SENATE BILL 444

A BILL ENTITLED

AN ACT concerning

Public Records – Inspection

FOR the purpose of clarifying that an official custodian is required to make a certain designation and maintain a certain list concerning the availability of public records; repealing the prohibition against a certain applicant obtaining a copy of a judgment until a certain time; and generally relating to the inspection of public records.

BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

Article – General Provisions

Section 4–201 and 4–205

Annotated Code of Maryland

(2014 Volume)

SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,

That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

Article – General Provisions

4–201.

(a) (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, a custodian shall allow a person or governmental unit to inspect any public record at any reasonable time.

(2) Inspection or copying of a public record may be denied only to the extent provided under this title.

(b) To protect public records and to prevent unnecessary interference with official business, each official custodian shall adopt reasonable rules or regulations that, subject to this title, govern timely production and inspection of a public record.

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.
Each official custodian shall [consider whether to]:

(1) designate types of public records of the governmental unit that are to be made available to any applicant immediately on request; and

(2) maintain a current list of the types of public records that have been designated as available to any applicant immediately on request.

(a) (1) In this section, “metadata” means information, generally not visible when an electronic document is printed, describing the history, tracking, or management of the electronic document, including information about data in the electronic document that describes how, when, and by whom the data is collected, created, accessed, or modified and how the data is formatted.

(2) “Metadata” does not include:

(i) a spreadsheet formula;

(ii) a database field;

(iii) an externally or internally linked file; or

(iv) a reference to an external file or a hyperlink.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in this section, if an applicant who is authorized to inspect a public record requests a copy, printout, or photograph of the public record, the custodian shall provide the applicant with:

(1) a copy, printout, or photograph of the public record; or

(2) if the custodian does not have facilities to reproduce the public record, access to the public record to make the copy, printout, or photograph.

(c) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the custodian of a public record shall provide an applicant with a copy of the public record in a searchable and analyzable electronic format if:

(i) the public record is in a searchable and analyzable electronic format;

(ii) the applicant requests a copy of the public record in a searchable and analyzable electronic format; and

(iii) the custodian is able to provide a copy of the public record, in whole or in part, in a searchable and analyzable electronic format that does not disclose:
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1. confidential or protected information for which the
custodian is required to deny inspection in accordance with Subtitle 3, Parts I through III
of this title; or

2. information for which a custodian has chosen to deny
inspection in accordance with Subtitle 3, Part IV of this title.

(2) The State Department of Assessments and Taxation is not required to
provide an applicant with a copy of the public record in a searchable and analyzable
electronic format if the State Department of Assessments and Taxation has provided the
public record to a contractor that will provide the applicant a copy of the public record in a
searchable and analyzable electronic format for a reasonable cost.

(3) A custodian may remove metadata from an electronic document before
providing the electronic document to an applicant by:

(i) using a software program or function; or

(ii) converting the electronic document into a different searchable
and analyzable format.

(4) This subsection may not be construed to:

(i) require the custodian to reconstruct a public record in an
electronic format if the custodian no longer has the public record available in an electronic
format;

(ii) allow a custodian to make a public record available only in an
electronic format;

(iii) require a custodian to create, compile, or program a new public
record; or

(iv) require a custodian to release an electronic record in a format
that would jeopardize or compromise the security or integrity of the original record or of
any proprietary software in which the record is maintained.

(5) If a public record exists in a searchable and analyzable electronic
format, the act of a custodian providing a portion of the public record in a searchable and
analyzable electronic format does not constitute creating a new public record.

(d) (1) The copy, printout, or photograph shall be made:

(i) while the public record is in the custody of the custodian; and

(ii) whenever practicable, where the public record is kept.
(2) The official custodian may set a reasonable time schedule to make copies, printouts, or photographs.

[(e) An applicant may not have a copy of a judgment until:

(1) the time for appeal expires; or

(2) if an appeal is noted, the appeal is dismissed or adjudicated.]

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2015.