SENATE BILL 181

N1 4lr0712

By: Senator Gladden

AN ACT concerning

Introduced and read first time: January 15, 2014

Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

A BILL ENTITLED

2 Residential Leases – Just-Cause Eviction

- FOR the purpose of prohibiting a certain landlord from evicting a tenant in the absence of just cause; specifying if just cause exists for purposes of this Act; defining certain terms; and generally relating to residential leases.

 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,

 Article Real Property
- 7 Article Real Property
- 8 Section 8–201
- 9 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 10 (2010 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)
- 11 BY adding to

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- 12 Article Real Property
- 13 Section 8–217
- 14 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 15 (2010 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)
- SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 18 Article Real Property
- 19 8–201.
- 20 (a) This subtitle is applicable only to residential leases unless otherwise 21 provided.
- 22 (b) This subtitle does not apply to a tenancy arising after the sale of 23 owner-occupied residential property where the seller and purchaser agree that the



- seller may remain in possession of the property for a period of not more than 60 days
- 2 after the settlement.
- 3 **8–217.**
- 4 (A) (1) IN THIS SECTION THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE
- 5 MEANINGS INDICATED.
- 6 (2) (I) "EVICT" MEANS TO TAKE ANY ACTION TO REMOVE A
- 7 TENANT FROM A RENTAL UNIT AND TERMINATE THE TENANCY AGAINST THE
- 8 TENANT'S WILL.
- 9 (II) "EVICT" INCLUDES THE REFUSAL BY A LANDLORD TO
- 10 RENEW A LEASE ON SUBSTANTIALLY SIMILAR TERMS.
- 11 (3) "UNIT" MEANS AN APARTMENT, A TOWNHOUSE, A HOUSE, A
- 12 MOBILE HOME, OR A MOBILE HOME LOT.
- 13 (B) A LANDLORD MAY NOT EVICT A TENANT IN THE ABSENCE OF JUST
- 14 CAUSE.
- 15 (C) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, JUST CAUSE EXISTS IF:
- 16 (1) A TENANT FAILS TO PAY RENT WHEN DUE AND PAYABLE;
- 17 (2) A TENANT BREACHES THE TERMS OF THE LEASE AND THE
- 18 BREACH IS SUBSTANTIAL;
- 19 (3) A TENANT REFUSES, AFTER WRITTEN REQUEST BY THE
- 20 LANDLORD, TO EXECUTE AN EXTENSION OR RENEWAL OF AN EXPIRED LEASE
- 21 FOR A TERM OF LIKE DURATION AND ON TERMS SUBSTANTIALLY SIMILAR TO
- 22 THE TERMS OF THE PRIOR LEASE;
- 23 (4) A TENANT HAS CAUSED SUBSTANTIAL DAMAGE TO THE UNIT
- 24 OR ANOTHER AREA OF THE PROPERTY AND, AFTER RECEIVING NOTICE TO MAKE
- 25 SATISFACTORY CORRECTION OR PAY THE REASONABLE COSTS OF REPAIRING
- 26 THE DAMAGE, THE TENANT FAILS TO DO SO;
- 27 (5) AFTER RECEIVING NOTICE TO CEASE, A TENANT CONTINUES
- 28 TO ENGAGE IN DISORDERLY CONDUCT SO AS TO DISTURB THE PEACE AND QUIET
- 29 OF OTHER TENANTS;
- 30 (6) A TENANT HAS ENGAGED IN ILLEGAL ACTIVITY ON THE
- 31 PREMISES OR ON A PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY ABUTTING THE PREMISES;

1	(7) A TENANT, WITHOUT REASONABLE CAUSE, REFUSES TO
2	GRANT THE LANDLORD ACCESS TO THE UNIT FOR THE PURPOSE OF MAKING
3	REPAIRS OR IMPROVEMENTS OR INSPECTING THE UNIT, OR AS OTHERWIS
4	AUTHORIZED UNDER THE LEASE OR APPLICABLE LAW;

- 5 (8) A TENANT, WITHOUT REASONABLE CAUSE, REFUSES TO
 6 PROVIDE THE LANDLORD WITH INFORMATION NEEDED BY THE LANDLORD TO
 7 SATISFY THE CONDITIONS OF AN AFFORDABLE HOUSING FINANCING
 8 AGREEMENT;
- 9 (9) A LANDLORD, IN GOOD FAITH, SEEKS TO RECOVER 10 POSSESSION OF THE UNIT FOR THE USE OF THE LANDLORD'S SPOUSE, CHILD, 11 PARENT, OR GRANDPARENT;
- 12 **(10)** A LANDLORD, IN GOOD FAITH, SEEKS TO PERMANENTLY 13 REMOVE THE UNIT FROM THE RENTAL MARKET; OR
- 14 (11) A LANDLORD, AFTER HAVING OBTAINED ALL NECESSARY
 15 PERMITS, SEEKS TO UNDERTAKE SUBSTANTIAL REPAIRS OR RENOVATIONS
 16 THAT CANNOT BE COMPLETED WHILE THE UNIT IS OCCUPIED.
- 17 (D) A NOTICE REQUIRED TO BE GIVEN TO A TENANT UNDER 18 SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION SHALL BE SENT BY CERTIFIED MAIL, RETURN 19 RECEIPT REQUESTED.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2014.