E4 HB 1188/14 – JUD

By: **Delegates Carter, Anderson, Glenn, Oaks, and B. Robinson** Introduced and read first time: February 13, 2015 Assigned to: Judiciary

# A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

## 2 Law Enforcement Officers – Alcohol and Drug Testing – Required

- FOR the purpose of requiring a law enforcement agency to order a law enforcement officer
  to submit to certain alcohol and drug testing if the officer was involved in a certain
  incident; and generally relating to alcohol and drug testing of law enforcement
  officers.
- 7 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 8 Article Public Safety
- 9 Section 3–104
- 10 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 11 (2011 Replacement Volume and 2014 Supplement)

# SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

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## Article – Public Safety

15 3–104.

16 (a) The investigation or interrogation by a law enforcement agency of a law 17 enforcement officer for a reason that may lead to disciplinary action, demotion, or dismissal 18 shall be conducted in accordance with this section.

19 (b) For purposes of this section, the investigating officer or interrogating officer 20 shall be:

21 (1) a sworn law enforcement officer; or

22 (2) if requested by the Governor, the Attorney General or Attorney 23 General's designee.

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



A complaint against a law enforcement officer that alleges brutality in 1 (c)(1) $\mathbf{2}$ the execution of the law enforcement officer's duties may not be investigated unless the 3 complaint is sworn to, before an official authorized to administer oaths, by: 4 (i) the aggrieved individual:  $\mathbf{5}$ a member of the aggrieved individual's immediate family; (ii) 6 an individual with firsthand knowledge obtained because the (iii) 7 individual was present at and observed the alleged incident; or 8 (iv) the parent or guardian of the minor child, if the alleged incident 9 involves a minor child. 10 (2)Unless a complaint is filed within 90 days after the alleged brutality, 11 an investigation that may lead to disciplinary action under this subtitle for brutality may 12not be initiated and an action may not be taken. 13(d) (1)The law enforcement officer under investigation shall be informed of the name, rank, and command of: 1415(i) the law enforcement officer in charge of the investigation; the interrogating officer; and 16(ii) 17each individual present during an interrogation. (iii) 18Before an interrogation, the law enforcement officer under (2)19 investigation shall be informed in writing of the nature of the investigation. 20If the law enforcement officer under interrogation is under arrest, or is likely (e) 21to be placed under arrest as a result of the interrogation, the law enforcement officer shall 22be informed completely of all of the law enforcement officer's rights before the interrogation 23begins. 24Unless the seriousness of the investigation is of a degree that an immediate (f)interrogation is required, the interrogation shall be conducted at a reasonable hour, 2526preferably when the law enforcement officer is on duty. 27The interrogation shall take place: (g) (1)28(i) at the office of the command of the investigating officer or at the office of the local precinct or police unit in which the incident allegedly occurred, as 2930 designated by the investigating officer; or

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(ii) at another reasonable and appropriate place.

All questions directed to the law enforcement officer under 3 (h) (1)interrogation shall be asked by and through one interrogating officer during any one 4 session of interrogation consistent with paragraph (2) of this subsection.  $\mathbf{5}$ 6 Each session of interrogation shall: (2)7 (i) be for a reasonable period; and allow for personal necessities and rest periods as reasonably (ii) necessary. The law enforcement officer under interrogation may not be threatened with (i) transfer, dismissal, or disciplinary action. On request, the law enforcement officer under interrogation has (i) (1)(i) the right to be represented by counsel or another responsible representative of the law enforcement officer's choice who shall be present and available for consultation at all times during the interrogation. (ii) The law enforcement officer may waive the right described in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph. (2)The interrogation shall be suspended for a period not exceeding (i) 10 days until representation is obtained. Within that 10-day period, the chief for good cause shown may (ii) extend the period for obtaining representation. During the interrogation, the law enforcement officer's counsel or (3)representative may: (i) request a recess at any time to consult with the law enforcement officer: 26(ii) object to any question posed; and state on the record outside the presence of the law enforcement (iii) officer the reason for the objection. (k) (1)A complete record shall be kept of the entire interrogation, including all recess periods, of the law enforcement officer.

1 (2)The law enforcement officer under investigation may waive the right  $\mathbf{2}$ described in paragraph (1)(i) of this subsection.

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31(2)The record may be written, taped, or transcribed.

1 (3) On completion of the investigation, and on request of the law 2 enforcement officer under investigation or the law enforcement officer's counsel or 3 representative, a copy of the record of the interrogation shall be made available at least 10 4 days before a hearing.

5 (l) (1) (I) [The] EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS 6 PARAGRAPH, THE law enforcement agency may order the law enforcement officer under 7 investigation to submit to blood alcohol tests, blood, breath, or urine tests for controlled 8 dangerous substances, polygraph examinations, or interrogations that specifically relate to 9 the subject matter of the investigation.

10 (II) THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL ORDER A LAW 11 ENFORCEMENT OFFICER TO SUBMIT TO A BLOOD ALCOHOL TEST AND BLOOD, 12 BREATH, OR URINE TESTS FOR CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCES IF THE 13 OFFICER WAS INVOLVED IN AN INCIDENT IN WHICH THE OFFICER:

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- 1. DISCHARGED A FIREARM;
- 15 **2. DISCHARGED AN ELECTRONIC CONTROL DEVICE; OR**
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- **3.** CAUSED A MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENT.

17 (2) If the law enforcement agency orders the law enforcement officer to 18 submit to a test, examination, or interrogation described in paragraph (1) of this subsection 19 and the law enforcement officer refuses to do so, the law enforcement agency may 20 commence an action that may lead to a punitive measure as a result of the refusal.

(3) If the law enforcement agency orders the law enforcement officer to
submit to a test, examination, or interrogation described in paragraph (1) of this subsection,
the results of the test, examination, or interrogation are not admissible or discoverable in
a criminal proceeding against the law enforcement officer.

(m) (1) If the law enforcement agency orders the law enforcement officer to submit to a polygraph examination, the results of the polygraph examination may not be used as evidence in an administrative hearing unless the law enforcement agency and the law enforcement officer agree to the admission of the results.

29 (2) The law enforcement officer's counsel or representative need not be 30 present during the actual administration of a polygraph examination by a certified 31 polygraph examiner if:

(i) the questions to be asked are reviewed with the law enforcement
 officer or the counsel or representative before the administration of the examination;

1 the counsel or representative is allowed to observe the (ii)  $\mathbf{2}$ administration of the examination; and 3 (iii) a copy of the final report of the examination by the certified 4 polygraph examiner is made available to the law enforcement officer or the counsel or representative within a reasonable time, not exceeding 10 days, after completion of the  $\mathbf{5}$ 6 examination. 7 On completion of an investigation and at least 10 days before a hearing, (n) (1)8 the law enforcement officer under investigation shall be: 9 (i) notified of the name of each witness and of each charge and specification against the law enforcement officer; and 10 11 (ii) provided with a copy of the investigatory file and any exculpatory information, if the law enforcement officer and the law enforcement officer's representative 1213agree to: 141. execute a confidentiality agreement with the law 15enforcement agency not to disclose any material contained in the investigatory file and exculpatory information for any purpose other than to defend the law enforcement officer; 1617and 2.18 pay a reasonable charge for the cost of reproducing the 19material. 20(2)The law enforcement agency may exclude from the exculpatory 21information provided to a law enforcement officer under this subsection: 22(i) the identity of confidential sources; 23nonexculpatory information; and (ii) 24(iii) recommendations as to charges, disposition, or punishment. 25(0)(1)The law enforcement agency may not insert adverse material into a file of the law enforcement officer, except the file of the internal investigation or the intelligence 2627division, unless the law enforcement officer has an opportunity to review, sign, receive a 28copy of, and comment in writing on the adverse material. The law enforcement officer may waive the right described in 29(2)30 paragraph (1) of this subsection. 31SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 32October 1, 2015.