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By: Delegates Davis, Angel, Barkley, B. Barnes, D. Barnes, Branch, Brooks, Carr, Clippinger, Cullison, Fennell, Fraser-Hidalgo, Frick, Frush, Glenn, Gutierrez, Holmes, C. Howard, Jalisi, Knotts, Kramer, Lafferty, McCray, A. Miller, Moon, Morales, Patterson, Pena-Melnyk, Platt, Proctor, S. Robinson, Sanchez, Smith, Sydnor, Tarlau, Turner, Valderrama, Vallario, Vaughn, Waldstreicher, A. Washington, and M. Washington
Introduced and read first time: February 5, 2016
Assigned to: Economic Matters

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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Prevailing Wage Rates Reform Act of 2016

3 FOR the purpose of expanding the applicability of the prevailing wage rate law to political 4 subdivisions, agencies, and public works on property where the State, a political $\mathbf{5}$ subdivision, or an agency is the owner or lessee by altering certain definitions; 6 altering the dollar amount for certain public work contracts at which the prevailing 7 wage rate law applies; requiring that prevailing wage rates be calculated using 8 certain wage rates established by certain collective bargaining agreements in certain 9 workers' classifications in certain localities; authorizing the Commissioner of Labor 10 and Industry to establish certain prevailing wage rates using certain wage rates 11 collective bargaining established by certain agreements under certain 12circumstances; requiring, for multiyear public works, the Commissioner annually to 13redetermine certain prevailing wage rates for each classification of workers engaged 14in certain works; requiring the Commissioner annually to determine prevailing wage 15rates for classifications of workers using only certain collective bargaining 16agreements; altering the hours worked in any single calendar day that certain 17employees work for the purpose of paying the prevailing wage rate of overtime; 18 increasing certain penalties for certain violations; increasing the amount of certain 19liquidated damages; requiring that certain liquidated damages be paid to certain 20laborers or certain other employees who were paid less than certain prevailing wage 21rates; specifying contractor or subcontractor obligations to make certain restitution 22for paying employees less than certain amounts; clarifying the circumstances under 23which the Commissioner informally resolves certain violations; requiring the 24Commissioner to issue an order for a certain hearing for certain employer violations; 25providing that certain employees are entitled to certain liquidated damages under 26certain circumstances; requiring a court to award certain liquidated damages to

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



1 certain employees; requiring a court to order payment of double or treble damages $\mathbf{2}$ under a finding of willful and knowing deliberate ignorance or reckless disregard of 3 certain employers' obligations; prohibiting an employer from retaliating or 4 discriminating against an employee if an employee files a certain action; authorizing certain employees to sue certain employers under certain circumstances; requiring a $\mathbf{5}$ 6 court to provide certain remedies under certain circumstances; requiring a court to 7 report certain decisions or orders to the Commissioner; altering the circumstances 8 under which the Commissioner files certain lists with the Secretary of State; altering 9 a certain definition; and generally relating to the applicability, administration, and 10 enforcement of prevailing wage rates.

- 11 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 12 Article State Finance and Procurement
- 13 Section 17–201, 17–202(b), 17–208, 17–209, 17–214, 17–219, 17–220(d), 17–222,
- 14 17–224, and 17–226
- 15 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 16 (2015 Replacement Volume)
- 17 BY adding to

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- 18 Article State Finance and Procurement
- 19 Section 17–224.1
- 20 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 21 (2015 Replacement Volume)
- SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 24

Article – State Finance and Procurement

25 17-201.

26 (a) In this subtitle, unless the context indicates otherwise, the following words 27 have the meanings indicated.

- 28 (b) "Apprentice" means an individual who:
- 29 (1) is at least 16 years old;

30 (2) has signed with an employer or employer's agent, an association of 31 employers, an organization of employees, or a joint committee from both, an agreement 32 including a statement of:

- 33 (i) the trade, craft, or occupation that the individual is learning; and
 - 34 (ii) the beginning and ending dates of the apprenticeship; and

$\frac{1}{2}$	of the United	(3) d State	is registered in a program of the Council or the Office of Apprenticeship es Department of Labor.
3	(c)	"Com	missioner" means:
4		(1)	the Commissioner of Labor and Industry;
5		(2)	the Deputy Commissioner of Labor and Industry; or
6		(3)	an authorized representative of the Commissioner.
7	(d)	"Cons	struction" includes all:
8		(1)	building;
9		(2)	reconstructing;
10		(3)	improving;
11		(4)	enlarging;
12		(5)	painting and decorating;
13		(6)	altering;
14		(7)	maintaining; and
15		(8)	repairing.
16	(e)	"Cour	ncil" means the Apprenticeship and Training Council.
17 18	(f) subcontracto	(1) or und	"Employee" means an apprentice or worker employed by a contractor or er a public work contract.
19		(2)	"Employee" does not include an individual employed by a public body.
20	(g)	(1)	"Locality" means the county in which the work is to be performed.
$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 22 \end{array}$	includes all o	(2) counti	If the public work is located within 2 or more counties, the locality es in which the public work is located.
23 24 25 26	COLLECTIV	ATES E BA	Tailing wage rate" means the [hourly rate of wages paid] COMBINED OF WAGES AND FRINGE BENEFITS UNDER THE APPLICABLE RGAINING AGREEMENT in the locality as determined by the ler § 17–208 of this subtitle.

27 (i) (1) "Public body" means:

1	(i)	the State;
$2 \\ 3$	(ii) unit of the State governm	except as provided in paragraph [(2)(i)] (2) of this subsection, a nent or instrumentality of the State;
4	(iii)	any political subdivision[,] OR agency[, person, or entity:
$5 \\ 6 \\ 7$	secondary school for whic or	1. with respect to the construction of an elementary or a ch 25% or more of the money used for construction is State money;
8 9	for which 50% or more of	2. with respect to the construction of any other public work the money used for construction is State money];
$10\\11$	(iv) subdivision if its governi	[notwithstanding paragraph (2)(ii) of this subsection, a political ng body:
$\frac{12}{13}$	subdivision is covered by	1. provides by ordinance or resolution that the political this subtitle; and
$\begin{array}{c} 14 \\ 15 \end{array}$	Commissioner; and	2. gives written notice of that ordinance or resolution to the
16	(v)]	the Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission;
17 18 19		FOR A PUBLIC WORK DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (J)(1)(III) TION, THE STATE, A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION, OR AN AGENCY R LESSEE OF THE PROPERTY; AND
20	(VI)	ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY:
$21 \\ 22 \\ 23 \\ 24$	USED FOR CONSTRUCT	1. WITH RESPECT TO THE CONSTRUCTION OF AN CONDARY SCHOOL FOR WHICH 25% OR MORE OF THE MONEY TION IS MONEY FROM ONE OR MORE ENTITIES DESCRIBED IN 7) OF THIS PARAGRAPH; OR
25 26 27 28	CONSTRUCTION IS ST.	2. WITH RESPECT TO THE CONSTRUCTION OF ANY A FOR WHICH 50% OR MORE OF THE MONEY USED FOR ATE MONEY FROM ONE OR MORE ENTITIES DESCRIBED IN 7) OF THIS PARAGRAPH.

29 (2) "Public body" does not include[:

1 except as provided in paragraph (1)(v) of this subsection, a unit (i) $\mathbf{2}$ of the State government or instrumentality of the State, A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION, OR 3 **AN AGENCY** funded wholly from a source other than the State [; or 4 (ii) any political subdivision, agency, person, or entity: with respect to the construction of an elementary or a $\mathbf{5}$ 1. 6 secondary school for which less than 25% of the money used for construction is State money; 7 or 8 2.with respect to the construction of any other public work 9 for which less than 50% of the money used for construction is State money], A POLITICAL 10 SUBDIVISION, OR AN AGENCY. 11 (j) (1)Subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection, "public work" means a structure or work, including a bridge, building, ditch, road, alley, waterwork, or sewage 1213disposal plant, that: 14(i) is constructed for public use or benefit; [or] is paid for wholly or partly by public money; 15(ii) 16(III) IS CONSTRUCTED ON PROPERTY OWNED BY THE STATE, A 17POLITICAL SUBDIVISION, OR AN AGENCY, IRRESPECTIVE OF WHETHER ANY PUBLIC MONEY IS USED TO PAY FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE STRUCTURE OR WORK; OR 18 19(IV) IS CONSTRUCTED ON PROPERTY LEASED TO THE STATE, A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION, OR AN AGENCY, IRRESPECTIVE OF WHETHER ANY PUBLIC 2021MONEY IS USED TO PAY FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE STRUCTURE OR WORK. 22(2)"Public work" does not include [: 23unless let to contract, a structure or work whose construction is (i)**]**, performed by a public service company under order of the Public Service Commission or 2425other public authority regardless of: 26[1.] (I) public supervision or direction; [or] [2.] (II) 27payment wholly or partly from public money; or 28(ii) an elementary or a secondary school if: 29the school is not in a political subdivision covered under 1. 30 subsection (i)(1)(iv) of this section; and

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1 2	2. the State provides less than 25% of the money for construction.]
$\frac{3}{4}$	(III) LOCATION ON PROPERTY OWNED BY OR LEASED TO THE STATE, A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION, OR AN AGENCY.
5	(k) "Public work contract" means a contract for construction of a public work.
6	(l) "Worker" means a laborer or mechanic.
7	17–202.
8	(b) This subtitle does not apply to:
9	(1) a public work contract of less than [\$500,000] \$25,000 ; or
$10 \\ 11 \\ 12$	(2) the part of a public work contract for which the federal government provides money if, as to that part, the contractor is required to pay the prevailing wage rate as determined by the United States Secretary of Labor.
13	17–208.
14 15 16	(a) (1) For each public work to which this subtitle applies, the Commissioner shall determine the prevailing wage rate for each classification of worker engaged in work of the same or a similar character.
$\begin{array}{c} 17\\18\end{array}$	(2) The Commissioner shall determine the prevailing wage rates for both straight time and overtime.
19	(3) These determinations shall be made in accordance with:
$\begin{array}{c} 20\\ 21 \end{array}$	(i) the applicable provisions of Title 10, Subtitles 1 through 3 of the State Government Article; and
$\begin{array}{c} 22\\ 23 \end{array}$	(ii) to the extent not inconsistent with those provisions, the requirements of this section.
$\begin{array}{c} 24 \\ 25 \end{array}$	(b) (1) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, the prevailing wage rate for straight time for a worker is [the rate paid:
26 27 28	(i)] THE WAGE RATE ESTABLISHED BY THE MOST RECENT COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENT IN THE WORKER'S CLASSIFICATION in the locality[;
29	(ii) on projects similar to the proposed public work;

$\frac{1}{2}$	(iii) for work of the same or a similar character as that to be performed on the public work; and
$\frac{3}{4}$	(iv) to 50% or more of the workers in the worker's occupational classification].
$5 \\ 6$	(2) The prevailing wage rate for overtime for a worker shall be at least time and a half the prevailing wage rate for straight time for that worker.
7 8	(c) [(1) If fewer than 50% of the workers in the locality working in the same classification receive the same wage rate:
9 10	(i) the prevailing wage rate shall be the rate paid to at least 40% of those workers; or
$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 12 \end{array}$	(ii) if fewer than 40% receive the same wage rate, the rate shall be a weighted average rate obtained by:
$\begin{array}{c} 13\\14 \end{array}$	1. adding the products obtained by multiplying each hourly rate paid to workers in the classification by the number of workers receiving that rate; and
$\begin{array}{c} 15\\ 16 \end{array}$	2. dividing that sum by the total number of workers in the classification.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	(2)] If the Commissioner determines that there is not [a substantial number of competent workers engaged in similar work] A WAGE RATE ESTABLISHED BY A COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENT FOR A WORKER CLASSIFICATION in the locality, the Commissioner shall determine the prevailing wage rate based on THE WAGE RATE ESTABLISHED BY THE MOST RECENT COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENT IN THE WORKER OCCUPATIONAL CLASSIFICATION IN the nearest locality within the State that most closely approximates that locality in:
24	[(i)] (1) population;
25	[(ii)] (2) degree of industrialization; and
26	[(iii)] (3) skill of work force.
$\begin{array}{c} 27\\ 28 \end{array}$	(d) The calculation of the rate paid in the locality shall include the basic hourly rate of pay and either:
29 30 31	(1) if a contractor is not required by law to provide fringe benefits, the hourly rate of contribution irrevocably made by a contractor or subcontractor to a third person under a fund, plan, or program that provides:
32	(i) medical, surgical, or hospital care;

1 (ii) retirement, disability, or death benefits, including a profit 2 sharing plan that provides benefits on retirement;

3 (iii) unemployment, life, or accident insurance or compensation;
4 (iv) insurance or compensation for injury or illness resulting from
5 occupational activity;

6 (v) vacation and holiday pay;

7 (vi) subsidies to defray costs of apprenticeship or other similar 8 programs; or

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(vii) other bona fide fringe benefits; or

10 (2) the hourly rate of costs to the contractor or subcontractor that 11 reasonably may be anticipated in providing the fringe benefits specified in item (1) of this 12 subsection under an enforceable commitment to carry out a financially responsible plan or 13 program that is communicated in writing to the workers.

14 (e) An apprentice under a public work contract shall be paid at least the 15 percentage, set by the Council, of the prevailing wage rate for a mechanic in the trade in 16 which the apprentice is employed.

17 (F) FOR A MULTIYEAR PUBLIC WORK, THE COMMISSIONER ANNUALLY 18 SHALL REDETERMINE THE PREVAILING WAGE RATE FOR EACH CLASSIFICATION OF 19 WORKER ENGAGED IN THE WORK OF THE SAME OR SIMILAR CHARACTER AS 20 PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION AND APPLY THE NEW RATES TO THE PUBLIC WORK.

21 17-209.

22 (a) One time per year, the Commissioner shall determine the prevailing wage rate 23 for a classification of worker in a locality by considering [among other things:

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(1) any other payroll information relevant to the determination; and

25 (2)] wage rates established by **THE MOST RECENT** collective bargaining 26 agreements.

27 (b) The Commissioner shall mail notice as provided in § 17–210(b)(2) of this 28 subtitle at least 60 days before making a determination under this section.

29 (c) (1) The determination, as issued under this section or modified in a 30 proceeding under § 17–211 of this subtitle, is effective for 1 year from the date upon which 31 the Commissioner issued the determination under this section.

1 (2) The Commissioner shall show on the determination the date upon 2 which it expires.

3 (3) Upon expiration of the prevailing wage determination for a locality, the
 4 Commissioner shall issue a new determination for the locality.

5 (4) A determination applies to a public work covered by this subtitle that 6 is the subject of a call for bids or proposals published on or before the date upon which it 7 expires.

8 17-214.

9 (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, each contractor and 10 subcontractor under a public work contract shall pay not less than the prevailing wage rate 11 of straight time to an employee for each hour that the employee works.

12 (b) A contractor and subcontractor shall pay an employee the prevailing wage 13 rate of overtime for each hour that the employee works:

- 14 (1) in excess of [10] **8** hours in any single calendar day;
- 15 (2) in excess of 40 hours per each workweek; or
- 16 (3) on Sunday or a legal holiday.
- 17 17-219.

18 (a) Each contractor under a public work contract subject to this subtitle shall:

19 (1) post a clearly legible statement of each prevailing wage rate to be paid 20 under the public work contract; and

(2) keep the statement posted during the full time that any employee isemployed on the public work contract.

(b) The statement of prevailing wage rates shall be posted in a prominent andeasily accessible place at the site of the public work.

25 (c) Subject to § 10–1001 of the State Government Article, the Commissioner may 26 impose on a person that violates this section a civil penalty of up to [\$50] **\$1,000** per 27 violation.

28 17-220.

(d) If a contractor is late in submitting copies of the payroll records required under
 subsection (b) of this section:

1 (1) the public body may postpone the processing of partial payment 2 estimates under the public work contract pending receipt of the copies; and

3 (2) the contractor shall be liable to the public body for liquidated damages 4 of [\$10] **\$500** for each calendar day the records are late.

5 17-222.

6 (a) A contractor under a public work contract is liable [to the public body] for 7 liquidated damages of [\$20] **\$1,000** for each laborer or other employee for each day for 8 which:

9 (1) the laborer is paid less than the prevailing wage rate of a mechanic 10 while performing a task required to be performed by a mechanic or mechanic's apprentice; 11 or

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(2) the employee is paid less than the prevailing wage rate.

(B) LIQUIDATED DAMAGES UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION SHALL BE PAID TO THE LABORERS OR OTHER EMPLOYEES WHO WERE PAID LESS THAN THE PREVAILING WAGE RATE.

16 [(b)] (C) (1) (I) If a contractor or subcontractor pays an employee less 17 than the amount the employee is entitled to receive for the work performed, the contractor 18 shall make restitution to the employee.

(II) THE OBLIGATION TO MAKE RESTITUTION UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE IN ADDITION TO, AND NOT INSTEAD OF, OTHER PENALTIES AND OBLIGATIONS IMPOSED UNDER THIS SUBTITLE, INCLUDING THE PAYMENT OF LIQUIDATED DAMAGES.

(2) The contractor and the subcontractor shall be jointly and severally
liable for restitution to the subcontractor's employees.

 $25 \quad 17-224.$

(a) (1) If an employee under a public work contract is paid less than the
prevailing wage rate for that employee's classification for the work performed, the employee
may file a complaint with the Commissioner.

29 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a complaint filed under 30 this section shall be subject to the provisions of § 17–221 of this subtitle.

1 (3) If the Commissioner's investigation determines that the employer 2 violated provisions of this subtitle, the Commissioner shall try to resolve the issue 3 informally IF THE EMPLOYER HAS NOT PREVIOUSLY VIOLATED THIS SUBTITLE.

4 (4) (i) If the Commissioner is unable to resolve the matter informally, 5 OR IF THE EMPLOYER PREVIOUSLY VIOLATED THIS SUBTITLE, the Commissioner shall 6 issue an order for a hearing in accordance with § 17–221 of this subtitle.

(ii) If, at the conclusion of a hearing ordered under subparagraph (i)
of this paragraph, the Commissioner determines that the employee is entitled to restitution
AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES under this subtitle, the Commissioner shall issue an order
in accordance with § 17–221 of this subtitle.

(iii) If an employer of an employee found to be entitled to restitution AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES under subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph is no longer working under a contract with a public body, the Commissioner may order that restitution AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES be paid directly by the employer to the employee within a reasonable period of time, as determined by the Commissioner.

16 (5) If an employer fails to comply with an order to pay restitution AND 17 LIQUIDATED DAMAGES to an employee under paragraph (4)(iii) of this subsection, the 18 Commissioner or the employee may bring a civil action to enforce the order in the circuit 19 court in the county where the employee or employer is located.

20 (b) (1) An action under this [section] **SUBTITLE** is considered to be a suit for 21 wages.

22 (2) A judgment in an action under this [section] **SUBTITLE** shall have the 23 same force and effect as any other judgment for wages.

(3) An action brought under this [section] SUBTITLE for a violation of this
subtitle shall be filed within 3 years from the date the affected employee knew or should
have known of the violation.

(c) (1) The failure of an employee to protest orally or in writing the payment
of a wage that is less than the prevailing wage rate is not a bar to recovery in an action
under this [section] SUBTITLE.

30 (2) A contract or other written document in which an employee states that 31 the employee shall be paid less than the amount required by this subtitle does not bar the 32 recovery of any remedy required under this subtitle.

33 (d) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection, if the court in an 34 action filed under this [section] **SUBTITLE** finds that an employer paid an employee less 35 than the requisite prevailing wage, the court shall award the affected employee the 36 difference between the wage actually paid and the prevailing wage at the time that the

services were rendered, TOGETHER WITH LIQUIDATED DAMAGES IN ACCORDANCE
 WITH § 17–222 OF THIS SUBTITLE.

3 (2) (i) Subject to subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, unpaid fringe 4 benefit contributions owed for an employee in accordance with this section shall be paid to 5 the appropriate benefit fund, plan, or program.

6 (ii) In the absence of an appropriate benefit fund, plan, or program, 7 the amount owed for fringe benefits for an employee shall be paid directly to the employee.

8 (3) The court [may] SHALL order the payment of double damages or treble 9 damages under this [section] SUBTITLE if the court finds that the employer withheld 10 wages or fringe benefits willfully and knowingly or with deliberate ignorance or reckless 11 disregard of the employer's obligations under this subtitle.

12 (4) In an action under this [section] **SUBTITLE**, the court shall award a 13 prevailing plaintiff reasonable counsel fees and costs.

14 (5) If the court finds that an employee submitted a false or fraudulent claim 15 in an action under this [section] **SUBTITLE**, the court may order the employee to pay the 16 employer reasonable counsel fees and costs.

17 (e) (1) Subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection, an action filed in accordance 18 with this section may be brought by one or more employees on behalf of that employee or 19 group of employees and on behalf of other employees similarly situated.

20 (2) An employee may not be a party plaintiff to an action brought under 21 this section unless that employee files written consent with the court in which the action is 22 brought to become a party to the action.

(f) (1) A person found to have made a false or fraudulent representation or omission known to be false or made with deliberate ignorance or reckless disregard for its truth or falsity regarding a material fact in connection with any prevailing wage payroll record required by § 17–220 of this subtitle is liable for a civil penalty of [\$1,000] \$5,000 for each falsified record.

28 (2) The penalty shall be recoverable in a civil action filed in accordance 29 with this section and paid to the State General Fund.

30 (g) An employer may not discharge, threaten, or otherwise retaliate or 31 discriminate against an employee regarding compensation or other terms and conditions of 32 employment because that employee or an organization or other person acting on behalf of 33 that employee:

(1) FILES AN ACTION OR reports or makes a complaint under this subtitle
 or otherwise asserts the worker's rights under this section; or

1 (2) participates in any investigation, hearing, or inquiry held by the 2 Commissioner under § 17–221 of this subtitle.

3 (h) (1) A contractor or subcontractor may not retaliate or discriminate against 4 an employee in violation of this section.

5 (2) If a contractor or subcontractor retaliates or discriminates against an 6 employee in violation of this section, the affected employee may file an action in any court 7 of competent jurisdiction within 3 years from the employee's knowledge of the action.

8 (3) If the court finds in favor of the employee in an action brought under 9 this subsection, the court shall order that the contractor or subcontractor:

10 (i) reinstate the employee or provide the employee restitution, as 11 appropriate;

12 (ii) pay the employee an amount equal to three times the amount of 13 back wages and fringe benefits calculated from the date of the violation; and

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(iii) pay reasonable counsel fees and other costs.

(I) IF A COURT FINDS A VIOLATION OF THIS SUBTITLE IN ANY ACTION TO WHICH THE COMMISSIONER IS NOT A PARTY, THE COURT SHALL FORWARD A COPY OF THE COURT'S DECISION OR ORDER TO THE COMMISSIONER.

18 **17–224.1.**

19 (A) NOTWITHSTANDING § 17–224(A) OF THIS SUBTITLE, IF AN EMPLOYEE 20 UNDER A PUBLIC WORK CONTRACT IS PAID LESS THAN THE PREVAILING WAGE RATE 21 FOR THAT EMPLOYEE'S CLASSIFICATION FOR THE WORK PERFORMED, THE 22 EMPLOYEE IS ENTITLED TO SUE TO RECOVER THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE 23 PREVAILING WAGE AND THE AMOUNT RECEIVED BY THE EMPLOYEE.

24 (B) AN ACTION UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION IS SUBJECT TO 25 § 17–224(B), (C), AND (D) OF THIS SUBTITLE.

26 17–226.

(a) (1) After investigation and entry of an order in accordance with § 17–221
of this subtitle OR RECEIPT OF A COURT DECISION OR ORDER UNDER § 17–224(I) OF
THIS SUBTITLE, the Commissioner shall file with the Secretary of State a list of the
contractors and any subcontractors who persistently and willfully violate the provisions of
this subtitle.

1 (2) Filing under this subsection shall be notice to a public body and its 2 representatives.

3 (b) (1) If the name of a contractor or any subcontractor appears on the list, 4 that contractor or subcontractor shall be prohibited from entering into a contract for 5 construction of a public work directly or indirectly for 2 years from the day on which the 6 list is filed.

7 (2) A public body may not award a contract for construction of a public work
8 to a person who is prohibited from entering into a contract under this section.

9 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 10 October 1, 2016.