E1, D3 4lr1804

By: Senators Zirkin and Kittleman

Introduced and read first time: January 22, 2014

Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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Criminal Law - Possession of Marijuana - Civil Offense

3 FOR the purpose of altering the penalty for the use or possession of less than a certain 4 quantity of marijuana; making the use or possession of less than a certain 5 quantity of marijuana a civil offense; establishing that a person who violates 6 this Act may be issued a certain citation; authorizing a police officer to issue a 7 certain citation under certain circumstances; establishing that a certain 8 violation of this Act is not a criminal conviction and does not impose any of the 9 civil disabilities that may result from a criminal conviction; establishing certain requirements for a citation issued under this Act; providing that persons who 10 receive a certain citation may pay the civil penalty or may elect to stand trial in 11 12 the District Court; requiring the District Court to prescribe a certain form of 13 citation; requiring the Chief Judge of the District Court to establish a certain schedule for the prepayment of a certain fine; providing that a minor who 14 violates certain provisions of this Act is subject to certain procedures and 15 16 dispositions; prohibiting a certain citation for a violation of certain provisions of this Act from being subject to public inspection or included on a certain public 17 Web site; authorizing a certain law enforcement officer to issue a citation to a 18 19 child for a violation of a certain provision of this Act under certain 20 circumstances; authorizing a court to order a certain child to participate in a 21 certain substance abuse education or rehabilitation program under certain 22 circumstances; altering a certain defined term; making conforming changes; and 23 generally relating to penalties for possession of marijuana.

- 24 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
 - Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 26 Section 3–8A–01(dd), 3–8A–19(e)(2), and 3–8A–33(a)
- 27 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 28 (2013 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)
- 29 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,

1 2	Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings Section 3–8A–19(e)(1)						
3 4	Annotated Code of Maryland (2013 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)						
5	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,						
6							
7	Section 5–601						
8 9	Annotated Code of Maryland (2012 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)						
10	BY adding to						
1	Article – Criminal Law						
12	Section 5–601.1						
l3 l4	Annotated Code of Maryland (2012 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)						
15	BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,						
16	Article – Criminal Procedure						
L 7	Section 5–212						
L8 L9	Annotated Code of Maryland						
LÐ	(2008 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)						
20 21	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:						
22	Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings						
23	3–8A–01.						
24	(dd) "Violation" means a violation for which a citation is issued under:						
25 26							
27 28	[(1)] (2) § 10–113, § 10–114, § 10–115, or § 10–116 of the Criminal Law Article;						
29	[(2)] (3) § 10–108 of the Criminal Law Article;						
30	[(3)] (4) § 10–132 of the Criminal Law Article; or						
31	[(4)] (5) § 26–103 of the Education Article.						
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	SENATE BILL 304
1 2 3 4 5 6	(e) (1) (i) Subject to the provisions of subparagraphs (iii) and (iv) of this paragraph, in making a disposition on a finding that the child has committed the violation specified in a citation, the court may order the Motor Vehicle Administration to initiate an action, under the motor vehicle laws, to suspend the driving privilege of a child licensed to operate a motor vehicle by the Motor Vehicle Administration for a specified period of not less than 30 days nor more than 90 days.
7 8 9	(ii) In this paragraph, "driver's license" means a license or permit to drive a motor vehicle that is issued under the laws of this State or any other jurisdiction.
10 11 12 13 14	(iii) In making a disposition on a finding that the child has committed a violation of § 10–113 of the Criminal Law Article specified in a citation that involved the use of a driver's license or a document purporting to be a driver's license, the court may order the Motor Vehicle Administration to initiate an action under the Maryland Vehicle Law to suspend the driving privilege of a child licensed to operate a motor vehicle by the Motor Vehicle Administration:
16	1. For a first offense, for 6 months; and
17 18	2. For a second or subsequent offense, until the child is 21 years old.
19 20 21 22 23 24	(iv) In making a disposition on a finding that the child has committed a violation under § 26–103 of the Education Article, the court shall order the Motor Vehicle Administration to initiate an action, under the motor vehicle laws, to suspend the driving privilege of a child licensed to operate a motor vehicle by the Motor Vehicle Administration for a specified period of not less than 30 days nor more than 90 days.
25 26 27	(v) If a child subject to a suspension under this subsection does not hold a license to operate a motor vehicle on the date of the disposition, the suspension shall commence:
28 29	1. If the child is at least 16 years of age on the date of the disposition, on the date of the disposition; or
30 31	2. If the child is younger than 16 years of age on the date of the disposition, on the date the child reaches the child's 16th birthday.

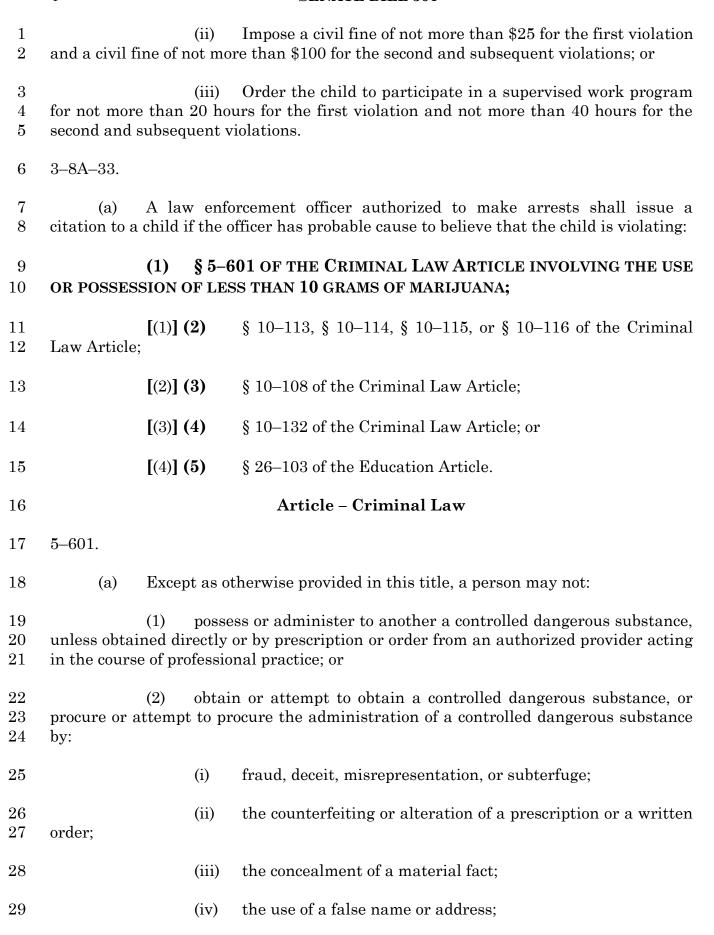
32 (2) In addition to the dispositions under paragraph (1) of this 33 subsection, the court also may:

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(i) Counsel the child or the parent or both, or order the child to participate in an alcohol **OR A SUBSTANCE ABUSE** education or rehabilitation program that is in the best interest of the child;



$\frac{1}{2}$	(v) falsely assuming the title of or representing to be a manufacturer, distributor, or authorized provider; or
3 4	(vi) making, issuing, or presenting a false or counterfeit prescription or written order.
5 6 7	(b) Information that is communicated to a physician in an effort to obtain a controlled dangerous substance in violation of this section is not a privileged communication.
8 9 10	(c) (1) Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection, a person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 4 years or a fine not exceeding \$25,000 or both.
11 12 13 14	(2) (i) [A] EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, A person whose violation of this section involves the use or possession of marijuana is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 1 year or a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or both.
15 16 17 18	(ii) [1.] A [person convicted of] VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION INVOLVING the use or possession of less than 10 grams of marijuana is [subject to imprisonment not exceeding 90 days or] A CIVIL OFFENSE PUNISHABLE BY a fine not exceeding [\$500 or both] \$100.
19 20 21	[2. Unless specifically charged by the State, the use or possession of less than 10 grams of marijuana under subsubparagraph 1 of this subparagraph may not be considered a lesser included crime of any other crime.
22 23 24	3. If a person is convicted under this subparagraph, the court shall stay any sentence imposed that includes an unserved, nonsuspended period of imprisonment without requiring an appeal bond:
25	A. until the time for filing an appeal has expired; and
26 27	B. if an appeal is filed, during the pendency of the appeal.]
28 29	(3) (i) 1. In this paragraph the following words have the meanings indicated.
30 31 32	2. "Bona fide physician—patient relationship" means a relationship in which the physician has ongoing responsibility for the assessment, care, and treatment of a patient's medical condition.

1 2 3	apatient with a debilitating medical condition to provide physical or medical assistance to the patient, including assisting with the medical use of marijuana, who:				
4		A.	is a resident of the State;		
5		B.	is at least 21 years old;		
6 7	domestic partner of the p	C. patient	is an immediate family member, a spouse, or a		
8 9	defined in § 14–101 of th	D. is artic	has not been convicted of a crime of violence as ele;		
10 11	federal controlled danger	E. cous su	has not been convicted of a violation of a State or bstances law;		
12		F.	has not been convicted of a crime of moral turpitude;		
13 14	writing that has been pla	G. aced in	has been designated as caregiver by the patient in the patient's medical record prior to arrest;		
15 16	serve as caregiver; and	H.	is the only individual designated by the patient to		
17		I.	is not serving as caregiver for any other patient.		
18 19 20 21	disease or medical condit	tion th	"Debilitating medical condition" means a chronic or condition or the treatment of a chronic or debilitating at produces one or more of the following, as documented patient has a bona fide physician—patient relationship:		
22		A.	cachexia or wasting syndrome;		
23		В.	severe or chronic pain;		
24		C.	severe nausea;		
25		D.	seizures;		
26		E.	severe and persistent muscle spasms; or		
27 28	conventional medicine.	F.	any other condition that is severe and resistant to		

- 1 (ii) 1. In a prosecution for the use or possession of 2 marijuana, the defendant may introduce and the court shall consider as a mitigating 3 factor any evidence of medical necessity. 4 Notwithstanding paragraph (2) of this subsection, if the court finds that the person used or possessed marijuana because of medical 5 necessity, on conviction of a violation of this section, the maximum penalty that the 6 7 court may impose on the person is a fine not exceeding \$100. 8 1. In a prosecution for the use or possession of 9 marijuana under this section, it is an affirmative defense that the defendant used or 10 possessed marijuana because: 11 Α. the defendant has a debilitating medical condition 12 that has been diagnosed by a physician with whom the defendant has a bona fide physician-patient relationship; 13 14 В. the debilitating medical condition is severe and 15 resistant to conventional medicine; and 16 marijuana is likely to provide the defendant with C. therapeutic or palliative relief from the debilitating medical condition. 17 18 2. Α. In a prosecution for the possession of marijuana 19 under this section, it is an affirmative defense that the defendant possessed marijuana 20 because the marijuana was intended for medical use by an individual with a debilitating medical condition for whom the defendant is a caregiver. 2122 B. A defendant may not assert the affirmative defense 23 under this subsubparagraph unless the defendant notifies the State's Attorney of the 24defendant's intention to assert the affirmative defense and provides the State's 25 Attorney with all documentation in support of the affirmative defense in accordance with the rules of discovery provided in Maryland Rules 4-262 and 4-263. 26 27 3. An affirmative defense under this subparagraph may not be used if the defendant was: 28 29 using marijuana in a public place or assisting the 30 individual for whom the defendant is a caregiver in using the marijuana in a public 31 place; or
- 33 **5–601.1.**

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(A) A POLICE OFFICER SHALL ISSUE A CITATION TO A PERSON WHO THE POLICE OFFICER HAS PROBABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE HAS COMMITTED A

in possession of more than 1 ounce of marijuana.

В.

- 1 VIOLATION OF § 5–601 OF THIS PART INVOLVING THE USE OR POSSESSION OF
- 2 LESS THAN 10 GRAMS OF MARIJUANA.
- 3 (B) (1) A VIOLATION OF § 5–601 OF THIS PART INVOLVING THE USE 4 OR POSSESSION OF LESS THAN 10 GRAMS OF MARIJUANA IS A CIVIL OFFENSE.
- 5 (2) ADJUDICATION OF A VIOLATION UNDER § 5–601 OF THIS 6 PART INVOLVING THE USE OR POSSESSION OF LESS THAN 10 GRAMS OF
- 7 MARIJUANA:
- 8 (I) IS NOT A CRIMINAL CONVICTION FOR ANY PURPOSE;
- 9 **AND**
- 10 (II) DOES NOT IMPOSE ANY OF THE CIVIL DISABILITIES 11 THAT MAY RESULT FROM A CRIMINAL CONVICTION.
- 12 (C) A CITATION ISSUED FOR A VIOLATION OF § 5–601 OF THIS PART
- 13 INVOLVING THE USE OR POSSESSION OF LESS THAN 10 GRAMS OF MARIJUANA
- 14 SHALL BE SIGNED BY THE POLICE OFFICER WHO ISSUES THE CITATION AND
- 15 SHALL CONTAIN:
- 16 (1) THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON CHARGED;
- 17 (2) THE DATE AND TIME THAT THE VIOLATION OCCURRED;
- 18 (3) THE LOCATION AT WHICH THE VIOLATION OCCURRED;
- 19 (4) THE FINE THAT MAY BE IMPOSED;
- 20 (5) A NOTICE STATING THAT PREPAYMENT OF THE FINE IS
- 21 ALLOWED;
- 22 (6) A NOTICE IN BOLDFACE TYPE THAT STATES THAT THE PERSON
- 23 SHALL:
- 24 (I) PAY THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE PRESET FINE; OR
- 25 (II) REQUEST A TRIAL DATE AT THE DATE, TIME, AND PLACE
- 26 ESTABLISHED BY THE DISTRICT COURT BY WRIT OR TRIAL NOTICE; AND
- 27 (7) A NOTICE STATING THAT AFTER REQUESTING A TRIAL DATE,
- 28 FAILURE TO APPEAR IS A MISDEMEANOR AND SUBJECT TO PENALTIES UNDER §
- 29 5–212 OF THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE ARTICLE.

- 1 (D) THE FORM OF THE CITATION SHALL BE UNIFORM THROUGHOUT THE STATE AND SHALL BE PRESCRIBED BY THE DISTRICT COURT.
- 3 (E) THE CHIEF JUDGE OF THE DISTRICT COURT SHALL ESTABLISH A
 4 SCHEDULE FOR THE PREPAYMENT OF THE FINE.
- 5 (F) A PERSON ISSUED A CITATION FOR A VIOLATION OF § 5–601 OF THIS
 6 PART INVOLVING THE USE OR POSSESSION OF LESS THAN 10 GRAMS OF
 7 MARIJUANA WHO IS UNDER THE AGE OF 18 YEARS SHALL BE SUBJECT TO THE
 8 PROCEDURES AND DISPOSITIONS PROVIDED IN TITLE 3, SUBTITLE 8A OF THE
 9 COURTS ARTICLE.
- 10 (G) A CITATION FOR A VIOLATION OF § 5–601 OF THIS PART INVOLVING
 11 THE USE OR POSSESSION OF LESS THAN 10 GRAMS OF MARIJUANA AND THE
 12 OFFICIAL RECORD OF A COURT REGARDING THE CITATION ARE NOT SUBJECT
 13 TO PUBLIC INSPECTION AND MAY NOT BE INCLUDED ON THE PUBLIC WEB SITE
 14 MAINTAINED BY THE MARYLAND JUDICIARY.

15 Article - Criminal Procedure

- 16 5–212.
- 17 (a) This section does not apply to a citation:
- 18 (1) for a violation of a parking ordinance or regulation adopted under 19 Title 26, Subtitle 3 of the Transportation Article;
- 20 (2) adopted by the Chief Judge of the District Court under § 1–605(d) 21 of the Courts Article, for use in traffic offenses; or
- 22 (3) issued by a Natural Resources police officer under § 1–205 of the 23 Natural Resources Article.
- 24 (b) A bench warrant may be issued for the arrest of a defendant who fails to appear in court in response to a citation.
- 26 (c) A person who fails to appear in court in response to a citation is guilty of 27 a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to a fine not exceeding \$500 or 28 imprisonment not exceeding 90 days or both.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 30 October 1, 2014.