$\begin{array}{c} \text{E3} \\ \text{CF HB 407} \end{array}$

By: Senators Forehand, Gladden, Kelley, Montgomery, and Stone

Introduced and read first time: January 27, 2014

Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

A BILL ENTITLED

1	AN ACT concerning						
2	Juvenile Law - Prohibition Against Continued Detention						
3 4 5	FOR the purpose of prohibiting the continued detention, beyond emergency detention of a child under a certain age except under certain circumstances; and generally relating to juvenile law.						
6 7 8 9 10	BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments, Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings Section 3–8A–01(a) and (n) Annotated Code of Maryland (2013 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)						
11 12 13 14 15	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings Section 3–8A–15 Annotated Code of Maryland (2013 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)						
16 17	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:						
18	Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings						
19	3–8A–01.						
20 21	(a) In this subtitle the following words have the meanings indicated, unless the context of their use indicates otherwise.						
22 23 24	(n) "Detention" means the temporary care of children who, pending court disposition, require secure custody for the protection of themselves or the community, in physically restricting facilities.						



1	3-8A-15.	

- 2 (a) Only the court or an intake officer may authorize detention, community 3 detention, or shelter care for a child who may be in need of supervision or delinquent.
- 4 (b) If a child is taken into custody under this subtitle, the child may be placed in detention or community detention prior to a hearing if:
- 6 (1) Such action is required to protect the child or others; or
- 7 (2) The child is likely to leave the jurisdiction of the court.
- 8 (c) A child taken into custody under this subtitle may be placed in emergency shelter care or community detention prior to a hearing if:
- 10 (1) (i) Such action is required to protect the child or person and 11 property of others;
- 12 (ii) The child is likely to leave the jurisdiction of the court; or
- 13 (iii) There is no parent, guardian, or custodian or other person 14 able to provide supervision and care for the child and return the child to the court 15 when required; and
- 16 (2) (i) 1. Continuation of the child in the child's home is contrary to the welfare of the child; and
- 18 2. Removal of the child from the child's home is 19 reasonable under the circumstances due to an alleged emergency situation and in 20 order to provide for the safety of the child; or
- 21 (ii) 1. Reasonable but unsuccessful efforts have been made 22 to prevent or eliminate the need for removal from the child's home; and
- 23 2. As appropriate, reasonable efforts are being made to return the child to the child's home.
- 25 (d) (1) If the child is not released, the intake officer or the official who 26 authorized detention, community detention, or shelter care under this section shall 27 immediately file a petition to authorize continued detention, community detention, or shelter care.
- 29 (2) A hearing on the petition shall be held not later than the next 30 court day, unless extended for no more than 5 days by the court upon good cause 31 shown.

- 1 Reasonable notice, oral or written, stating the time, place, and 2 purpose of the hearing, shall be given to the child and, if they can be found, the child's 3 parents, guardian, or custodian. 4 Except as provided in paragraph (5) of this subsection, shelter care 5 may not be ordered for a period of more than 30 days unless an adjudicatory or waiver 6 hearing is held. 7 For a child in need of supervision or a delinquent child, shelter 8 care may be extended for an additional period of not more than 30 days if the court 9 finds after a hearing held as part of the adjudication that continued shelter care is 10 consistent with the circumstances stated in subsections (b) and (c) of this section. 11 (6)An adjudicatory or waiver hearing shall be held no later (i) than 30 days after the date a petition for detention or community detention is granted. 12 13 (ii) If a child is detained or placed in community detention after 14 an adjudicatory hearing, a disposition hearing shall be held no later than 14 days after 15 the adjudicatory hearing. 16 Detention or community detention time may be extended in (iii) 17 increments of not more than 14 days where the petition charges the child with a delinquent act and where the court finds, after a subsequent hearing, that extended 18 19 detention or community detention is necessary either: 20 1. For the protection of the child; or 212. For the protection of the community. 22 NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF THIS SECTION, 23 DETENTION MAY NOT BE CONTINUED BEYOND EMERGENCY DETENTION FOR A 24CHILD UNDER THE AGE OF 13 YEARS UNLESS THE CHILD IS ALLEGED TO HAVE 25**COMMITTED:** 26 MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE UNDER § 2-201 OF THE **(1) CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE:** 27 28 ATTEMPTED MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE UNDER § 2–205 **(2)** OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; 29 30 **(3)** RAPE IN THE FIRST DEGREE UNDER § 3-303 OF THE
- 32 (4) SEXUAL OFFENSE IN THE FIRST DEGREE UNDER § 3–305 OF 33 THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE.

CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; OR

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1 2 3 4	beyond emergency	detent	Detention or community detention may not be continued tion or community detention unless, upon an order of court t has found that one or more of the circumstances stated in on exist.
5	(2)	A coui	t order under this paragraph shall:
6 7		(i) 1 subs	Contain a written determination of whether or not the ection (c)(1) and (2) of this section have been met; and
8 9	of this section exist.	(ii)	Specify which of the circumstances stated in subsection (b)
10 11 12	detention, the Depa		If the court has not specifically prohibited community at of Juvenile Services may release the child from detention and place the child in:
13			1. Shelter care; or
14 15 16	or other person abl		2. The custody of the child's parent, guardian, custodian, provide supervision and care for the child and to return the red.
17 18 19 20	Juvenile Services of community detention	or the	If a child who has been released by the Department of court into community detention violates the conditions of ad it is necessary to protect the child or others, an intake detention of the child.
21 22	the court of:	(iii)	The Department of Juvenile Services shall promptly notify
23 24	subparagraph (i) of	this p	1. The release of a child from detention under aragraph; or
25 26	(ii) of this paragrap	h.	2. The return to detention of a child under subparagraph
27 28	[(f)] (G) if the court has four		er care may only be continued beyond emergency shelter care t:
29 30	(1) welfare of the child;		nuation of the child in the child's home is contrary to the
31 32	` '	(i) ency s	Removal of the child from the child's home is necessary due ituation and in order to provide for the safety of the child; or

$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$	eliminate the need	(ii) l for re	Reasonable but unsuccessful efforts were made to prevent or moval of the child from the home.		
3 4 5	(3) emergency, the cowas reasonable.	(i) ourt sh	If the court continues shelter care on the basis of an alleged all assess whether the absence of efforts to prevent removal		
6 7	removal was not r	(ii) easona	If the court finds that the absence of efforts to prevent ble, the court shall make a written determination so stating.		
8 9 10		made t	court shall make a determination as to whether reasonable to make it possible to return the child to the child's home or uch efforts is reasonable.		
11 12	[(g)] (H) A child alleged to be delinquent may not be detained in a jail or other facility for the detention of adults.				
13 14	[(h)] (I) placed in:	(1)	A child alleged to be in need of supervision may not be		
15		(i)	Detention or community detention;		
16		(ii)	A State mental health facility; or		
17 18	with applicable St	(iii) ate lice	A shelter care facility that is not operating in compliance ensing laws.		
19 20 21 22	(2) Subject to paragraph (1)(iii) of this subsection, a child alleged to be in need of supervision may be placed in shelter care facilities maintained or approved by the Social Services Administration or the Department of Juvenile Services or in a private home or shelter care facility approved by the court.				
23 24 25 26 27	Hygiene shall join	, when tly ado tion fil	Secretary of Human Resources and the Secretary of Juvenile in appropriate, with the Secretary of Health and Mental opt regulations to ensure that any child placed in shelter care ed under subsection (d) of this section be provided appropriate		
28		(i)	Health care services;		
29		(ii)	Counseling services;		
30		(iii)	Education services;		
31		(iv)	Social work services; and		
32		(v)	Drug and alcohol abuse assessment or treatment services.		

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October 1, 2014.

1	(4) In addition to any other provision, the regulations shall require:
$2\\3\\4$	(i) The Department of Juvenile Services to develop a plan within 45 days of placement of a child in a shelter care facility to assess the child's treatment needs; and
5 6	(ii) The plan to be submitted to all parties to the petition and their counsel.
7 8 9 10 11 12 13	[(i)] (J) The intake officer or the official who authorized detention community detention, or shelter care under this subtitle shall immediately give written notice of the authorization for detention, community detention, or shelter care to the child's parent, guardian, or custodian and to the court. The notice shall be accompanied by a statement of the reasons for taking the child into custody and placing him in detention, community detention, or shelter care. This notice may be combined with the notice required under subsection (d) of this section.
14 15 16 17	[(j)] (K) (1) If a child is alleged to have committed a delinquent act, the court or a juvenile intake officer shall consider including, as a condition of releasing the child pending an adjudicatory or disposition hearing, reasonable protections for the safety of the alleged victim.
18 19 20 21	(2) If a victim has requested reasonable protections for safety, the court or juvenile intake officer shall consider including, as a condition of releasing the child pending an adjudicatory or disposition hearing, provisions regarding no contact with the alleged victim or the alleged victim's premises or place of employment.
22 23 24 25	[(k)] (L) If a child remains in a facility used for detention for the specific act for which the child has been adjudicated delinquent for more than 25 days after the court has made a disposition on a petition under § 3–8A–19 of this subtitle, the Department of Juvenile Services shall:
26 27 28	(1) On the first available court date after the 25th day that the child remains in a facility used for detention, appear at a hearing before the court with the child to explain the reasons for continued detention; and
29 30	(2) Every 25 days thereafter, appear at another hearing before the court with the child to explain the reasons for continued detention.
31	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect