HOUSE BILL 494

E2, D1 5lr1444 HB 1186/14 – JUD

By: Delegates Anderson, Conaway, Dumais, Moon, and Vallario

Introduced and read first time: February 11, 2015

Assigned to: Judiciary

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments

House action: Adopted

Read second time: March 15, 2015

CHAPTER

1 AN ACT concerning

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Criminal Procedure - Pretrial Release - Charge by Summons

FOR the purpose of providing that a court or clerk's office that is in session or open on a weekend or holiday for a certain purpose is not in session or open for any other purpose or function: repealing a provision of law authorizing a District Court commissioner to set bond or commit persons to jail in default of bond or release them on personal recognizance if circumstances warrant; repealing a provision of law authorizing a District Court commissioner to generally perform all the functions of committing magistrates as exercised by the justices of the peace prior to a certain date; authorizing a police officer to charge by citation for an offense that may be charged by summons under a certain provision of law under certain circumstances; requiring a police officer to submit a statement of charges to a District Court commissioner, serve on the defendant a statement of charges and summons, and release the defendant under certain circumstances; prohibiting a District Court commissioner from issuing a summons for a defendant under certain circumstances; providing that a defendant may not be charged by summons if a law enforcement officer makes a certain certification; requiring a certain law enforcement officer to file a certain affidavit with the court; requiring the clerk of the court to send a copy of a certain affidavit along with a certain statement of charges to the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center; requiring the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center to analyze certain documents and provide a certain annual report to the Governor and General Assembly on or before a certain date; providing that a certain defendant may be charged by citation under certain circumstances; requiring a District Court commissioner to give certain advisements to a certain defendant at a certain time; requiring a District Court commissioner to require a certain defendant to sign a

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.

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BY repealing

Section 5–202

certain written acknowledgment; repealing certain provisions of law requiring a District Court commissioner to consider including certain victim protections as a condition of pretrial release for a certain defendant; providing that certain forms shall provide that an applicant for a statement of charges may request no contact with the alleged victim or the alleged victim's residence or place of employment; requiring a commissioner to include certain conditions of no contact as part of a certain statement of charges and summons under certain circumstances; providing that if a certain defendant objects to certain no-contact conditions, the court must schedule a hearing to make a certain determination; repealing certain provisions of law prohibiting a District Court commissioner from authorizing the pretrial release of certain defendants under certain circumstances and authorizing a judge to release certain defendants under certain circumstances; providing that a person who is arrested and not released pursuant to a citation or summons shall be detained, with a certain exception, and taken before a judge of the District Court or the circuit court without unnecessary delay, and in no event later than a certain amount of time after arrest; requiring the District Court to operate in session a certain number of days a week for the purpose of making release determinations for arrested persons; providing for the termination of this Act; and generally relating to pretrial release and charge by summons.

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    BY adding to
21
           Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings
           Section 1-206
22
          Annotated Code of Maryland
23
24
           (2013 Replacement Volume and 2014 Supplement)
25
    BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments.
26
           Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings
27
           Section 2-607
28
          Annotated Code of Maryland
29
           (2013 Replacement Volume and 2014 Supplement)
30
    BY adding to
31
           Article – Criminal Procedure
           Section 4-101.2, 4-101.3, and 5-202
32
           Annotated Code of Maryland
33
34
           (2008 Replacement Volume and 2014 Supplement)
35
    BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
36
           Article – Criminal Procedure
37
           Section 4-101(c) and 5-201
           Annotated Code of Maryland
38
39
           (2008 Replacement Volume and 2014 Supplement)
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Article - Criminal Procedure

1 2	Annotated Code of Maryland (2008 Replacement Volume and 2014 Supplement)
3 4	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
5	Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings
6	1–206.
7	A COURT OR CLERK'S OFFICE THAT IS IN SESSION OR OPEN ON A WEEKEND OF
8	HOLIDAY FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONDUCTING AN INITIAL APPEARANCE FOR AN
9	ARRESTED PERSON IS NOT IN SESSION OR OPEN FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE OF
10	FUNCTION.
11	2–607.
12 13 14	(a) (1) The administrative judge of each district, with the approval of the Chief Judge of the District Court, may appoint the number of commissioners necessary to perform the functions of the office within each county.
15 16 17	(2) In multicounty districts, the administrative judge shall obtain the recommendation of the resident judge in each county as to the number of commissioners required in the county and as to the persons to be appointed.
18 19	(b) (1) Commissioners shall be adult residents of the counties in which they serve, but they need not be lawyers.
20 21	(2) Each commissioner shall hold office at the pleasure of the Chief Judge of the District Court, and has the powers and duties prescribed by law.
22 23 24	(3) Except without additional compensation, unless otherwise fixed by law an employee of the District Court, who is an adult, may be granted, in the same manner commissioner powers and duties in the county where the employee is employed.
25 26	(c) (1) A commissioner shall receive applications and determine probable cause for the issuance of charging documents.
27 28 29 30	(2) A commissioner shall advise arrested persons of their constitutional rights [, set bond or commit persons to jail in default of bond or release them on personal recognizance if circumstances warrant,] and conduct investigations and inquiries into the circumstances of any matter presented to the commissioner in order to determine it probable cause exists for the issuance of a charging document, warrant, or criminal

 $summons \ \textbf{[} and, in general, perform all the functions of committing magistrates as exercised$

by the justices of the peace prior to July 5, 1971].

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- 1 (3) There shall be in each county, at all times, one or more commissioners 2 available for the convenience of the public and police in obtaining charging documents, 3 warrants, or criminal summonses and to advise arrested persons of their rights as required 4 by law.
- 5 (4) A commissioner may exercise the powers of office in any county to which 6 the commissioner is assigned by the Chief Judge of the District Court or a designee of the 7 Chief Judge of the District Court.
- 8 (5) The Chief Judge of the District Court may authorize one or more commissioners to perform the duties of a commissioner regarding persons arrested in a county other than the county in which the commissioner resides and for which the commissioner was appointed when the arrested persons are brought before the commissioner by a peace officer of the jurisdiction in which that arrest was made.
- 13 (6) (i) An individual may file an application for a statement of charges 14 with a District Court commissioner.
- 15 (ii) On review of an application for a statement of charges, a District 16 Court commissioner may issue a summons or an arrest warrant.
- 17 (iii) A District Court commissioner may issue an arrest warrant only 18 on a finding that:
- 19 1. There is probable cause to believe that the defendant 20 committed the offense charged in the charging document; and
- 21 2. A. The defendant previously has failed to respond to a summons that has been personally served or a citation;
- B. The whereabouts of the defendant are unknown and the issuance of a warrant is necessary to subject the defendant to the jurisdiction of the court;
- 25 C. The defendant is in custody for another offense; or
- D. There is probable cause to believe that the defendant poses a danger to another person or to the community.
- 28 (d) (1) The authority under this subsection applies only to a respondent who 29 is an adult.
- 30 (2) A commissioner may issue an interim order for protection of a person 31 eligible for relief in accordance with § 4–504.1 of the Family Law Article or a petitioner in 32 accordance with § 3–1503.1 of this article.

1 2 3	(e) Notwithstanding the residence requirements set out in subsection (b) of this section, the Chief Judge of the District Court or a designee of the Chief Judge of the District Court may assign a commissioner of the District Court to serve temporarily in any county.
4	Article - Criminal Procedure
5	<u>4–101.</u>
6 7 8	(c) (1) (i) Subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection, in addition to any other law allowing a crime to be charged by citation, a police officer shall charge by citation for:
9 10	1. any misdemeanor or local ordinance violation that does not carry a penalty of imprisonment;
11 12	2. any misdemeanor or local ordinance violation for which the maximum penalty of imprisonment is 90 days or less, except:
13 14	A. <u>failure to comply with a peace order under § 3–1508 of the</u> Courts Article;
15 16	B. failure to comply with a protective order under § 4–509 of the Family Law Article;
17 18	C. violation of a condition of pretrial or posttrial release while charged with a sexual crime against a minor under § 5–213.1 of this article;
19 20	D. possession of an electronic control device after conviction of a drug felony or crime of violence under § 4–109(b) of the Criminal Law Article;
21 22	
23 24	F. abuse or neglect of an animal under § 10–604 of the Criminal Law Article; or
25 26	3. possession of marijuana under § 5–601 of the Criminal Law Article.
27 28 29	(ii) Subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection, in addition to any other law allowing a crime to be charged by citation, a police officer may charge by citation for:
30 31	1. sale of an alcoholic beverage to an underage drinker or intoxicated person under Article 2B, § 12–108 of the Code;

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(2)

$1\\2$	2. malicious destruction of property under § 6–301 of the Criminal Law Article, if the amount of damage to the property is less than \$500; [or]
3 4	3. misdemeanor theft under § 7–104(g)(2) of the Criminal Law Article; OR
5 6 7	4. AN OFFENSE THAT MAY BE CHARGED BY SUMMONS UNDER § 4–101.2 OF THIS SUBTITLE IF A DETAILED STATEMENT OF PROBABLE CAUSE IS INCLUDED WITH THE CITATION.
8	(2) A police officer may charge a defendant by citation only if:
9	(i) the officer is satisfied with the defendant's evidence of identity;
10 11	(ii) the officer reasonably believes that the defendant will comply with the citation;
12 13	(iii) the officer reasonably believes that the failure to charge on a statement of charges will not pose a threat to public safety;
14 15	(iv) the defendant is not subject to arrest for another criminal charge arising out of the same incident; and
16	(v) the defendant complies with all lawful orders by the officer.
17 18	(3) A police officer who has grounds to make a warrantless arrest for an offense that may be charged by citation under this subsection may:
19	(i) issue a citation in lieu of making the arrest; or
20 21	(ii) make the arrest and subsequently issue a citation in lieu of continued custody.
22	4–101.2.
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(A) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN § 4–101 OF THIS SUBTITLE AND SUBSECTIONS (B) AND (C) OF THIS SECTION, A POLICE OFFICER SHALL SUBMIT A STATEMENT OF CHARGES TO A DISTRICT COURT COMMISSIONER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MARYLAND RULES, SERVE ON THE DEFENDANT A STATEMENT OF CHARGES AND SUMMONS IF THE COMMISSIONER DETERMINES THAT THE CHARGE OR CHARGES ARE SUPPORTED BY PROBABLE CAUSE, AND RELEASE THE DEFENDANT IF THE MOST SERIOUS CHARGE WITH WHICH THE DEFENDANT IS CHARGED IS:
30	(1) PUNISHABLE BY IMPRISONMENT FOR 18 MONTHS OR LESS;

OBSTRUCTING AND HINDERING;

- 1 (3) TELEPHONE MISUSE UNDER § 3–804 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW
- 2 ARTICLE;
- 3 (4) INDECENT EXPOSURE UNDER § 11–107 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW
- 4 ARTICLE;
- 5 (5) MALICIOUS DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY WITH A VALUE OF AT
- 6 LEAST \$1,000 UNDER § 6-301 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; OR
- 7 (6) POSSESSING OR ADMINISTERING A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS
- 8 SUBSTANCE UNDER § 5–601 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; OR
- 9 (7) ASSAULT IN THE SECOND DEGREE UNDER § 3-203 OF THE
- 10 CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE, PROVIDED THAT A CONDITION OF NO UNLAWFUL
- 11 CONTACT WITH THE ALLEGED VICTIM IS INCLUDED IN THE SUMMONS.
- 12 (B) A DISTRICT COURT COMMISSIONER MAY NOT ISSUE A SUMMONS FOR A
- 13 **DEFENDANT:**
- 14 (1) WHO IS CHARGED WITH:
- 15 (I) FOURTH DEGREE SEXUAL OFFENSE UNDER § 3–308 OF THE
- 16 CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
- 17 (II) VIOLATION OF A CONDITION OF PLACEMENT IN A HOME
- 18 DETENTION PROGRAM UNDER § 3-409(A) OF THE CORRECTIONAL SERVICES
- 19 ARTICLE;
- 20 (III) FAILURE TO SURRENDER AFTER FORFEITURE OF BAIL OR
- 21 RECOGNIZANCE UNDER § 5–211 OF THIS ARTICLE;
- 22 (IV) HARBORING A FUGITIVE UNDER § 9–402 OF THE CRIMINAL
- 23 LAW ARTICLE;
- 24 (V) HARBORING AN ESCAPED INMATE UNDER § 9–403 OF THE
- 25 CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
- 26 (VI) COMMISSION OF A CRIME OF VIOLENCE OR SEXUAL
- 27 OFFENSE AFTER ADMINISTERING A DRUG TO THE VICTIM UNDER § 5–624 OF THE
- 28 CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
- 29 (VII) WILLFULLY EXPOSING OTHERS TO INFECTIOUS DISEASE
- 30 UNDER § 18-601 OF THE HEALTH GENERAL ARTICLE;

- 1 (VIII) ABDUCTION OF A CHILD UNDER THE AGE OF 16 YEARS BY A
- 2 RELATIVE OUTSIDE THE STATE FOR 30 DAYS OR LESS UNDER § 9-305 OF THE
- 3 FAMILY LAW ARTICLE; OR
- 4 (IX) MALICIOUS BURNING OF PERSONAL PROPERTY IN THE
- 5 SECOND DEGREE UNDER § 6-105 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
- 6 (2) WHO IS ON PAROLE OR SUPERVISED PROBATION FOR A CRIMINAL
- 7 OFFENSE;
- 8 (3) WHO IS THE SUBJECT OF AN OUTSTANDING ARREST WARRANT;
- 9 (4) WHO WAS ARRESTED ON ANOTHER OCCASION WITHIN THE 72
- 10 HOURS PRECEDING THE APPEARANCE BEFORE THE COMMISSIONER;
- 11 (5) WHO HAS FAILED TO APPEAR AS ORDERED BY A COURT IN A
- 12 CRIMINAL, NONTRAFFIC CASE WITHIN THE 2 YEARS PRECEDING THE APPEARANCE
- 13 BEFORE THE COMMISSIONER;
- 14 **(6)** WHO IS CHARGED WITH VIOLATING:
- 15 (I) THE PROVISIONS OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER
- 16 DESCRIBED IN § 4–505(A)(2)(I) OF THE FAMILY LAW ARTICLE OR THE PROVISIONS
- 17 OF A PROTECTIVE ORDER DESCRIBED IN § 4-506(D)(1) OF THE FAMILY LAW
- 18 ARTICLE THAT ORDER THE DEFENDANT TO REFRAIN FROM ABUSING OR
- 19 THREATENING TO ABUSE A PERSON ELIGIBLE FOR RELIEF;
- 20 (II) THE PROVISIONS OF AN ORDER FOR PROTECTION, AS
- 21 DEFINED IN § 4-508.1 OF THE FAMILY LAW ARTICLE, ISSUED BY A COURT OF
- 22 ANOTHER STATE OR OF A NATIVE AMERICAN TRIBE THAT ORDER THE DEFENDANT
- 23 TO REFRAIN FROM ABUSING OR THREATENING TO ABUSE A PERSON ELIGIBLE FOR
- 24 RELIEF IF THE ORDER IS ENFORCEABLE UNDER § 4–508.1 OF THE FAMILY LAW
- 25 ARTICLE; OR
- 26 (III) THE PROVISIONS OF A TEMPORARY PEACE ORDER OR FINAL
- 27 PEACE ORDER ISSUED UNDER TITLE 3, SUBTITLE 15 OF THE COURTS ARTICLE; OR
- 28 (7) WHO IS REGISTERED AS A SEX OFFENDER UNDER TITLE 11,
- 29 SUBTITLE 7 OF THIS ARTICLE.
- 30 (C) (1) A DEFENDANT MAY NOT BE CHARGED BY SUMMONS IF A LAW
- 31 ENFORCEMENT OFFICER CERTIFIES BY AFFIDAVIT AND ARTICULATES UNDER OATH
- 32 SPECIFIC FACTS TO SUPPORT THE CONTENTION THAT THE DEFENDANT:

1	(I) IS A FLIGHT RISK;
2	(II) POSES A CREDIBLE PUBLIC SAFETY RISK; OR
3	(III) IS A THREAT TO SELF OR TO OTHERS.
4	(2) A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER WHO PROCEEDS BY AFFIDAVIT
5	UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION SHALL FILE THE AFFIDAVIT WITH THE
6	COURT.
7	(3) THE CLERK OF THE COURT SHALL SEND A COPY OF EACH
8	AFFIDAVIT FILED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION ALONG WITH THE CORRESPONDING
9	STATEMENT OF CHARGES TO THE MARYLAND STATISTICAL ANALYSIS CENTER.
10	(4) ON OR BEFORE MARCH 1 OF EACH YEAR BEGINNING IN 2016, THE
11	MARYLAND STATISTICAL ANALYSIS CENTER SHALL ANALYZE THE AFFIDAVITS AND
12	STATEMENTS OF CHARGES SUBMITTED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION DURING THE
13	PRIOR CALENDAR YEAR AND PROVIDE A SUMMARY REPORT TO THE GOVERNOR AND,
14	IN ACCORDANCE WITH § 2–1246 OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT ARTICLE, THE
15	GENERAL ASSEMBLY INDICATING THE NUMBER OF INSTANCES IN WHICH
16	AFFIDAVITS WERE SUBMITTED DURING THE PERIOD CATEGORIZED BY:
17	(I) JURISDICTION;
18	(II) TYPE OF CHARGE;
19	(III) RACE OF THE DEFENDANT; AND
20	(IV) GENDER OF THE DEFENDANT.
21	(D) A DEFENDANT WHO MAY BE CHARGED BY SUMMONS UNDER THIS
22	SECTION MAY BE CHARGED INSTEAD BY CITATION UNDER § 4–101 OF THIS SUBTITLE
23	IF A DETAILED STATEMENT OF PROBABLE CAUSE IS INCLUDED WITH THE CITATION.
24	4–101.3.
25	(A) BEFORE A DEFENDANT WHO IS CHARGED BY SUMMONS UNDER §
26 27	,
28	(1) EXPLAIN THE CHARGES AGAINST THE DEFENDANT TO THE

DEFENDANT;

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- 1 (2) ADVISE THE DEFENDANT OF THE DEFENDANT'S RIGHT TO 2 COUNSEL AND THE IMPORTANCE OF OBTAINING COUNSEL;
- 3 (3) ADVISE THE DEFENDANT OF THE REQUIREMENT TO APPEAR FOR 4 TRIAL AS NOTIFIED; AND
- 5 (4) EXPLAIN THAT A BENCH WARRANT WILL BE ISSUED FOR THE 6 DEFENDANT IF THE DEFENDANT DOES NOT APPEAR FOR TRIAL.
- 7 (B) THE COMMISSIONER SHALL REQUIRE THE DEFENDANT TO SIGN A 8 WRITTEN ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF THE ADVICE GIVEN UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF 9 THIS SECTION.
- 10 5-201.
- 11 (a) (1) The court [or a District Court commissioner] shall consider including, 12 as a condition of pretrial release for a defendant, reasonable protections for the safety of 13 the alleged victim.
- 14 (2) If a victim has requested reasonable protections for safety, the court [or 15 a District Court commissioner] shall consider including, as a condition of pretrial release, 16 provisions regarding no contact with the alleged victim or the alleged victim's premises or 17 place of employment.
- 18 (b) (1) In accordance with eligibility criteria, conditions, and procedures 19 required under the Maryland Rules, the court may require, as a condition of a defendant's 20 pretrial release, that the defendant be monitored by a private home detention monitoring 21 agency licensed under Title 20 of the Business Occupations and Professions Article.
- 22 (2) A defendant placed in private home detention under paragraph (1) of 23 this subsection shall pay directly to the private home detention monitoring agency the 24 agency's monitoring fee.
- 25 (C) THE FORMS FOR AN APPLICATION FOR A STATEMENT OF CHARGES AND
 26 A CONFIDENTIAL SUPPLEMENT TO AN APPLICATION FOR STATEMENT OF CHARGES
 27 SHALL PROVIDE THAT AN APPLICANT FOR A STATEMENT OF CHARGES MAY REQUEST
 28 NO CONTACT WITH THE ALLEGED VICTIM OR THE ALLEGED VICTIM'S RESIDENCE OR
 29 PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT.
- 30 (D) WHEN A DISTRICT COURT COMMISSIONER IS REQUIRED TO CHARGE A
 31 DEFENDANT BY SUMMONS UNDER § 4–101.2 OF THIS ARTICLE AND A NO-CONTACT
 32 REQUEST IS MADE, THE COMMISSIONER SHALL INCLUDE EXPRESS CONDITIONS OF
 33 NO CONTACT WITH THE ALLEGED VICTIM AND THE ALLEGED VICTIM'S RESIDENCE
 34 AND PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT AS PART OF THE STATEMENT OF CHARGES AND
 35 SUMMONS.

(E) 1 IF A DEFENDANT OBJECTS TO CONDITIONS OF NO CONTACT IMPOSED BY 2 A DISTRICT COURT COMMISSIONER UNDER SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION, THE 3 COURT SHALL SCHEDULE A HEARING TO DETERMINE IF THE CONDITIONS OF THE 4 STATEMENT OF CHARGES AND SUMMONS SHALL BE CONTINUED, MODIFIED, OR 5 ELIMINATED. 6 [5–202. 7 A District Court commissioner may not authorize pretrial release for a 8 defendant charged with escaping from a correctional facility or any other place of confinement in the State. 9 10 A District Court commissioner may not authorize the pretrial release of 11 a defendant charged as a drug kingpin under § 5–613 of the Criminal Law Article. 12 A judge may authorize the pretrial release of a defendant charged as a 13 drug kingpin on suitable bail and on any other conditions that will reasonably ensure that the defendant will not flee or pose a danger to another person or the community. 14 15 (3)There is a rebuttable presumption that, if released, a defendant charged as a drug kingpin will flee and pose a danger to another person or the community. 16 17 A District Court commissioner may not authorize the pretrial release of a defendant charged with a crime of violence if the defendant has been previously convicted: 18 19 (i) in this State of a crime of violence; or 20 in any other jurisdiction of a crime that would be a crime of 21violence if committed in this State. 22 A judge may authorize the pretrial release of a defendant **(2)** (i) 23 described in paragraph (1) of this subsection on: 24suitable bail; 1. 252. any other conditions that will reasonably ensure that the 26 defendant will not flee or pose a danger to another person or the community; or 27 both bail and other conditions described under item 2 of 3. 28 this subparagraph. 29 (ii) When a defendant described in paragraph (1) of this subsection is presented to the court under Maryland Rule 4–216(f), the judge shall order the continued 30 detention of the defendant if the judge determines that neither suitable bail nor any 31

- 1 condition or combination of conditions will reasonably ensure that the defendant will not flee or pose a danger to another person or the community before the trial. 2 3 There is a rebuttable presumption that a defendant described in paragraph (1) of this subsection will flee and pose a danger to another person or the 4 community. 5 6 (d) (1) A District Court commissioner may not authorize the pretrial release of 7 a defendant charged with committing one of the following crimes while the defendant was 8 released on bail or personal recognizance for a pending prior charge of committing one of 9 the following crimes: 10 aiding, counseling, or procuring arson in the first degree under § 6–102 of the Criminal Law Article: 11 12 (ii) arson in the second degree or attempting, aiding, counseling, or procuring arson in the second degree under § 6–103 of the Criminal Law Article; 13 14 (iii) burglary in the first degree under § 6–202 of the Criminal Law Article; 15 16 (iv) burglary in the second degree under § 6–203 of the Criminal Law Article; 17 burglary in the third degree under § 6-204 of the Criminal Law 18 (v) Article; 19 20 (vi) causing abuse to a child under § 3–601 or § 3–602 of the Criminal Law Article; 2122(vii) a crime that relates to a destructive device under § 4–503 of the Criminal Law Article; 23 24(viii) a crime that relates to a controlled dangerous substance under §§ 5–602 through 5–609 or § 5–612 or § 5–613 of the Criminal Law Article; 25
- 28 (x) a crime of violence.

Law Article; and

(ix)

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29 (2) A defendant under this subsection remains ineligible to give bail or be 30 released on recognizance on the subsequent charge until all prior charges have finally been 31 determined by the courts.

manslaughter by vehicle or vessel under § 2–209 of the Criminal

32 (3) A judge may authorize the pretrial release of a defendant described in 33 paragraph (1) of this subsection on suitable bail and on any other conditions that will

- reasonably ensure that the defendant will not flee or pose a danger to another person or the community.
- 3 (4) There is a rebuttable presumption that a defendant described in 4 paragraph (1) of this subsection will flee and pose a danger to another person or the 5 community if released before final determination of the prior charge.
- 6 (e) (1) A District Court commissioner may not authorize the pretrial release of a defendant charged with violating:
- 8 (i) the provisions of a temporary protective order described in § 9 4–505(a)(2)(i) of the Family Law Article or the provisions of a protective order described in § 4–506(d)(1) of the Family Law Article that order the defendant to refrain from abusing or threatening to abuse a person eligible for relief; or
- (ii) the provisions of an order for protection, as defined in § 4–508.1 of the Family Law Article, issued by a court of another state or of a Native American tribe that order the defendant to refrain from abusing or threatening to abuse a person eligible for relief, if the order is enforceable under § 4–508.1 of the Family Law Article.
- 17 (2) A judge may allow the pretrial release of a defendant described in 18 paragraph (1) of this subsection on:
- 19 (i) suitable bail;
- 20 (ii) any other conditions that will reasonably ensure that the 21 defendant will not flee or pose a danger to another person or the community; or
- 22 (iii) both bail and other conditions described under item (ii) of this 23 paragraph.
- 24 (3) When a defendant described in paragraph (1) of this subsection is 25 presented to the court under Maryland Rule 4–216(f), the judge shall order the continued 26 detention of the defendant if the judge determines that neither suitable bail nor any 27 condition or combination of conditions will reasonably ensure that the defendant will not 28 flee or pose a danger to another person or the community before the trial.
- 29 (f) (1) A District Court commissioner may not authorize the pretrial release of 30 a defendant charged with one of the following crimes if the defendant has previously been 31 convicted of one of the following crimes:
- 32 (i) wearing, carrying, or transporting a handgun under § 4–203 of 33 the Criminal Law Article;
- 34 (ii) use of a handgun or an antique firearm in commission of a crime 35 under § 4–204 of the Criminal Law Article;

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- violating prohibitions relating to assault weapons under § 1 (iii) 2 4–303 of the Criminal Law Article: 3 use of a machine gun in a crime of violence under § 4-404 of the (iv) 4 Criminal Law Article: 5 use of a machine gun for an aggressive purpose under § 6 4–405 of the Criminal Law Article; 7 use of a weapon as a separate crime under § 5-621 of the Criminal Law Article; 8 9 possession of a regulated firearm under § 5-133 of the Public (vii) 10 Safety Article; 11 (viii) transporting a regulated firearm for unlawful sale or trafficking under § 5-140 of the Public Safety Article; or 12 13 (ix) possession of a rifle or shotgun by a person with a mental disorder under § 5–205 of the Public Safety Article. 14 15 A judge may authorize the pretrial release of a defendant (2)described in paragraph (1) of this subsection on: 16 17 1. suitable bail; 18 2.any other conditions that will reasonably ensure that the defendant will not flee or pose a danger to another person or the community; or 19 20 3. both bail and other conditions described under item 2 of 21this subparagraph. 22 When a defendant described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (ii) is presented to the court under Maryland Rule 4-216(f), the judge shall order the continued 23 24detention of the defendant if the judge determines that neither suitable bail nor any 25condition or combination of conditions will reasonably ensure that the defendant will not 26 flee or pose a danger to another person or the community before the trial.
- paragraph (1) of this subsection will flee and pose a danger to another person or the community.

There is a rebuttable presumption that a defendant described in

30 (g) (1) A District Court commissioner may not authorize the pretrial release of a defendant who is registered under Title 11, Subtitle 7 of this article.

1 (2) A judge may authorize the pretrial release of a defendant (i) 2 described in paragraph (1) of this subsection on: 3 1. suitable bail; 4 2. any other conditions that will reasonably ensure that the defendant will not flee or pose a danger to another person or the community; or 5 6 3. both bail and other conditions described under item 2 of 7 this subparagraph. 8 (ii) When a defendant described in paragraph (1) of this subsection 9 is presented to the court under Maryland Rule 4–216(f), the judge shall order the continued detention of the defendant if the judge determines that neither suitable bail nor any 10 condition or combination of conditions will reasonably ensure that the defendant will not 11 12 flee or pose a danger to another person or the community before the trial. 13 (3)There is a rebuttable presumption that a defendant described in 14 paragraph (1) of this subsection will flee and pose a danger to another person or the community.] 15 5-202. 16 17 A PERSON WHO IS ARRESTED AND NOT RELEASED PURSUANT TO A 18 CITATION OR SUMMONS SHALL BE: DETAINED, UNLESS A DISTRICT COURT COMMISSIONER HAS 19 **(1)** 20 DETERMINED THAT PROBABLE CAUSE IS LACKING; AND **(2)** TAKEN BEFORE A JUDGE OF THE DISTRICT COURT OR CIRCUIT 2122COURT WITHOUT UNNECESSARY DELAY AND IN NO EVENT LATER THAN 48 HOURS 23 AFTER ARREST. 24THE DISTRICT COURT SHALL OPERATE IN SESSION 6 DAYS A WEEK FOR 25THE PURPOSE OF MAKING RELEASE DETERMINATIONS FOR ARRESTED PERSONS. SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect June 26 27 1, 2015. It shall remain effective for a period of 3 years and 1 month and, at the end of June 28 30, 2018, with no further action required by the General Assembly, this Act shall be

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abrogated and of no further force and effect.