

SB 950

**Department of Legislative Services**  
Maryland General Assembly  
2014 Session

## FISCAL AND POLICY NOTE

Senate Bill 950 (Senator Feldman)  
Finance

## **Consumer Protection - Monitoring Consumer Behavior and Shopping Habits - Required Notice**

This bill prohibits a merchant from using a wireless Internet signal or a cellular phone to monitor the behavior or shopping habits of consumers unless the merchant displays, at each entrance to the merchant's business premises, a notice that clearly and conspicuously discloses that the merchant is using the tracking technology. Violation of the bill is an unfair or deceptive trade practice under the Maryland Consumer Protection Act (MCPA), subject to MCPA's civil and criminal penalty provisions.

## **Fiscal Summary**

**State Effect:** The bill's imposition of existing penalty provisions does not have a material impact on State finances or operations. If the Consumer Protection Division of the Office of the Attorney General receives fewer than 50 complaints per year stemming from the bill, the additional workload can be handled with existing resources.

**Local Effect:** The bill's imposition of existing penalty provisions does not have a material impact on local government finances or operations.

#### **Small Business Effect:** Minimal.

## Analysis

**Current Law:** An unfair or deceptive trade practice under MCPA includes, among other acts, any false, falsely disparaging, or misleading oral or written statement, visual description, or other representation of any kind which has the capacity, tendency, or effect of deceiving or misleading consumers. The prohibition against engaging in any

unfair or deceptive trade practice encompasses the offer for or actual sale, lease, rental, loan, or bailment of any consumer goods, consumer realty, or consumer services; the extension of consumer credit; the collection of consumer debt; or the offer for or actual purchase of consumer goods or consumer realty from a consumer by a merchant whose business includes paying off consumer debt in connection with the purchase of any consumer goods or consumer realty from a consumer.

The Consumer Protection Division is responsible for enforcing MCPA and investigating the complaints of aggrieved consumers. The division may attempt to conciliate the matter, hold a public hearing, seek an injunction, or bring an action for damages. A merchant who violates MCPA is subject to a fine of up to \$1,000 for the first violation and up to \$5,000 for each subsequent violation. In addition to any civil penalties that may be imposed, any person who violates MCPA is guilty of a misdemeanor and, on conviction, is subject to a fine of up to \$1,000 and/or imprisonment for up to one year.

**Background:** A number of retailers have been testing technology that uses a customer's cell phone Wi-Fi signal to track shopping behavior. A July 2013 *New York Times* article listed several uses for tracking Wi-Fi signals including, determining (1) how many customers enter the store and how many are repeat customers; (2) how many people walk by a store compared to how many enter; and (3) how customers navigate throughout the store. New York is considering similar legislation.

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## Additional Information

**Prior Introductions:** None.

**Cross File:** HB 924 (Delegate Arora, *et al.*) - Economic Matters.

**Information Source(s):** *The New York Times*, *The Washington Post*, Department of Legislative Services

**Fiscal Note History:** First Reader - February 20, 2014  
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Analysis by: Joshua A. Lowery

Direct Inquiries to:  
(410) 946-5510  
(301) 970-5510