISH TO THE
- 4 PERSON A CERTIFICATION OF TRUST CONTAINING THE FOLLOWING
- 5 INFORMATION:
- 6 (1) THAT THE TRUST EXISTS AND THE DATE THE TRUST
- 7 INSTRUMENT WAS EXECUTED;
- 8 (2) THE IDENTITY OF THE SETTLOR;
- 9 (3) THE IDENTITY AND ADDRESS OF THE CURRENTLY ACTING
- 10 TRUSTEE;
- 11 (4) THE POWERS OF THE TRUSTEE IN THE PENDING
- 12 TRANSACTION;
- 13 (5) THE REVOCABILITY OR IRREVOCABILITY OF THE TRUST AND
- 14 THE IDENTITY OF A PERSON HOLDING A POWER TO REVOKE THE TRUST;
- 15 (6) THE AUTHORITY OF COTRUSTEES TO SIGN OR OTHERWISE
- 16 AUTHENTICATE AND WHETHER THE AUTHENTICATION OF ALL OR FEWER THAN
- 17 ALL OF THE COTRUSTEES IS REQUIRED IN ORDER TO EXERCISE POWERS OF THE
- 18 TRUSTEE;
- 19 (7) THE TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER OF THE TRUST,
- 20 UNLESS THE TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER IS ALSO THE SOCIAL
- 21 SECURITY NUMBER OF A SETTLOR; AND
- 22 (8) THE MANNER AND NAME IN WHICH TITLE TO TRUST
- 23 PROPERTY MAY BE TAKEN.
- 24 (B) A CERTIFICATION OF TRUST MAY BE SIGNED OR OTHERWISE
- 25 AUTHENTICATED BY A TRUSTEE.
- 26 (C) A CERTIFICATION OF TRUST SHALL STATE THAT THE TRUST HAS
- 27 NOT BEEN REVOKED, MODIFIED, OR AMENDED IN A MANNER THAT WOULD
- 28 CAUSE THE REPRESENTATIONS CONTAINED IN THE CERTIFICATION OF TRUST
- 29 TO BE INCORRECT.
- 30 (D) A CERTIFICATION OF TRUST NEED NOT CONTAIN THE DISPOSITIVE
- 31 TERMS OF A TRUST.

- 1 (E) A RECIPIENT OF A CERTIFICATION OF TRUST MAY REQUIRE THE
 2 TRUSTEE TO FURNISH COPIES OF THOSE EXCERPTS FROM THE ORIGINAL TRUST
 3 INSTRUMENT AND LATER AMENDMENTS WHICH DESIGNATE THE TRUSTEE AND
 4 CONFER ON THE TRUSTEE THE POWER TO ACT IN THE PENDING TRANSACTION.
- 5 (F) A PERSON THAT ACTS REASONABLY IN RELIANCE ON A
 6 CERTIFICATION OF TRUST WITHOUT KNOWLEDGE THAT THE REPRESENTATIONS
 7 CONTAINED IN THE CERTIFICATION ARE INCORRECT IS NOT LIABLE FOR THE
 8 ACT.
- 9 (G) WHILE ACTING REASONABLY UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES, A
 10 PERSON THAT ENTERS INTO A TRANSACTION IN RELIANCE ON A CERTIFICATION
 11 OF TRUST MAY ENFORCE THE TRANSACTION AGAINST THE TRUST PROPERTY AS
 12 IF THE REPRESENTATIONS CONTAINED IN THE CERTIFICATION WERE CORRECT.
- 13 (H) THIS SECTION DOES NOT LIMIT THE:
- 14 (1) THE RIGHT OF A PERSON TO OBTAIN A COPY OF THE TRUST 15 INSTRUMENT IN A JUDICIAL PROCEEDING CONCERNING THE TRUST; OR
- 16 (2) THE RIGHT OF A TITLE INSURANCE PRODUCER OR TITLE
 17 INSURER TO OBTAIN A COPY OF THE TRUST INSTRUMENT FOR THE SOLE
 18 PURPOSE OF DETERMINING WHETHER THE SETTLOR'S INTEREST IN REAL
 19 PROPERTY MAY BE SUBJECT TO CREDITORS' CLAIMS, WHEN THE TRUSTEE IS
 20 SELLING, ENCUMBERING, OR DISPOSING OF THE REAL PROPERTY AND TITLE
 21 INSURANCE HAS BEEN REQUESTED FOR THE TRANSACTION.
 - SUBTITLE 10. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.
- 23 **14.5–1001**.

- 24 (A) (1) IN THIS SECTION THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE 25 MEANINGS INDICATED.
- 26 (2) "CONSIDERATION" DOES NOT INCLUDE THE AMOUNT OF ANY
 27 OBLIGATION UNDER A MORTGAGE OR DEED OF TRUST ENCUMBERING THE
 28 TRANSFERRED PROPERTY.
- 29 (3) "TRUST" DOES NOT INCLUDE:
- 30 (I) A REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST AS DEFINED IN § 31 8–101 OF THE CORPORATIONS AND ASSOCIATIONS ARTICLE; OR

- 1 (II) A STATUTORY TRUST AS DEFINED IN § 12–101 OF THE 2 CORPORATIONS AND ASSOCIATIONS ARTICLE.
- 3 (B) A RECORDATION TAX, TRANSFER TAX, OR ANY OTHER STATE OR
 4 LOCAL EXCISE TAX MAY NOT BE IMPOSED ON THE TRANSFER OF REAL
 5 PROPERTY OR AN INTEREST IN REAL PROPERTY WITHOUT CONSIDERATION OR
 6 ON THE RECORDATION OF AN INSTRUMENT THAT TRANSFERS REAL PROPERTY
- 7 OR AN INTEREST IN REAL PROPERTY WITHOUT CONSIDERATION IF:
 - (1) THE TRANSFER IS TO A TRUST; OR
- 9 **(2)** THE TRANSFER IS FROM A TRUST TO ONE OR MORE 10 BENEFICIARIES AND:
- 11 (I) THE TRANSFER IS MADE TO A PERSON THAT WOULD BE
 12 EXEMPT FROM TAX UNDER TITLE 12 OR TITLE 13 OF THE TAX PROPERTY
 13 ARTICLE IF THE TRANSFER HAD BEEN MADE TO THAT PERSON DIRECTLY BY
 14 THE GRANTOR; OR
- 15 (II) THE TRANSFER IS MADE DURING THE LIFE OF THE 16 GRANTOR OF THE TRUST AND THE TRUSTEE OF THE TRUST ORIGINALLY 17 ACQUIRED THE REAL PROPERTY FOR ADEQUATE CONSIDERATION.
- 18 **14.5–1002**.
- 19 (A) IN THIS SECTION, "SPECIAL NEEDS TRUST" AND "SUPPLEMENTAL 20 NEEDS TRUST" INCLUDE A TRUST FUNDED BY A TRUST BENEFICIARY OR BY A 21 THIRD PARTY.
- 22 (B) IT IS THE POLICY OF THE STATE TO ENCOURAGE THE USE OF A
 23 SPECIAL NEEDS TRUST OR SUPPLEMENTAL NEEDS TRUST BY AN INDIVIDUAL OF
 24 ANY AGE WITH DISABILITIES TO PRESERVE FUNDS TO PROVIDE FOR THE NEEDS
 25 OF THE INDIVIDUAL NOT MET BY PUBLIC BENEFITS AND TO ENHANCE QUALITY
 26 OF LIFE.
- (c) (1) EACH STATE AGENCY THAT PROVIDES PUBLIC BENEFITS TO INDIVIDUALS OF ANY AGE WITH DISABILITIES THROUGH MEANS—TESTED PROGRAMS, INCLUDING THE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, SHALL ADOPT REGULATIONS THAT:
- 31 (I) ARE NOT MORE RESTRICTIVE THAN EXISTING FEDERAL 32 LAW, REGULATIONS, OR POLICIES WITH REGARD TO THE TREATMENT OF A 33 SPECIAL NEEDS TRUST OR SUPPLEMENTAL NEEDS TRUST, INCLUDING A TRUST 34 DEFINED IN 42 U.S.C. § 1396P(C)(2) AND (D)(4);

- 1 (II) ARE NOT MORE RESTRICTIVE THAN ANY STATE LAW
- 2 REGARDING TRUSTS, INCLUDING ANY STATE LAW REGARDING THE
- 3 REASONABLE EXERCISE OF DISCRETION BY A TRUSTEE, GUARDIAN, OR
- 4 CONSERVATOR IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF THE BENEFICIARY; AND
- 5 (III) DO NOT REQUIRE DISCLOSURE OF A BENEFICIARY'S
- 6 PERSONAL OR CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION WITHOUT THE CONSENT OF THE
- 7 BENEFICIARY.
- 8 (2) THE REGULATIONS DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS
- 9 SUBSECTION SHALL ALLOW:
- 10 (I) AN INDIVIDUAL ACCOUNT IN A POOLED ASSET SPECIAL
- 11 NEEDS TRUST TO BE FUNDED WITHOUT FINANCIAL LIMIT;
- 12 (II) A FUND IN A SPECIAL NEEDS TRUST, SUPPLEMENTAL
- 13 NEEDS TRUST, OR POOLED ASSET SPECIAL NEEDS TRUST TO BE USED FOR THE
- 14 SOLE BENEFIT OF THE BENEFICIARY INCLUDING, AT THE DISCRETION OF THE
- 15 TRUSTEE, DISTRIBUTIONS FOR FOOD, SHELTER, UTILITIES, AND
- 16 TRANSPORTATION;
- 17 (III) AN INDIVIDUAL TO ESTABLISH OR FUND AN INDIVIDUAL
- 18 ACCOUNT IN A POOLED ASSET SPECIAL NEEDS TRUST WITHOUT AN AGE LIMIT
- 19 OR A TRANSFER PENALTY;
- 20 (IV) AN INDIVIDUAL TO FUND A SPECIAL NEEDS TRUST OR
- 21 SUPPLEMENTAL NEEDS TRUST FOR THE INDIVIDUAL'S CHILD WITH
- 22 DISABILITIES WITHOUT A TRANSFER PENALTY AND REGARDLESS OF THE
- 23 CHILD'S AGE; AND
- 24 (V) ALL LEGALLY ASSIGNABLE INCOME OR RESOURCES TO
- 25 BE ASSIGNED TO A SPECIAL NEEDS TRUST, SUPPLEMENTAL NEEDS TRUST, OR
- 26 POOLED ASSET SPECIAL NEEDS TRUST WITHOUT LIMIT.
- 27 (3) NOTHING IN THIS SUBSECTION MAY BE INTERPRETED TO
- 28 REQUIRE A COURT ORDER TO AUTHORIZE A DISBURSEMENT FROM A SPECIAL
- 29 OR SUPPLEMENTAL NEEDS TRUST.
- 30 (D) (1) A DETERMINATION OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
- 31 REGARDING THE NONPROFIT STATUS OF AN ORGANIZATION OPERATING A
- 32 POOLED ASSET SPECIAL NEEDS TRUST SHALL BE SUFFICIENT TO SATISFY THE
- 33 NONPROFIT REQUIREMENT OF 42 U.S.C. § 1396P(D)(4)(C).

- 1 (2) A STATE AGENCY MAY NOT IMPOSE ADDITIONAL 2 REQUIREMENTS ON AN ORGANIZATION DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS 3 SUBSECTION FOR THE PURPOSE OF QUALIFYING OR DISQUALIFYING THE 4 ORGANIZATION FROM OFFERING A POOLED ASSET SPECIAL NEEDS TRUST.
- 5 (E) A REGULATION ADOPTED BY A STATE AGENCY REGARDING POOLED SPECIAL NEEDS TRUSTS SHALL APPLY ONLY TO THOSE TRUST BENEFICIARIES WHO ARE STATE RESIDENTS OR WHO RECEIVE PUBLIC BENEFITS FUNDED BY THE STATE.
- 9 14.5–1003.
- 10 (A) AN INDIVIDUAL WHO CREATES A TRUST MAY NOT BE CONSIDERED
 11 THE SETTLOR OF THAT TRUST WITH REGARD TO THE INDIVIDUAL'S INTEREST IN
 12 THE TRUST IF:
- 13 (1) THAT INTEREST IS THE AUTHORITY OF THE TRUSTEE UNDER
 14 THE TRUST INSTRUMENT OR ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW TO PAY OR
 15 REIMBURSE THE INDIVIDUAL FOR ANY TAX ON TRUST INCOME OR TRUST
 16 PRINCIPAL THAT IS PAYABLE BY THE INDIVIDUAL UNDER THE LAW IMPOSING
 17 THAT TAX; OR
- 18 (2) ALL OF THE FOLLOWING APPLY:
- 19 (I) THE INDIVIDUAL CREATES OR HAS CREATED THE TRUST 20 FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE INDIVIDUAL'S SPOUSE;
- 21 (II) THE TRUST IS TREATED AS QUALIFIED TERMINABLE 22 INTEREST PROPERTY UNDER § 2523(F) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986; AND
- 24 (III) THE INDIVIDUAL'S INTEREST IN THE TRUST INCOME, 25 TRUST PRINCIPAL, OR BOTH FOLLOWS THE TERMINATION OF THE SPOUSE'S 26 PRIOR INTEREST IN THE TRUST.
- 27 (B) A CREDITOR OF AN INDIVIDUAL DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (A) OF 28 THIS SECTION MAY NOT ATTACH, EXERCISE, REACH, OR OTHERWISE COMPEL 29 DISTRIBUTION OF:
- 30 (1) ANY PRINCIPAL OR INCOME OF THE TRUST;
- 31 (2) ANY PRINCIPAL OR INCOME OF ANY OTHER TRUST TO THE 32 EXTENT THAT THE PROPERTY HELD IN THE OTHER TRUST IS ATTRIBUTABLE TO 33 A TRUST DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (A)(2) OF THIS SECTION;

- 1 (3) THE INDIVIDUAL'S INTEREST IN THE TRUST; OR
- 2 (4) THE INDIVIDUAL'S INTEREST IN ANY OTHER TRUST TO THE
- 3 EXTENT THAT THE PROPERTY HELD IN THE OTHER TRUST IS ATTRIBUTABLE TO
- 4 A TRUST DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (A)(2) OF THIS SECTION.
- 5 (C) THIS SECTION MAY NOT BE CONSTRUED TO AFFECT ANY STATE LAW
- 6 WITH RESPECT TO A FRAUDULENT TRANSFER BY AN INDIVIDUAL TO A TRUSTEE.
- 7 **14.5–1004.**
- 8 THE PROVISIONS OF THIS TITLE GOVERNING THE LEGAL EFFECT,
- 9 VALIDITY, OR ENFORCEABILITY OF ELECTRONIC RECORDS OR ELECTRONIC
- 10 SIGNATURES, AND OF CONTRACTS FORMED OR PERFORMED WITH THE USE OF
- 11 THOSE RECORDS OR SIGNATURES, CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF § 102
- 12 OF THE ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES IN GLOBAL AND NATIONAL COMMERCE ACT
- 13 (15 U.S.C. § 7002) AND SUPERSEDE, MODIFY, AND LIMIT THE REQUIREMENTS
- 14 OF THE ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES IN GLOBAL AND NATIONAL COMMERCE ACT.
- 15 **14.5–1005**.
- 16 IF A PROVISION OF THIS TITLE OR THE APPLICATION OF A PROVISION TO
- 17 A PERSON OR CIRCUMSTANCES IS HELD INVALID, THE INVALIDITY DOES NOT
- 18 AFFECT OTHER PROVISIONS OR APPLICATIONS OF THIS TITLE WHICH CAN BE
- 19 GIVEN EFFECT WITHOUT THE INVALID PROVISION OR APPLICATION, AND TO
- 20 THIS END THE PROVISIONS OF THIS TITLE ARE SEVERABLE.
- 21 **14.5–1006.**
- 22 (A) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS TITLE:
- 23 (1) This title applies to all trusts created before, on,
- 24 OR AFTER OCTOBER 1, 2014 JANUARY 1, 2015;
- 25 (2) This title applies to all judicial proceedings
- 26 CONCERNING TRUSTS COMMENCED ON OR AFTER OCTOBER 1, 2014 JANUARY 1,
- 27 **2015**;
- 28 (3) This title does not apply to judicial proceedings
- 29 CONCERNING TRUSTS COMMENCED BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 2014 JANUARY 1,
- 30 **2015**;

1 2 3 4	(4) A RULE OF CONSTRUCTION OR PRESUMPTION PROVIDED IN THIS TITLE APPLIES TO TRUST INSTRUMENTS EXECUTED BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 2014 JANUARY 1, 2014 2015, UNLESS THERE IS A CLEAR INDICATION OF A CONTRARY INTENT IN THE TERMS OF THE TRUST; AND
5 6	(5) An act done before October 1, 2014 <u>January 1, 2015</u> , is not affected by this title.
7 8 9 10 11	(B) If a right is acquired, extinguished, or barred on the expiration of a prescribed period that has commenced to run under another statute before October 1, 2014 January 1, 2015, that statute continues to apply to the right even if the statute has been repealed or superseded.
12	Article – Financial Institutions
13	3–506.
14 15 16	(b) To the extent that a fund plan does not provide otherwise as to the determination, allocation, and apportionment of principal and income, the principles of [Title 14] TITLES 14 AND 14.5 of the Estates and Trusts Article apply.
17 18	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2014 January 1, 2015.
	Approved:
	Governor.
	Speaker of the House of Delegates.
	President of the Senate.