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By: Senators Manno, Benson, Forehand, Frosh, King, Madaleno, Montgomery, Pugh, Ramirez, Raskin, and Stone

Introduced and read first time: January 16, 2014 Assigned to: Finance

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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Prevailing Wage Rates Reform Act of 2014

3 FOR the purpose of expanding the applicability of the prevailing wage rate law to 4 political subdivisions, agencies, and public works on property where the State, a $\mathbf{5}$ political subdivision, or an agency is the owner or lessee by altering certain 6 definitions; altering the dollar amount for certain public work contracts at 7 which the prevailing wage rate law applies; requiring that prevailing wage rates be calculated using certain wage rates established by certain collective 8 9 bargaining agreements in certain workers' classifications in certain localities; 10 authorizing the Commissioner of Labor and Industry to establish certain prevailing wage rates using certain wage rates established by certain collective 11 12bargaining agreements under certain circumstances; requiring, for multiyear 13public works, the Commissioner annually to redetermine certain prevailing wage rates for each classification of workers engaged in certain works; requiring 14 15the Commissioner annually to determine prevailing wage rates for 16 classifications of workers using only certain collective bargaining agreements; 17altering the hours worked in any single calendar day that certain employees 18 work for the purpose of paying the prevailing wage rate of overtime; increasing 19 certain penalties for certain violations; increasing the amount of certain 20liquidated damages; requiring that certain liquidated damages be paid to 21certain laborers or certain other employees who were paid less than certain 22prevailing wage rates; specifying contractor or subcontractor obligations to 23make certain restitution for paying employees less than certain amounts; 24clarifying the circumstances under which the Commissioner informally resolves 25certain violations; requiring the Commissioner to issue an order for a certain 26hearing for certain employer violations; providing that certain employees are 27entitled to certain liquidated damages under certain circumstances; requiring a 28court to award certain liquidated damages to certain employees; requiring a 29court to order payment of double or treble damages under a finding of willful 30 and knowing deliberate ignorance or reckless disregard of certain employers'

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



1 obligations; prohibiting an employer from retaliating or discriminating against $\mathbf{2}$ an employee if an employee files a certain action; authorizing certain employees 3 to sue certain employers under certain circumstances; requiring a court to 4 provide certain remedies under certain circumstances; requiring a court to $\mathbf{5}$ report certain decisions or orders to the Commissioner; altering the 6 circumstances under which the Commissioner files certain lists with the 7 Secretary of State; altering a certain definition; and generally relating to the 8 applicability, administration, and enforcement of prevailing wage rates.

- 9 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 10 Article State Finance and Procurement
- 11 Section 17–201, 17–202(b), 17–208, 17–209, 17–214, 17–219, 17–220(d), 17–222,
- 12 17–224, and 17–226
- 13 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 14 (2009 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)

15 BY adding to

- 16 Article State Finance and Procurement
- 17 Section 17–224.1
- 18 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 19 (2009 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)
- 20 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 21 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 22

Article – State Finance and Procurement

23 17-201.

24 (a) In this subtitle, unless the context indicates otherwise, the following 25 words have the meanings indicated.

- 26 (b) "Apprentice" means an individual who:
- 27

(1) is at least 16 years old;

(2) has signed with an employer or employer's agent, an association of
 employers, an organization of employees, or a joint committee from both, an
 agreement including a statement of:

31 (i) the trade, craft, or occupation that the individual is learning; 32 and

33 (ii) the beginning and ending dates of the apprenticeship; and

34 (3) is registered in a program of the Council or the Bureau of35 Apprenticeship and Training of the United States Department of Labor.

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1	(c)	"Con	imissioner" means:			
2		(1)	the Commissioner of Labor and Industry;			
3		(2)	the Deputy Commissioner of Labor and Industry; or			
4		(3)	an authorized representative of the Commissioner.			
5	(d)	"Con	struction" includes all:			
6		(1)	building;			
7		(2)	reconstructing;			
8		(3)	improving;			
9		(4)	enlarging;			
10		(5)	painting and decorating;			
11		(6)	altering;			
12		(7)	maintaining; and			
13		(8)	repairing.			
14	(e)	"Cou	ncil" means the Apprenticeship and Training Council.			
$\begin{array}{c} 15\\ 16\end{array}$	(f) contractor o	(1) or subc	"Employee" means an apprentice or worker employed by a contractor under a public work contract.			
$\begin{array}{c} 17\\18\end{array}$	body.	(2)	"Employee" does not include an individual employed by a public			
19	(g)	(1)	"Locality" means the county in which the work is to be performed.			
$\begin{array}{c} 20\\ 21 \end{array}$	includes all	(2) count	If the public work is located within 2 or more counties, the locality ies in which the public work is located.			
$22 \\ 23 \\ 24 \\ 25$	COLLECTIV	(h) "Prevailing wage rate" means the [hourly rate of wages paid] COMBINED HOURLY RATES OF WAGES AND FRINGE BENEFITS UNDER THE APPLICABLE COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENT in the locality as determined by the Commissioner under § 17–208 of this subtitle.				
26	(i)	(1)	"Public body" means:			

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1	(i) the State;
$2 \\ 3$	(ii) except as provided in paragraph [(2)(i)] (2) of this subsection, a unit of the State government or instrumentality of the State;
$4 \\ 5 \\ 6$	(iii) any political subdivision[,] OR agency[, person, or entity with respect to the construction of any public work for which 50% or more of the money used for construction is State money];
7 8	(iv) [notwithstanding paragraph (2)(ii) of this subsection, a political subdivision if its governing body:
9 10	1. provides by ordinance or resolution that the political subdivision is covered by this subtitle; and
$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 12 \end{array}$	2. gives written notice of that ordinance or resolution to the Commissioner; and
13	(v)] the Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission;
14 15 16	(V) FOR A PUBLIC WORK DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (J)(1)(III) AND (IV) OF THIS SECTION, THE STATE, A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION, OR AN AGENCY THAT IS THE OWNER OR LESSEE OF THE PROPERTY; AND
17 18 19 20	(VI) ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY WITH RESPECT TO THE CONSTRUCTION OF ANY PUBLIC WORK FOR WHICH 50% OR MORE OF THE MONEY USED FOR CONSTRUCTION IS MONEY FROM ONE OR MORE ENTITIES DESCRIBED IN ITEMS (I) THROUGH (IV) OF THIS PARAGRAPH.
21	(2) "Public body" does not include[:
$22 \\ 23 \\ 24$	(i) except as provided in paragraph (1)(v) of this subsection,] a unit of the State government or instrumentality of the State, A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION, OR AN AGENCY funded wholly from a source other than the State[; or
$25 \\ 26 \\ 27$	(ii) any political subdivision, agency, person, or entity with respect to the construction of any public work for which less than 50% of the money used for construction is State money], A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION, OR AN AGENCY.
28 29 30	(j) (1) Subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection, "public work" means a structure or work, including a bridge, building, ditch, road, alley, waterwork, or sewage disposal plant, that:
31	(i) is constructed for public use or benefit; [or]

1 is paid for wholly or partly by public money; (ii) $\mathbf{2}$ (III) IS CONSTRUCTED ON PROPERTY OWNED BY THE STATE, 3 A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION, OR AN AGENCY, IRRESPECTIVE OF WHETHER ANY PUBLIC MONEY IS USED TO PAY FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE STRUCTURE 4 $\mathbf{5}$ **OR WORK: OR** 6 (IV) IS CONSTRUCTED ON PROPERTY LEASED TO THE STATE, 7A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION, OR AN AGENCY, IRRESPECTIVE OF WHETHER ANY PUBLIC MONEY IS USED TO PAY FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE STRUCTURE 8 9 **OR WORK**. 10 (2)"Public work" does not include, unless let to contract, a structure or 11 work whose construction is performed by a public service company under order of the 12Public Service Commission or other public authority regardless of: 13 (i) public supervision or direction; [or] 14payment wholly or partly from public money; OR (ii) 15(III) LOCATION ON PROPERTY OWNED BY, OR LEASED TO, 16 THE STATE, A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION, OR AN AGENCY. 17(k) "Public work contract" means a contract for construction of a public work. "Worker" means a laborer or mechanic. 18 (1)17 - 202. 19 20This subtitle does not apply to: (b) 21(1)a public work contract of less than [\$500,000] \$25,000; or 22(2)the part of a public work contract for which the federal government 23provides money if, as to that part, the contractor is required to pay the prevailing wage rate as determined by the United States Secretary of Labor. 242517 - 208.26For each public work to which this subtitle applies, the (1)(a) Commissioner shall determine the prevailing wage rate for each classification of 27worker engaged in work of the same or a similar character. 28

(2) The Commissioner shall determine the prevailing wage rates for
 both straight time and overtime.

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1	(3)	Thes	e determinations shall be made in accordance with:			
$2 \\ 3$	the State Governm	(i) nent A	the applicable provisions of Title 10, Subtitles 1 through 3 of rticle; and			
4 5	requirements of tl	(ii) nis sect	to the extent not inconsistent with those provisions, the tion.			
6 7	(b) (1) wage rate for stra	-	pt as provided in subsection (c) of this section, the prevailing me for a worker is [the rate paid:			
8 9 10	COLLECTIVE BA the locality [;	(i)] RGAIN	THE WAGE RATE ESTABLISHED BY THE MOST RECENT ING AGREEMENT IN THE WORKER'S CLASSIFICATION in			
11		(ii)	on projects similar to the proposed public work;			
$\begin{array}{c} 12\\ 13 \end{array}$	performed on the	(iii) public	for work of the same or a similar character as that to be work; and			
$\begin{array}{c} 14 \\ 15 \end{array}$	classification].	(iv)	to 50% or more of the workers in the worker's occupational			
$\begin{array}{c} 16 \\ 17 \end{array}$	(2) time and a half th	-	prevailing wage rate for overtime for a worker shall be at least ailing wage rate for straight time for that worker.			
$\begin{array}{c} 18\\19\end{array}$	(c) [(1) same classification		wer than 50% of the workers in the locality working in the ve the same wage rate:			
$\begin{array}{c} 20\\ 21 \end{array}$	40% of those work	(i) ters; or	the prevailing wage rate shall be the rate paid to at least			
$\begin{array}{c} 22 \\ 23 \end{array}$	be a weighted ave	(ii) rage ra	if fewer than 40% receive the same wage rate, the rate shall ate obtained by:			
$24 \\ 25 \\ 26$	hourly rate paid that rate; and	to wor	1. adding the products obtained by multiplying each kers in the classification by the number of workers receiving			
$\begin{array}{c} 27\\ 28 \end{array}$	the classification.		2. dividing that sum by the total number of workers in			
29 30 31 32	(2)] If the Commissioner determines that there is not [a substantia number of competent workers engaged in similar work] A WAGE RATE ESTABLISHED BY A COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENT FOR A WORKER CLASSIFICATION in the locality, the Commissioner shall determine the prevailing wage rate based on THE					

WAGE RATE ESTABLISHED BY THE MOST RECENT COLLECTIVE BARGAINING 1 $\mathbf{2}$ AGREEMENT IN THE WORKER OCCUPATIONAL CLASSIFICATION IN the nearest 3 locality within the State that most closely approximates that locality in: [(i)] **(1)** 4 population; $\mathbf{5}$ (ii)] (2) degree of industrialization; and skill of work force. 6 **[**(iii)**] (3)** 7 The calculation of the rate paid in the locality shall include the basic (d) 8 hourly rate of pay and either: 9 if a contractor is not required by law to provide fringe benefits, the (1)10 hourly rate of contribution irrevocably made by a contractor or subcontractor to a third person under a fund, plan, or program that provides: 11 12(i) medical, surgical, or hospital care; 13retirement, disability, or death benefits, including a profit (ii) 14sharing plan that provides benefits on retirement; unemployment, life, or accident insurance or compensation; 15(iii) 16insurance or compensation for injury or illness resulting (iv) 17from occupational activity; 18 (v) vacation and holiday pay; 19 (vi) subsidies to defray costs of apprenticeship or other similar 20programs; or 21other bona fide fringe benefits; or (vii) 22the hourly rate of costs to the contractor or subcontractor that (2)23reasonably may be anticipated in providing the fringe benefits specified in item (1) of this subsection under an enforceable commitment to carry out a financially responsible 2425plan or program that is communicated in writing to the workers. 26An apprentice under a public work contract shall be paid at least the (e) 27percentage, set by the Council, of the prevailing wage rate for a mechanic in the trade 28in which the apprentice is employed.

29(F)FOR A MULTIYEAR PUBLIC WORK, THE COMMISSIONER ANNUALLY30SHALL REDETERMINE THE PREVAILING WAGE RATE FOR EACH CLASSIFICATION

OF WORKER ENGAGED IN THE WORK OF THE SAME OR SIMILAR CHARACTER AS PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION AND APPLY THE NEW RATES TO THE PUBLIC WORK.

3 17-209.

4 (a) One time per year, the Commissioner shall determine the prevailing 5 wage rate for a classification of worker in a locality by considering [among other 6 things:

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(1) any other payroll information relevant to the determination; and

8 (2)] wage rates established by **THE MOST RECENT** collective 9 bargaining agreements.

10 (b) The Commissioner shall mail notice as provided in § 17–210(b)(2) of this 11 subtitle at least 60 days before making a determination under this section.

12 (c) (1) The determination, as issued under this section or modified in a 13 proceeding under § 17–211 of this subtitle, is effective for 1 year from the date upon 14 which the Commissioner issued the determination under this section.

15 (2) The Commissioner shall show on the determination the date upon 16 which it expires.

17 (3) Upon expiration of the prevailing wage determination for a 18 locality, the Commissioner shall issue a new determination for the locality.

19 (4) A determination applies to a public work covered by this subtitle 20 that is the subject of a call for bids or proposals published on or before the date upon 21 which it expires.

22 17–214.

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, each contractor and
subcontractor under a public work contract shall pay not less than the prevailing wage
rate of straight time to an employee for each hour that the employee works.

26 (b) A contractor and subcontractor shall pay an employee the prevailing 27 wage rate of overtime for each hour that the employee works:

- 28 (1) in excess of [10] **8** hours in any single calendar day;
- 29 (2) in excess of 40 hours per each workweek; or
- 30 (3) on Sunday or a legal holiday.
- 31 17-219.

Each contractor under a public work contract subject to this subtitle 1 (a) $\mathbf{2}$ shall: 3 post a clearly legible statement of each prevailing wage rate to be (1)paid under the public work contract; and 4 $\mathbf{5}$ keep the statement posted during the full time that any employee (2)6 is employed on the public work contract. 7 (b) The statement of prevailing wage rates shall be posted in a prominent 8 and easily accessible place at the site of the public work. 9 (c) Subject to § 10–1001 of the State Government Article, the Commissioner may impose on a person that violates this section a civil penalty of up to [\$50] \$1,000 10 11 per violation. 1217 - 220.13(d) If a contractor is late in submitting copies of the payroll records required under subsection (b) of this section: 1415the public body may postpone the processing of partial payment (1)16 estimates under the public work contract pending receipt of the copies; and 17(2)the contractor shall be liable to the public body for liquidated damages of [\$10] \$500 for each calendar day the records are late. 18 1917 - 222.20(a) A contractor under a public work contract is liable [to the public body] for liquidated damages of [\$20] **\$1,000** for each laborer or other employee for each day for 2122which: 23(1)the laborer is paid less than the prevailing wage rate of a mechanic 24while performing a task required to be performed by a mechanic or mechanic's 25apprentice; or 26(2)the employee is paid less than the prevailing wage rate. 27**(B)** LIQUIDATED DAMAGES UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION 28SHALL BE PAID TO THE LABORERS OR OTHER EMPLOYEES WHO WERE PAID LESS 29THAN THE PREVAILING WAGE RATE.

1 [(b)] (C) (1) (I) If a contractor or subcontractor pays an employee less 2 than the amount the employee is entitled to receive for the work performed, the 3 contractor shall make restitution to the employee.

4 (II) THE OBLIGATION TO MAKE RESTITUTION UNDER 5 SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE IN ADDITION TO, AND NOT 6 INSTEAD OF, OTHER PENALTIES AND OBLIGATIONS IMPOSED UNDER THIS 7 SUBTITLE, INCLUDING THE PAYMENT OF LIQUIDATED DAMAGES.

- 8 (2) The contractor and the subcontractor shall be jointly and severally 9 liable for restitution to the subcontractor's employees.
- 10 17-224.

11 (a) (1) If an employee under a public work contract is paid less than the 12 prevailing wage rate for that employee's classification for the work performed, the 13 employee may file a complaint with the Commissioner.

14 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a complaint filed 15 under this section shall be subject to the provisions of § 17–221 of this subtitle.

16 (3) If the Commissioner's investigation determines that the employer
 violated provisions of this subtitle, the Commissioner shall try to resolve the issue
 informally IF THE EMPLOYER HAS NOT PREVIOUSLY VIOLATED THIS SUBTITLE.

19 (4) (i) If the Commissioner is unable to resolve the matter 20 informally, **OR IF THE EMPLOYER PREVIOUSLY VIOLATED THIS SUBTITLE**, the 21 Commissioner shall issue an order for a hearing in accordance with § 17–221 of this 22 subtitle.

(ii) If, at the conclusion of a hearing ordered under
subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, the Commissioner determines that the employee is
entitled to restitution AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES under this subtitle, the
Commissioner shall issue an order in accordance with § 17–221 of this subtitle.

(iii) If an employer of an employee found to be entitled to restitution AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES under subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph is no longer working under a contract with a public body, the Commissioner may order that restitution AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES be paid directly by the employer to the employee within a reasonable period of time, as determined by the Commissioner.

(5) If an employer fails to comply with an order to pay restitution AND
 LIQUIDATED DAMAGES to an employee under paragraph (4)(iii) of this subsection,
 the Commissioner or the employee may bring a civil action to enforce the order in the
 circuit court in the county where the employee or employer is located.

1 (b) (1) An action under this [section] **SUBTITLE** is considered to be a suit 2 for wages.

3 (2) A judgment in an action under this [section] **SUBTITLE** shall have 4 the same force and effect as any other judgment for wages.

5 (3) An action brought under this [section] **SUBTITLE** for a violation of 6 this subtitle shall be filed within 3 years from the date the affected employee knew or 7 should have known of the violation.

8 (c) (1) The failure of an employee to protest orally or in writing the 9 payment of a wage that is less than the prevailing wage rate is not a bar to recovery in 10 an action under this section.

11 (2) A contract or other written document in which an employee states 12 that the employee shall be paid less than the amount required by this subtitle does not 13 bar the recovery of any remedy required under this subtitle.

14 (d) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection, if the court 15 in an action filed under this [section] SUBTITLE finds that an employer paid an 16 employee less than the requisite prevailing wage, the court shall award the affected 17 employee the difference between the wage actually paid and the prevailing wage at the 18 time that the services were rendered, TOGETHER WITH LIQUIDATED DAMAGES IN 19 ACCORDANCE WITH § 17–222 OF THIS SUBTITLE.

20 (2) (i) Subject to subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, unpaid fringe 21 benefit contributions owed for an employee in accordance with this section shall be 22 paid to the appropriate benefit fund, plan, or program.

(ii) In the absence of an appropriate benefit fund, plan, or
program, the amount owed for fringe benefits for an employee shall be paid directly to
the employee.

(3) The court [may] SHALL order the payment of double damages or
treble damages under this [section] SUBTITLE if the court finds that the employer
withheld wages or fringe benefits willfully and knowingly or with deliberate ignorance
or reckless disregard of the employer's obligations under this subtitle.

30 (4) In an action under this [section] SUBTITLE, the court shall award
 31 a prevailing plaintiff reasonable counsel fees and costs.

32 (5) If the court finds that an employee submitted a false or fraudulent 33 claim in an action under this [section] SUBTITLE, the court may order the employee to 34 pay the employer reasonable counsel fees and costs.

1 (e) (1) Subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection, an action filed in 2 accordance with this section may be brought by one or more employees on behalf of 3 that employee or group of employees and on behalf of other employees similarly 4 situated.

5 (2) An employee may not be a party plaintiff to an action brought 6 under this section unless that employee files written consent with the court in which 7 the action is brought to become a party to the action.

8 (f) (1) A person found to have made a false or fraudulent representation 9 or omission known to be false or made with deliberate ignorance or reckless disregard 10 for its truth or falsity regarding a material fact in connection with any prevailing wage 11 payroll record required by § 17–220 of this subtitle is liable for a civil penalty of 12 [\$1,000] **\$5,000** for each falsified record.

13 (2) The penalty shall be recoverable in a civil action filed in accordance14 with this section and paid to the State General Fund.

15 (g) An employer may not discharge, threaten, or otherwise retaliate or 16 discriminate against an employee regarding compensation or other terms and 17 conditions of employment because that employee or an organization or other person 18 acting on behalf of that employee:

19 (1) **FILES AN ACTION OR** reports or makes a complaint under this 20 subtitle or otherwise asserts the worker's rights under this section; or

21 (2) participates in any investigation, hearing, or inquiry held by the 22 Commissioner under § 17–221 of this subtitle.

23 (h) (1) A contractor or subcontractor may not retaliate or discriminate 24 against an employee in violation of this section.

25 (2) If a contractor or subcontractor retaliates or discriminates against 26 an employee in violation of this section, the affected employee may file an action in 27 any court of competent jurisdiction within 3 years from the employee's knowledge of 28 the action.

(3) If the court finds in favor of the employee in an action brought
 under this subsection, the court shall order that the contractor or subcontractor:

31 (i) reinstate the employee or provide the employee restitution,
 32 as appropriate;

(ii) pay the employee an amount equal to three times the
 amount of back wages and fringe benefits calculated from the date of the violation; and

35 (iii) pay reasonable counsel fees and other costs.

1 (I) IF A COURT FINDS A VIOLATION OF THIS SUBTITLE IN ANY ACTION 2 TO WHICH THE COMMISSIONER IS NOT A PARTY, THE COURT SHALL FORWARD A 3 COPY OF ITS DECISION OR ORDER TO THE COMMISSIONER.

4 **17–224.1.**

5 (A) NOTWITHSTANDING § 17–224(A) OF THIS SUBTITLE, IF AN 6 EMPLOYEE UNDER A PUBLIC WORK CONTRACT IS PAID LESS THAN THE 7 PREVAILING WAGE RATE FOR THAT EMPLOYEE'S CLASSIFICATION FOR THE 8 WORK PERFORMED, THE EMPLOYEE IS ENTITLED TO SUE TO RECOVER THE 9 DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE PREVAILING WAGE AND THE AMOUNT RECEIVED BY 10 THE EMPLOYEE.

11 (B) AN ACTION UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION IS SUBJECT 12 TO § 17–224(B), (C), AND (D) OF THIS SUBTITLE.

13 17–226.

(a) (1) After investigation and entry of an order in accordance with §
17-221 of this subtitle OR RECEIPT OF A COURT DECISION OR ORDER UNDER §
17-224(I) OF THIS SUBTITLE, the Commissioner shall file with the Secretary of
State a list of the contractors and any subcontractors who persistently and willfully
violate the provisions of this subtitle.

19 (2) Filing under this subsection shall be notice to a public body and its 20 representatives.

(b) (1) If the name of a contractor or any subcontractor appears on the list, that contractor or subcontractor shall be prohibited from entering into a contract for construction of a public work directly or indirectly for 2 years from the day on which the list is filed.

25 (2) A public body may not award a contract for construction of a public 26 work to a person who is prohibited from entering into a contract under this section.

27 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect28 October 1, 2014.